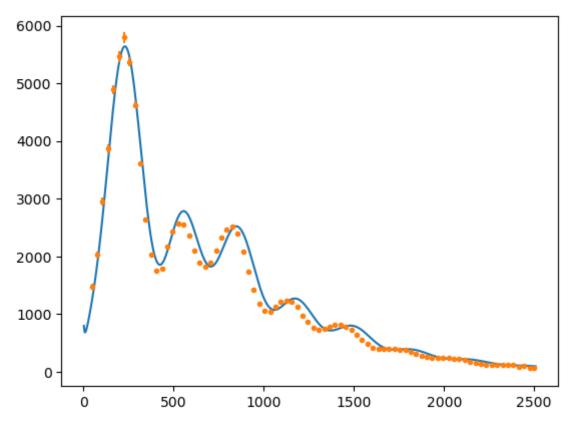
1)

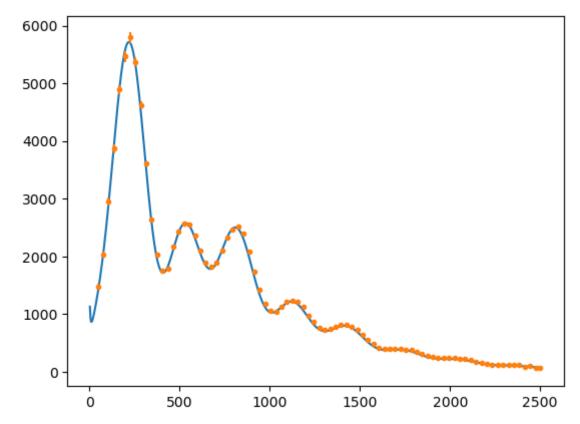
```
In [88]: # Sample script
         import numpy as np
         import camb
         from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
         import time
         def get_spectrum(pars,lmax=3000,fix_tau=False):
             #print('pars are ',pars)
             H0=pars[0]
             ombh2=pars[1]
             omch2=pars[2]
             if fix_tau:
                 tau=0.0540
                 As=pars[3]
                 ns=pars[4]
             else:
                 tau=pars[3]
                 As=pars[4]
                 ns=pars[5]
             pars=camb.CAMBparams()
             pars.set_cosmology(H0=H0,ombh2=ombh2,omch2=omch2,mnu=0.06,omk=0,tau=tau)
             pars.InitPower.set params(As=As,ns=ns,r=0)
             pars.set_for_lmax(lmax,lens_potential_accuracy=0)
             results=camb.get_results(pars)
             powers=results.get cmb power spectra(pars,CMB unit='muK')
             cmb=powers['total']
             tt=cmb[:,0]
                            #you could return the full power spectrum here if you wanted
             return tt[2:]
         plt.ion()
         pars=np.asarray([60,0.02,0.1,0.05,2.00e-9,1.0])
         planck=np.loadtxt('COM PowerSpect CMB-TT-full R3.01.txt',skiprows=1)
         ell=planck[:,0]
         spec=planck[:,1]
         errs=0.5*(planck[:,2]+planck[:,3])
         model=get spectrum(pars)
         model=model[:len(spec)]
         resid=spec-model
         chisq=np.sum( (resid/errs)**2)
         print("chisq is ",chisq," for ",len(resid)-len(pars)," degrees of freedom.")
         #read in a binned version of the Planck PS for plotting purposes
         planck binned=np.loadtxt('COM PowerSpect CMB-TT-binned R3.01.txt',skiprows=1)
         errs_binned=0.5*(planck_binned[:,2]+planck_binned[:,3]);
         plt.clf()
         plt.plot(ell,model)
         plt.errorbar(planck_binned[:,0],planck_binned[:,1],errs_binned,fmt='.')
         plt.show()
```

chisq is 15267.937435709791 for 2501 degrees of freedom.



```
In [89]: pars=np.asarray([69,0.022,0.12,0.06,2.1e-9,0.95])
    model=get_spectrum(pars)
    model=model[:len(spec)]
    resid=spec-model
    chisq=np.sum( (resid/errs)**2)
    print("chisq is ",chisq," for ",len(resid)-len(pars)," degrees of freedom.")
    #read in a binned version of the Planck PS for plotting purposes
    errs_binned=0.5*(planck_binned[:,2]+planck_binned[:,3]);
    plt.clf()
    plt.plot(ell,model)
    plt.errorbar(planck_binned[:,0],planck_binned[:,1],errs_binned,fmt='.')
    plt.show()
```

chisq is 3272.203673904469 for 2501 degrees of freedom.



In [9]: print(3272.2/len(planck))

1.3052253689668927

For the initial parameters got a chi-squared of 15267.9 which is not a good fit as it is much higher than the degrees of freedom. Using the values given in the problem we obtain a chi-squared value of 3272.2 which is better only 1.3 times the degrees of freedom.

2)

```
In [90]: def calc_num_der(fun,p,lendata,fixed=False):
                                                          grad=np.zeros([lendata,len(p)], dtype=np.float64)
                                                          y=fun(p,fix_tau=fixed)[:len(spec)]
                                                           for i in range(len(p)):
                                                                            dx = 0.01*p[i]
                                                                            dx_array = np.zeros(np.shape(p), dtype=np.float64)
                                                                            dx_array[i] = dx
                                                                            grad[:,i]=(fun(p+dx_array,fix_tau=fixed)[:len(spec)] - fun(p-dx_array,fix_tau=fixed)[:len(spec)] - fun(p-
                                                           return y,grad
                                         for j in range(6):
                                                          pred1,grad1=calc_num_der(get_spectrum,pars,len(spec))
                                                          chi2=sum(np.array(((pred1-spec)/errs))**2)
                                                           r1=spec-pred1
                                                           r1=np.matrix(r1).T
                                                          grad1=np.matrix(grad1)
                                                           lhs1=grad1.T@grad1
                                                           rhs1=grad1.T@r1
                                                          dp1=np.linalg.pinv(lhs1)@(rhs1)
                                                          for jj in range(len(pars)):
```

pars[jj]=pars[jj]+dp1[jj]

```
print(pars,chi2)
         [6.90000000e+01 2.20000000e-02 1.20000000e-01 6.00000000e-02
          2.11779228e-09 9.50000000e-01] 3272.203673904469
         [6.90000000e+01 2.20000000e-02 1.20000000e-01 6.00000000e-02
          2.11779232e-09 9.50000000e-01] 3059.3763413101424
         [6.90000000e+01 2.20000000e-02 1.20000000e-01 6.00000000e-02
          2.11779232e-09 9.50000000e-01] 3059.3760330128175
         [6.90000000e+01 2.20000000e-02 1.20000000e-01 6.00000000e-02
          2.11779232e-09 9.50000000e-01] 3059.3760330159143
         [6.90000000e+01 2.20000000e-02 1.20000000e-01 6.00000000e-02
          2.11779232e-09 9.50000000e-01] 3059.3760330159057
         [6.90000000e+01 2.20000000e-02 1.20000000e-01 6.00000000e-02
          2.11779232e-09 9.50000000e-01] 3059.3760330159057
In [17]: print(pars)
         N = np.mean((spec-pred1)**2)
         print(N)
         par_errs=np.sqrt(N*np.diag(np.linalg.inv(lhs1)))
         print(par_errs)
         f = open("planck_fit_params.txt", "x")
         f.write('Best-fit parameters: {}\n'.format(np.array2string(pars)))
         f.write('Errors in parameters: {}'.format(np.array2string(par_errs)))
         f.close()
         [6.90000000e+01 2.20000000e-02 1.20000000e-01 6.00000000e-02
          2.11779232e-09 9.50000000e-011
         32885.267283882284
         [1.73048608e+00 3.58805686e-04 3.63701363e-03 4.57945090e-02
          1.83574203e-10 1.10856860e-021
         3)
In [36]: from datetime import datetime
         import sys
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
         warnings.simplefilter('ignore')
         from IPython.utils import io
         def get_chi2(pars,y,errs):
             with io.capture output() as captured:
                 pred=get_spectrum(pars)[:len(y)]
             return sum(np.array(((pred-y)/errs))**2)
         mcpars=pars
         steps=10000
         chains=np.zeros([steps,len(mcpars)+1])
         accepted=0
```

mcpars=mcpars+np.random.randn(len(mcpars))*par_errs

print(datetime.now().strftime("\n%H:%M:%S.%f"))

chi2=get_chi2(mcpars, spec, errs)
chains[0,:]=np.append(chi2, mcpars)

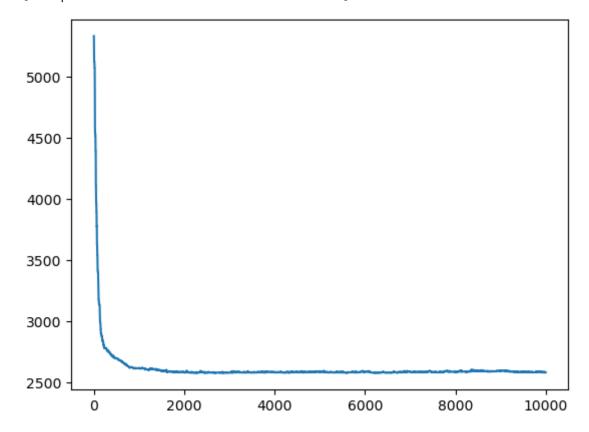
for i in range(1,steps):

try:

```
pars_new=mcpars+0.05*np.random.randn(len(mcpars))*par_errs
        chi2_new=get_chi2(pars_new,spec,errs)
        prob=np.exp(-0.5*(chi2_new-chi2))
        accept=prob>np.random.rand(1)
        if accept:
            accepted+=1
            mcpars=pars_new
            chi2=chi2_new
        chains[i,:]=np.append(chi2,mcpars)
        if i%50==0:
            print('Progress: {}% | Accepted: {}% | Chi2: {}'.format(np.round((:)))
                   np.round((accepted/i)*100,1),np.round(chi2,1)), end="\r", f]
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    pass
np.savetxt("planck_chain.txt",chains,delimiter=',')
print(datetime.now().strftime("\n%H:%M:%S.%f"))
02:08:10.081581
Progress: 99.5% | Accepted: 23.0% | Chi2: 2584.0
03:43:18.957924
```

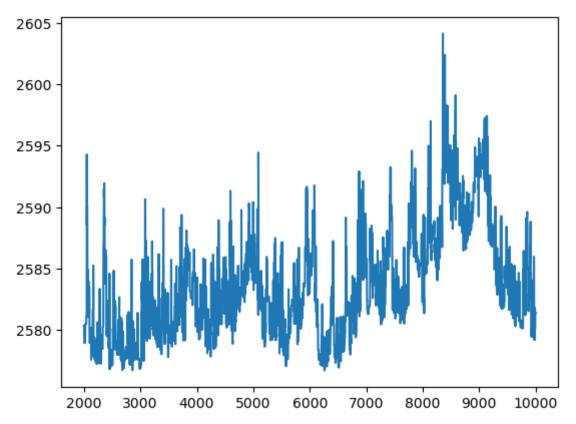
In [38]: plt.plot(range(steps), chains[:,0])

Out[38]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x156c93400>]

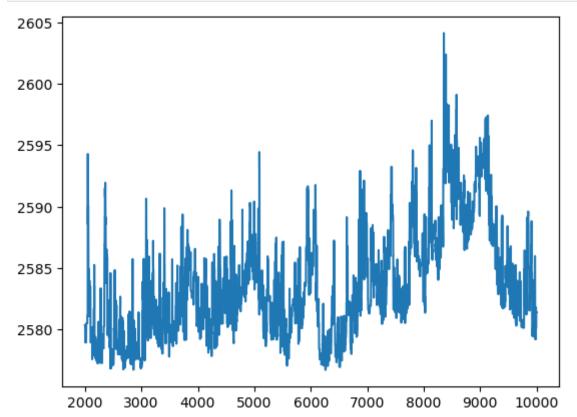


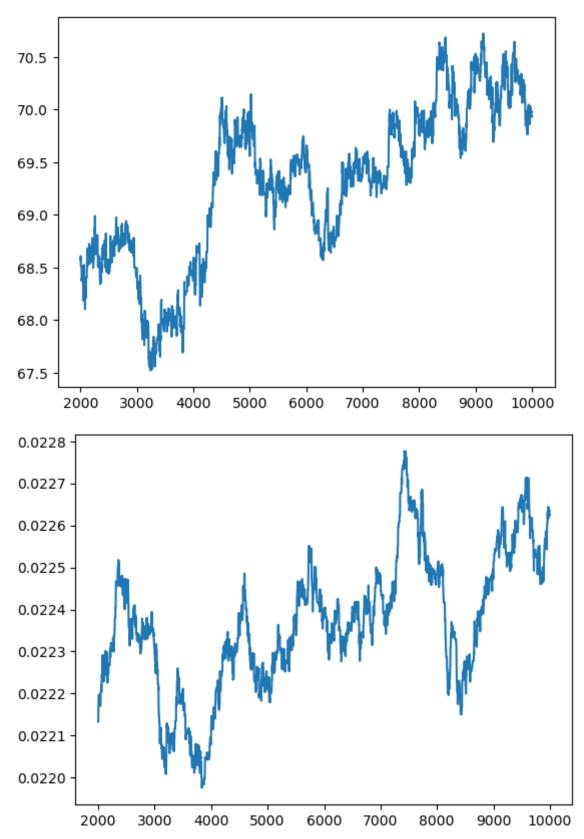
In [39]: plt.plot(range(steps)[2000:],chains[2000:,0])

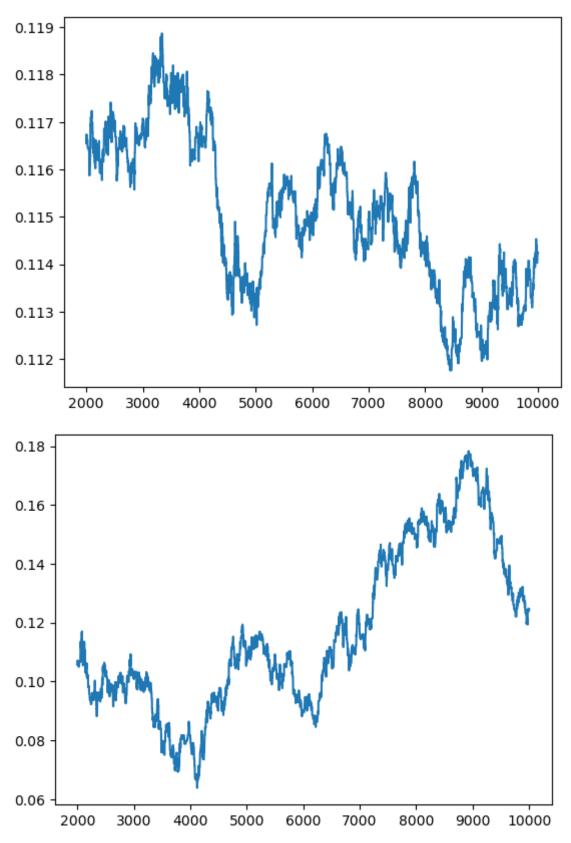
Out[39]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x156c5d340>]

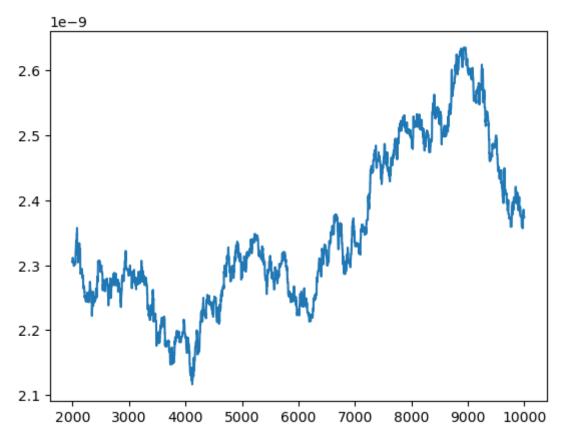


In [49]: for i in range(6):
 plt.plot(range(steps)[2000:],chains[2000:,i])
 plt.show()









```
In [58]:
        final_pars = []
         for i in range(1,np.shape(chains)[1]):
             val=np.mean(chains[:,i])
             scat=np.std(chains[:,i])
             final_pars.append([val,scat])
             print([val,scat])
         [68.9698835114894, 1.0292952982205967]
         [0.022132277253063482, 0.000575507025484718]
         [0.11504521137584829, 0.0016655387029129887]
         [0.11365470455314812, 0.026171587103233886]
         [2.332186713082096e-09, 1.217928601906132e-10]
         [0.9805359165875569, 0.006424800827851004]
In [68]: h = final pars[0][0]/100
         h err = final pars[0][1]/100
         h2_{err} = 2*(h_{err/h})
         temp1 = (final_pars[1][1]/final_pars[1][0]+h2_err)*(final_pars[1][0]/h**2)
         temp2 = (final_pars[2][1]/final_pars[2][0]+h2_err)*(final_pars[2][0]/h**2)
         print(1-final_pars[1][0]/h**2-final_pars[2][0]/h**2,temp1+temp2)
```

0.7116208464106972 0.013318649038606564

Does not seem like the chains are converged as they still have pattern to them and do not appear like noise. Calculated value for dark energy of 0.71 \pm 0.01.

4)

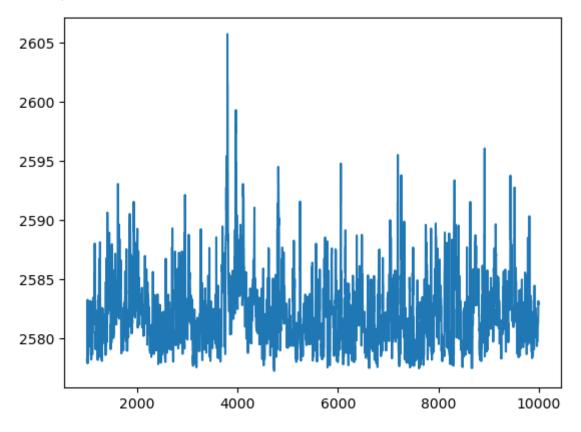
```
In [92]: pars=np.asarray([69,0.022,0.12,0.06,2.1e-9,0.95])
    fix_pars=np.asarray([pars[0],pars[1],pars[2],pars[4],pars[5]])
```

```
for j in range(6):
             pred1,grad1=calc_num_der(get_spectrum,fix_pars,len(spec), True)
             chi2=sum(np.array(((pred1-spec)/errs))**2)
             r1=spec-pred1
             r1=np.matrix(r1).T
             grad1=np.matrix(grad1)
             lhs1=grad1.T@grad1
             rhs1=grad1.T@r1
             dp1=np.linalg.pinv(lhs1)@(rhs1)
             for jj in range(len(fix_pars)):
                 fix_pars[jj]=fix_pars[jj]+dp1[jj]
             print(fix_pars,chi2)
         [6.90000000e+01 2.20000000e-02 1.20000000e-01 2.09265201e-09
          9.50000000e-01] 2992.352698026743
         [6.9000000e+01 2.2000000e-02 1.2000000e-01 2.0926521e-09 9.5000000e-01] 3059.3
         32996493575
         [6.9000000e+01 2.2000000e-02 1.2000000e-01 2.0926521e-09 9.5000000e-01] 3059.3
         320185444713
         [6.9000000e+01 2.2000000e-02 1.2000000e-01 2.0926521e-09 9.5000000e-01] 3059.3
         320185527587
         [6.9000000e+01 2.2000000e-02 1.2000000e-01 2.0926521e-09 9.5000000e-01] 3059.3
         320185527587
         [6.9000000e+01 2.2000000e-02 1.2000000e-01 2.0926521e-09 9.5000000e-01] 3059.3
         320185527587
In [93]: N = np.mean((spec-pred1)**2)
         print(N)
         par_errs=np.sqrt(N*np.diag(np.linalg.inv(lhs1)))
         print(par errs)
         32859.862070636555
         [1.31637550e+00 2.86353704e-04 2.87430374e-03 1.67976238e-11
          7.54696105e-031
In [99]: | warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
         warnings.simplefilter('ignore')
         def get_chi2(pars,y,errs):
             with io.capture output() as captured:
                 pred=get_spectrum(pars,fix_tau=True)[:len(y)]
             return sum(np.array(((pred-y)/errs))**2)
         # mcpars=fix pars
         mcpars=save_chains[-1,:]
         steps=10000
         chains=np.zeros([steps,len(mcpars)+1])
         accepted=0
         mcpars=mcpars+np.random.randn(len(mcpars))*par_errs
         chi2=get chi2(mcpars,spec,errs)
         chains[0,:]=np.append(chi2,mcpars)
         print(datetime.now().strftime("\n%H:%M:%S.%f"))
         try:
             for i in range(1,steps):
                 pars_new=mcpars+0.10*np.random.randn(len(mcpars))*par_errs
                 chi2 new=get chi2(pars new,spec,errs)
                 prob=np.exp(-0.5*(chi2 new-chi2))
```

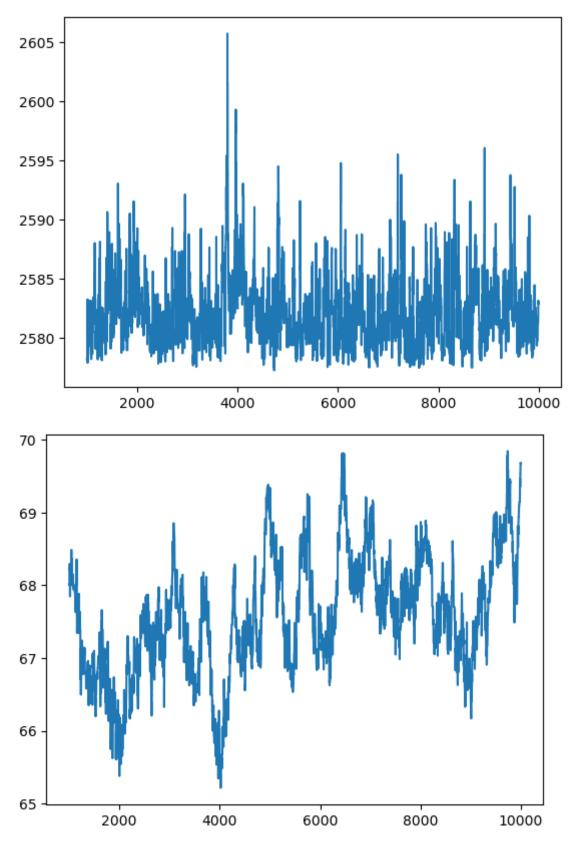
```
accept=prob>np.random.rand(1)
        if accept:
            accepted+=1
            mcpars=pars_new
            chi2=chi2_new
        chains[i,:]=np.append(chi2,mcpars)
        if i%50==0:
            print('Progress: {}% | Accepted: {}% | Chi2: {}'.format(np.round(()))
                   np.round((accepted/i)*100,1),np.round(chi2,1)), end="\r", f]
        i+=1
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    pass
np.savetxt("planck_chain_tauprior1.txt",chains,delimiter=',')
print(datetime.now().strftime("\n%H:%M:%S.%f"))
05:16:25.946081
Progress: 99.5% | Accepted: 26.6% | Chi2: 2581.1
06:58:47.220892
```

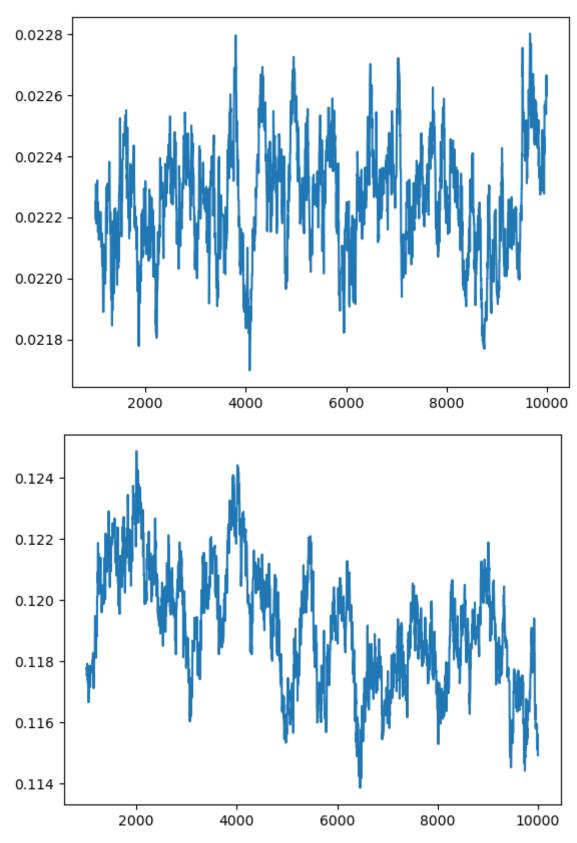
In [102... plt.plot(range(steps)[1000:],chains[1000:,0])

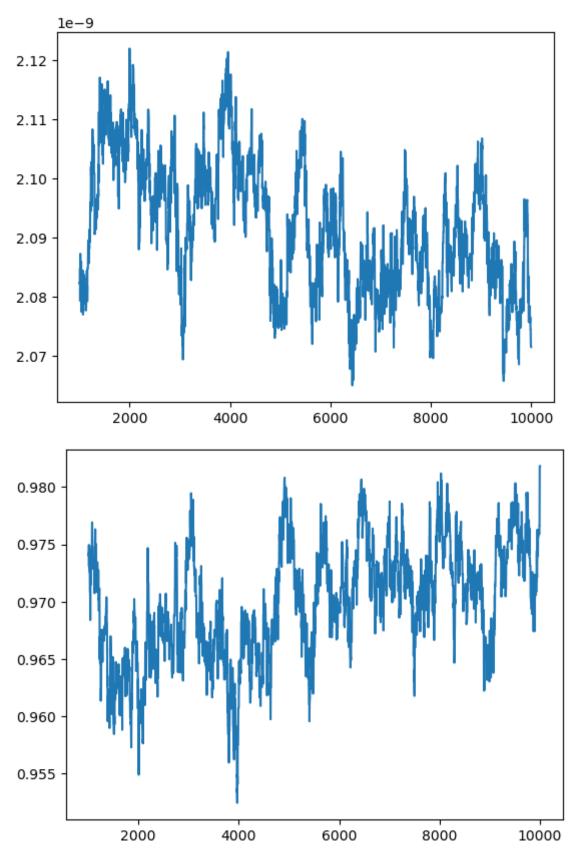
Out[102]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x15795a790>]



```
In [104... for i in range(6):
    plt.plot(range(steps)[1000:],chains[1000:,i])
    plt.show()
```







In [106... save_chains=chains

Even with fixed tau does not seem to be converging.