======================================================================

1servlet访问路径(项目路劲加上在web.xml中配置的路径)

|  |
| --- |
| <% String context = request.getContextPath();//cloudnoteDemo%> |

|  |
| --- |
| url: '<%=context %>/servlet/FinanceDownloadServlet', // ---cloudnoteDemo/servlet/FinanceDownloadServlet |

web.xml中配置访问路径

|  |
| --- |
| <servlet>   <servlet-name>FinanceDownloadServlet</servlet-name>   <servlet-class>com.servlet.FinanceDownloadServlet</servlet-class>  </servlet>   <servlet-mapping>   <servlet-name>FinanceDownloadServlet</servlet-name>   <url-pattern>/servlet/FinanceDownloadServlet</url-pattern>  </servlet-mapping> |

2mvc路径访问

|  |
| --- |
| //progressInterval=setInterval(getProgress,500);             $.ajaxFileUpload({                 url:'<%=path%>/FileUpload/fileUpload\_ajax.do', //用于文path是cloudnoteDemo |

|  |
| --- |
| <% String path = request.getContextPath();//cloudnoteDemo String basePath = request.getScheme() + "://" + request.getServerName() + ":" + request.getServerPort() + path + "/"; %> |

其中.do结尾取决于springmvc在web.xml中配置的urlmapping即使访问路径

|  |
| --- |
| <servlet> <servlet-name>SpringMVC</servlet-name> <servlet-class> org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet </servlet-class> <init-param> <param-name>contextConfigLocation</param-name> <param-value> classpath:applicationContext.xml </param-value> </init-param> </servlet> <servlet-mapping> <servlet-name>SpringMVC</servlet-name> <url-pattern>\*.do</url-pattern> </servlet-mapping> |

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访问路径的基础知识

1.jsp中取得路径：

以工程名为TEST为例：

(1)得到包含工程名的当前页面全路径：request.getRequestURI()

结果：/TEST/test.jsp

(2)得到工程名：request.getContextPath()

结果：/TEST

(3)得到当前页面所在目录下全名称：request.getServletPath()

结果：如果页面在jsp目录下 /TEST/jsp/test.jsp

(4)得到页面所在服务器的全路径：application.getRealPath("页面.jsp")

结果：D:\resin\webapps\TEST\test.jsp

(5)得到页面所在服务器的绝对路径：absPath=new java.io.File(application.getRealPath(request.getRequestURI())).getParent();

结果：D:\resin\webapps\TEST

2.在类中取得路径：

(1)类的绝对路径：Class.class.getClass().getResource("/").getPath()

结果：/D:/TEST/WebRoot/WEB-INF/classes/pack/

(2)得到工程的路径：System.getProperty("user.dir")

结果：D:\TEST3.在Servlet中取得路径：

(1)得到工程目录：request.getSession().getServletContext().getRealPath("") 参数可具体到包名。

结果：E:\Tomcat\webapps\TEST

(2)得到IE地址栏地址：request.getRequestURL()

结果：http://localhost:8080/TEST/test

(3)得到相对地址：request.getRequestURI()

结果：/TEST/test