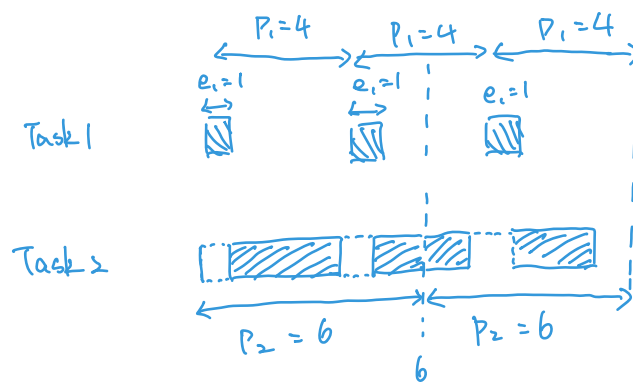


Chapter 12

Exercise 1.

(a) $P_1 = 4$, $P_2 = 6$, $e_1 = 1$



$$\begin{cases} 2e_1 + e_2 \leq P_2 \\ e_1 + e_2 \leq P_1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow e_2 \leq 4$$

The maximum value for e_2 is 4

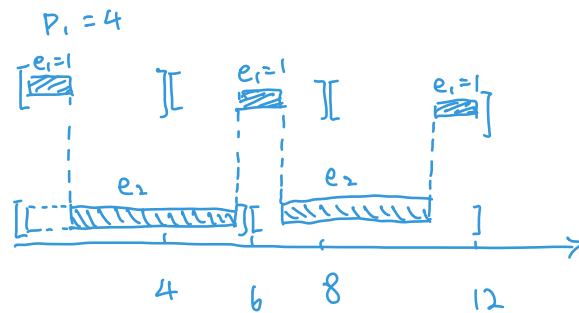
(b) For non-RMS that is feasible,

$$e_1 + e_2 \leq P_1$$

$$e_2 \leq P_1 - e_1 = 4 - 1 = 3$$

the maximum value of e_2 for non-RMS is 3.

Exercise 2.



(a)

$$\begin{cases} e_1 + e_2 \leq 6 \\ 3e_1 + 2e_2 \leq 12 \end{cases} \Rightarrow e_2 \leq 4.5$$

The maximum value for e_2 is 4.5

(b) within period of 12,

RM has three preemption.

EDF has only 1 preemption.

$$\mu_{RM} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{4}{6} \approx 0.92$$

$$\mu_{EDF} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{4.5}{6} = 1$$

So, EDF has less preemption and better utilization.

Chapter 13:

Exercise 2:

(a) True

(b) False. If input sequence is (x, absent) ,
The system will stay in C and no
output will appear.

(c) True

(d) True

(e) True

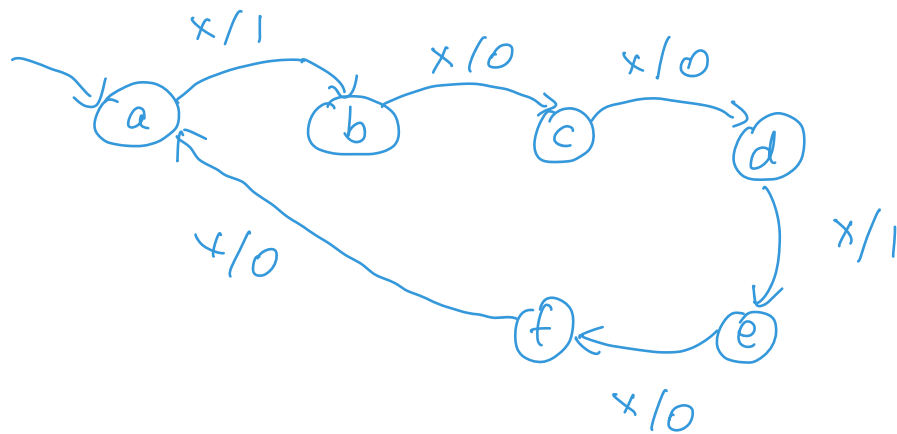
(f) False, The system can not be in
state b and state c at the same
time.

(g) False. If the system is in state a,
even x is absense, it will not go into
state c.

Chapter 14

Exercise 7.

(a) input: $x: \text{pure}$, output: $y: \{0, 1\}$.



(b)

without stuttering, the input will be

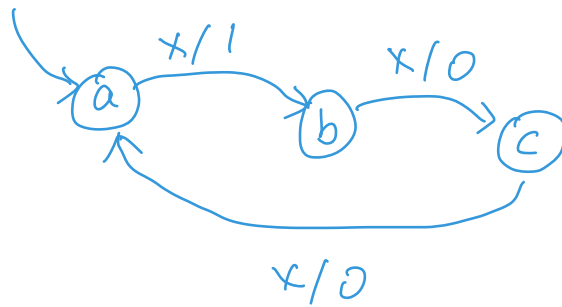
$$x = (p, p, p, p, \dots),$$

Therefore, the output will be in
periodically

$$y = (1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, \dots).$$

(c) Input: x : pure

Output: $\{0, 1\}$



bisimulation relation :

$\{(a, a), (b, b), (c, c), (d, a),$
 $(e, b), (f, c)\}.$