

Maths stuff

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February 18, 2017

This is my notes on some maths that I encountered and found to be interesting

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1 Lampart W function

This function is define as the inverse of the function $f(x) = xe^x$, written as $W(z) = f^{-1}(z)$ where $z \in [-e^{-1}, +\infty]$. It can be used to solve many problems, for example the problem involving propagation of action potential as in Gatsby theoretical neuroscience here. One property is this $x = W(x) \exp W(x)$ by substituting $z = W(x)$ back to $f(x) = xe^x$

1.1 Solve $xa^x = b$

$$\begin{aligned} xa^x &= xe^{x \ln a} = b \\ x \ln(a) e^{x \ln(a)} &= \ln(a)b \\ x &= \frac{1}{\ln(a)} W(b \ln(a)) \end{aligned}$$

1.2 Solve $x^n a^x = c$

$$\begin{aligned} x^n a^x &= c \\ xa^{\frac{x}{n}} &= c^{\frac{1}{n}} \\ \frac{x}{n} a^{\frac{x}{n}} &= \frac{c}{n} \\ x &= \frac{n}{\ln a} W\left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{n}}}{n} \ln a\right) \end{aligned}$$

Special case is when $a = e^b$, then $x = \frac{n}{b} W(c^{\frac{1}{n}} \frac{b}{n})$

1.3 Solve $a^x = cx + d$

$$\begin{aligned} a^x &= cx + d \\ \frac{1}{c} a^x &= x + \frac{d}{c} \\ \frac{1}{c} a^{-\frac{d}{c}} a^{x+\frac{d}{c}} &= x + \frac{d}{c} \\ \left(x + \frac{d}{c}\right) a^{x+\frac{d}{c}} &= ca^{\frac{d}{c}} \\ x + \frac{d}{c} &= -\frac{1}{\ln a} W\left(-\frac{\ln a}{ca^{\frac{d}{c}}}\right) \\ x &= -\frac{1}{\ln a} W\left(-\frac{\ln a}{ca^{\frac{d}{c}}}\right) - \frac{d}{c} \end{aligned}$$

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1.4 Solve $x \ln x = c$ and $x^x = b$

$$\begin{aligned}x \ln x &= c \\e^{\ln x} \ln x &= c \\ \ln x &= W(c) \\ x &= \exp W(c) = \frac{c}{W(c)}\end{aligned}$$

Taking $c = \log a$ and exponentiate both sides gives $xe^x = a$ whose solution is $\exp W(\log a)$

1.5 The limit of (when converges) $h(x) = x^{x^{x^{\cdots}}}$

$$\begin{aligned}h(x) &= x^{h(x)} \\ h(x) &= -\frac{1}{\ln x} W(-\ln x)\end{aligned}$$

$$\delta v_E = \frac{\partial \phi_E}{\partial v_E}$$