



CANDIDATE
NAME

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CENTRE
NUMBER

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CANDIDATE
NUMBER

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0478/13

May/June 2020

1 hour 45 minutes

No additional materials are needed.

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

This document has **12** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

1 Pradeep is reading hexadecimal values for a project he is working on.

(a) The first three hexadecimal values he reads are **15**, **102** and **A9**.

Give the **denary** values for the three hexadecimal values.

15

102

A9

[3]

Working space

.....

.....

.....

.....

(b) Pradeep has two 8-bit binary values that he needs to convert to hexadecimal values for his project.

Give the **hexadecimal** values for the two 8-bit binary values.

01010000

00111101

[4]

2 (a) Six hardware devices are shown.

Tick (✓) to show if each hardware device is an **Input**, **Output** or **Storage** device.

Hardware device	Input (✓)	Output (✓)	Storage (✓)
Solid state drive (SSD)			
Sensor			
Headphones			
Microphone			
USB flash drive			
Actuator			

[6]

(b) Genevieve writes a paragraph about a barcode reader.

Using the list given, complete the paragraph. Not all terms in the list need to be used.

- actuators
- binary
- black
- input
- microprocessors
- output
- sensors
- storage
- white

A barcode reader is an device. It shines a light at the barcode and the light is reflected back. The bars in the barcode reflect less light than the bars.

..... are used to capture the amount of reflected light and the different reflections are converted to values.

[5]

- 3** Thomas has an online business that sells homemade furniture. He has a web server that hosts his website for his business.

(a) Describe the role of a web browser in requesting and displaying the web pages for the website.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [3]

(b) Thomas is worried about a denial of service (DoS) attack on his web server.

Describe what happens in a denial of service attack.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [3]

- 4 The table shows **four** definitions.

Complete the table giving the missing **Term** for each definition.

Term	Definition
	A data transmission method that sends data one bit at a time, down a single wire
	An address given to a device on a network. The address is assigned by the network
	The software used to render HTML and display a web page
	An address given to a device at the manufacturing stage that can be used to identify the device on a network

[4]

- 5 (a) A clothing shop uses a barcode reader at the checkout.

The checkout is linked to a stock control system. The system monitors stock levels and automatically keeps them above a minimum level.

Explain how the stock control system automatically keeps the stock levels above a minimum level.

.....

.....

.....

.....

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.....

.....

..... [4]

- (b) The software for the stock control system is stored on a central computer. The computer uses random access memory (RAM), read only memory (ROM) and a hard disk drive (HDD).

The computer is a Von Neumann model computer system with a central processing unit (CPU).

- (i) State the purpose of the RAM, ROM and HDD in the central computer.

RAM

.....

ROM

.....

HDD

..... [3]

- (ii) Identify **four** components that are part of the CPU.

Component 1

Component 2

Component 3

Component 4 [4]

6 Consider the given logic statement:

$$X = (((A \text{ XOR } B) \text{ AND } C) \text{ OR NOT } C)$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit to match the given logic statement.

All logic gates must have a maximum of **two** inputs. Do **not** attempt to simplify the logic statement.



[4]

(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic statement.

A	B	C	Working space	X
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

- 7 Edie uses a firewall to help prevent her children from accessing websites that she does not want them to see.

(a) Describe how the firewall helps prevent her children from accessing these websites.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [4]

(b) Edie is concerned that her children may download a virus when accessing websites.

State what is meant by a **virus** and explain what could happen if a virus was downloaded.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [3]

(c) Edie explains to her children how to identify if a website is secure.

(i) Give **two** ways that her children can identify if a website is secure.

1

2 [2]

(ii) Describe how a browser checks that a website is secure.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [4]

8 Six statements are given about printers.

Tick (✓) to show whether the statement applies to a **3D** printer, an **Inkjet** printer or a **Laser** printer.

Some statements apply to more than one printer.

Statement	3D (✓)	Inkjet (✓)	Laser (✓)
Uses a moving print head			
Uses liquid ink			
Produces output using materials such as plastic and resin			
Uses piezoelectric or thermal technology			
Uses a rotating drum to transfer the image to the paper			
Uses layer upon layer of material to create the output			

[6]

- 9 Four 7-bit binary values are being transmitted from one computer to another. An odd parity check is being used to check for errors in the binary values.

Write the correct **Parity bit** for each **7-bit binary value** to make sure it meets **odd** parity.

Parity bit	7-bit binary value
.....	0000011
.....	1000000
.....	0111111
.....	1010101

[4]

- 10 Clive has a laptop computer that he uses for his business. He enters a username and password to log in to his laptop.

Clive is worried about spyware being used to find out his username and password.

- (a) Describe how spyware could be used to find out Clive's username and password.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [4]

- (b) The threat of spyware makes Clive concerned about typing a password to log in to his laptop.

Give an example of how Clive could log in securely without typing a password.

..... [1]

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Cambridge IGCSE™

COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/13

Paper 1

May/June 2020

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 75

Published

Students did not sit exam papers in the June 2020 series due to the Covid-19 global pandemic.

This mark scheme is published to support teachers and students and should be read together with the question paper. It shows the requirements of the exam. The answer column of the mark scheme shows the proposed basis on which Examiners would award marks for this exam. Where appropriate, this column also provides the most likely acceptable alternative responses expected from students. Examiners usually review the mark scheme after they have seen student responses and update the mark scheme if appropriate. In the June series, Examiners were unable to consider the acceptability of alternative responses, as there were no student responses to consider.

Mark schemes should usually be read together with the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers. However, because students did not sit exam papers, there is no Principal Examiner Report for Teachers for the June 2020 series.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™ and Cambridge International A & AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **10** printed pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 21 – 258 – 169 	3
1(b)	1 mark for each correct hex value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 50 – 3D 	4

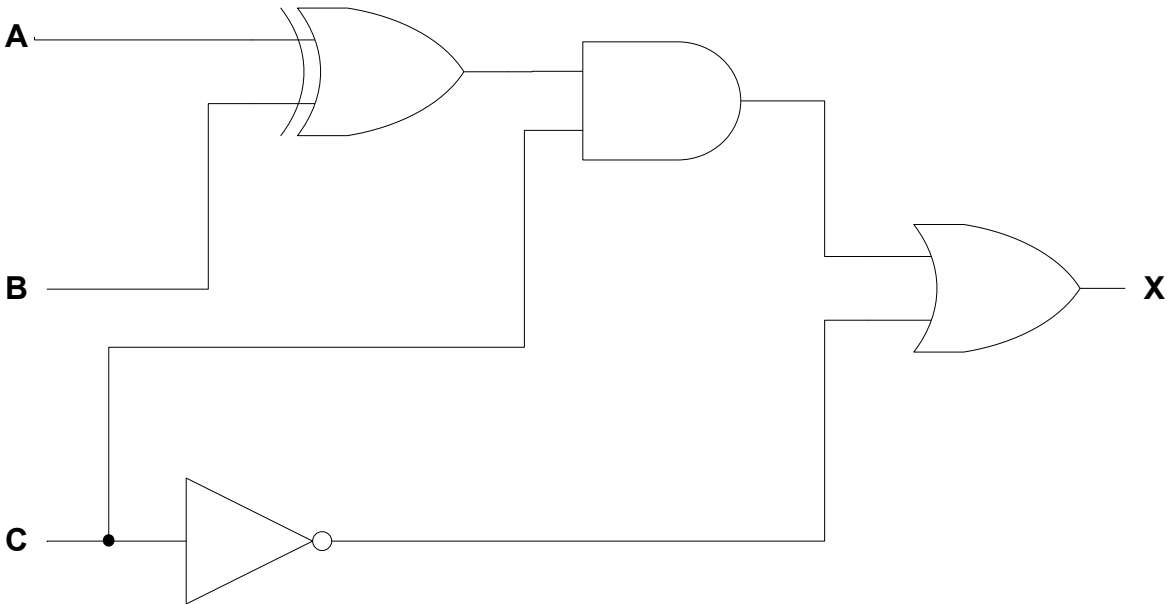
Question	Answer				Marks																												
2(a)	<table><tr><th>Hardware device</th><th>Input (✓)</th><th>Output (✓)</th><th>Storage (✓)</th></tr><tr><td>Solid state drive (SSD)</td><td></td><td></td><td>✓</td></tr><tr><td>Sensor</td><td>✓</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Headphones</td><td></td><td>✓</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Microphone</td><td>✓</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>USB flash drive</td><td></td><td></td><td>✓</td></tr><tr><td>Actuator</td><td></td><td>✓</td><td></td></tr></table>				Hardware device	Input (✓)	Output (✓)	Storage (✓)	Solid state drive (SSD)			✓	Sensor	✓			Headphones		✓		Microphone	✓			USB flash drive			✓	Actuator		✓		6
	Hardware device	Input (✓)	Output (✓)	Storage (✓)																													
	Solid state drive (SSD)			✓																													
	Sensor	✓																															
	Headphones		✓																														
	Microphone	✓																															
	USB flash drive			✓																													
	Actuator		✓																														
One mark for each correct tick																																	

Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Input – Black – White – Sensors – Binary <p>One mark for each correct term in the correct place</p>	5

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	<p>Any three from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Sends request to webserver – Receives web pages back from webserver – Converts HTML to display web page – Manages protocols 	3
3(b)	<p>Any three from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Many requests are sent from a computer – Requests are sent to the <u>webserver</u> – The webserver becomes flooded with traffic – The webserver cannot handle the requests / fails – The website can no longer be accessed – Attack maybe distributed 	3

Question	Answer	Marks
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Serial – IP (address) – Browser – MAC (address) 	4

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	Any four from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Stock control system has a database of stock – Each product has a (unique) barcode – Barcode is scanned, and product looked up in database – Stock levels for product are reduced (by 1) – Stock is checked against minimum level – If stock at/below minimum level an order is placed – When stock is re-ordered flag is reset 	4
5(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – It has RAM to store the data / programs / by example currently in use – It has ROM to permanently store the boot up instructions – It has HDD to store the stock database / software / OS / by example 	3
5(c)	Any four from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – MAR – MDR – PC – ALU – CU – ACC – CIR – Buses – Registers 	4

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	 <p>One mark for each correct gate.</p>	4

Question	Answer					Marks																																													
6(b)	<table><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th><th>Working space</th><th>X</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td></td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td></td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td></td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td></td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td></td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td></td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td><td>0</td></tr></table>					A	B	C	Working space	X	0	0	0		1	0	0	1		0	0	1	0		1	0	1	1		1	1	0	0		1	1	0	1		1	1	1	0		1	1	1	1		0	4
	A	B	C	Working space	X																																														
	0	0	0		1																																														
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	1	1	1		0																																														

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	<p>Any four from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Examines outgoing traffic to check what is being requested – Examines incoming traffic to check the content of what is being received – Sets rules/criteria for websites that can/cannot be accessed // creates a blacklist – Check if traffic meets/does not meet rules/criteria 	4
7(b)	<p>Any three from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Software that can replicate itself – It could cause the computer to crash / run slow / generate errors – It could delete/damage files – It could fill up the storage space – It could stop the hardware being able to communicate – It could spread to other devices on the network 	3

Question	Answer	Marks
7(c)(i)	Any two from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Locked padlock – HTTPS – View the certificate 	2
7(c)(ii)	Any four from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – requests web server to identify itself/view the (SSL) certificate – receives a copy of the (SSL) certificate, sent from the webserver – checks if (SSL) certificate is authentic/trustworthy – sends signal back to webserver that the certificate is authentic/trustworthy – starts to transmit data once connection is established as secure 	4

Question	Answer				Marks
8					6
	Statement	3D (✓)	Inkjet (✓)	Laser (✓)	
	Uses a moving print head	✓	✓		
	Uses liquid ink		✓		
	Produces output using materials such as plastic and resin	✓			
	Uses piezoelectric or thermal technology	(✓)	✓		
	Uses a rotating drum to transfer the image to the paper			✓	
	Uses layer upon layer of material to create the output	✓			
One mark per each correct row.					

Question	Answer	Marks
9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 1 – 0 – 1 – 1 	4

Question	Answer	Marks
10(a)	<p>Any four from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Example of spyware e.g. Keylogger is used – Spyware is downloaded without knowledge (by example) – Spyware records key presses / screen clicks / screen activity – Data is relayed back to third party – Data is analysed // Patterns in data could reveal log-in details ... – ... details can then be used to log into the laptop (remotely) 	4
10(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Biometric device 	1