

Homework 3

Exercise 1 (*Multigrid*)

For this problem, you may use the code from the multigrid notebook. Modify the V-cycle code above to answer the following questions. Try to explain your results.

- (a) How does the accuracy change as we change the number of Jacobi iterations performed at each step?
- (b) Is it better to use a finer grid, or more Jacobi iterations if we want to improve the solution accuracy?
- (c) What happens if we don't perform any Jacobi iterations in the "up" part of the V-cycle?
- (d) What happens if we don't recurse all the way down to the 1-point grid?
- (e) What happens if we use the original Jacobi method, or some other value of ω ?

Exercise 2 (*Lipschitz constant for an ODE*)

Let $f(u) = \log(u)$.

- (a) Determine the best possible Lipschitz constant for this function over $2 \leq u < \infty$.
- (b) Is $f(u)$ Lipschitz continuous over $0 < u < \infty$?
- (c) Consider the initial value problem

$$\begin{aligned}u'(t) &= \log(u(t)), \\ u(0) &= 2.\end{aligned}$$

Explain why we know that this problem has a unique solution for all $t \geq 0$ based on the existence and uniqueness theory described in Section 5.2.1. (Hint: Argue that f is Lipschitz continuous in a domain that the solution never leaves, though the domain is not symmetric about $\eta = 2$ as assumed in the theorem quoted in the book.)

Exercise 3 (*Lipschitz constant for a system of ODEs*)

Consider the system of ODEs

$$\begin{aligned}u_1' &= 3u_1 + 4u_2, \\u_2' &= 5u_1 - 6u_2.\end{aligned}$$

Determine the Lipschitz constant for this system in the max-norm $\|\cdot\|_\infty$ and the 1-norm $\|\cdot\|_1$. (See Appendix A.3.)

Exercise 4 (*matrix exponential form of solution*)

The initial value problem

$$v''(t) = -4v(t), \quad v(0) = v_0, \quad v'(0) = v'_0$$

has the solution $v(t) = v_0 \cos(2t) + \frac{1}{2}v'_0 \sin(2t)$. Determine this solution by rewriting the ODE as a first order system $u' = Au$ so that $u(t) = e^{At}u(0)$ and then computing the matrix exponential using (D.30) in Appendix D.