#### NASA 2016 HW4 NA Part

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#### 1. DHCP

References:

http://helpdeskgeek.com/networking/release-and-renew-an-ip-address/ https://community.spiceworks.com/topic/227268-how-to-get-differenct-ip-address-from-dhcp

1.1

ipconfig /release && ipconfig /renew

1.2

That may be due to DHCP reservation.

### 2. DNS

References:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain\_Name\_System
http://www-inf.int-evry.fr/~hennequi/CoursDNS/NOTES-COURS\_eng/syst.html
https://www.cs.uic.edu/pub/CS450fall10/WebHome/lecture7.pdf
https://github.com/rancher/rancher/issues/2928

#### 2.1

The loading would be too heavy and thus leading to slow speed.

More faults are likely to happen.

Requires a large database.

#### 2.2

### The response:

Since the last 8 hex characters are "8c 70 1e 0c", translating to decimals we get the IP 140.112.30.12. (The last "." is the period.)

### 2.3

As highlighted in red in the responsea above, the hex c010 points to the offset of ".csie.ntu.edu.tw," and c015 points to the offset of ".ntu.edu.tw." So we got the following: ntuns.ntu.edu.tw csman2.csie.ntu.edu.tw csman2.csie.ntu.edu.tw Without such compression, the 512-byte packet size limit of UDP may be exceeded.

# 2.4

DNS spoofing.