Graded Assignment 4

Due date for this assignment: 2024-10-20, 23:59 IST.

You may submit any number of times before the due date. The final submission will be considered for grading.

For all questions involving the Bernoulli distribution, the parameter p is P(x=1).

- 1) Consider a dataset that has 10 zeros and 5 ones. What is the likelihood function if we assume a Bernoulli distribution with parameter p as the probabilistic model?
- $\bigcirc p^{15}$
- $(1-p)^{15}$
- $\bigcirc p^{10} \cdot (1-p)^5$
- $p^5 \cdot (1-p)^{10}$
- 2) In the previous question, what is the estimate of \hat{p}_{ML} ? Enter your answer correct to two decimal places.

0.33

3) Consider a dataset that has a single feature (x). The first column in the table below represents the value of the feature, the second column represents the number of times it occurs in the dataset.

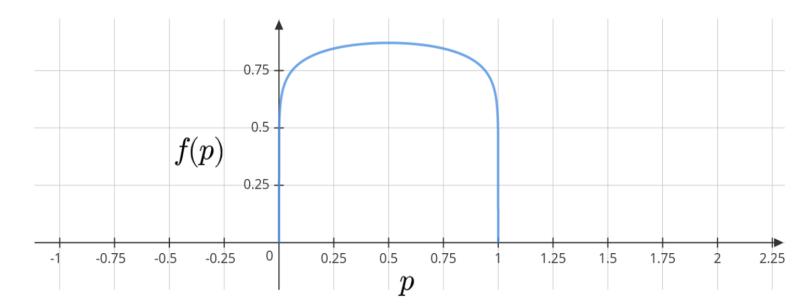
\boldsymbol{x}	Frequency
-1	1
0	1
2	4
4	2
5	2

If we use a Gaussian distribution to model this data, find the maximum likelihood estimate of the mean.

- 0 2
- \bigcirc 0
- 2.5
- The mean cannot be computed as the variance of the Gaussian is not explicitly specified.

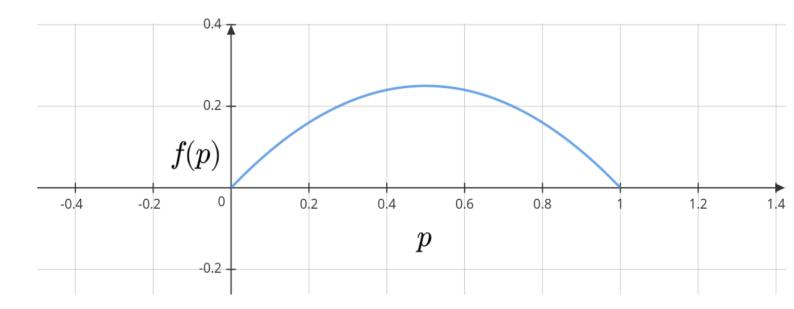
The dataset has 15 ones and 10 zeros. What is the posterior? Beta(3,2) Beta(13,17) Beta(18,12) Beta(17,11) Solution in the previous question, we use the expected value of the posterior as a point-estimate for the parameter of the Bernoulli distribution. What is \hat{p} ? Enter your answer correct to two decimal places. O-60	$p \sim \operatorname{Beta}(3,2)$
Beta(13, 17) Beta(18, 12) Beta(17, 11) Beta(17, 11)	The dataset has 15 ones and 10 zeros. What is the posterior?
Beta $(18, 12)$ Beta $(17, 11)$ 5) In the previous question, we use the expected value of the posterior as a point-estimate for the parameter of the Bernoulli distribution. What is \hat{p} ? Enter your answer correct to two decimal places.	$_{\bigcirc}$ Beta $(3,2)$
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	\bigcirc Beta(17,11)

4) Consider a beta prior for the parameter \boldsymbol{p} of a Bernoulli distribution:



After observing $10\ \text{data-points}$, the following is the posterior distribution:

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Ignore the values on the Y-axis and just focus on the shapes of the distributions. Which of the following could correspond to the observed data?

Common Data for questions (7) to (9)

We wish to fit a GMM with K=2 for a dataset having 4 points. At the beginning of the t^{th} time step of the EM algorithm, we have $\theta^{(t)}$ as follows:

$$\pi_1 = 0.3, \quad \pi_2 = 0.7$$

$$\mu_1 = 2, \quad \sigma_1^2 = 1$$

$$\mu_2 = 3, \quad \sigma_2^2 = 1$$

The density of the points given a particular mixture is given to you for all four points. f is the density of a Gaussian.

x_i	$f(x_i \mid z_i = 1)$	$f(x_i \mid z_i = 2)$		
1	0.242	0.054		
2	0.399	0.242		
3	0.242	0.399		
4	0.054	0.242		

Use three decimal places for all quantities throughout the questions.

7) What is the value of λ^i_k for i=1 and k=2 after the E-step? Enter your answer correct to three decimal places.

0.342

8) If we pause the algorithm at this stage (after the E-step) and use the λ_k^i values to do a hard-clustering, what would be the cluster assignment? We use the following rule to come up with cluster assignments: $z_i = \operatorname*{argmax}_k \lambda_k^i$

The answer is in the form of a vector: $\mathbf{z} = \begin{bmatrix} z_1 & z_2 & z_3 & z_4 \end{bmatrix}^T$.

- $\bigcirc \ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T$
- $\bigcirc \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^T$
- $\bigcirc \ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^T$
- $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^T$

9) What is the value of μ_1 after the M-step? Enter your answer correct to three decimal places.

1.950

10) A GMM is fit for a dataset with 5 points. At some time-step in the EM algorithm, the following are the values of λ_k^i for all points in the dataset for the k^{th} mixture after the E-step:

$$\lambda^{1} = 0.3$$

$$\lambda_{L}^{2} = 0.1$$

$$\lambda_{L}^{3} = 0.4$$

$$\lambda^{4} = 0.8$$

 $\begin{array}{l} \lambda_k^1 = 0.3 \\ \lambda_k^2 = 0.1 \\ \lambda_k^3 = 0.4 \\ \lambda_k^4 = 0.8 \\ \lambda_k^5 = 0.2 \end{array}$

What is the estimate of π_k after the M-step? Enter your answer correct to two decimal places.



11) What is the value of the following expression after the E-step at time-step t in the EM algorithm? There are 100 data-points and 3 mixtures.





 \bigcirc 103

300

1 0

The answer depends on the time-step t we are at