Arrays

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Arrays

a definition

a data structure, the array, which stores a fixed-size sequential collection of elements of the same type. An array is used to store a collection of data, but it is often more useful to think of an array as a collection of variables of the same type.



declaration



declaration and iterating through



Declaring, reading and writing



Exercise 1.

Write a program that creates an array of 100 random integers to submit:
name your program: 'arrays1_<your_eid>.cc'
cp this to the submission folder: /home/charlie/submission/Arrays

```
// this code generates a random number between
// 0 and 10;
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
using namespace :: std;
int main()
{
    srand((unsigned)time(0));
    int random_integer = rand()%10;
    cout << random_integer << endl;
}</pre>
```



as an arguments to a function

Note: Arrays are passed by reference!

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
                                       int main () {
                                          double avg;
double getAverage(int arr[],
                                          int numbers[5];
     int size)
                                          for (int i=0; i++; i<5)
                                              numbers[i] = 2*i;
   int i, sum = 0;
   double avg;
                                          avg = getAverage(numbers, 5);
   for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
                                          cout << "Average value is: " <<</pre>
      sum += arr[i];
                                       avg << endl;</pre>
   avg = double(sum) / size;
                                          return 0;
                                       }
   return avg;
```



Exercise 2.

Using your random array generators,
Write 2 functions that take an array as an argument

- one function that finds the maximum value and the index of the maximum value
- one function that finds the minimum value and the index of minimum value

to submit:

name your program: 'arrays2_<your_eid>.cc'



Exercise 3.

Using your random array generator, Write a function that takes an array and 2 index locations and swaps the values of the array at the 2 index locations.

to submit:

name your program: 'arrays3_<your_eid>.cc'



Exercise 4.

Using your random array generator,
Write a function that will sort your randomly generated array from smallest to largest,
by traversing your array and swapping values of adjacent indices if a[i] > a[i+1]

How can you test that your array is sorted?

to submit:

name your program: 'arrays4_<your_eid>.cc'



a definition

The simplest form of the multidimensional array is the two-dimensional array. A two-dimensional array is basically a list of one-dimensional arrays.

To declare a two-dimensional integer array of x rows and y columns

```
type arrayName [ x ][ y ];
```



a definition

int a [3] [4];

	Column 0	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Row 0	a[0][0]	a[0][1]	a[0][2]	a[0][3]
Row 1	a[1][0]	a[1][1]	a[1][2]	a[1][3]
Row 2	a[2][0]	a[2][1]	a[2][2]	a[2][3]



declaration



declaration, reading

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main () {
int a[3][4] = {
   \{0, 1, 2, 3\} , /* initializers for row indexed by 0 */
   \{4, 5, 6, 7\} , /* initializers for row indexed by 1 */
   {8, 9, 10, 11} /* initializers for row indexed by 2 */
};
   // output each array element's value
   for ( int i = 0; i < 3; i++ )
      for ( int j = 0; j < 4; j++ ) {
         cout << "a[" << i << "][" << j << "]: ";</pre>
         cout << a[i][j]<< endl;</pre>
   return 0;
```



declaration, writing and reading

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main () {
int a[3][4];
   for ( int i = 0; i < 3; i++ )
      for ( int j = 0; j < 4; j++ ) {
         a[i][j] = i+j;
   for ( int i = 0; i < 3; i++ )
      for ( int j = 0; j < 4; j++ ) {
         cout << "a[" << i << "][" << j << "]: ";</pre>
         cout << a[i][j]<< endl;</pre>
   return 0;
```



Exercise 5.

Write a program that creates a 2 dimensional array of 100 rows and 100 columns of random integers

```
// this code generates a random number between
// 0 and 10;
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
using namespace :: std;
int main()
{
    srand((unsigned)time(0));
    int random_integer = rand()%10;
    cout << random_integer << endl;
}</pre>
```



as an arguments to a function

Note: Arrays are passed by reference!

```
int main ()
#include <iostream>
                                                int a[3][4];
using namespace std;
                                                for ( int i = 0; i < 3; i++ )
int multiplyByC(int arr[][4], int rows,
                                                   for ( int j = 0; j < 4; j++ )
int cols, int C)
                                                      a[i][i] = i+i;
                                                multiplyByC(a, 3, 4, 5);
   for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)
      for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++)
                                                for ( int i = 0; i < 3; i++ )
                                                   for ( int j = 0; j < 4; j++ ) {
         arr[i][j] *= C;
                                                      cout << a[i][i]<< endl;</pre>
   return 0;
                                                return 0;
                                             }
```



Exercise 6.

Write a function that creates a 100x100 identity matrix, a matrix where the diagonal values are 1's and the rest of the values - the upper and lower triangles - are 0's

to submit:

name your program: 'arrays6_<your_eid>.cc'



Exercise 7.

- Using your random number generator, create 2 random 100x100 matrices.
- Write a function that multiplies the 2 matrices together and puts the result in a third matrix.
- Test your matrix multiplication function by multiplying your random matrix with the same size identity matrix, the result will be the same as the original matrix.

Matrix Multiplication Algorithm:

- Input: matrices A and B
- Let C be a new matrix of the appropriate size
- For i from 1 to n:
 - For j from 1 to p:
 - Let sum = 0
 - For k from 1 to m:
 - Set sum ← sum + A[i][k] × B[k][j]
 - Set C[i][j] ← sum
- Return C

to submit:

name your program: 'arrays7_<your_eid>.cc' cp this to the submission folder: /home/charlie/submission/Arrays

