



ITMT 430

WEEK 03 – CHAPTER 09

THE TECHNICAL PRACTICES OF FLOW

Objectives

- ▶ Create Technical Practices and architecture required to enable fast flow
- ▶ Create this flow without creating chaos and disruptions
- ▶ Implement Continuous Delivery System
- ▶ Understand what a deployment pipeline is
- ▶ Understand how to enable and architect for a low-risk release

Deployment Pipeline



Goal of a pipeline

- ▶ Create fast and reliable flow from Dev to Ops (the 1st way)
- ▶ To do this we **must** ensure that we are always using a production like environment--even in our test environment
- ▶ Your goal will be to create two environments
 - ▶ Test
 - ▶ Production



Em Campbell Pretty

- ▶ Enterprise Data Warehouse lead at an Australian Telecom
- ▶ \$200 million dollar program
- ▶ At the time of her arrival—there were 10 streams of work in progress
- ▶ All using Waterfall
- ▶ All behind schedule (Why? Large batch perhaps?)
- ▶ Only one stage was doing any testing
- ▶ All projects falling well short of design specs
- ▶ Underperforming

Project Description (as the kids say...)



1 Year Later...

- ▶ They moved to an Agile project management
 - ▶ Many smaller meetings
 - ▶ Smaller code batches
 - ▶ Smaller easier measurable goals in relation to code and testing
 - ▶ Surprisingly no real change in the previous slide
 - ▶ What could be the issue?
 - ▶ Many complained that it was a “management” or “leadership” issue
 - ▶ Called a company wide meeting – full stop to solve this

Value Stream



Value Stream

- ▶ By looking at the stream they realized their issues
 - ▶ Only 50% of their code in the development and test environments matched what was in production
 - ▶ They encountered so many defects because they weren't testing what they were deploying
 - ▶ Re-engineered the processes
 - ▶ Now all changes were in version control
 - ▶ Single point of truth for the system
 - ▶ Problems thought to be “management” or “person-based” turned out to be poorly understood process based

Dev, Test, and Prod

- ▶ Enable Dev, Test, and Prod environments at the start
 - ▶ Since we are a school and not a company we will hold off on the production environment for the moment
- ▶ Dev = Developers
 - ▶ Every person on the team is technically a developer
 - ▶ Each person should be able to deploy and build your entire project from your Github repository on their own laptop (especially the developers)
 - ▶ Requires sound build processes from Ops and actual documentation
 - ▶ How?
 - ▶ VirtualBox
 - ▶ Vagrant
 - ▶ Packer

Test

- ▶ Test is an environment that is not local to your laptop but an exact copy of your production environment
 - ▶ Webservers, hardware, distributed configurations, etc. etc.
 - ▶ No lead time – this environment is always available or can be built with the latest changes all from a single source repository

Test Could Be...

- ▶ Virtualized Environment
 - ▶ Vmware images, Vagrant scripts, Amazon EC2 instances
- ▶ Building the automated environment
 - ▶ PXE install on bare metal
- ▶ Using “Infrastructure as Code”
 - ▶ Configuration management tools such:
 - ▶ Chef, Puppet, Ansible, CFEngine, Salt, MAAS
- ▶ Automated OS configuration tools
 - ▶ Preseed or kickstart or Windows Answer Files
- ▶ Assembling an environment from a set of virtual images
 - ▶ Vagrant and Packer
- ▶ Spinning up new environments in the Cloud (AWS, GCE, MS Azure, OpenStack)

This works because...

- ▶ We carefully defined out specifications of the environment ahead of time.
- ▶ We are documenting and pushing everything
- ▶ This reduces defects and increases throughput and productivity.
- ▶ Let's see this in action