

- (6) For calculating the quantity of air required for combustion following formulae can be applied :

$$\text{Weight of air needed} = \left\{ \frac{32C}{12} + \frac{16H}{2} + \frac{32S}{32} - O \right\} \times 100$$

('O' is oxygen present in fuel)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume of air required} &= (\text{Number of moles of air}) \times 22.4 \text{ litres at N.T.P.} \\ &= \frac{\text{Weight of air needed in g}}{28.94} \times 22.4 \text{ litres at N.T.P.} \end{aligned}$$

- (7) The mass of any gas can be converted to its volume at certain temperature and pressure by using the gas equation

$$PV = nRT$$

Where

P = Pressure of gas in atmosphere

V = Volume of gas in litres

n = Number of mole of the gas

T = Temperature on the Kelvin scale.

- (8) To calculate the volume of gas at given temperature and pressure, following relation is used,

$$\frac{P_0 V_0}{T_0} = \frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} \quad (\text{from Boyle's and Charles law})$$

Where P_0 , V_0 and T_0 are standard pressure, volume and temperature, P_1 and T_1 are the given pressure and temperature. Thus, V_1 volume at given pressure and temperature can be easily calculated.

6.12 Numericals on Combustion

(A) Calculation of Amount of Air (Weight Basis)

Problem 1

A coal sample contains C = 65%, H = 13%, O = 6%, S = 4%, N = 2%. Calculate the minimum amount of air needed for complete combustion of 1 kg of coal.

(M.U. May 2008)

Solution :

Constituent	% by weight	Weight of each per kg of fuel
C	65	$65 / 100 = 0.65$
H	13	$13 / 100 = 0.13$
O	6	$6 / 100 = 0.06$
N	2	Does not contribute
S	4	$4 / 100 = 0.04$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Amount of air required} &= \frac{100}{23} [2.67 C + 8 H + S - O] \text{ kg} \\
 &= \frac{100}{23} [2.67 \times 0.65 + 8 \times 0.13 + 0.04 - 0.06] \text{ kg} \\
 &= \frac{100}{23} [1.7355 + 1.04 - 0.02] \text{ kg} \\
 &= \frac{100}{23} [2.7555] \text{ kg} \\
 &= 11.98 \text{ kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ans. : Weight of air needed for combustion of 1 kg of fuel = 11.98 kg.

Problem 2

A coal sample was found to contain the following constituents : C = 81%, O = 8%, S = 1%, H = 5%, N = 1%, ash = 4%. Calculate the minimum amount of air required for complete combustion of 2 kg of coal. (M.U. May 2010)

Solution :

Constituent	% by weight	Weight of each per kg of fuel
C	81	$81 / 100 = 0.81$
O	8	$8 / 100 = 0.08$
S	1	$1 / 100 = 0.01$
H	5	$5 / 100 = 0.05$
N	1	Does not contribute

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Amount of air required} &= \frac{100}{23} [2.67C + 8H + S - O] \text{ kg} \\
 &= \frac{100}{23} [2.67 \times 0.81 + 8 \times 0.05 + 0.01 - 0.08] \text{ kg} \\
 &= \frac{100}{23} [2.163 + 0.4 + 0.01 - 0.08] \text{ kg} \\
 &= \frac{100}{23} [2.493] \text{ kg} \\
 &= 10.839 \text{ kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Amount of air required for 2 kg of coal} \\
 &= 2 \times 10.839 \\
 &= 21.68 \text{ kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ans : Amount of air needed for 2 kg of coal = 21.68 kg

Problem 3

Calculate weight of air needed for complete combustion of 1 kg of coal containing C = 72%, H = 10%, O = 9%, N = 3% and remaining being ash. (M.U. Dec. 2011)

Solution :

Constituent	% by weight	Weight of each per kg of fuel
C	72	72 / 100 = 0.72
H	10	10 / 100 = 0.10
O	9	9 / 100 = 0.09

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Amount of air required} &= \frac{100}{23} [2.67C + 8H + S - O] \text{ kg} \\
 &= \frac{100}{23} [2.67 \times 0.72 + 8 \times 0.1 - 0.09] \text{ kg} \\
 &= \frac{100}{23} [1.9224 + 0.8 - 0.09] \text{ kg} \\
 &= \frac{100}{23} [2.6324] \text{ kg} \\
 &= 11.45 \text{ kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ans : Weight of air required for combustion of 1 kg of coal = 11.45 kg.

Problem 4

A coal sample was found to contain the following constituents :

C = 81%, H = 6%, S = 1%, N = 2%, Ash = 4% and rest is oxygen.

Calculate the minimum weight of air required at STP for complete combustion of 1 kg of the coal sample.

(M.U. Dec. 2019)

Solution :

Constituent	% by weight	Weight of each per kg of fuel
C	81	$81 / 100 = 0.81$
H	6	$6 / 100 = 0.06$
S	1	$1 / 100 = 0.01$
N	2	Does not contribute
O	6	$6 / 100 = 0.06$
Ash	4	Does not contribute

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Amount of air required} &= \frac{100}{23} [2.67 C + 8 H + S - O] \text{ kg} \\ &= \frac{100}{23} [2.67 \times 0.81 + 8 \times 0.06 + 0.01 - 0.06] \text{ kg} \\ &= \frac{100}{23} [2.1627 + 0.48 - 0.05] \text{ kg} \\ &= \frac{100}{23} [2.5927] \text{ kg} \\ &= 11.273 \text{ kg}\end{aligned}$$

Ans. : Weight of air required for combustion of 1 kg of coal = 11.273 kg.