Pthread & OpenMP

Parallel Programming Lab2-2 Oct 20 2022

Lab2 Tasks

- We are going to approximate pixels using pthread, OpenMP and hybrid of MPI and OpenMP in this lab
- Deadline of the Lab2 is 10/27 23:59
- All <u>sample codes</u> and <u>test cases</u> are provided at **/home/pp22/share/lab2**
- **testcases_1** is for <u>practice 1</u>, **testcases_2** is for <u>practice 2</u>, and so on.
- Check your codes with lab2_pthread-judge \ lab2_omp-judge \ lab2_hybrid-judge
- Scoreboard: <u>pthread</u>, <u>OpenMP</u>, <u>hybrid</u>
- Hand in your code(three files) to eeclass. TA will check your code after deadline.

SLURM quick reference



```
[flags]:
-N     number of nodes
-n     number of processes
-c     CPUs per process
-t     additional time limit
-J     name of job
```

- Pthread
 - o Hello world
 - Mutex
- OpenMP
- MPI + OpenMP

Running pthread programs on apollo

```
SYNOPSIS
                                    Type `man pthread_create` in terminal to see this
       #include <pthread.h>
       int pthread_create(
           pthread_t *thread, const pthread_attr_t *attr,
           void *(*start_routine) (void *), void *arg);
       Compile and link with -pthread.
```

Running pthread programs on apollo

You can use shatch as well!

```
Example code
     /home/pp22/share/lab2/sample/hello_pthread.cc
Compile
                                                                              NOT -lpthread
           g++ hello_pthread.cc -o hello_pthread -pthreau
Execute
                                                      pp21t00@apollo31 ~/l/sample> srun -c4 -n1 <u>./hello pthread</u>
           srun -c4 -n1 ./hello_pthread
                                                    4 In main: creating thread 0
                                                      In main: creating thread 1
-c4 means <u>4 CPUs per process</u>
                                                      Hello, thread #0!
                                                      In main: creating thread 2
                                                      Hello, thread #1!
-n1 means <u>l process</u>
                                                      In main: creating thread 3
                                                      Hello, thread #2!
```

Hello, thread #3!

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Pthread Lock/Mutex Routines

- To use mutex, it must be declared as of type pthread_mutex_t and initialized with pthread_mutex_init()
- A mutex is destroyed with pthread_mutex_destroy()
- A critical section can then be protected using pthread_mutex_lock() and pthread_mutex_unlock()
- Example:

```
#include "pthread.h"

pthread_mutex_t mutex;

pthread_mutex_init (&mutex, NULL);

pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);

Critical Section

pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);

pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);

// leave critical section
```

Mutex

```
man pthread_mutex_init
#include <pthread.h>
pthread_mutex_t mutex = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
int pthread_mutex_lock(pthread_mutex_t *mutex);
int pthread_mutex_trylock(pthread_mutex_t *mutex);
int pthread_mutex_unlock(pthread_mutex_t *mutex);
                man pthread_mutex_lock
```

[Practice 1] Approximate pixels using pthread

♠ Modify the sequential code lab2_pthread.cc with pthread

[example commands]
g++ lab2_pthread.cc -o lab2_pthread -lm
srun -c4 -n1 ./lab2_pthread r k

You can also use **Makefile** to compile your code!



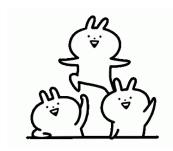
- Pthread
 - Hello world
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Running OpenMP programs on apollo

```
Example code
     hello_omp.cc
Compile
                                                          OpenMP automatically detects
          g++ hello_omp.cc -o hello_omp -fopenmp
                                                           number of CPUs from SLURM
                                                           (affinity)
Execute
                                                           So we don't have to specify it
                                                           again
          srun -c4 -n1 ./hello_omp
                                         pp21t00@apollo31 ~/l/sample> srun -c4 -n1 ./hello omp
                                         Hello: thread 1/4
Try different number of threads!
                                         Hello: thread
                                         Hello: thread
                                         Hello: thread
```

[Practice 2] Approximate pixels using OpenMP

- ♠ Modify the sequential code lab2_omp.cc with OpenMP
- ★ Try yourself to see the effect of changing
 - → dynamic/static scheduling
 - **♦** chunk size
 - **♦** number of threads



[example commands]

```
g++ lab2_omp.cc -o lab2_omp -fopenmp -lm
srun -c4 -n1 ./lab2_omp r k
```

- Pthread
 - Hello world
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Running Hybrid MPI and OpenMP programs on apollo

```
Example code
    hello_hybrid.cc
                                                 We're using OpenMP
          We're using MPI
Compile
         mpicxx hello_hybrid.cc -o hello_hybrid -fopenmp
Execute
                                       srun -c3 -n2 ./hello_hybrid Hello apollo32: rank 1/2, thread
                                       Hello apollo32: rank 1/2, thread
                                       Hello apollo32: rank 1/2, thread 1/3
                                       Hello apollo32: rank 0/ 2, thread
                                       Hello apollo32: rank 0/2, thread
  3 threads
                2 processes
                                       Hello apollo32: rank 0/2, thread
```

[Practice 3] Approximate pixels using MPI and OpenMP

- ★ Modify the sequential code lab2_hybrid.cc with MPI and OpenMP
 - ◆ You can refer to your code in lab1!

[example commands]

```
mpicxx lab2_hybrid.cc -o lab2_hybrid -fopenmp -lm
srun -N2 -n6 -c4 ./lab2_hybrid r k
```

