1. a) True

b) Frace False. You travou testing data and use validation set to tune hyperparameters.

c) True

d) False, Its more likely an overly complex model results in overfitting.

2.
$$A = (10,6)$$
 $B = (552,552)$
a) L.i. $||A||_1 = 10$
 $||B||_1 = |5\sqrt{2}| + |5\sqrt{2}| = 1052$ Los; $||A||_{\infty} = 10$ = larger
 $||B||_{\infty} = 5\sqrt{2}$

3.
$$TPR = IP = 0.6$$

 $TP = 6(40) = 24$
 $\Rightarrow FN = 40 - 24 = 16$ for $40 P (\Rightarrow 60N)$

c) precision =
$$\frac{TP}{P} = \frac{TP}{TP+FP} = \frac{24}{24+14} = \frac{24}{38}$$

a) occuracy =
$$\frac{TP+TN}{P+N} = \frac{24+46}{40+60} = \frac{70}{100} = \boxed{0.7}$$

Fanking errors

Tauking error sate

ranking accuracy

5. a) Tuinter 1 morning b) morning c) wonter 1 [Tue V Sat] 1 morning [Marning 60 regative (FI=true, F2=true, F3=true)

regative (FI=true, F2=fasle, F5=true)

regative (FI=true, F2=true, F3=true)

(FI=true, F2=true, F3=true)

(FI=true, F7=false, F3=false)

b)
$$\times \hat{\omega} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 5 \\ 0.7 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = y$$

$$x^{T} \times \hat{w} = x^{T} y$$

$$\hat{w} = (x^{T} x)^{-1} x^{T} y$$

$$\mathcal{D} = \begin{pmatrix} -f \\ m^5 \\ m^1 \\ m^0 \end{pmatrix}$$

decision rule

8. a basic binary classifier. a perceptron will not comunge for overlapping data

9. (2xy) t Td²+ 1)²·t Tx for loop