#### Securing Python services using systemd

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# Agenda

- systemd running services
- python example service
- systemd unit protections
- hardening the example service
- hardening the example service more
- passing zecure sekretz to the service
- (pystemd starting transient services)

#### systemd units

```
traditional approach:
/usr/lib/systemd/system/foobar.service
alternative approach:
systemd-run -u foobar.service ...
```

tonietak.py

github.com/keszybz/.../tonietak.py

# Unit protections

- ▶ User=
- DynamicUser=yes
- ► StateDirectory=yes
- WorkingDirectory=yes

### Unit protections

- ► ProtectHome=yes
- ► ProtectSystem=yes
- ▶ NoExecPaths=

#### Unit protections — more

- ▶ ProtectTmp=yes
- PrivateNetworking=yes
- SystemCallFilter= systemd-analyze syscall-filter

## **Encrypted Secrets**

- systemd-creds encrypt
- ► LoadCredentialEncrypted=

# Finding ideas for more protection directives

 ${\tt systemd-analyze \ security \ run-u4020.service}$ 

# Putting the service in production

Running from the command-line is not a deployment strategy. How to make the unit permanent?

#### Strategy I: save file

```
systemctl cat run-u3563.service
src=$(systemctl show -P FragmentPath run-u3563.service)
sudo cp "$src" \
    /etc/systemd/system/flask-app-tonietak.service
```

#### Strategy II: pystemd

```
import pystemd.run
cmd = 'flask --app tonietak run'.split()
properties = dict(
  DynamicUser=True,
  StateDirectory='files',
  WorkingDirectory='/var/lib',
  ProtectHome='yes',
  ProtectSystem='yes',
  # LoadCredentialEncrypted='password.bin',
pystemd.run(cmd, extra=properties)
```

# Acknowledgments and links

```
Kushal Das — "Securing Services Using systemd"
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UUW8RO4hkgO, verybad.rs
https://flask.palletsprojects.com/en/2.2.x/flask
(with apologies to all flask developers;))
systemd.exec(5), systemd.directives(5)
pystemd, pystemd.run
systemd-python-services.pdf (these slides), tonietak.py
```