

# **Introduction to Intel® FPGA IP Cores**

Updated for Intel® Quartus® Prime Design Suite: 19.3



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# 1. Introduction to Intel® FPGA IP Cores

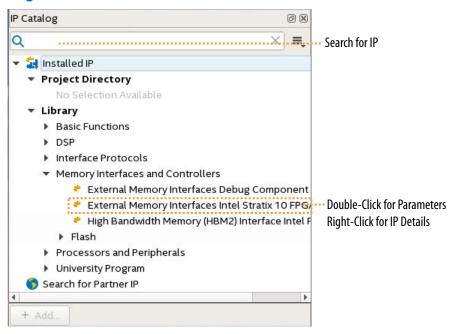
Intel and strategic IP partners offer a broad portfolio of configurable IP cores optimized for Intel FPGA devices.

The Intel<sup>®</sup> Quartus<sup>®</sup> Prime software installation includes the Intel FPGA IP library. Integrate optimized and verified Intel FPGA IP cores into your design to shorten design cycles and maximize performance. The Intel Quartus Prime software also supports integration of IP cores from other sources. Use the IP Catalog (**Tools** ➤ **IP Catalog**) to efficiently parameterize and generate synthesis and simulation files for your custom IP variation. The Intel FPGA IP library includes the following types of IP cores:

- Basic functions
- DSP functions
- Interface protocols
- Low power functions
- Memory interfaces and controllers
- Processors and peripherals

This document provides basic information about parameterizing, generating, upgrading, and simulating stand-alone IP cores in the Intel Quartus Prime software.

Figure 1. IP Catalog



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## 1.1. IP Catalog and Parameter Editor

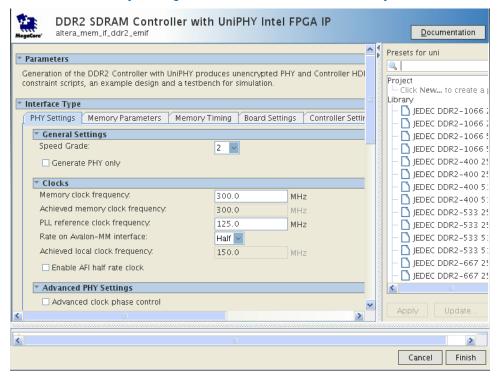
The IP Catalog displays the IP cores available for your project, including Intel FPGA IP and other IP that you add to the IP Catalog search path.. Use the following features of the IP Catalog to locate and customize an IP core:

- Filter IP Catalog to Show IP for active device family or Show IP for all device families. If you have no project open, select the Device Family in IP Catalog.
- Type in the Search field to locate any full or partial IP core name in IP Catalog.
- Right-click an IP core name in IP Catalog to display details about supported devices, to open the IP core's installation folder, and for links to IP documentation.
- Click **Search for Partner IP** to access partner IP information on the web.

The parameter editor prompts you to specify an IP variation name, optional ports, and output file generation options. The parameter editor generates a top-level Intel Quartus Prime IP file (.ip) for an IP variation in Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition projects.

The parameter editor generates a top-level Quartus IP file (.qip) for an IP variation in Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition projects. These files represent the IP variation in the project, and store parameterization information.

Figure 2. IP Parameter Editor (Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition)







#### 1.1.1. The Parameter Editor

The parameter editor helps you to configure IP core ports, parameters, and output file generation options. The basic parameter editor controls include the following:

- Use the **Presets** window to apply preset parameter values for specific applications (for select cores).
- Use the **Details** window to view port and parameter descriptions, and click links to documentation.
- Click **Generate** ➤ **Generate Testbench System** to generate a testbench system (for select cores).
- Click Generate ➤ Generate Example Design to generate an example design (for select cores).
- Click Validate System Integrity to validate a system's generic components against companion files. (Platform Designer systems only)
- Click **Sync All System Info** to validate a system's generic components against companion files. (Platform Designer systems only)

The IP Catalog is also available in Platform Designer (**View** > **IP Catalog**). The Platform Designer IP Catalog includes exclusive system interconnect, video and image processing, and other system-level IP that are not available in the Intel Quartus Prime IP Catalog. Refer to *Creating a System with Platform Designer* or *Creating a System with Platform Designer* (*Standard*) for information on use of IP in Platform Designer (Standard) and Platform Designer, respectively.

#### **Related Information**

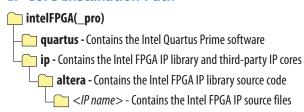
- Creating a System with Platform Designer
- Creating a System with Platform Designer (Standard)

## 1.2. Installing and Licensing Intel FPGA IP Cores

The Intel Quartus Prime software installation includes the Intel FPGA IP library. This library provides many useful IP cores for your production use without the need for an additional license. Some Intel FPGA IP cores require purchase of a separate license for production use. The Intel FPGA IP Evaluation Mode allows you to evaluate these licensed Intel FPGA IP cores in simulation and hardware, before deciding to purchase a full production IP core license. You only need to purchase a full production license for licensed Intel IP cores after you complete hardware testing and are ready to use the IP in production.

The Intel Quartus Prime software installs IP cores in the following locations by default:

#### Figure 3. IP Core Installation Path







#### **Table 1. IP Core Installation Locations**

Location	Software	Platform
<pre><drive>:\intelFPGA_pro\quartus\ip\altera</drive></pre>	Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition	Windows*
<pre><drive>:\intelFPGA\quartus\ip\altera</drive></pre>	Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition	Windows
<pre><home directory="">:/intelFPGA_pro/quartus/ip/altera</home></pre>	Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition	Linux*
<pre><home directory="">:/intelFPGA/quartus/ip/altera</home></pre>	Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition	Linux

Note: The Intel Quartus Prime software does not support spaces in the installation path.

#### 1.2.1. Intel FPGA IP Evaluation Mode

The free Intel FPGA IP Evaluation Mode allows you to evaluate licensed Intel FPGA IP cores in simulation and hardware before purchase. Intel FPGA IP Evaluation Mode supports the following evaluations without additional license:

- Simulate the behavior of a licensed Intel FPGA IP core in your system.
- Verify the functionality, size, and speed of the IP core quickly and easily.
- Generate time-limited device programming files for designs that include IP cores.
- Program a device with your IP core and verify your design in hardware.

Intel FPGA IP Evaluation Mode supports the following operation modes:

- **Tethered**—Allows running the design containing the licensed Intel FPGA IP indefinitely with a connection between your board and the host computer. Tethered mode requires a serial joint test action group (JTAG) cable connected between the JTAG port on your board and the host computer, which is running the Intel Quartus Prime Programmer for the duration of the hardware evaluation period. The Programmer only requires a minimum installation of the Intel Quartus Prime software, and requires no Intel Quartus Prime license. The host computer controls the evaluation time by sending a periodic signal to the device via the JTAG port. If all licensed IP cores in the design support tethered mode, the evaluation time runs until any IP core evaluation expires. If all of the IP cores support unlimited evaluation time, the device does not time-out.
- **Untethered**—Allows running the design containing the licensed IP for a limited time. The IP core reverts to untethered mode if the device disconnects from the host computer running the Intel Quartus Prime software. The IP core also reverts to untethered mode if any other licensed IP core in the design does not support tethered mode.

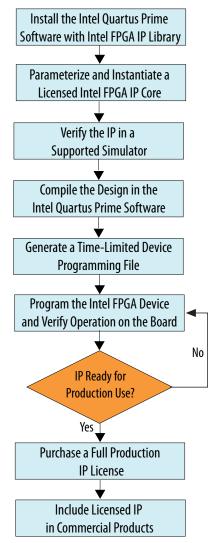
When the evaluation time expires for any licensed Intel FPGA IP in the design, the design stops functioning. All IP cores that use the Intel FPGA IP Evaluation Mode time out simultaneously when any IP core in the design times out. When the evaluation time expires, you must reprogram the FPGA device before continuing hardware verification. To extend use of the IP core for production, purchase a full production license for the IP core.

You must purchase the license and generate a full production license key before you can generate an unrestricted device programming file. During Intel FPGA IP Evaluation Mode, the Compiler only generates a time-limited device programming file (ct name>\_time\_limited.sof) that expires at the time limit.





Figure 4. Intel FPGA IP Evaluation Mode Flow



Note: Refer to each IP core's user guide for parameterization steps and implementation details.

Intel licenses IP cores on a per-seat, perpetual basis. The license fee includes first-year maintenance and support. You must renew the maintenance contract to receive updates, bug fixes, and technical support beyond the first year. You must purchase a full production license for Intel FPGA IP cores that require a production license, before generating programming files that you may use for an unlimited time. During Intel FPGA IP Evaluation Mode, the Compiler only generates a time-limited device programming file (project name>\_time\_limited.sof) that expires at the time limit. To obtain your production license keys, visit the Self-Service Licensing Center.

The Intel FPGA Software License Agreements govern the installation and use of licensed IP cores, the Intel Quartus Prime design software, and all unlicensed IP cores.



#### **Related Information**

- Intel Quartus Prime Licensing Site
- Introduction to Intel FPGA Software Installation and Licensing

## 1.2.2. Checking the IP License Status

You can check the license status of all IP in an Intel Quartus Prime project by viewing the Assembler report.

To generate and view the Assembler report in the GUI:

- 1. Click **Assembler** on the Compilation Dashboard.
- 2. When the Assembler (and any prerequisite stages of compilation) complete, click the **Report** icon for the Assembler in the Compilation Dashboard.
- 3. Click the **Encrypted IP Cores Summary** report.

#### Figure 5. Encrypted IP Cores Summary Report



To generate and view the Assembler report at the command line:

1. Type the following command:

```
quartus_asm <project name> -c <project revision>
```

2. View the output report in:

## 1.2.3. Intel FPGA IP Versioning

IP versions are the same as the Intel Quartus Prime Design Suite software versions up to v19.1. From Intel Quartus Prime Design Suite software version 19.2 or later, IP cores have a new IP versioning scheme.





The IP versioning scheme (X.Y.Z) number changes from one software version to another. A change in:

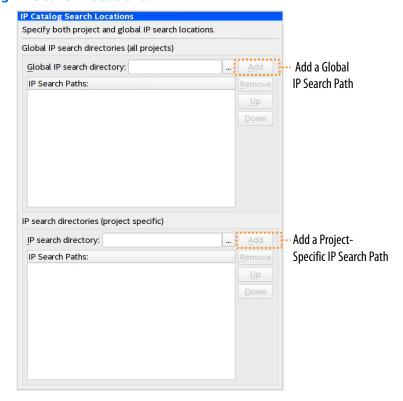
- X indicates a major revision of the IP. If you update your Intel Quartus Prime software, you must regenerate the IP.
- Y indicates the IP includes new features. Regenerate your IP to include these new features.
- Z indicates the IP includes minor changes. Regenerate your IP to include these changes.

## 1.2.4. Adding Your Own IP to IP Catalog

The IP Catalog automatically displays Intel FPGA IP and other IP components that have a corresponding  $\_hw.tcl$  or .ipx file located in the project directory, in the default Intel Quartus Prime installation directory, or in the IP search path. You can optionally add your own custom or third-party IP component to IP Catalog by adding the component's  $\_hw.tcl$  or .ipx file to the IP search path.

Follow these steps to add custom or third-party IP to the IP Catalog:

Figure 6. Specifying IP Search Locations

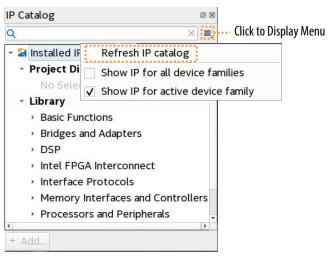






- In the Intel Quartus Prime software, click Tools ➤ Options ➤ IP Search Path) to open the IP Search Path Options dialog box.
- 2. Click **Add** or **Remove** to add/remove a location that contains IP.
- 3. To refresh the IP Catalog, click **Refresh IP Catalog** in the Intel Quartus Prime Platform Designer (Standard), or click **File** ➤ **Refresh System**in Platform Designer (Standard).

## Figure 7. Refreshing IP Catalog



## 1.3. Best Practices for Intel FPGA IP

Use the following best practices when working with Intel FPGA IP:

- Do not manually edit or write your own .qsys, .ip, or .qip file. Use the Intel Quartus Prime software tools to create and edit these files.
  - Note: When generating IP cores, do not generate files into a directory that has a space in the directory name or path. Spaces are not legal characters for IP core paths or names.
- When you generate an IP core using the IP Catalog, the Intel Quartus Prime software generates a .qsys (for Platform Designer (Standard)-generated IP cores) or a .ip file (for Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition) or a .qip file. The Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition software automatically adds the generated .ip to your project. In the Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition software, add the .qip to your project. Do not add the parameter editor generated file (.v or .vhd) to your design without the .qsys or .qip file. Otherwise, you cannot use the IP upgrade or IP parameter editor feature.
- Plan your directory structure ahead of time. Do not change the relative path between a .qsys file and it's generation output directory. If you must move the .qsys file, ensure that the generation output directory remains with the .qsys file.





- Do not add IP core files directly from the /quartus/libraries/ megafunctions directory in your project. Otherwise, you must update the files for each subsequent software release. Instead, use the IP Catalog and then add the .qip to your project.
- Do not use IP files that the Intel Quartus Prime software generates for RAM or FIFO blocks targeting older device families (even though the Intel Quartus Prime software does not issue an error). The RAM blocks that Intel Quartus Prime generates for older device families are not optimized for the latest device families.
- When generating a ROM function, save the resulting .mif or .hex file in the same folder as the corresponding IP core's .qsys or .qip file. For example, moving all of your project's .mif or .hex files to the same directory causes relative path problems after archiving the design.
- Always use the Intel Quartus Prime ip-setup-simulation and ip-make-simscript utilities to generate simulation scripts for each IP core or Platform Designer (Standard) system in your design. These utilities produce a single simulation script that does not require manual update for upgrades to Intel Quartus Prime software or IP versions, as Simulating Intel FPGA IP Cores on page 26 describes.

## 1.4. IP General Settings

The following settings control how the Intel Quartus Prime software manages IP cores in a project:

Table 2. Location of IP Core General Settings in the Intel Quartus Prime Software

Setting	Description	Location	
Maximum Platform Designer memory usage size	Increase if you experience slow processing for large systems, or for out of memory errors.	Tools ➤ Options ➤ IP Settings Or Tasks pane ➤ Settings ➤ IP Settings	
IP generation HDL preference	The parameter editor generates the HDL you specify for IP variations.		
IP Regeneration Policy	Controls when synthesis files regenerate for each IP variation. Typically, you <b>Always regenerate</b> synthesis files for <b>IP cores</b> after making changes to an IP variation.		
Generate IP simulation model when generating IP	Enables automatic generation of simulation models every time you generate the IP.		
Use available processors for parallel generation of Quartus project IPs	Directs Platform Designer to generate IPs in parallel, using the number of processors that you specify in the <b>Compilation Process Settings</b> pane of the Intel Quartus Prime project settings.		
Additional project and global IP search locations. The Intel Quartus Prime software searches for IP cores in the project directory, in the Intel Quartus Prime installation directory, and in the IP search path.		Tools ➤ Options ➤ IP Catalog Search Locations Or Tasks pane ➤ Settings ➤ IP Catalog Search Locations	





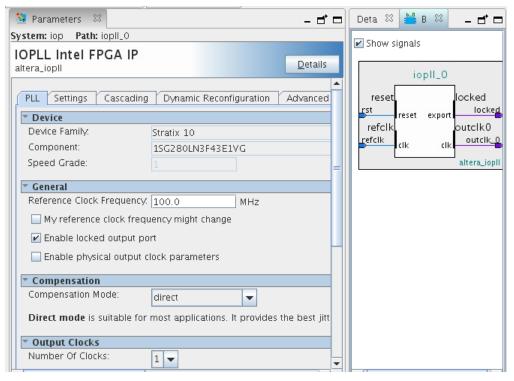
## 1.5. Generating IP Cores (Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition)

Quickly configure Intel FPGA IP cores in the Intel Quartus Prime parameter editor. Double-click any component in the IP Catalog to launch the parameter editor. The parameter editor allows you to define a custom variation of the IP core. The parameter editor generates the IP variation synthesis and optional simulation files, and adds the .ip file representing the variation to your project automatically.

Follow these steps to locate, instantiate, and customize an IP core in the parameter editor:

- 1. Create or open an Intel Quartus Prime project (.qpf) to contain the instantiated IP variation.
- In the IP Catalog (Tools ➤ IP Catalog), locate and double-click the name of the IP core to customize. To locate a specific component, type some or all of the component's name in the IP Catalog search box. The New IP Variation window appears.
- 3. Specify a top-level name for your custom IP variation. Do not include spaces in IP variation names or paths. The parameter editor saves the IP variation settings in a file named <your ip>.ip. Click **OK**. The parameter editor appears.





4. Set the parameter values in the parameter editor and view the block diagram for the component. The **Parameterization Messages** tab at the bottom displays any errors in IP parameters:





- Optionally, select preset parameter values if provided for your IP core. Presets specify initial parameter values for specific applications.
- Specify parameters defining the IP core functionality, port configurations, and device-specific features.
- Specify options for processing the IP core files in other EDA tools.

*Note:* Refer to your IP core user guide for information about specific IP core parameters.

- 5. Click **Generate HDL**. The **Generation** dialog box appears.
- 6. Specify output file generation options, and then click **Generate**. The synthesis and simulation files generate according to your specifications.
- 7. To generate a simulation testbench, click **Generate ➤ Generate Testbench System**. Specify testbench generation options, and then click **Generate**.
- 8. To generate an HDL instantiation template that you can copy and paste into your text editor, click **Generate** ➤ **Show Instantiation Template**.
- 9. Click **Finish**. Click **Yes** if prompted to add files representing the IP variation to your project.
- 10. After generating and instantiating your IP variation, make appropriate pin assignments to connect ports.

Note: Some IP cores generate different HDL implementations according to the IP core parameters. The underlying RTL of these IP cores contains a unique hash code that prevents module name collisions between different variations of the IP core. This unique code remains consistent, given the same IP settings and software version during IP generation. This unique code can change if you edit the IP core's parameters or upgrade the IP core version. To avoid dependency on these unique codes in your simulation environment, refer to Generating a Combined Simulator Setup Script.

#### **Related Information**

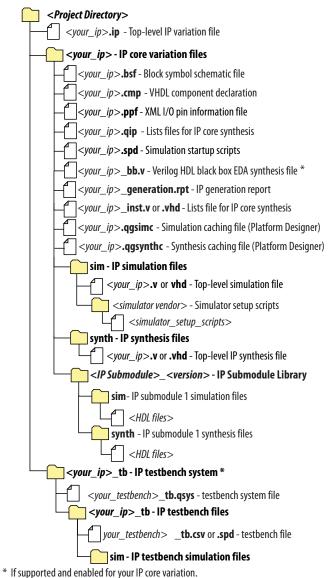
- Generating IP Cores (Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition) on page 16
- Generating a Combined Simulator Setup Script (Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition) on page 29

## 1.5.1. IP Core Generation Output (Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition)

The Intel Quartus Prime software generates the following output file structure for individual IP cores that are not part of a Platform Designer system.



Figure 9. Individual IP Core Generation Output (Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition)



....,

Table 3. Output Files of Intel FPGA IP Generation

File Name	Description
<pre><your_ip>.ip</your_ip></pre>	Top-level IP variation file that contains the parameterization of an IP core in your project. If the IP variation is part of a Platform Designer system, the parameter editor also generates a .qsys file.
<pre><your_ip>.cmp</your_ip></pre>	The VHDL Component Declaration (.cmp) file is a text file that contains local generic and port definitions that you use in VHDL design files.
<pre><your_ip>_generation.rpt</your_ip></pre>	IP or Platform Designer generation log file. Displays a summary of the messages during IP generation.
continued	





File Name	Description
<pre><your_ip>.qgsimc (Platform Designer systems only)</your_ip></pre>	Simulation caching file that compares the <code>.qsys</code> and <code>.ip</code> files with the current parameterization of the Platform Designer system and IP core. This comparison determines if Platform Designer can skip regeneration of the HDL.
<pre><your_ip>.qgsynth (Platform Designer systems only)</your_ip></pre>	Synthesis caching file that compares the .qsys and .ip files with the current parameterization of the Platform Designer system and IP core. This comparison determines if Platform Designer can skip regeneration of the HDL.
<pre><your_ip>.qip</your_ip></pre>	Contains all information to integrate and compile the IP component.
<pre><your_ip>.csv</your_ip></pre>	Contains information about the upgrade status of the IP component.
<pre><your_ip>.bsf</your_ip></pre>	A symbol representation of the IP variation for use in Block Diagram Files (.bdf).
<pre><your_ip>.spd</your_ip></pre>	Input file that ip-make-simscript requires to generate simulation scripts. The .spd file contains a list of files you generate for simulation, along with information about memories that you initialize.
<pre><your_ip>.ppf</your_ip></pre>	The Pin Planner File (.ppf) stores the port and node assignments for IP components you create for use with the Pin Planner.
<pre><your_ip>_bb.v</your_ip></pre>	Use the Verilog blackbox ( $\_$ bb.v) file as an empty module declaration for use as a blackbox.
<pre><your_ip>_inst.v or _inst.vhd</your_ip></pre>	HDL example instantiation template. Copy and paste the contents of this file into your HDL file to instantiate the IP variation.
<pre><your_ip>.regmap</your_ip></pre>	If the IP contains register information, the Intel Quartus Prime software generates the <code>.regmap</code> file. The <code>.regmap</code> file describes the register map information of master and slave interfaces. This file complements the <code>.sopcinfo</code> file by providing more detailed register information about the system. This file enables register display views and user customizable statistics in System Console.
<pre><your_ip>.svd</your_ip></pre>	Allows HPS System Debug tools to view the register maps of peripherals that connect to HPS within a Platform Designer system.  During synthesis, the Intel Quartus Prime software stores the .svd files for slave interface visible to the System Console masters in the .sof file in the debug session. System Console reads this section, which Platform Designer queries for register map information. For system slaves, Platform Designer accesses the registers by name.
<pre><your_ip>.v <your_ip>.vhd</your_ip></your_ip></pre>	HDL files that instantiate each submodule or child IP core for synthesis or simulation.
mentor/	Contains a msim_setup.tcl script to set up and run a simulation.
aldec/	Contains a script rivierapro_setup.tcl to setup and run a simulation.
/synopsys/vcsmx	Contains a shell script vcs_setup.sh to set up and run a simulation.  Contains a shell script vcsmx_setup.sh and synopsys_sim.setup file to set up and run a simulation.
/cadence	Contains a shell script ncsim_setup.sh and other setup files to set up and run an simulation.
/xcelium	Contains an Parallel simulator shell script xcelium_setup.sh and other setup files to set up and run a simulation.
/submodules	Contains HDL files for the IP core submodule.
<ip submodule="">/</ip>	Platform Designer generates /synth and /sim sub-directories for each IP submodule directory that Platform Designer generates.



## 1.5.2. Scripting IP Core Generation

Use the qsys-script and qsys-generate utilities to define and generate an IP core variation outside of the Intel Quartus Prime GUI.

To parameterize and generate an IP core at command-line, follow these steps:

1. Run qsys-script to start a Tcl script that instantiates the IP and sets parameters:

```
qsys-script --script=<script_file>.tcl
```

2. Run qsys-generate to generate the IP core variation:

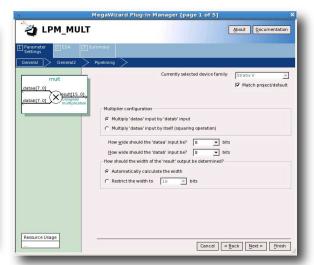
qsys-generate <IP variation file>.qsys

## 1.6. Generating IP Cores (Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition)

This topic describes parameterizing and generating an IP variation using a legacy parameter editor in the Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition software.

#### Figure 10. Legacy Parameter Editors





Note:

The legacy parameter editor generates a different output file structure than the Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition software.





- In the IP Catalog (Tools ➤ IP Catalog), locate and double-click the name of the IP core to customize. The parameter editor appears.
- 2. Specify a top-level name and output HDL file type for your IP variation. This name identifies the IP core variation files in your project. Click **OK**. Do not include spaces in IP variation names or paths.
- 3. Specify the parameters and options for your IP variation in the parameter editor. Refer to your IP core user guide for information about specific IP core parameters.
- 4. Click **Finish** or **Generate** (depending on the parameter editor version). The parameter editor generates the files for your IP variation according to your specifications. Click **Exit** if prompted when generation is complete. The parameter editor adds the top-level .qip file to the current project automatically.

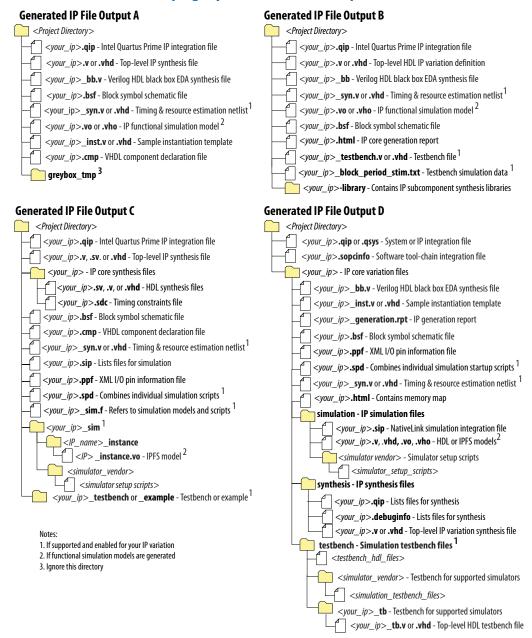
Note: For devices released prior to Intel Arria® 10 devices, the generated .qip and .sip files must be added to your project to represent IP and Platform Designer systems. To manually add an IP variation generated with legacy parameter editor to a project, click **Project ➤ Add/Remove Files in Project** and add the IP variation .qip file.

## 1.6.1. IP Core Generation Output (Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition)

The Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition software generates one of the following output file structures for individual IP cores that use one of the legacy parameter editors.



Figure 11. IP Core Generated Files (Legacy Parameter Editors)



## 1.7. Modifying an IP Variation

After generating an IP core variation, use any of the following methods to modify the IP variation in the parameter editor.





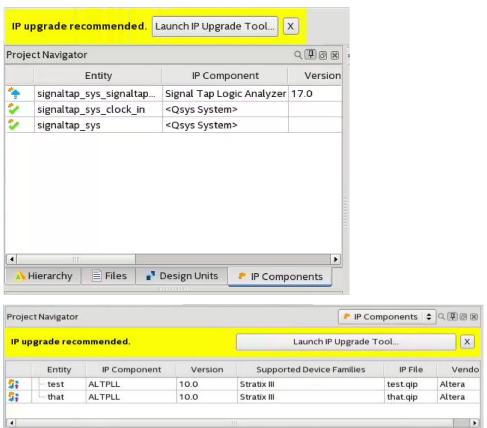
Table 4. Modifying an IP Variation

Menu Command	Action
File ➤ Open	Select the top-level HDL (.v, or .vhd) IP variation file to launch the parameter editor and modify the IP variation. Regenerate the IP variation to implement your changes.
View ➤ Utility Windows ➤ Project Navigator ➤ IP Components	Double-click the IP variation to launch the parameter editor and modify the IP variation. Regenerate the IP variation to implement your changes.
Project ➤ Upgrade IP Components	Select the IP variation and click <b>Upgrade in Editor</b> to launch the parameter editor and modify the IP variation. Regenerate the IP variation to implement your changes.

## 1.8. Upgrading IP Cores

Any Intel FPGA IP variations that you generate from a previous version or different edition of the Intel Quartus Prime software, may require upgrade before compilation in the current software edition or version. The Project Navigator displays a banner indicating the IP upgrade status. Click **Launch IP Upgrade Tool** or **Project** ➤ **Upgrade IP Components** to upgrade outdated IP cores.

Figure 12. IP Upgrade Alert in Project Navigator







Icons in the **Upgrade IP Components** dialog box indicate when IP upgrade is required, optional, or unsupported for an IP variation in the project. Upgrade IP variations that require upgrade before compilation in the current version of the Intel Ouartus Prime software.

Note:

Upgrading IP cores may append a unique identifier to the original IP core entity names, without similarly modifying the IP instance name. There is no requirement to update these entity references in any supporting Intel Quartus Prime file, such as the Intel Quartus Prime Settings File (.qsf), Synopsys\* Design Constraints File (.sdc), or Signal Tap File (.stp), if these files contain instance names. The Intel Quartus Prime software reads only the instance name and ignores the entity name in paths that specify both names. Use only instance names in assignments.

Table 5. IP Core Upgrade Status

<b>IP Core Status</b>	Description
IP Upgraded	Indicates that your IP variation uses the latest version of the Intel FPGA IP core.
IP Component Outdated	Indicates that your IP variation uses an outdated version of the IP core.
IP Upgrade Optional	Indicates that upgrade is optional for this IP variation in the current version of the Intel Quartus Prime software. You can upgrade this IP variation to take advantage of the latest development of this IP core. Alternatively, you can retain previous IP core characteristics by declining to upgrade. Refer to the Description for details about IP core version differences. If you do not upgrade the IP, the IP variation synthesis and simulation files are unchanged and you cannot modify parameters until upgrading.
IP Upgrade Required	Indicates that you must upgrade the IP variation before compiling in the current version of the Intel Quartus Prime software. Refer to the Description for details about IP core version differences.
IP Upgrade Unsupported	Indicates that upgrade of the IP variation is not supported in the current version of the Intel Quartus Prime software due to incompatibility with the current version of the Intel Quartus Prime software. The Intel Quartus Prime software prompts you to replace the unsupported IP core with a supported equivalent IP core from the IP Catalog. Refer to the Description for details about IP core version differences and links to Release Notes.
IP End of Life	Indicates that Intel designates the IP core as end-of-life status. You may or may not be able to edit the IP core in the parameter editor. Support for this IP core discontinues in future releases of the Intel Quartus Prime software.
IP Upgrade Mismatch Warning	Provides warning of non-critical IP core differences in migrating IP to another device family.
•	continued





IP Core Status	Description
IP has incompatible subcores	Indicates that the current version of the Intel Quartus Prime software does not support compilation of your IP variation, because the IP has incompatible subcores
î	
Compilation of IP Not Supported	Indicates that the current version of the Intel Quartus Prime software does not support compilation of your IP variation. This can occur if another edition of the Intel Quartus Prime software, such as the Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition, generated this IP. Replace this IP component with a compatible component in the current edition.

Follow these steps to upgrade IP cores:

- In the latest version of the Intel Quartus Prime software, open the Intel Quartus
  Prime project containing an outdated IP core variation. The **Upgrade IP**Components dialog box automatically displays the status of IP cores in your
  project, along with instructions for upgrading each core. To access this dialog box
  manually, click **Project** > **Upgrade IP Components**.
- To upgrade one or more IP cores that support automatic upgrade, ensure that you turn on the **Auto Upgrade** option for the IP cores, and click **Auto Upgrade**. The **Status** and **Version** columns update when upgrade is complete. Example designs that any Intel FPGA IP core provides regenerate automatically whenever you upgrade an IP core.
- 3. To manually upgrade an individual IP core, select the IP core and click **Upgrade in Editor** (or simply double-click the IP core name). The parameter editor opens, allowing you to adjust parameters and regenerate the latest version of the IP core.

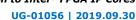
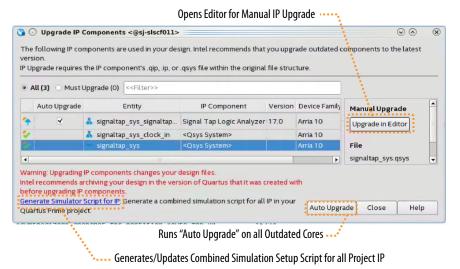
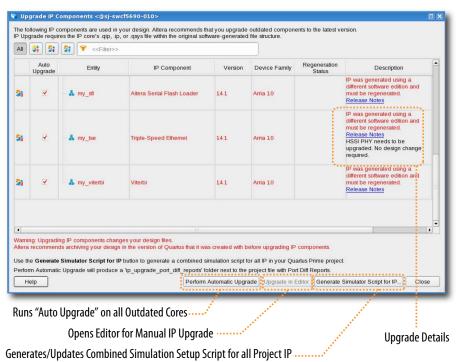




Figure 13. **Upgrading IP Cores** 





Note: Intel FPGA IP cores older than Intel Quartus Prime software version 12.0 do not support upgrade. Intel verifies that the current version of the Intel Quartus Prime software compiles the previous two versions of each IP core. The Intel FPGA IP Core Release Notes reports any verification exceptions for Intel FPGA IP cores. Intel does not verify compilation for IP cores older than the previous two releases.

#### **Related Information**

Intel FPGA IP Release Notes





## 1.8.1. Upgrading IP Cores at Command-Line

Optionally, upgrade an Intel FPGA IP core at the command-line, rather than using the GUI. IP cores that do not support automatic upgrade do not support command-line upgrade.

• To upgrade a single IP core at the command-line, type the following command:

 To simultaneously upgrade multiple IP cores at the command-line, type the following command:

## 1.8.2. Migrating IP Cores to a Different Device

Migrate an Intel FPGA IP variation when you want to target a different (often newer) device. Most Intel FPGA IP cores support automatic migration. Some IP cores require manual IP regeneration for migration. A few IP cores do not support device migration, requiring you to replace them in the project. The **Upgrade IP Components** dialog box identifies the migration support level for each IP core in the design.

- To display the IP cores that require migration, click Project ➤ Upgrade IP Components. The Description field provides migration instructions and version differences.
- 2. To migrate one or more IP cores that support automatic upgrade, ensure that the **Auto Upgrade** option is turned on for the IP cores, and click **Perform Automatic Upgrade**. The **Status** and **Version** columns update when upgrade is complete.
- To migrate an IP core that does not support automatic upgrade, double-click the IP core name, and click OK. The parameter editor appears. If the parameter editor specifies a Currently selected device family, turn off Match project/default, and then select the new target device family.
- 4. Click **Generate HDL**, and confirm the **Synthesis** and **Simulation** file options. Verilog HDL is the default output file format. If you specify VHDL as the output format, select **VHDL** to retain the original output format.
- 5. Click **Finish** to complete migration of the IP core. Click **OK** if the software prompts you to overwrite IP core files. The **Device Family** column displays the new target device name when migration is complete.
- 6. To ensure correctness, review the latest parameters in the parameter editor or generated HDL.





Note: IP migration may change ports, parameters, or functionality of the IP variation. These changes may require you to modify your design or to reparameterize your IP variant. During migration, the IP variation's HDL generates into a library that is different from the original output location of the IP core. Update any assignments that reference outdated locations. If a symbol in a supporting Block Design File schematic represents your upgraded IP core, replace the symbol with the newly generated <my\_ip>.bsf. Migration of some IP cores requires installed support for the original and migration device families.

#### **Related Information**

Intel FPGA IP Release Notes

## 1.8.3. Troubleshooting IP or Platform Designer System Upgrade

The **Upgrade IP Components** dialog box reports the version and status of each IP core and Platform Designer system following upgrade or migration.

If any upgrade or migration fails, the **Upgrade IP Components** dialog box provides information to help you resolve any errors.

*Note:* Do not use spaces in IP variation names or paths.

During automatic or manual upgrade, the Messages window dynamically displays upgrade information for each IP core or Platform Designer system. Use the following information to resolve upgrade errors:

#### **Table 6.** IP Upgrade Error Information

Upgrade IP Components Field	Description
Status	Displays the "Success" or "Failed" status of each upgrade or migration. Click the status of any upgrade that fails to open the <b>IP Upgrade Report</b> .
Version	Dynamically updates the version number when upgrade is successful. The text is red when the IP requires upgrade.
<b>Device Family</b>	Dynamically updates to the new device family when migration is successful. The text is red when the IP core requires upgrade.
Auto Upgrade	Runs automatic upgrade on all IP cores that support auto upgrade. Also, automatically generates a <pre>Project Directory&gt;/ip_upgrade_port_diff_report report for IP cores or Platform Designer systems that fail upgrade. Review these reports to determine any port differences between the current and previous IP core version.</pre>

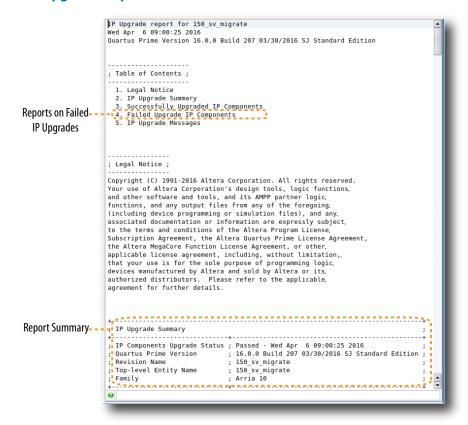
Use the following techniques to resolve errors if your IP core or Platform Designer system "Failed" to upgrade versions or migrate to another device. Review and implement the instructions in the **Description** field, including one or more of the following:





- If the current version of the software does not support the IP variant, right-click
  the component and click **Remove IP Component from Project**. Replace this IP
  core or Platform Designer system with the one supported in the current version of
  the software.
- If the current target device does not support the IP variant, select a supported device family for the project, or replace the IP variant with a suitable replacement that supports your target device.
- If an upgrade or migration fails, click **Failed** in the **Status** field to display and review details of the **IP Upgrade Report**. Click the **Release Notes** link for the latest known issues about the IP core. Use this information to determine the nature of the upgrade or migration failure and make corrections before upgrade.
- Run Auto Upgrade to automatically generate an IP Ports Diff report for each IP core or Platform Designer system that fails upgrade. Review the reports to determine any port differences between the current and previous IP core version. Click Upgrade in Editor to make specific port changes and regenerate your IP core or Platform Designer system.
- If your IP core or Platform Designer system does not support Auto Upgrade, click Upgrade in Editor to resolve errors and regenerate the component in the parameter editor.

Figure 14. IP Upgrade Report







## 1.9. Simulating Intel FPGA IP Cores

The Intel Quartus Prime software supports IP core RTL simulation in specific EDA simulators. IP generation creates simulation files, including the functional simulation model, any testbench (or example design), and vendor-specific simulator setup scripts for each IP core. Use the functional simulation model and any testbench or example design for simulation. IP generation output may also include scripts to compile and run any testbench. The scripts list all models or libraries you require to simulate your IP core.

The Intel Quartus Prime software provides integration with many simulators and supports multiple simulation flows, including your own scripted and custom simulation flows. Whichever flow you choose, IP core simulation involves the following steps:

- 1. Generate simulation model, testbench (or example design), and simulator setup script files.
- 2. Set up your simulator environment and any simulation scripts.
- 3. Compile simulation model libraries.
- 4. Run your simulator.

#### 1.9.1. Simulation Flows

The Intel Quartus Prime software supports various simulation flows.

**Table 7. Simulation Flows** 

Simulation Flow	Description
Scripted Simulation Flows	Scripted simulation supports custom control of all aspects of simulation, such as custom compilation commands, or multipass simulation flows. Use a version-independent top-level simulation script that "sources" Intel Quartus Prime-generated IP simulation setup scripts. The Intel Quartus Prime software generates a combined simulator setup script for all IP cores, for each supported simulator.
NativeLink Simulation Flow	NativeLink automates Intel Quartus Prime integration with your EDA simulator. Setup NativeLink to generate simulation scripts, compile simulation libraries, and automatically launch your simulator following design compilation. Specify your own compilation, elaboration, and simulation scripts for testbench and simulation model files. Do not use NativeLink if you require direct control over every aspect of simulation.  Note: The Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition software does not support NativeLink simulation.
Specialized Simulation Flows	Supports specialized simulation flows for specific design variations, including the following:  • For simulation of example designs, refer to the documentation for the example design or to the IP core user guide.  • For simulation of Platform Designer designs, refer to Creating a System with Platform Designer (Standard) or Creating a System with Platform Designer.  Note: The simulation setup script generated by Platform Designer requires Tcl version of 8.5 or higher.  • For simulation of designs that include the Nios® II embedded processor, refer to Simulating a Nios II Embedded Processor.

#### **Related Information**

• Scripting IP Simulation on page 28





 Generating a Combined Simulator Setup Script (Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition) on page 29

## 1.9.2. Generating IP Simulation Files

The Intel Quartus Prime software optionally generates the functional simulation model, any testbench (or example design), and vendor-specific simulator setup scripts when you generate an IP core. To control the generation of IP simulation files:

- To specify your supported simulator and options for IP simulation file generation, click Assignment ➤ Settings ➤ EDA Tool Settings ➤ Simulation.
- To parameterize a new IP variation, enable generation of simulation files, and generate the IP core synthesis and simulation files, click **Tools** ➤ **IP Catalog**.
- To edit parameters and regenerate synthesis or simulation files for an existing IP core variation, click View ➤ Project Navigator ➤ IP Components.
- To edit parameters and regenerate synthesis or simulation files for an existing IP core variation, click View ➤ Utility Windows ➤ Project Navigator ➤ IP Components.

Table 8. Intel FPGA IP Simulation Files

File Type	Description	File Name
Simulator setup scripts	Vendor-specific scripts to compile, elaborate, and simulate Intel FPGA IP models and simulation model library files.  Note: For Intel Arria 10 designs, you can use the Intel Quartus Prime software to automatically create a combined simulator setup script. Refer to Scripting IP Simulation in the Introduction to Intel FPGA IP Cores for more information.	<pre><my_dir>/aldec/riviera_setup.tcl <my_dir>/cadence/ncsim_setup.sh <my_dir>/xcelium/xcelium_setup.sh <my_dir>/mentor/msim_setup.tcl <my_dir>/synopsys/vcs/vcs_setup.sh <my_dir>/synopsys/vcsmx/vcsmx_setup.sh</my_dir></my_dir></my_dir></my_dir></my_dir></my_dir></pre>
Simulation IP File (Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition)	Contains IP core simulation library mapping information. To use NativeLink, add the .qip and .sip files generated for IP to your project.	<design name="">.sip</design>
IP functional simulation models (Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition)	IP functional simulation models are cycle- accurate VHDL or Verilog HDL models a that the Intel Quartus Prime software generates for some Intel FPGA IP cores. IP functional simulation models support fast functional simulation of IP using industry-standard VHDL and Verilog HDL simulators.	<my_ip>.vho <my_ip>.vo</my_ip></my_ip>
IEEE encrypted models (Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition)	Intel provides Arria V, Cyclone® V, Stratix® V, and newer simulation model libraries and IP simulation models in Verilog HDL and IEEE-encrypted Verilog HDL. Your simulator's cosimulation capabilities support VHDL simulation of these models. IEEE encrypted Verilog HDL models are significantly faster than IP functional simulation models. The Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition software does not support these models.	<my_ip>.v</my_ip>





Note:

Intel FPGA IP cores support a variety of cycle-accurate simulation models, including simulation-specific IP functional simulation models and encrypted RTL models, and plain text RTL models. The models support fast functional simulation of your IP core instance using industry-standard VHDL or Verilog HDL simulators. For some IP cores, generation only produces the plain text RTL model, and you can simulate that model. Use the simulation models only for simulation and not for synthesis or any other purposes. Using these models for synthesis creates a nonfunctional design.

#### **Related Information**

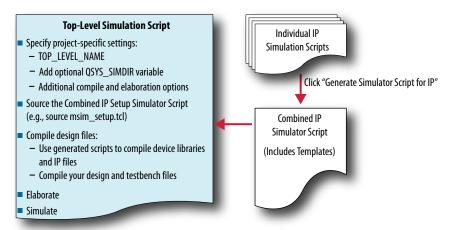
- Generating IP Functional Simulation Models (Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition) on page 38
- Generating IP Cores (Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition) on page 12

## 1.9.3. Scripting IP Simulation

The Intel Quartus Prime software supports the use of scripts to automate simulation processing in your preferred simulation environment. Use the scripting methodology that you prefer to control simulation.

Use a version-independent, top-level simulation script to control design, testbench, and IP core simulation. Because Intel Quartus Prime-generated simulation file names may change after IP upgrade or regeneration, your top-level simulation script must "source" the generated setup scripts, rather than using the generated setup scripts directly. Follow these steps to generate or regenerate combined simulator setup scripts:

Figure 15. Incorporating Generated Simulator Setup Scripts into a Top-Level Simulation Script



- Click Project > Upgrade IP Components > Generate Simulator Script for IP
   (or run the ip-setup-simulation utility) to generate or regenerate a combined
   simulator setup script for all IP for each simulator.
- 2. Use the templates in the generated script to source the combined script in your top-level simulation script. Each simulator's combined script file contains a rudimentary template that you adapt for integration of the setup script into a top-level simulation script.





This technique eliminates manual update of simulation scripts if you modify or upgrade the IP variation.

# 1.9.3.1. Generating a Combined Simulator Setup Script (Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition)

You can run the **Generate Simulator Setup Script for IP** command to generate a combined simulator setup script.

Note:

This feature is available in the Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition software for all devices. This feature is available in the Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition software for only Intel Arria 10 devices.

Source this combined script from a top-level simulation script. Click **Tools** > **Generate Simulator Setup Script for IP** (or use of the ip-setup-simulation utility at the command-line) to generate or update the combined scripts, after any of the following occur:

- IP core initial generation or regeneration with new parameters
- Intel Quartus Prime software version upgrade
- IP core version upgrade

To generate a combined simulator setup script for all project IP cores for each simulator:

- 1. Generate, regenerate, or upgrade one or more IP core. Refer to *Generating IP Cores* or *Upgrading IP Cores*.
- Click Tools > Generate Simulator Setup Script for IP (or run the ip-setup-simulation utility). Specify the Output Directory and library compilation options. Click OK to generate the file. By default, the files generate into the / project directory/<simulator</p>/ directory using relative paths.
- 3. To incorporate the generated simulator setup script into your top-level simulation script, refer to the template section in the generated simulator setup script as a quide to creating a top-level script:
  - a. Copy the specified template sections from the simulator-specific generated scripts and paste them into a new top-level file.
  - Remove the comments at the beginning of each line from the copied template sections.
  - c. Specify the customizations you require to match your design simulation requirements, for example:



- Specify the TOP\_LEVEL\_NAME variable to the design's simulation top-level file. The top-level entity of your simulation is often a testbench that instantiates your design. Then, your design instantiates IP cores or Platform Designer systems. Set the value of TOP\_LEVEL\_NAME to the toplevel entity.
- If necessary, set the QSYS\_SIMDIR variable to point to the location of the generated IP simulation files.
- Compile the top-level HDL file (for example, a test program) and all other files in the design.
- Specify any other changes, such as using the grep command-line utility to search a transcript file for error signatures, or e-mail a report.
- Re-run Tools ➤ Generate Simulator Setup Script for IP (or ip-setup-simulation) after regeneration of an IP variation.

#### **Table 9. Simulation Script Utilities**

Utility	Syntax
ip-setup-simulation generates a combined, version-independent simulation script for all Intel FPGA IP cores in your project. The command also automates regeneration of the script after upgrading software or IP versions. Use the compile-to-work option to compile all simulation files into a single work library if your simulation environment requires. Use theuse-relative-paths option to use relative paths whenever possible.	<pre>ip-setup-simulationquartus-project=<my proj="">output-directory=<my_dir>use-relative-pathscompile-to-work</my_dir></my></pre>
	use-relative-paths andcompile-to-work are optional. For command-line help listing all options for these executables, type: <utility name="">help.</utility>
ip-make-simscript generates a combined simulation script for all IP cores that you specify on the command line. Specify one or more .spd files and an output directory in the command. Running the script compiles IP simulation models into various simulation libraries.	ip-make-simscriptspd= <ipa.spd,ipb.spd>output-directory=<directory></directory></ipa.spd,ipb.spd>
ip-make-simscript generates a combined simulation script for all IP cores and subsystems that you specify on the command line.	<pre>ip-make-simscriptsystem-files=<ipa.ip, ipb.ip="">output-directory=<directory></directory></ipa.ip,></pre>

#### **Related Information**

- Sourcing Aldec ActiveHDL or Riviera Pro Simulator Setup Scripts on page 30
- Sourcing Cadence Incisive Simulator Setup Scripts on page 31
- Sourcing Mentor Graphics ModelSim Simulator Setup Scripts on page 34
- Sourcing Synopsys VCS Simulator Setup Scripts on page 35
- Sourcing Synopsys VCS MX Simulator Setup Scripts on page 36
- Generating IP Cores (Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition) on page 12

## 1.9.3.1.1. Sourcing Aldec ActiveHDL\* or Riviera Pro\* Simulator Setup Scripts

Follow these steps to incorporate the generated ActiveHDL\* or Riviera Pro\* simulation scripts into a top-level project simulation script.





1. The generated simulation script contains the following template lines. Cut and paste these lines into a new file. For example, sim\_top.tcl.

```
# # Start of template
# # If the copied and modified template file is "aldec.do", run it as:
# # vsim -c -do aldec.do
# #
# # Source the generated sim script
# source rivierapro_setup.tcl
# # Compile eda/sim_lib contents first
# dev_com
# # Override the top-level name (so that elab is useful)
# set TOP_LEVEL_NAME top
# # Compile the standalone IP.
# com
# # Compile the top-level
# vlog -sv2k5 ../../top.sv
# # Elaborate the design.
# elab
# # Run the simulation
# run
# # Report success to the shell
# exit -code 0
# # End of template
```

2. Delete the first two characters of each line (comment and space):

```
# Start of template
# If the copied and modified template file is "aldec.do", run it as:
# vsim -c -do aldec.do
# Source the generated sim script source rivierapro_setup.tcl
# Compile eda/sim_lib contents first dev_com
# Override the top-level name (so that elab is useful)
set TOP_LEVEL_NAME top
# Compile the standalone IP.
com
\# Compile the top-level vlog -sv2k5 ../../top.sv
# Elaborate the design.
elab
# Run the simulation
run
# Report success to the shell
exit -code 0
# End of template
```

3. Modify the TOP\_LEVEL\_NAME and compilation step appropriately, depending on the simulation's top-level file. For example:

```
set TOP_LEVEL_NAME sim_top
vlog -sv2k5 ../../sim_top.sv
```

- 4. If necessary, add the QSYS\_SIMDIR variable to point to the location of the generated IP simulation files. Specify any other changes that you require to match your design simulation requirements. The scripts offer variables to set compilation or simulation options. Refer to the generated script for details.
- 5. Run the new top-level script from the generated simulation directory:

```
vsim -c -do <path to sim_top>.tcl
```

#### 1.9.3.1.2. Sourcing Cadence Incisive\* Simulator Setup Scripts

Follow these steps to incorporate the generated Cadence Incisive\* IP simulation scripts into a top-level project simulation script.





1. The generated simulation script contains the following template lines. Cut and paste these lines into a new file. For example, ncsim.sh.

```
# # Start of template
# # If the copied and modified template file is "ncsim.sh", run it as:
# # ./ncsim.sh
# #
# # Do the file copy, dev_com and com steps
# source ncsim_setup.sh
# SKIP ELAB=1
# SKIP_SIM=1
# # Compile the top level module
# ncvlog -sv "$QSYS_SIMDIR/../top.sv"
# # Do the elaboration and sim steps
# # Override the top-level name
# # Override the sim options, so the simulation
# # runs forever (until $finish()).
# source ncsim_setup.sh
# SKIP_FILE_COPY=1
# SKIP_DEV_COM=1
# SKIP_COM=1
# TOP_LEVEL_NAME=top
# USER_DEFINED_SIM_OPTIONS=""
# # End of template
```

2. Delete the first two characters of each line (comment and space):

```
# Start of template
# If the copied and modified template file is "ncsim.sh", run it as:
# ./ncsim.sh
# Do the file copy, dev_com and com steps
source ncsim_setup.sh
SKIP_ELAB=1
SKIP SIM=1
# Compile the top level module
ncvlog -sv "$QSYS_SIMDIR/../top.sv"
# Do the elaboration and sim steps
# Override the top-level name
# Override the sim options, so the simulation
# runs forever (until $finish()).
source ncsim_setup.sh
SKIP_FILE_COPY=1
SKIP_DEV_COM=1
SKIP COM=1
TOP_LEVEL_NAME=top
USER_DEFINED_SIM_OPTIONS=""
# End of template
```

3. Modify the TOP\_LEVEL\_NAME and compilation step appropriately, depending on the simulation's top-level file. For example:

```
TOP_LEVEL_NAME=sim_top \
    ncvlog -sv "$QSYS_SIMDIR/../top.sv"
```

- 4. If necessary, add the QSYS\_SIMDIR variable to point to the location of the generated IP simulation files. Specify any other changes that you require to match your design simulation requirements. The scripts offer variables to set compilation or simulation options. Refer to the generated script for details.
- 5. Run the resulting top-level script from the generated simulation directory by specifying the path to ncsim.sh.





#### 1.9.3.1.3. Sourcing Cadence Simulator Setup Scripts

1. The generated simulation script contains the following template lines. Cut and paste these lines into a new file. For example, xmsim.sh.

```
# #Start of template
# # Xcelium Simulation Script.
# # If the copied and modified template file is "xmsim.sh", run it as:
# # ./xmsim.sh
# #
# # Do the file copy, dev_com and com steps
# source <script generation output directory>/xcelium/xcelium_setup.sh \
# SKIP ELAB=1 \
# SKIP_SIM=1 \
# USER_DEFINED_COMPILE_OPTIONS=<compilation options for your design> \
# USER_DEFINED_VHDL_COMPILE_OPTIONS=<VHDL compilation options for your
# design>
# USER_DEFINED_VERILOG_COMPILE_OPTIONS=<Verilog compilation options for
# your design> \
# QSYS_SIMDIR=<script generation output directory>
# # Compile all design files and testbench files, including the top level.
# # (These are all the files required for simulation other than the files
# # compiled by the IP script)
# #
# xmvlog <compilation options> <design and testbench files>
# #
# # TOP_LEVEL_NAME is used in this script to set the top-level simulation
# # or testbench module/entity name.
# #
# # Run the IP script again to elaborate and simulate the top level:
# # - Specify TOP_LEVEL_NAME and USER_DEFINED_ELAB_OPTIONS.
# # - Override the default USER_DEFINED_SIM_OPTIONS. For example, to run
     until $finish(), set to an empty string: USER_DEFINED_SIM_OPTIONS="".
# #
# source <script generation output directory>/xcelium/xcelium_setup.sh \
# SKIP_FILE_COPY=1 \
# SKIP_DEV_COM=1 \
# SKIP_COM=1 \
# TOP LEVEL NAME = < simulation top> \
# USER_DEFINED_ELAB_OPTIONS=<elaboration options for your design> \
# USER_DEFINED_SIM_OPTIONS=<simulation options for your design>
# # End of template
```

2. Delete the first two characters of each line (comment and space):

```
# Start of template
# Xcelium Simulation Script (Beta Version).
# If the copied and modified template file is "xmsim.sh", run it as:
# ./xmsim.sh
# Do the file copy, dev_com and com steps
source <script generation output directory>/xcelium/xcelium_setup.sh \
SKIP_ELAB=1
SKIP_SIM=1 \
USER_DEFINED_COMPILE_OPTIONS=<compilation options for your design> \
USER_DEFINED_VHDL_COMPILE_OPTIONS=<VHDL compilation options for your
design> \
USER_DEFINED_VERILOG_COMPILE_OPTIONS=<Verilog compilation options for your
design> \
QSYS_SIMDIR=<script generation output directory>
# Compile all design files and testbench files, including the top level.
# (These are all the files required for simulation other than the files
# compiled by the IP script)
xmvlog <compilation options> <design and testbench files>
```





```
# TOP_LEVEL_NAME is used in this script to set the top-level simulation or
# testbench module/entity name.
#
# Run the IP script again to elaborate and simulate the top level:
# - Specify TOP_LEVEL_NAME and USER_DEFINED_ELAB_OPTIONS.
# - Override the default USER_DEFINED_SIM_OPTIONS. For example, to run
# until $finish(), set to an empty string: USER_DEFINED_SIM_OPTIONS="".
#
source <script generation output directory>/xcelium/xcelium_setup.sh \
SKIP_FILE_COPY=1 \
SKIP_DEV_COM=1 \
SKIP_COM=1 \
TOP_LEVEL_NAME=<simulation top> \
USER_DEFINED_ELAB_OPTIONS=<elaboration options for your design>
# End of template
```

- 3. If necessary, add the QSYS\_SIMDIR variable to point to the location of the generated IP simulation files. Specify any other changes that you require to match your design simulation requirements. The scripts offer variables to set compilation or simulation options. Refer to the generated script for details.
- 4. Run the resulting top-level script from the generated simulation directory by specifying the path to xmsim.sh.

#### 1.9.3.1.4. Sourcing Mentor Graphics ModelSim\* Simulator Setup Scripts

Follow these steps to incorporate the generated ModelSim\* IP simulation scripts into a top-level project simulation script.

1. The generated simulation script contains the following template lines. Cut and paste these lines into a new file. For example, sim\_top.tcl.

```
# # Start of template
# # If the copied and modified template file is "mentor.do", run it
# # as: vsim -c -do mentor.do
# # Source the generated sim script
# source msim setup.tcl
# # Compile eda/sim_lib contents first
# dev_com
# # Override the top-level name (so that elab is useful)
# set TOP LEVEL NAME top
# # Compile the standalone IP.
# com
# # Compile the top-level
# vlog -sv ../../top.sv
# # Elaborate the design.
# elab
# # Run the simulation
# run -a
# # Report success to the shell
# exit -code 0
# # End of template
```

2. Delete the first two characters of each line (comment and space):

```
# Start of template
# If the copied and modified template file is "mentor.do", run it
# as: vsim -c -do mentor.do
#
# Source the generated sim script source msim_setup.tcl
# Compile eda/sim_lib contents first
dev_com
# Override the top-level name (so that elab is useful)
set TOP_LEVEL_NAME top
# Compile the standalone IP.
com
```





```
# Compile the top-level vlog -sv ../../top.sv
# Elaborate the design.
elab
# Run the simulation
run -a
# Report success to the shell
exit -code 0
# End of template
```

3. Modify the TOP\_LEVEL\_NAME and compilation step appropriately, depending on the simulation's top-level file. For example:

```
set TOP_LEVEL_NAME sim_top vlog -sv ../../sim_top.sv
```

- 4. If necessary, add the QSYS\_SIMDIR variable to point to the location of the generated IP simulation files. Specify any other changes required to match your design simulation requirements. The scripts offer variables to set compilation or simulation options. Refer to the generated script for details.
- 5. Run the resulting top-level script from the generated simulation directory:

```
vsim -c -do <path to sim_top>.tcl
```

#### 1.9.3.1.5. Sourcing Synopsys VCS\* Simulator Setup Scripts

Follow these steps to incorporate the generated Synopsys VCS\* simulation scripts into a top-level project simulation script.

 The generated simulation script contains these template lines. Cut and paste the lines preceding the "helper file" into a new executable file. For example, synopsys vcs.f.

```
# # Start of template
# # If the copied and modified template file is "vcs_sim.sh", run it
# # as: ./vcs_sim.sh
# #
# # Override the top-level name
# # specify a command file containing elaboration options
# # (system verilog extension, and compile the top-level).
# # Override the sim options, so the simulation
# # runs forever (until $finish()).
# source vcs_setup.sh
# TOP_LEVEL_NAME=top
# USER_DEFINED_ELAB_OPTIONS="'-f .../.../synopsys_vcs.f'"
# USER_DEFINED_SIM_OPTIONS=""
# # helper file: synopsys_vcs.f
# +systemverilogext+.sv
# ../../top.sv
# # End of template
```

2. Delete the first two characters of each line (comment and space) for the vcs.sh file, as shown below:

```
# Start of template
# If the copied and modified template file is "vcs_sim.sh", run it
# as: ./vcs_sim.sh
#
# Override the top-level name
# specify a command file containing elaboration options
# (system verilog extension, and compile the top-level).
# Override the sim options, so the simulation
# runs forever (until $finish()).
source vcs_setup.sh
```





```
TOP_LEVEL_NAME=top
USER_DEFINED_ELAB_OPTIONS="'-f ../../synopsys_vcs.f'"
USER_DEFINED_SIM_OPTIONS=""
```

3. Delete the first two characters of each line (comment and space) for the synopsys\_vcs.f file, as shown below:

```
# helper file: synopsys_vcs.f
+systemverilogext+.sv
../../top.sv
# End of template
```

4. Modify the TOP\_LEVEL\_NAME and compilation step appropriately, depending on the simulation's top-level file. For example:

```
TOP_LEVEL_NAME=sim_top
```

- 5. If necessary, add the QSYS\_SIMDIR variable to point to the location of the generated IP simulation files. Specify any other changes required to match your design simulation requirements. The scripts offer variables to set compilation or simulation options. Refer to the generated script for details.
- 6. Run the resulting top-level script from the generated simulation directory by specifying the path to vcs\_sim.sh.

#### 1.9.3.1.6. Sourcing Synopsys VCS MX Simulator Setup Scripts

Follow these steps to incorporate the generated Synopsys VCS MX simulation scripts for use in top-level project simulation scripts.

1. The generated simulation script contains these template lines. Cut and paste the lines preceding the "helper file" into a new executable file. For example, vcsmx.sh.

```
# # Start of template
# # If the copied and modified template file is "vcsmx_sim.sh", run
# # it as: ./vcsmx_sim.sh
# #
# # Do the file copy, dev_com and com steps
# source vcsmx_setup.sh
# SKIP_ELAB=1
# SKIP SIM=1
\# # Compile the top level module vlogan +v2k
     +systemverilogext+.sv "$QSYS_SIMDIR/../top.sv"
# # Do the elaboration and sim steps
# # Override the top-level name
# # Override the sim options, so the simulation runs
# # forever (until $finish()).
# source vcsmx_setup.sh
# SKIP FILE COPY=1
# SKIP_DEV_COM=1
# SKIP COM=1
# TOP_LEVEL_NAME="'-top top'"
# USER_DEFINED_SIM_OPTIONS=""
# # End of template
```

Delete the first two characters of each line (comment and space), as shown below:

```
# Start of template
# If the copied and modified template file is "vcsmx_sim.sh", run
# it as: ./vcsmx_sim.sh
#
```





```
# Do the file copy, dev_com and com steps
source vcsmx_setup.sh
SKIP ELAB=1
SKIP_SIM=1
# Compile the top level module
vlogan +v2k +systemverilogext+.sv "$QSYS_SIMDIR/../top.sv"
# Do the elaboration and sim steps
# Override the top-level name
# Override the sim options, so the simulation runs
# forever (until $finish()).
source vcsmx_setup.sh
SKIP_FILE_COPY=1
SKIP_DEV_COM=1
SKIP_COM=1
TOP_LEVEL_NAME="'-top top'"
USER DEFINED SIM OPTIONS=""
# End of template
```

3. Modify the TOP\_LEVEL\_NAME and compilation step appropriately, depending on the simulation's top-level file. For example:

```
TOP_LEVEL_NAME="-top sim_top'"
```

4. Make the appropriate changes to the compilation of the your top-level file, for example:

```
vlogan +v2k +systemverilogext+.sv "$QSYS_SIMDIR/../sim_top.sv"
```

- 5. If necessary, add the QSYS\_SIMDIR variable to point to the location of the generated IP simulation files. Specify any other changes required to match your design simulation requirements. The scripts offer variables to set compilation or simulation options. Refer to the generated script for details.
- 6. Run the resulting top-level script from the generated simulation directory by specifying the path to vcsmx\_sim.sh.

## 1.9.4. Using NativeLink Simulation (Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition)

The NativeLink feature integrates your EDA simulator with the Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition software by automating the following:

- Generation of simulator-specific files and simulation scripts.
- Compilation of simulation libraries.
- Launches your simulator automatically following Intel Quartus Prime Analysis & Elaboration, Analysis & Synthesis, or after a full compilation.

Note:

The Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition does not support NativeLink simulation. If you use NativeLink for Intel Arria 10 devices in the Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition, you must add the .qsys file generated for the IP or Platform Designer (Standard) system to your Intel Quartus Prime project. If you use NativeLink for any other supported device family, you must add the .qip and .sip files to your project.

#### 1.9.4.1. Setting Up NativeLink Simulation (Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition)

Before running NativeLink simulation, specify settings for your simulator in the Intel Quartus Prime software.

To specify NativeLink settings in the Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition software, follow these steps:





- 1. Open an Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition project.
- 2. Click **Tools > Options** and specify the location of your simulator executable file.

#### **Table 10.** Execution Paths for EDA Simulators

Simulator	Path	
Mentor Graphics ModelSim-AE	<pre><drive letter="">:\<simulator install="" path="">\win32aloem (Windows) /<simulator install="" path="">/bin (Linux)</simulator></simulator></drive></pre>	
Mentor Graphics ModelSim Mentor Graphics QuestaSim	<pre><drive letter="">:\<simulator install="" path="">\win32 (Windows) <simulator install="" path="">/bin (Linux)</simulator></simulator></drive></pre>	
Synopsys VCS/VCS MX	<simulator install="" path="">/bin (Linux)</simulator>	
Cadence Incisive Enterprise	<pre><simulator install="" path="">/tools/bin (Linux)</simulator></pre>	
Aldec Active-HDL Aldec Riviera-PRO	<pre><drive letter="">:\<simulator install="" path="">\bin (Windows) <simulator install="" path="">/bin (Linux)</simulator></simulator></drive></pre>	

- 3. Click **Assignments** ➤ **Settings** and specify options on the **Simulation** page and the **More NativeLink Settings** dialog box. Specify default options for simulation library compilation, netlist and tool command script generation, and for launching RTL or gate-level simulation automatically following compilation.
- 4. If your design includes a testbench, turn on **Compile test bench**. Click **Test Benches** to specify options for each testbench. Alternatively, turn on **Use script to compile testbench** and specify the script file.
- 5. To use a script to setup a simulation, turn on **Use script to setup simulation**.

# 1.9.4.2. Generating IP Functional Simulation Models (Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition)

Intel provides IP functional simulation models for some Intel FPGA IP supporting 40nm FPGA devices.

To generate IP functional simulation models:

- Turn on the Generate Simulation Model option when parameterizing the IP core.
- 2. When you simulate your design, compile only the .vo or .vho for these IP cores in your simulator. Do not compile the corresponding HDL file. The encrypted HDL file supports synthesis by only the Intel Quartus Prime software.
  - Note: Intel FPGA IP cores that do not require IP functional simulation models for simulation, do not provide the **Generate Simulation Model** option in the IP core parameter editor.
    - Many recently released Intel FPGA IP cores support RTL simulation using IEEE Verilog HDL encryption. IEEE encrypted models are significantly faster than IP functional simulation models. Simulate the models in both Verilog HDL and VHDL designs.

#### **Related Information**

AN 343: Intel FPGA IP Evaluation Mode of AMPP IP





## 1.10. Synthesizing IP Cores in Other EDA Tools

Optionally, use another supported EDA tool to synthesize a design that includes Intel FPGA IP cores. When you generate the IP core synthesis files for use with third-party EDA synthesis tools, you can create an area and timing estimation netlist. To enable generation, turn on **Create timing and resource estimates for third-party EDA synthesis tools** when customizing your IP variation.

The area and timing estimation netlist describes the IP core connectivity and architecture, but does not include details about the true functionality. This information enables certain third-party synthesis tools to better report area and timing estimates. In addition, synthesis tools can use the timing information to achieve timing-driven optimizations and improve the quality of results.

The Intel Quartus Prime software generates the <variant name>\_syn.v netlist file in Verilog HDL format, regardless of the output file format you specify. If you use this netlist for synthesis, you must include the IP core wrapper file <variant name>.v or <variant name>.vhd in your Intel Quartus Prime project.

## 1.10.1. Instantiating IP Cores in HDL

Instantiate an IP core directly in your HDL code by calling the IP core name and declaring the IP core's parameters. This approach is similar to instantiating any other module, component, or subdesign. When instantiating an IP core in VHDL, you must include the associated libraries.

#### 1.10.1.1. Accessing HDL Code Templates

The Intel Quartus Prime software includes code examples or templates for inferred RAMs, ROMs, shift registers, arithmetic functions, and DSP functions optimized for Intel FPGA devices. To access HDL code templates to define these IP cores in HDL:

- 1. Open a file in the text editor.
- 2. Click **Edit** ➤ **Insert template**.
- 3. In the **Insert Template** dialog box, click the + icon to expand either the **Verilog HDL** category or the **VHDL** category, depending on the HDL you prefer.
- 4. Under **Full Designs**, expand the navigation tree to display the type of functions you want to infer.
- 5. Select the function to display the code in the Preview pane and click **Insert**.

#### 1.10.1.1.1. Example Top-Level Verilog HDL Module

Verilog HDL ALTFP\_MULT in Top-Level Module with One Input Connected to Multiplexer.

```
module MF_top (a, b, sel, datab, clock, result);
    input [31:0] a, b, datab;
    input clock, sel;
    output [31:0] result;
    wire [31:0] wire_dataa;

    assign wire_dataa = (sel)? a : b;
    altfp_mult inst1
(.dataa(wire_dataa), .datab(datab), .clock(clock), .result(result));

    defparam
        instl.pipeline = 11,
        instl.width_exp = 8,
```



```
instl.width_man = 23,
    instl.exception_handling = "no";
endmodule
```

## 1.10.1.1.2. Example Top-Level VHDL Module

VHDL ALTFP MULT in Top-Level Module with One Input Connected to Multiplexer.

```
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
library altera_mf;
use altera_mf.altera_mf_components.all;
entity MF_top is
        port (clock, sel : in std_logic;
    a, b, datab : in std_logic_vector(31 downto 0);
    result : out std_logic_vector(31 downto 0));
end entity;
architecture arch_MF_top of MF_top is
signal wire_dataa : std_logic_vector(31 downto 0);
begin
wire_dataa <= a when (sel = '1') else b;
inst1 : altfp_mult
         generic map
                      pipeline => 11,
                      width_exp => 8,
                      width_man => 23,
                      exception_handling => "no")
         port map (
                      dataa => wire_dataa,
                      datab => datab,
                      clock => clock,
                      result => result);
end arch_MF_top;
```

## 1.11. Support for the IEEE 1735 Encryption Standard

The Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition software supports the IEEE 1735 v1 encryption standard for IP core file decryption. You can encrypt the Verilog HDL or VHDL IP files with the <code>encrypt\_1735</code> utility, or with a third-party encryption tool that supports the IEEE 1735 standard. You can then use the encrypted files in the Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition software and simulation tools that support the IEEE 1735 encryption standard.

The encryption key is the same for Verilog HDL and VHDL. You can pass parameters to the instantiation of an encrypted module using the same method as a non-encrypted module.

Type encrypt\_1735 --help at the Intel Quartus Prime command line to view syntax and all supported options for the encrypt\_1735 utility.

```
encrypt_1735 [-h | --help[=<option|topic>] | -v]
encrypt_1735 <other options>

Options:
    -----
    -?
    -f <argument file>
    -h
    --256_bit[=<value>]
    -help[=<option|topic>]
```





```
--language=<verilog | systemverilog| vhdl>
--lower_priority
--of=<some_file>
--quartus
--simulation[=<aldec | cadence | mentor | synopsys (comma delimited)>]
--tcl_jou_file=<[tcl_jou_filename=]on|off>
--tcl_log_file=<[tcl_log_filename=]on|off>
```

Adding the following Verilog or VHDL pragma to your RTL, along with the public key, enables the Intel Quartus Prime software to use the key to decrypt IP core files.

### **Verilog/SystemVerilog Encryption Pragma (Third-Party Tools):**

```
`pragma protect key_keyowner="Intel Corporation"

`pragma protect data_method="aes128-cbc"

`pragma protect key_method="rsa"

`pragma protect key_keyname="Intel-FPGA-Quartus-RSA-1"

`pragma protect key_public_key

<encrypted session key>

`pragma protect begin

`pragma protect end
```

#### **VHDL Encryption Pragma (Third-Party Tools):**

```
`protect key_keyowner = "Intel Corporation"
    protect data_method="aes128-cbc"
    protect key_method = "rsa"
    protect key_keyname = "Intel-FPGA-Quartus-RSA-1"
    protect key_block
    <Encrypted session key>
```

Only file encryption with a third-party tool requires the public encryption key. File encryption with the Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition software does not require the public encryption key.

Use one of the following methods to obtain the public encryption key:

- To obtain the encryption key, login or register for a My-Intel account, and then submit an Intel Premier Support case requesting the encryption key.
- If you are ineligible for Intel Premier Support, you can submit a question regarding the "IEEE 1735 Encryption Public Key" to the Intel Community Forum for assistance.

Note:

The Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition software does not support IEEE 1735 encryption.

#### **Related Information**

- My-Intel.com
- Intel Community Forum

#### 1.12. Introduction to Intel FPGA IP Cores Archives

If an IP core version is not listed, the user guide for the previous IP core version applies.

IP Core Version	User Guide	
18.1	Introduction to Intel FPGA IP Cores	
18.0	Introduction to Intel FPGA IP Cores	





# 1.13. Introduction to Intel FPGA IP Cores Revision History

This document has the following revision history.

<b>Document Version</b>	Intel Quartus Prime Version	Changes
2019.09.30	19.3.0	<ul> <li>Added details to "Support for the IEEE 1735 Encryption Standard."</li> <li>Added "Intel FPGA IP Versioning" topic.</li> <li>Added "Checking the IP License Status" topic.</li> </ul>
2019.05.13	18.1.0	Updated heading title in "Support for the IEEE 1735 Encryption Standard."
2019.04.16	18.1.0	Added "Introduction to Intel FPGA IP Cores Archives."      Updated the keyname and addedhelp information to "Support for the IEEE 1735 Encryption Standard."
2018.10.24	18.1.0	Updated information about obtaining IEEE 1735 Encryption key.
2018.09.24	18.1.0	Added statement that the Intel Quartus Prime software installer does not support spaces in the installation path.      Added "Intel FPGA IP Best Practices" topic.
2018.05.07	18.0.0	Updated screenshots of IP Catalog and Parameter Editor for latest IP names. Added note about Generate Combined Simulator Setup Scripts command limitations. Added information about generation of simulation files for Xcelium*

Date	Version	Changes	
2017.11.06	17.1.0	<ul> <li>Revised product branding for Intel standards.</li> <li>Revised topics on Intel FPGA IP Evaluation Mode (formerly OpenCore).</li> </ul>	
2017.05.08	17.0.0	<ul> <li>Added note that IP core encryption is supported only in Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition.</li> <li>Revised product branding for Intel standards.</li> </ul>	
2016.10.31	16.1.0	<ul> <li>Removed references to .qsys file creation during Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition stand-alone IP generation.</li> <li>Added references to .ip file creation during Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition stand-alone IP generation.</li> <li>Updated IP Core Generation Output files list and diagram.</li> <li>Indicated distinctions between Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition and Intel</li> </ul>	
		Quartus Prime Standard Edition features.  • Added Support for IP Core Encryption topic.	
2016.08.07	16.0.1	Intel rebranding.	
2016.05.02	16.0.0	<ul> <li>Described Generate Simulator Setup Script for IP feature.</li> <li>Add information about unique hash codes preventing name collisions.</li> <li>Removed support for NativeLink in Pro Edition.</li> <li>Updated all GUI descriptions and screenshots for latest version.</li> </ul>	
2016.02.05	15.1.1	<ul> <li>Corrected list of files ip-make-simscript generates.</li> <li>Removed incorrect statement about running ip-make-simscript.</li> <li>Revised Incorporating IP Simulation Scripts in Top-Level Scripts graphic.</li> </ul>	
continued			





Date	Version	Changes
2015.11.02	15.1.0	<ul> <li>Added Generating Version-Agnostic IP Simulation Scripts topic.</li> <li>Added example IP simulation script templates for supported simulators.</li> <li>Added Incorporating IP Simulation Scripts in Top-Level Scripts topic.</li> <li>Added Troubleshooting IP Upgrade topic.</li> <li>Updated IP Catalog and parameter editor descriptions for GUI changes.</li> <li>Updated IP upgrade and migration steps for latest GUI changes.</li> <li>Updated Generating IP Cores process for GUI changes.</li> <li>Updated Files Generated for IP Cores and Qsys system description.</li> <li>Updated Intel Quartus Prime product name throughout.</li> </ul>
2015.05.04	15.0.0	<ul> <li>The latest version of the ModelSim-Altera software supports native, mixed language (VHDL/Verilog HDL/SystemVerilog) co-simulation of plain text HDL.</li> <li>Added qsys_script IP core instantiation information.</li> <li>Described changes to generating and processing of instance and entity names.</li> <li>Added description of upgrading IP cores at the command line.</li> <li>Updated procedures for upgrading and migrating IP cores.</li> <li>Gate level timing simulation supported only for Cyclone IV and Stratix IV devices.</li> </ul>
2014.12.1	14.1.0	Added information about new <b>Assignments</b> > <b>Settings</b> > <b>IP Settings</b> that control frequency of synthesis file regeneration and automatic addition of IP files to the project.
2014.08.18	14.0a10.0	Added information about specifying parameters for IP cores targeting Arria 10 devices.      Added information about the latest IP output for Quartus II version 14.0a10 targeting Arria 10 devices.      Added information about individual migration of IP cores to the latest devices.      Added information about editing existing IP variations.
June 2014	14.0.0	Changed title from Introduction to Megafunctions to Introduction to Altera IP Cores.     Increased scope of document to include updated information about licensing, customizing, upgrading, and simulating all Altera IP cores.     Replaced MegaWizard Plug-In Manager with IP Catalog information.
May 2013	13.0 .1	Reorganization of content into topics.     First tracking of changes in Document Revision History.

