

Optical Methods in Diagnosis

2nd semester, 2015-2016

Homework #3

1. Add scattering to your Monte Carlo simulation and compute the fraction of light reflected and the fraction transmitted for $\mu_s = 90 \text{ cm}^{-1}$, $\mu_a = 10 \text{ cm}^{-1}$, and isotropic scattering. Assume a tissue slab that has a thickness of two optical depths ($d = 0.02 \text{ cm}$) and is index matched with the outside medium. Use five runs of 10,000 photons. The solution of adding-doubling gives reflectance $R = 0.3616$ and transmittance $T = 0.3565$. Use fixed weight photons.

2. Modify your Monte Carlo code to use variable weight photons and anisotropic scattering instead of isotropic scattering. Use the Henyey-Greenstein phase function with $g = 0.75$. Make five runs of 10,000 photons. Van de Hulst gives $R=0.09739$ and $T=0.66096$.