kestrelli kestrelli kestrelli

TKE Ingress获取真实源IP Playbook指南(简化版)

2025-07-11 20:13

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目录

背景

前置条件

快速开始

步骤1:创建Deployment

步骤2:创建Service (NodePort类型)

步骤3:创建Ingress (核心配置)

步骤4:验证真实源IP

故障排查表

原理解析

背景

在TKE环境中,通过CLB七层负载均衡器获取真实源IP是常见需求。本Playbook详细指导如何**实现CLB非直连业务Po**d的方案,帮助您配置TKE Ingress以正确获取客户端真实源IP。

本指南为简化设计,跳过打相关docker镜像,使用我已推送到腾讯镜像仓库的的Flask镜像 test-angel01.tencentcloudcr.com/kestrelli/kestrel-seven-real-ip:v1.0,跳过镜像构建等步骤!

如有相关需求请访问: TKE Ingress获取真实源IP Playbook指南

前置条件

1. **腾讯云账号**:已开通容器服务(TKE)、云服务器(CVM)、容器镜像服务

2. TKE集群:版本≥1.14,已配置好kubectl访问凭证

快速开始

步骤1:创建Deployment

1.创建自定义命名空间 (默认为default,自定义为kestrelli)

```
1 kubectl create ns kestrelli
```

2.创建 Deployment YAML 文件(workload.yaml)

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
    kind: Deployment
3
    metadata:
4
     # 修改工作负载名称,可换成自设
      name: kestrelli-real-ip
      # 增加命名空间
     namespace: kestrelli
8
    spec:
9
     replicas: 2
10
      selector:
11
      matchLabels:
                                        # 注意:selector 的标签也要同步修改,以匹配
12
          app: kestrelli-real-ip
    template 中的标签
13
      template:
14
        metadata:
15
          labels:
            app: kestrelli-real-ip # 修改 Pod 的标签,与 selector 保持一致
16
17
        spec:
18
          containers:
19
          - name: flask
20
            image: test-angel01.tencentcloudcr.com/kestrelli/kestrel-seven-real-
    ip:v1.0
21
            ports:
22
            - containerPort: 5000
```

★ 关键配置

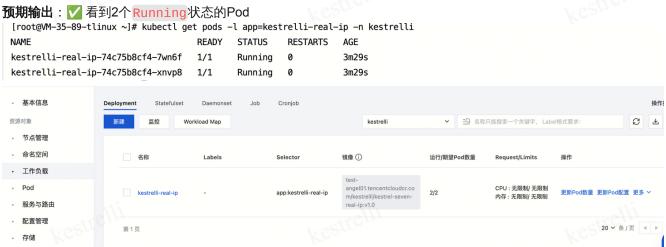
- metadata.labels 需与后续 Service 选择器匹配 kestrelli
- containerPort 需与业务实际端口一致

3.部署工作负载

```
kubectl apply -f workload.yaml
```

4.验证 Pod 状态

- #命名空间换成自己的
- 2 kubectl get pods -l app=kestrelli-real-ip -n kestelli



步骤2:创建Service(NodePort类型)

1.创建 Service YAML 文件(svc.yaml)

```
1
    apiVersion: v1
2
    kind: Service
3
    metadata:
    spec:
6
     selector:
        app: kestrelli-real-ip
      ports:
9
        - protocol: TCP
10
                          # 外部访问端口
          port: 80
11
          targetPort: 5000 # 映射到Flask的5000端口
12
                          # 非直连模式必需
      type: NodePort
```

2.部署 Service

- #指定命名空间 (不指定为default)
- 2 kubectl apply -f svc.yaml -n kestrelli

3.验证 Service 配置

l #工作负载指定的命名空间(这里为kestrelli)

2 kubectl describe svc real-ip-svc -n kestrelli

[root@VM-35-89-tlinux ~]# kubectl describe svc real-ip-svc -n kestrelli

Name: real-ip-svc
Namespace: kestrelli
Labels: <none>

Annotations: service.cloud.tencent.com/sync-begin-time: 2025-07-10T15:04:48+08:00

service.cloud.tencent.com/sync-end-time: 2025-07-10T15:04:48+08:00

Selector: app=kestrelli-real-ip

Type: NodePort
IP Family Policy: SingleStack

IP Families: IPv4

IP: 9.165.96.189
IPs: 9.165.96.189
Port: <unset> 80/TCP

TargetPort: 5000/TCP

NodePort: <unset> 30660/TCP

Endpoints: 10.0.35.58:5000,10.0.35.46:5000

Session Affinity: None
External Traffic Policy: Cluster
Internal Traffic Policy: Cluster

Events:

Type Reason Age From Message

Normal EnsureServiceSuccess 3m32s service-controller Sync Success. ReturnCode: S2000



验证:

kubectl get svc real-ip-svc -n kestrelli

▼ 查看PORT(S)列显示 80:3xxxx/TCP (3xxxx为自动分配的节点端口)

[root@VM-35-89-tlinux ~]# kubectl get svc real-ip-svc -n kestrelli

NAME TYPE CLUSTER-IP EXTERNAL-IP PORT(S) AGE real-ip-svc NodePort 9.165.96.189 <none> 80:30660/TCP 7m49s

步骤3: 创建Ingress (核心配置)

1.创建 Ingrss YAML 文件 (ingress.yaml)

```
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
     kind: Ingress
     metadata:
       name: real-ip-ingress
    spec:
6
      ingressClassName: qcloud
       rules:
       - http:
9
          paths:
10
          - path: /
11
            pathType: Prefix
12
            backend:
13
               service:
14
                name: real-ip-svc
15
    # 关联上一步的Service
16
                 port:
17
                   number: 80
```

2.部署 Ingress

```
1 #指定命名空间
2 kubectl apply -f ingress.yaml -n kestrelli
```

3.获取访问地址:

```
1 #指定命名空间
2 kubectl get ingress real-ip-ingress -n kestrelli -o
jsonpath='{.status.loadBalancer.ingress[0].ip}'
```

[root@VM-35-89-tlinux ~]# kubectl get ingress real-ip-ingress -n kestrelli -o jsonpath='{.status.loadBalancer.ingress[0].ip}' 119.29.51.228[root@VM-35-89-tlinux ~]#

步骤4:验证真实源IP

执行命令:

预期成功输出:

```
1 {
2    "headers": {
3         "X-Forwarded-For": "您的公网IP",
4         "X-Real-Ip": "您的公网IP"
5     }
6 }
```

119.29.51.228[root@VM-35-89-tlinux ~]# curl 119.29.51.228

{"headers":{"Accept":"*/*","Connection":"keep-alive","Host":"119.29.51.228","User-Agent":"curl/7.61.1","X-Client-Proto":"http","X-Client-Proto"-Ver":"HTTP/1.1","X-Forwarded-For":"106.53.86.214","X-Forwarded-Proto":"http","X-Real-Ip":"106.53.86.214","X-Stgw-Time":"1752133041.129"},"message":"Here are your request headers","method":"GET"}

故障排查表

问题现象	解决方案
curl无响应	1. 检查Ingress IP是否正确 2. 执行 kubectl describe ingress real-ip-ingress -n kestrelli (指定的 命名空间) 查看events
返回404错误	检查Service名称是否拼写正确(real-ip-svc)
看到Node IP而非公 网IP	确认Ingress注解 <mark>ingressClassName: qcloud</mark> 已配置
	在集群所在VPC执行:
镜像拉取失败	docker pull test-angel01.tencentcloudcr.com/kestrelli/kestrel-seve n-real-ip 测试网络连通性

💡 锦囊:所有YAML已通过测试,直接复制粘贴即可运行

原理解析

流量路径:



关键设计:

- 1. 镜像直接处理请求,返回X-Forwarded-For和X-Real-IP头,获取客户端真实源IP
- 2. Service的 NodePort 模式自动透传源IP
- 3. Ingress注解 qcloud 启用腾讯云CLB七层转发









