

Total_variation_image_restoration

November 7, 2019

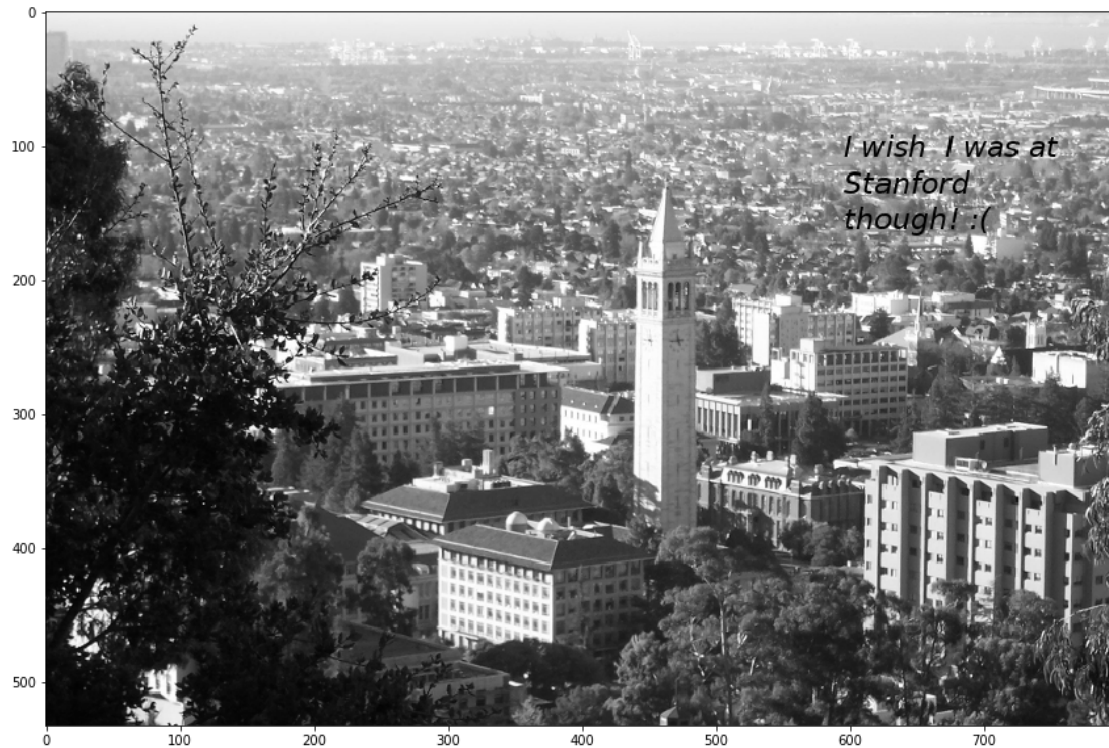
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[3]: import cv2
import cvxpy as cp
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

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[4]: # get image and constraints matrix
corrupted_image_filename = '../data/campanile_img_corrupted.jpg'
constraints_matrix_filename = '../data/constraint_matrix.txt'

u_corr = cv2.imread(corrupted_image_filename, 0)
F = u_corr

A = np.loadtxt(constraints_matrix_filename, delimiter=",")

# visualize image
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(30,10),facecolor='w')
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
ax.imshow(u_corr, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
plt.show()
```



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[9]: rows, cols = F.shape
F_hat = cp.Variable(shape=(rows, cols))

# 1.5
# You complete this ----->
# obj = ?? (write objective function)
obj = cp.Minimize(cp.tv(F_hat))
# constraints = ?? (write constraints)
constraints = [cp.multiply(A, F) == cp.multiply(A, F_hat)]
prob = cp.Problem(obj, constraints)

# Use SCS to solve the problem.
# Could take about 10 mins to solve
prob.solve(verbose=True, solver=cp.SCS)
print("optimal objective value: {cv}".format(obj.value))
```

SCS v2.1.1 - Splitting Conic Solver
(c) Brendan O'Donoghue, Stanford University, 2012

Lin-sys: sparse-direct, nnz in A = 2549641
eps = 1.00e-04, alpha = 1.50, max_iters = 5000, normalize = 1, scale = 1.00
acceleration_lookback = 0, rho_x = 1.00e-03

Iter	pri res	dua res	rel gap	pri obj	dua obj	kap/tau	time (s)
0	1.12e+22	1.35e+22	1.00e+00	-3.88e+29	2.22e+28	1.02e+29	3.48e-01
100	2.09e-03	1.19e-03	4.64e-04	8.30e+06	8.31e+06	3.71e-13	1.59e+01
200	7.77e-04	2.46e-04	1.34e-04	8.33e+06	8.33e+06	2.65e-09	3.13e+01
300	3.86e-04	1.12e-04	5.31e-05	8.34e+06	8.34e+06	2.67e-09	4.67e+01
400	1.92e-04	2.86e-05	2.18e-05	8.34e+06	8.34e+06	2.68e-09	6.21e+01
500	1.18e-04	5.40e-06	1.19e-05	8.34e+06	8.34e+06	2.68e-09	7.75e+01
540	9.92e-05	4.30e-06	9.56e-06	8.34e+06	8.34e+06	5.36e-09	8.37e+01

```
Error metrics:
dist(s, K) = 5.6843e-14, dist(y, K*) = 3.3307e-16, s'y/|s||y| = -1.0357e-18
primal res: |Ax + s - b|_2 / (1 + |b|_2) = 9.9215e-05
dual res:   |A'y + c|_2 / (1 + |c|_2) = 4.2952e-06
rel gap:    |c'x + b'y| / (1 + |c'x| + |b'y|) = 9.5562e-06
-----
c'x = 8338290.4356, -b'y = 8338449.8023
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```

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```
[10]: # visualize result
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(30,10),facecolor='w')
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
ax.imshow(F_hat.value, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
plt.show()
```



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[ ]:
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