

# Automatic Repair of Concurrency Bugs

Jeremy S. Bradbury, **Kevin Jalbert**

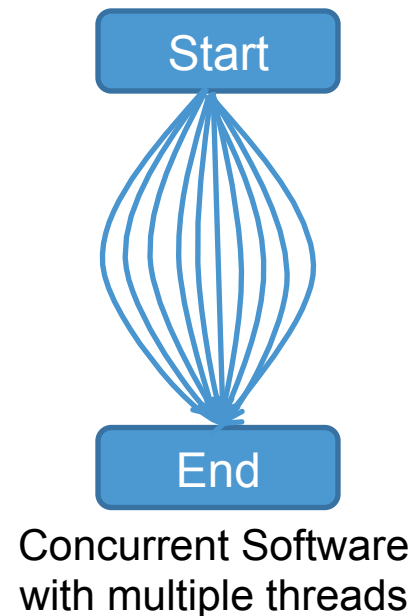
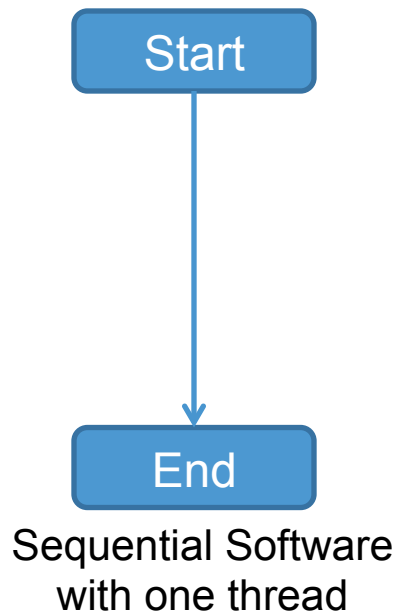
Software Quality Research Group  
University of Ontario Institute of Technology  
Oshawa, Ontario, Canada

{jeremy.bradbury, kevin.jalbert}@uoit.ca

<http://faculty.uoit.ca/bradbury/sqrg/>

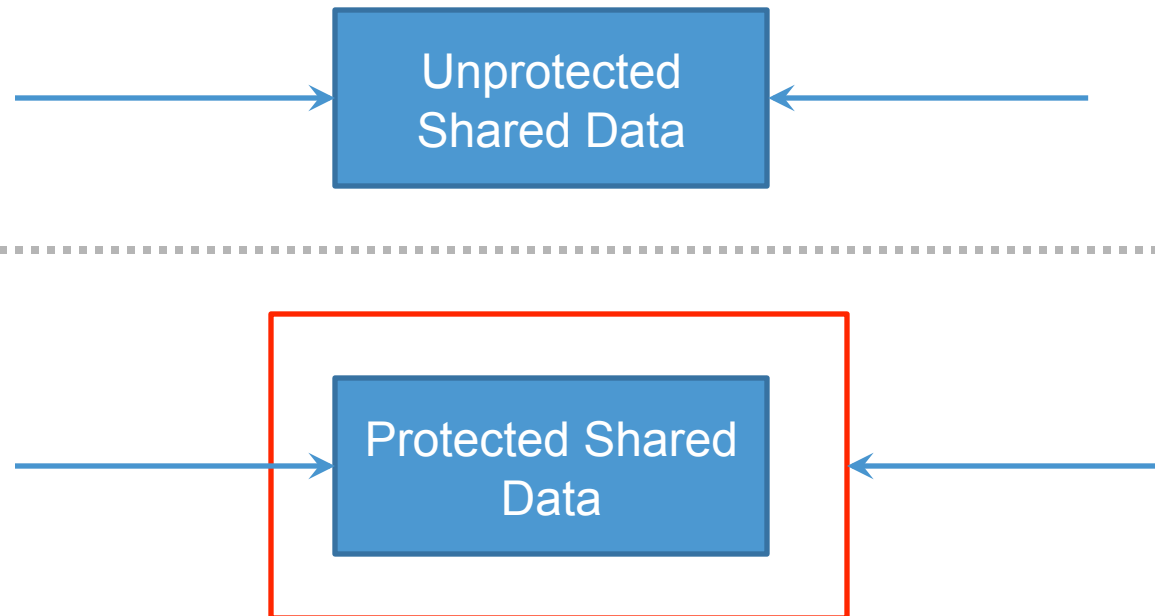
# Introduction to Concurrency

- Sequential software has only **one** thread
- Concurrent software has **multiple** threads
- Threads are the **execution** of source code



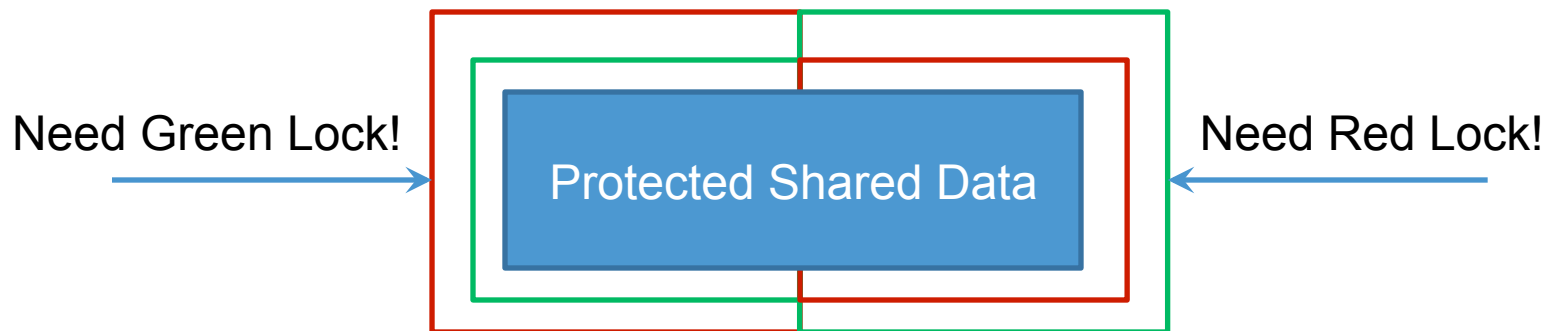
# Concurrency Bugs – Data Races

- Two or more threads access **unprotected shared data**, resulting in **inconsistent access** to the shared data



# Concurrency Bugs – Deadlock

- Two or more threads try to **acquire** the **lock objects** for a protected region
- The **order** of the lock acquisition **prevents** the other thread from acquiring the **needed** lock
- Both threads are **waiting** for the other's lock



# Motivation

- **Difficult** to detect/test/fix concurrency bugs
  - Concurrency bugs appear **intermittently**
  - **Unclear** on repair approach
- **Automated** repair is attractive

# Previous Related Work

- Related work done by Andrea Arcuri et al. [AY08] and Westley Wiemer et al. [WNLF09]
  - Both present ideas of automatic bug repair
  - Genetic Programming and Co-Evolution
- Demonstrated to work on sequential software

---

[AY08] A. Arcuri and X. Yao, “A novel co-evolutionary approach to automatic software bug fixing,” in *Proc. of CEC*, 2008, pp. 162–168.

[WNLF09] W. Weimer, T. Nguyen, C. Le Goues, and S. Forrest, “Automatically finding patches using genetic programming,” in *Proc. of ICSE*, 2009, pp. 364–374.

# Research Goal

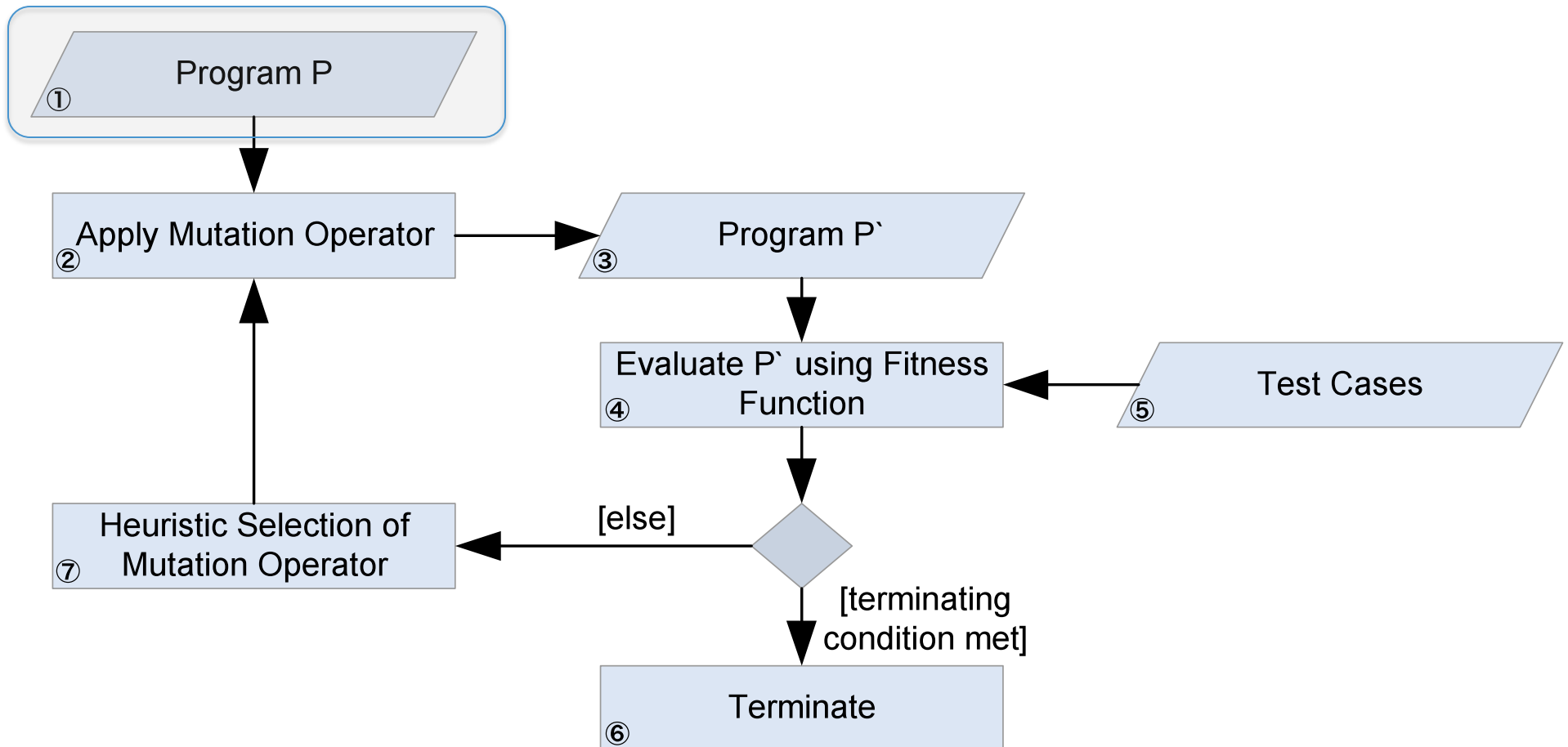
- Extend previous work and automatically repair concurrency bugs (data race and deadlock bugs) using genetic programming

# Algorithm's Requirements

- Concurrent Program with Test Cases
- Mutation Operators
- Fitness Function
- Termination Condition
- Operator Selection Process



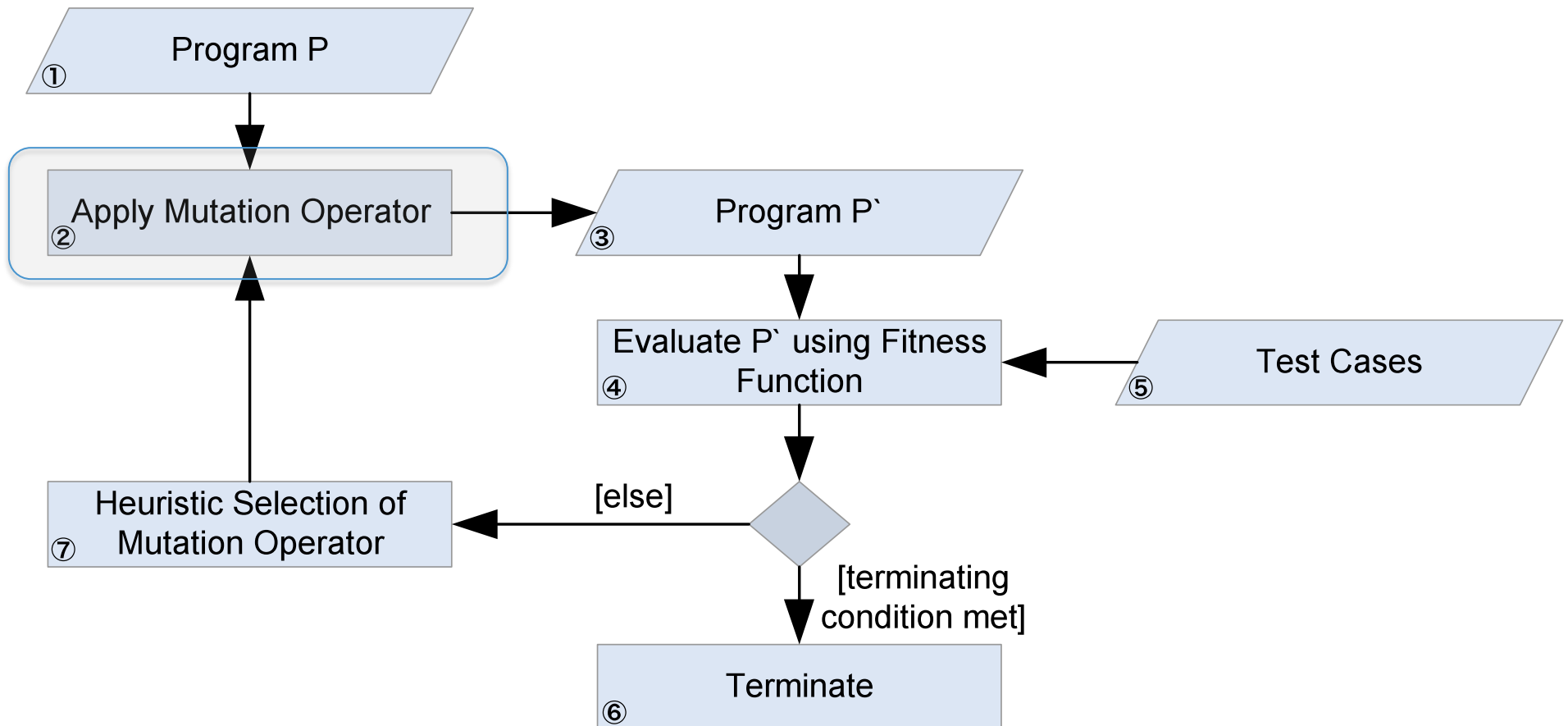
# Putting it Together



# Concurrent Program with Test Cases

- A concurrent program that is **executable**
- A set of test cases which **capture** the **behaviour** of the bug

# Putting it Together – cont.



# Mutation Operators

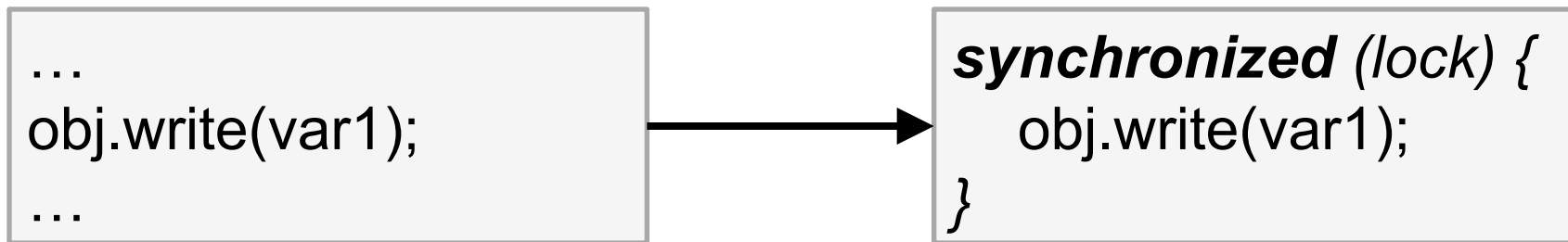
- Influenced by concurrency mutation operators [BCD06]
- Identified three operators
  1. Synchronize an unprotected shared resource
  2. Expand synchronization regions to include unprotected source code
  3. Interchange nested lock objects

---

[BCD06] J. S. Bradbury, J. R. Cordy, and J. Dingel, "Mutation operators for concurrent Java (J2SE 5.0)," in *Proc. of Mutation*, 2006, pp. 83–92.

# Mutation Operator #1

- *Synchronize an unprotected shared resource*
  - Targets and fixes Data Race bugs



## Mutation Operator #2

- *Expand synchronization regions to include unprotected source code*
  - Targets and fixes Data Race bugs

```
synchronized(lock) {  
    obj.write(var1);  
}  
obj.write(var2);
```



```
synchronized(lock) {  
    obj.write(var1);  
    obj.write(var2) ;  
}
```

## Mutation Operator #3

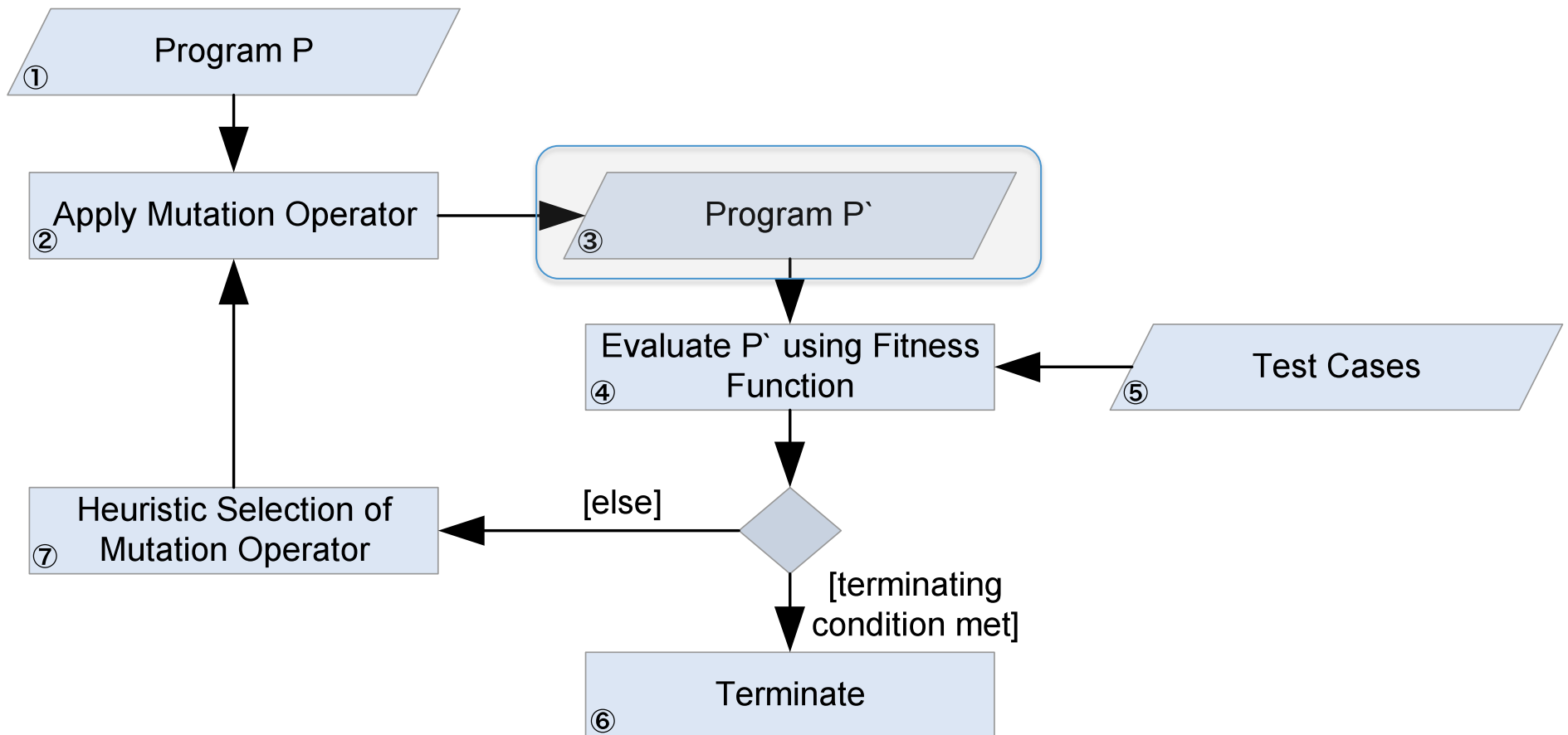
- *Interchange nested lock objects*
  - Targets and fixes Deadlock bugs

```
synchronized(lock1) {  
    synchronized(lock2) {  
        obj.write(var1);  
    }  
}
```



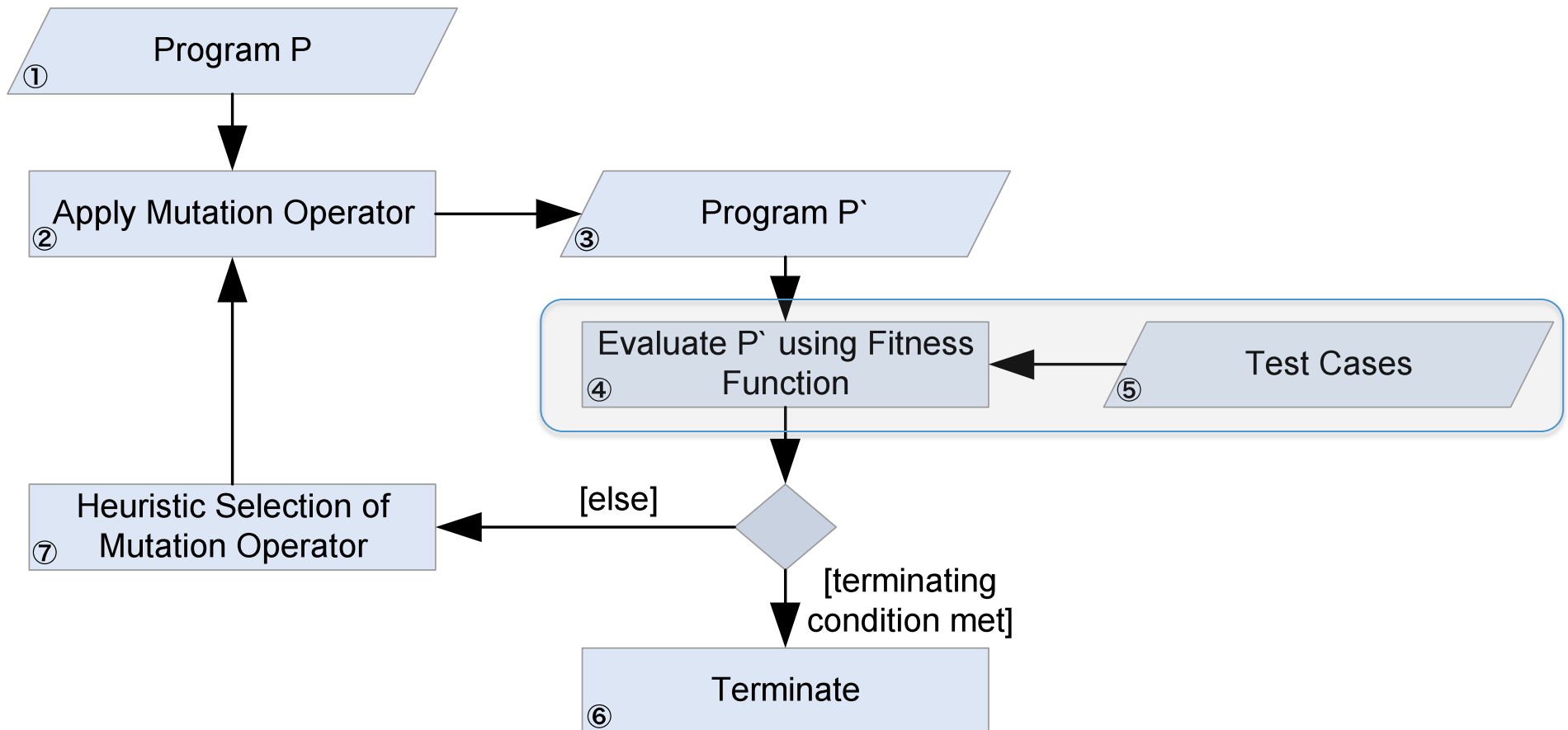
```
synchronized(lock2) {  
    synchronized(lock1) {  
        obj.write(var1);  
    }  
}
```

# Putting it Together – cont.





# Putting it Together – cont.



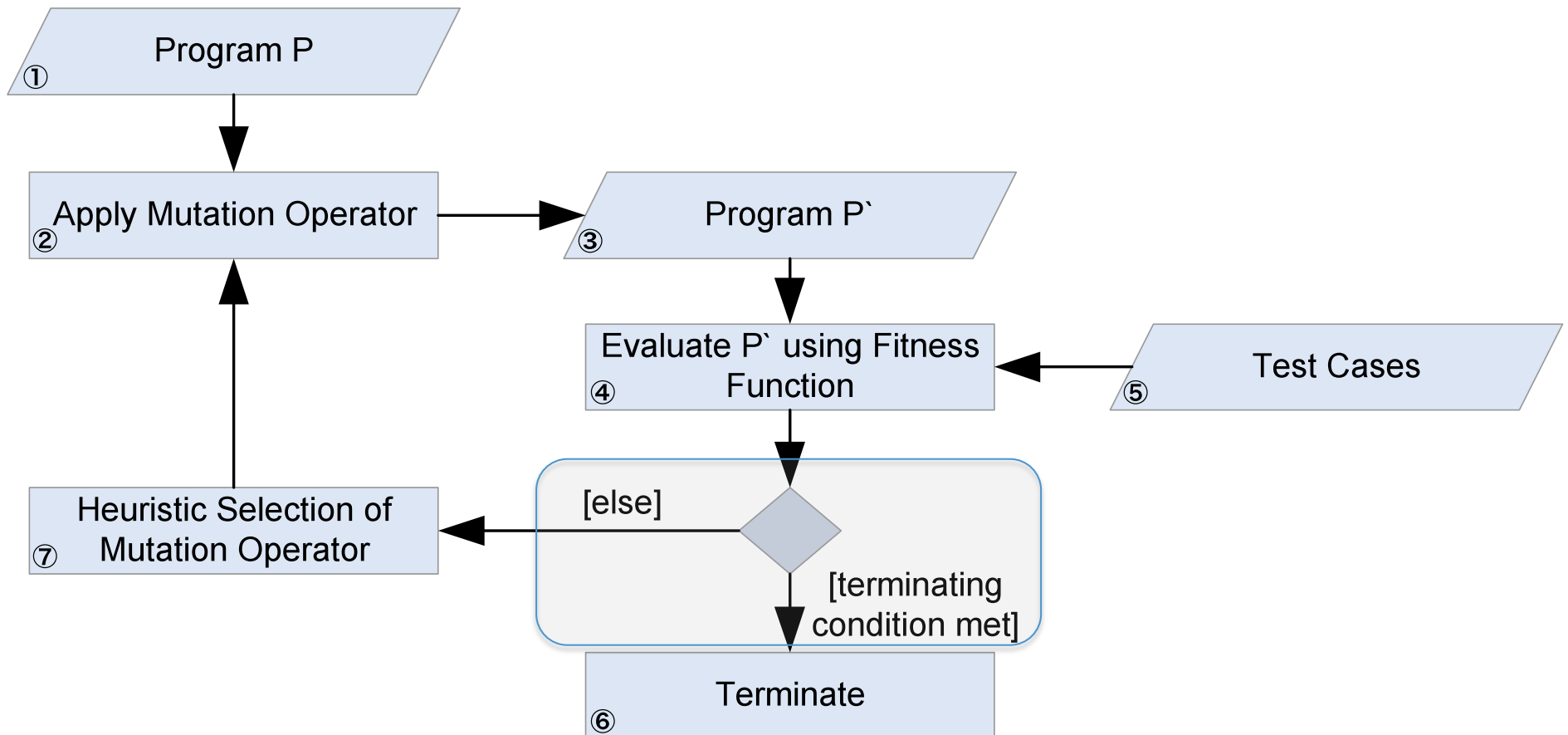
# Fitness Function

- Test program using test cases
  - Run test cases multiple times with IBM's ConTest testing tool
  - Want to explore as many thread interleavings

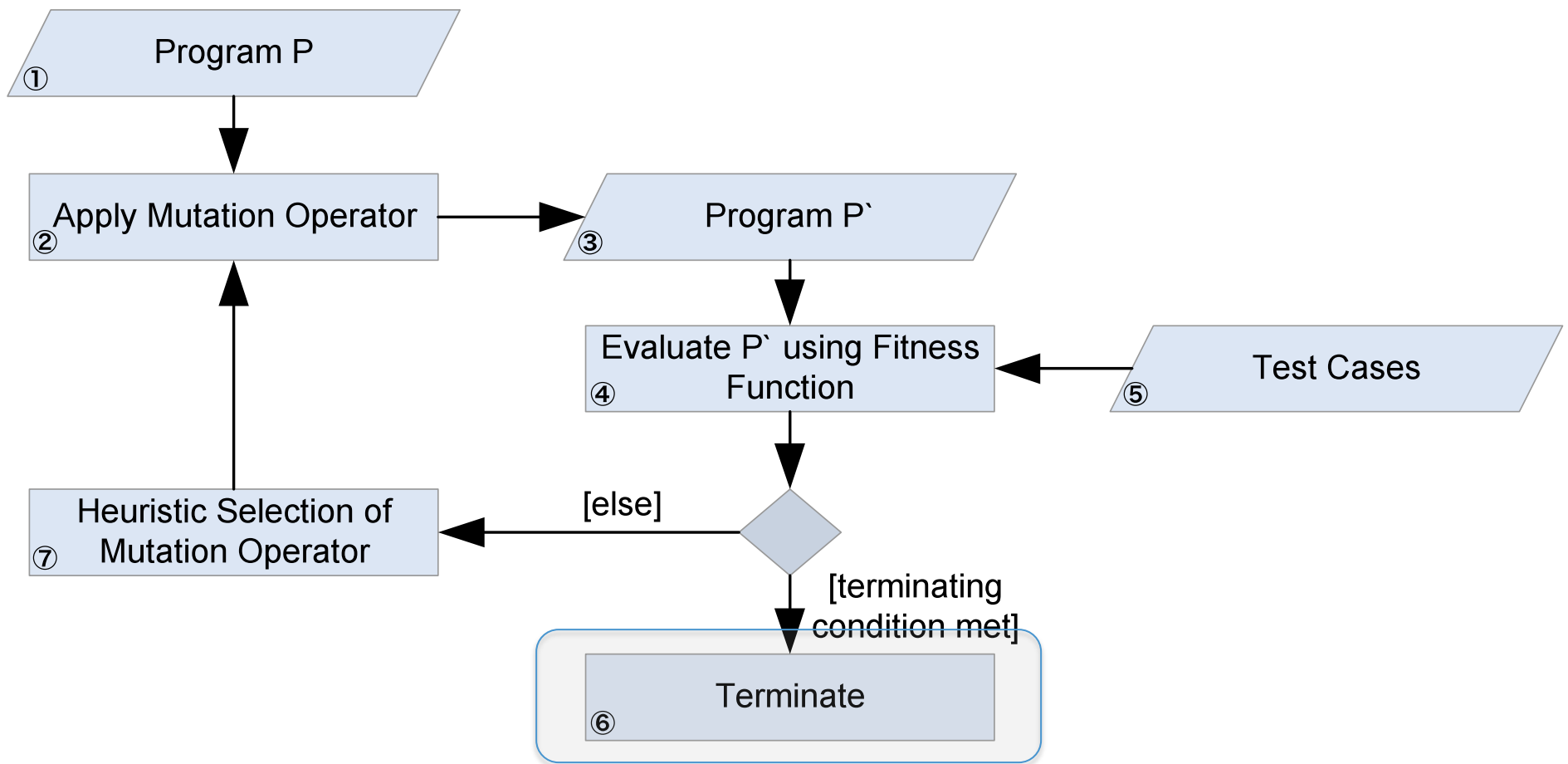
$$fitness(P) = \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{\text{interleavings without a bug}}{\text{total \# of interleavings tested}}$$

$n = \# \text{ of Test Cases}$

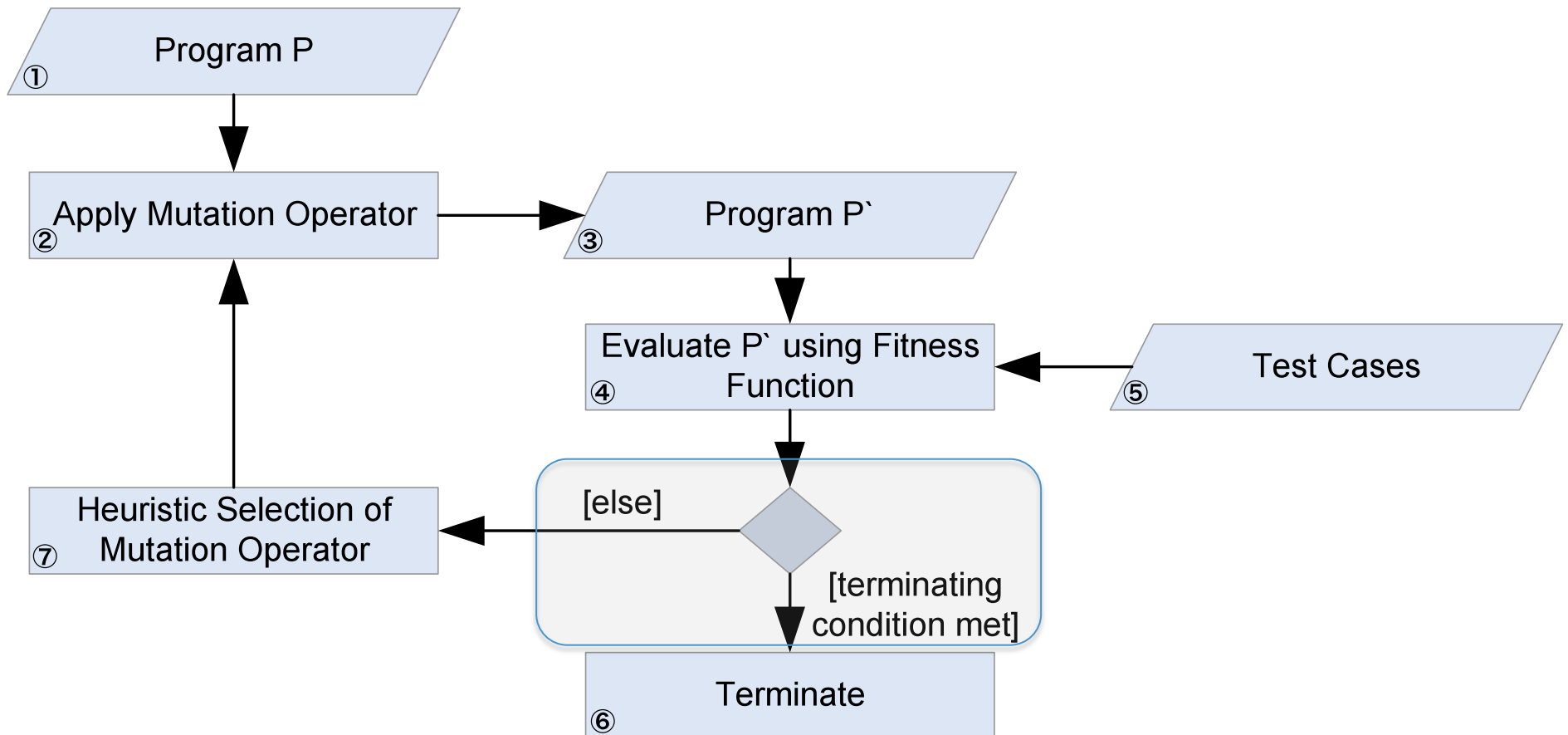
# Putting it Together – cont.



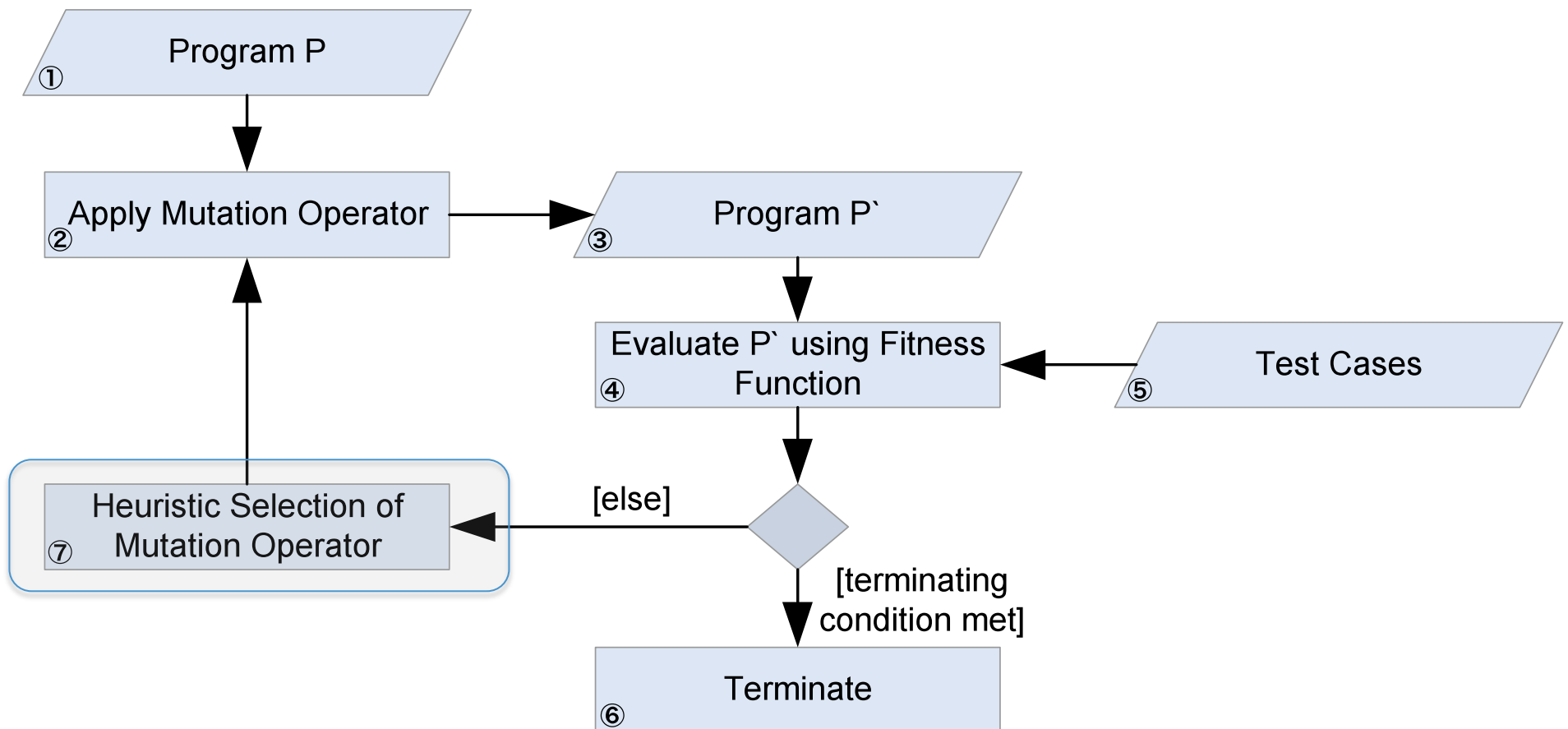
# Putting it Together – cont.



# Putting it Together – cont.



# Putting it Together – cont.



# Heuristic Selection of Mutation Operator

- Based on test results, **select appropriate** mutation operator to fix the bug
- If most test failed due to a deadlock use Mutation Operator #3, otherwise use one of the other two operators

# Example Walkthrough

## ① Program P:

```
synchronized ( lock1 ) {  
    obj.write ( var1 );  
    obj.write ( var2 );  
}
```

*var2* is shared and used  
elsewhere; data race



# Example Walkthrough – cont.

## ① Program P:

```
synchronized ( lock1 ) {  
    obj.write ( var1 );  
    obj.write ( var2 );  
}
```

*var2* is shared and used  
elsewhere; data race

↓

## ② Mutation operator #1 is applied around *var2*

# Example Walkthrough – cont.

## ① Program P:

```
synchronized ( lock1 ) {  
    obj.write ( var1 );  
    obj.write ( var2 );  
}
```

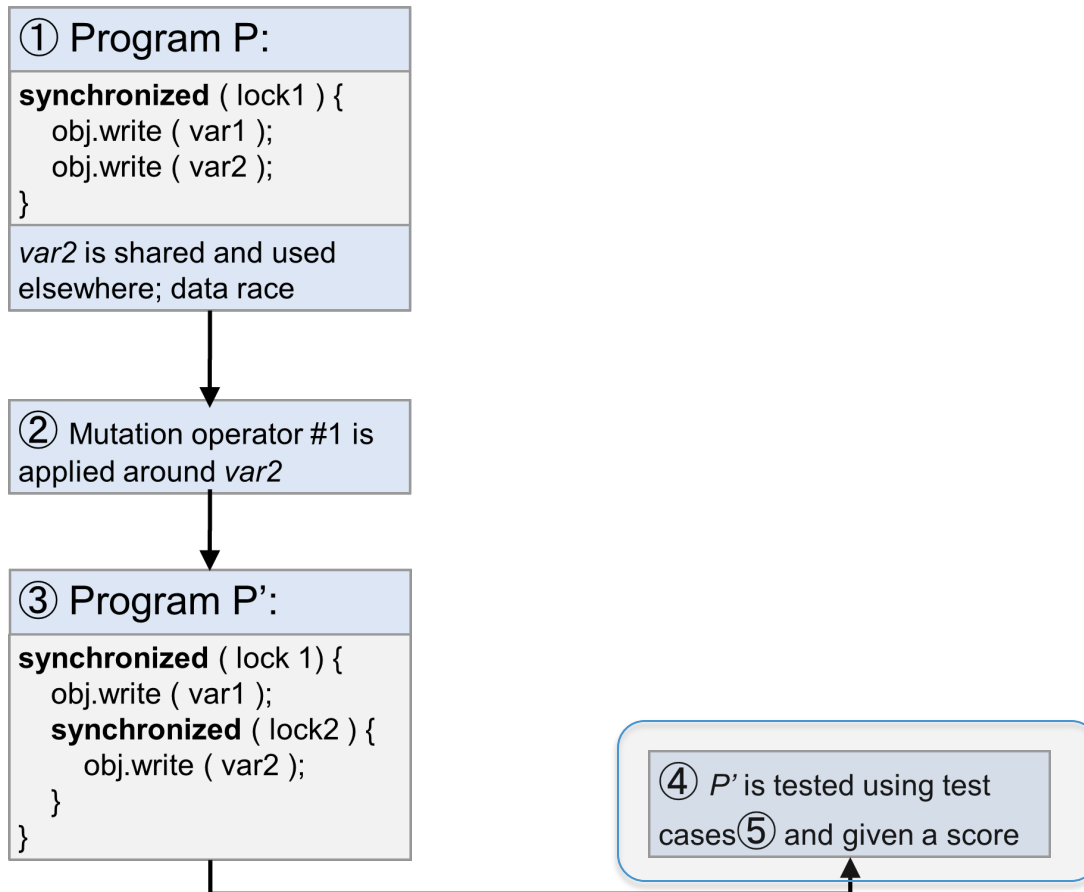
*var2* is shared and used  
elsewhere; data race

② Mutation operator #1 is  
applied around *var2*

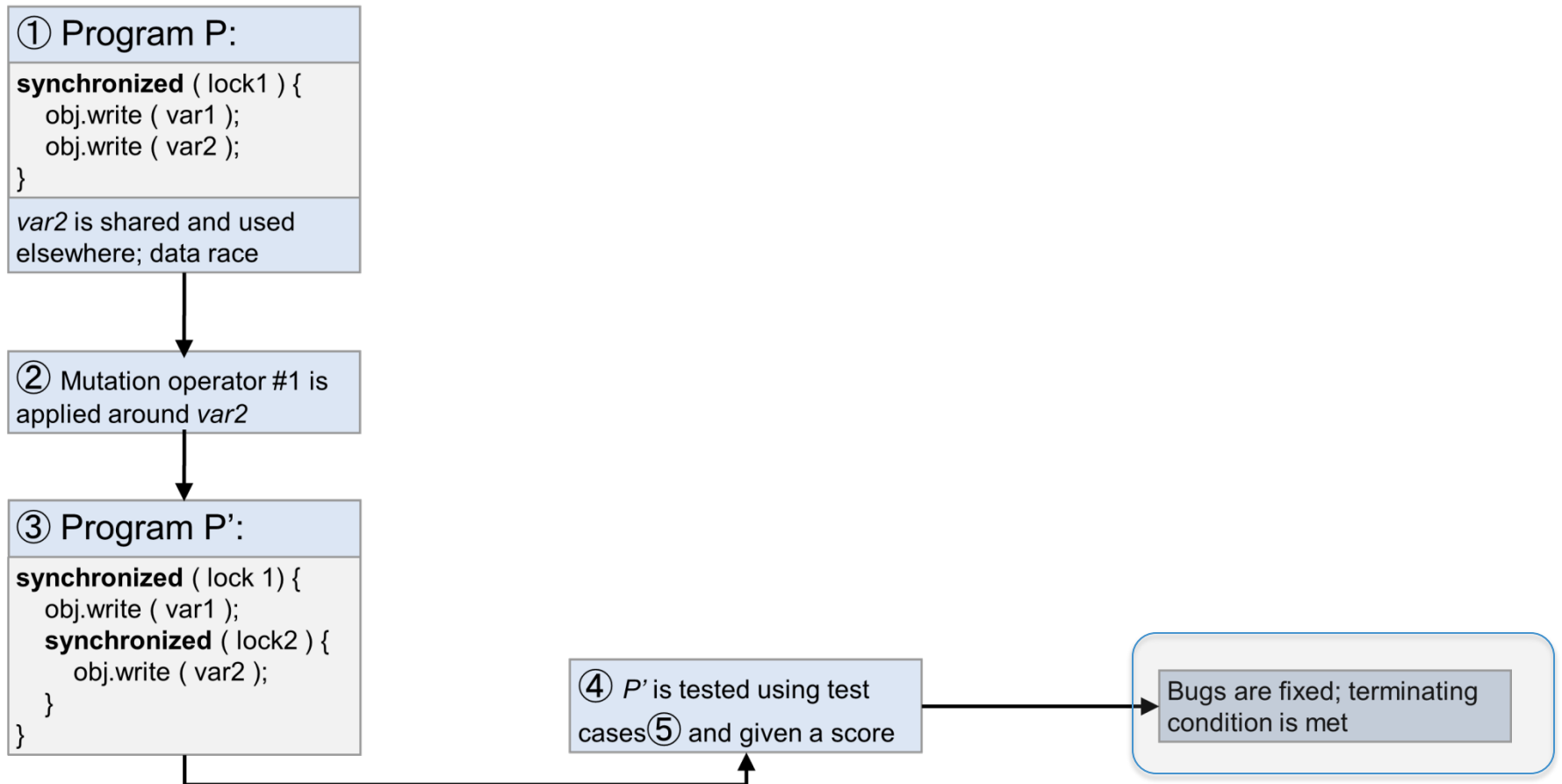
## ③ Program P':

```
synchronized ( lock 1 ) {  
    obj.write ( var1 );  
    synchronized ( lock2 ) {  
        obj.write ( var2 );  
    }  
}
```

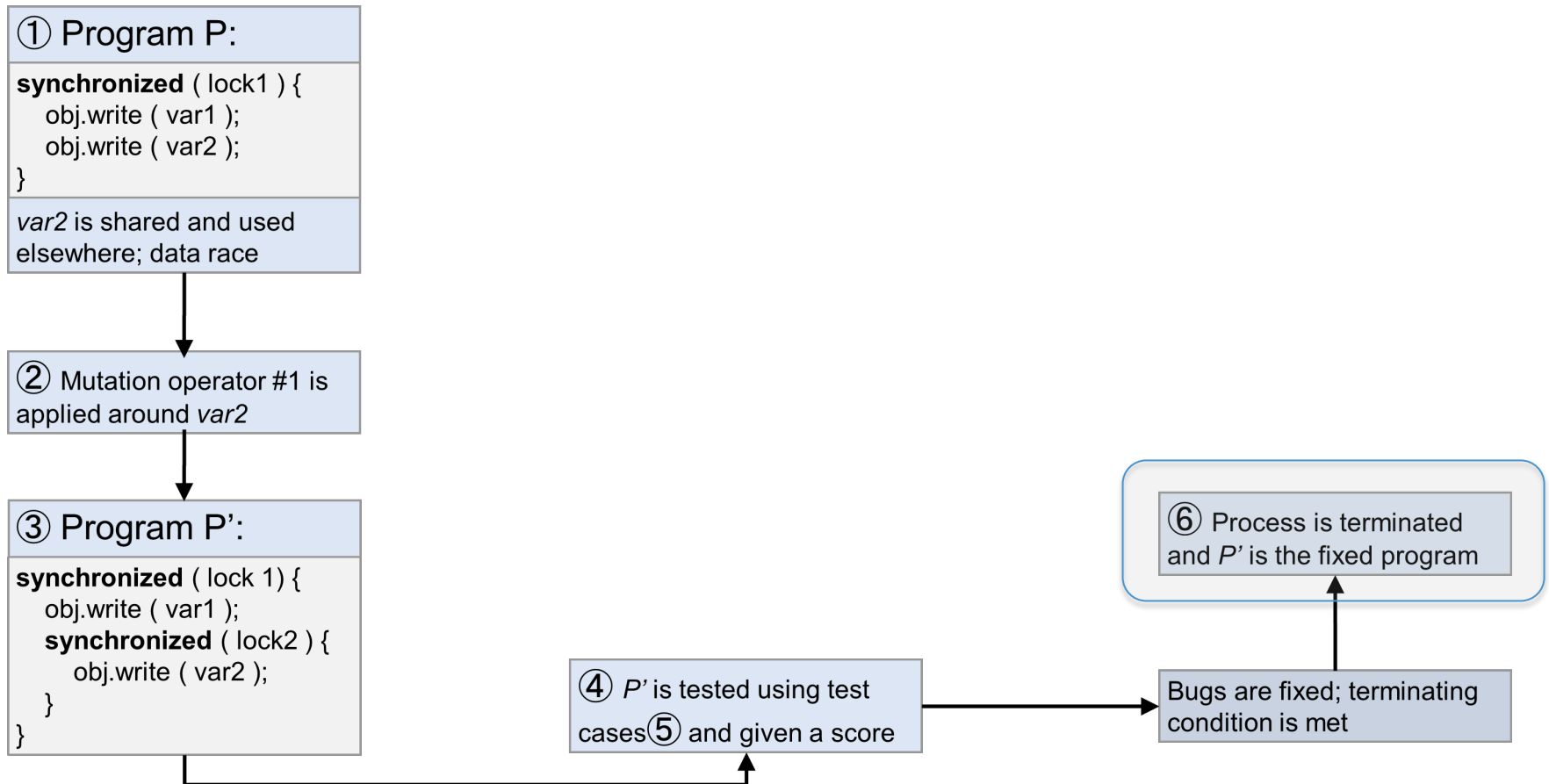
# Example Walkthrough – cont.



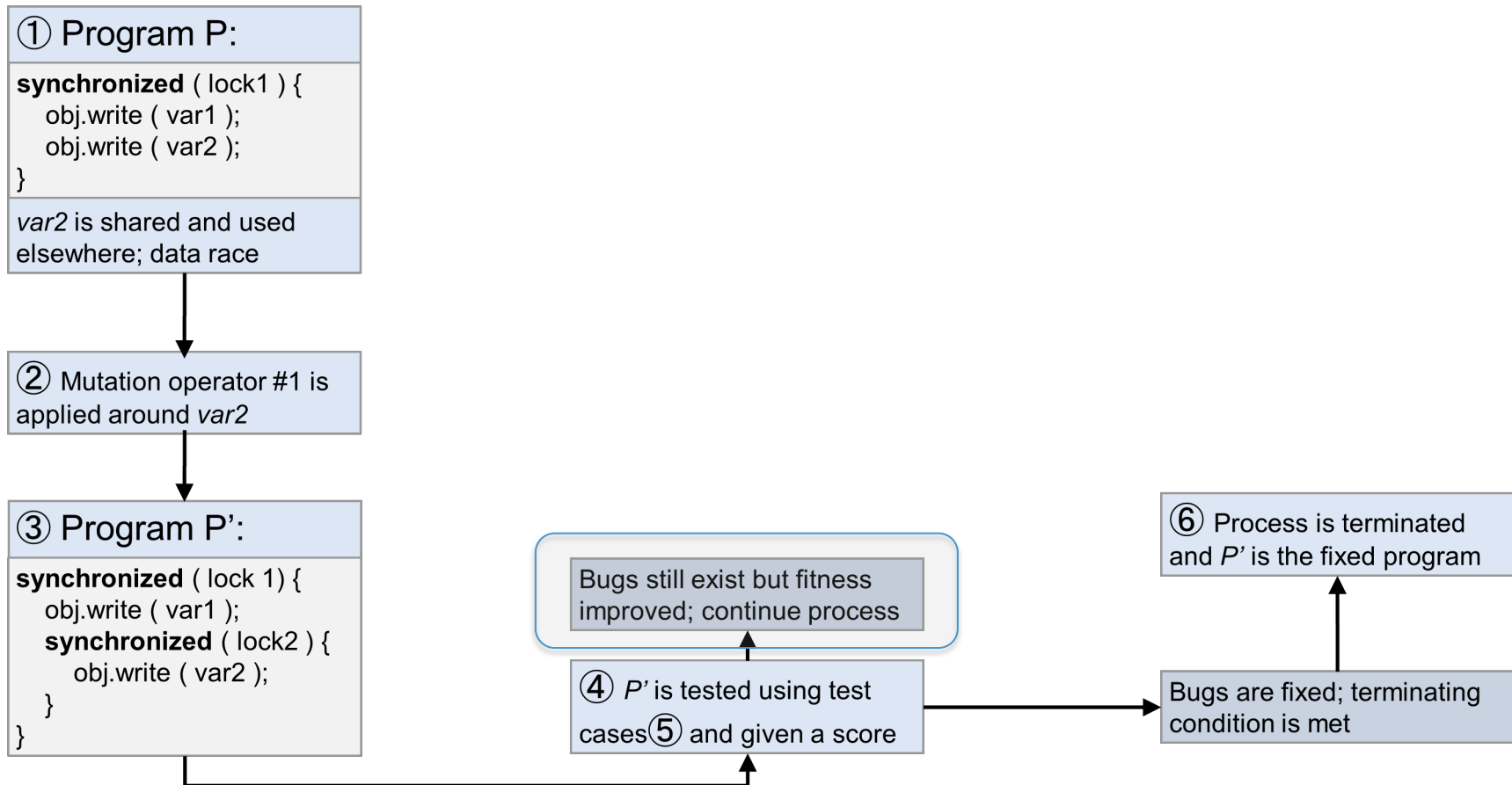
# Example Walkthrough – cont.



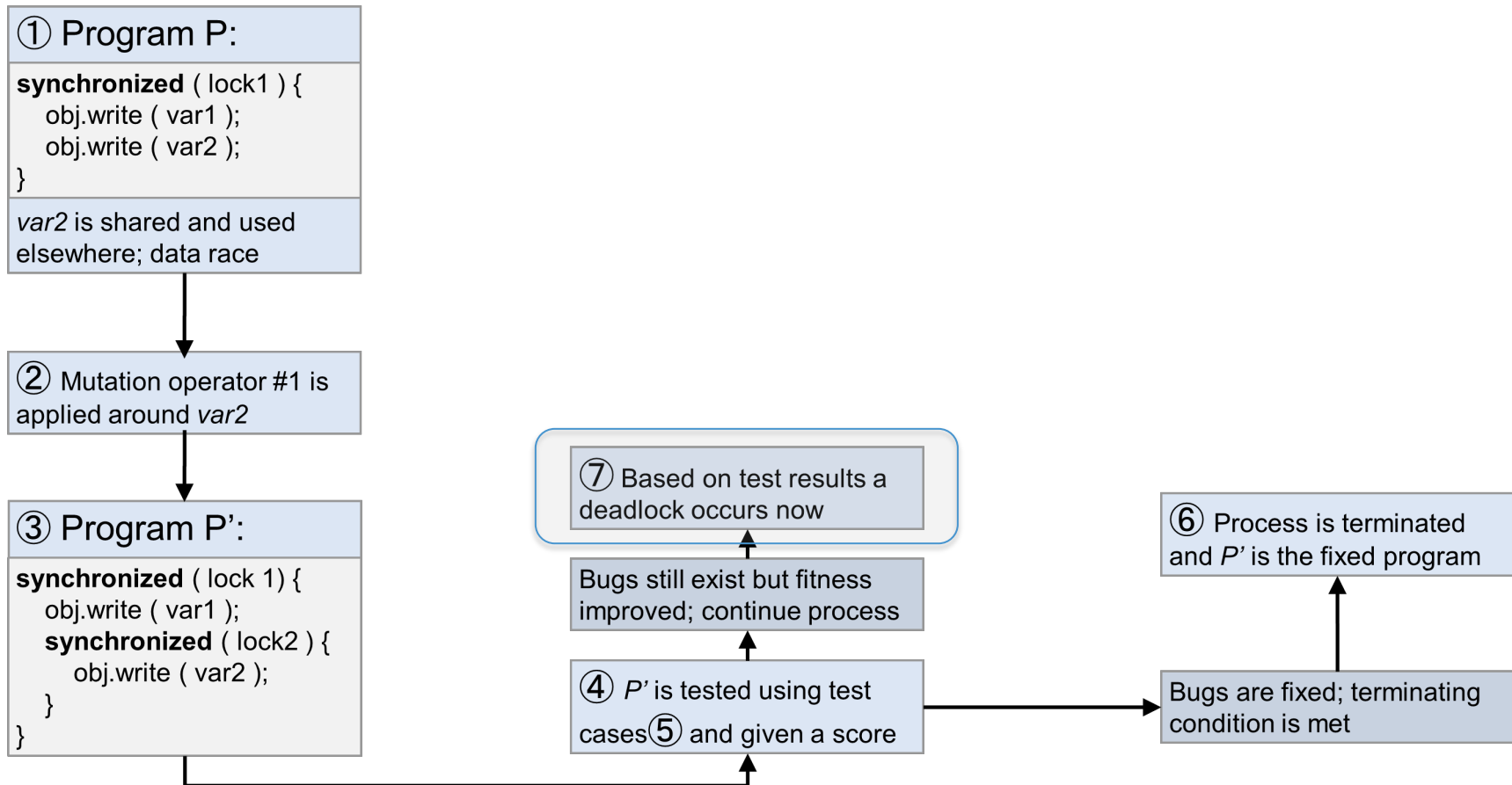
# Example Walkthrough – cont.



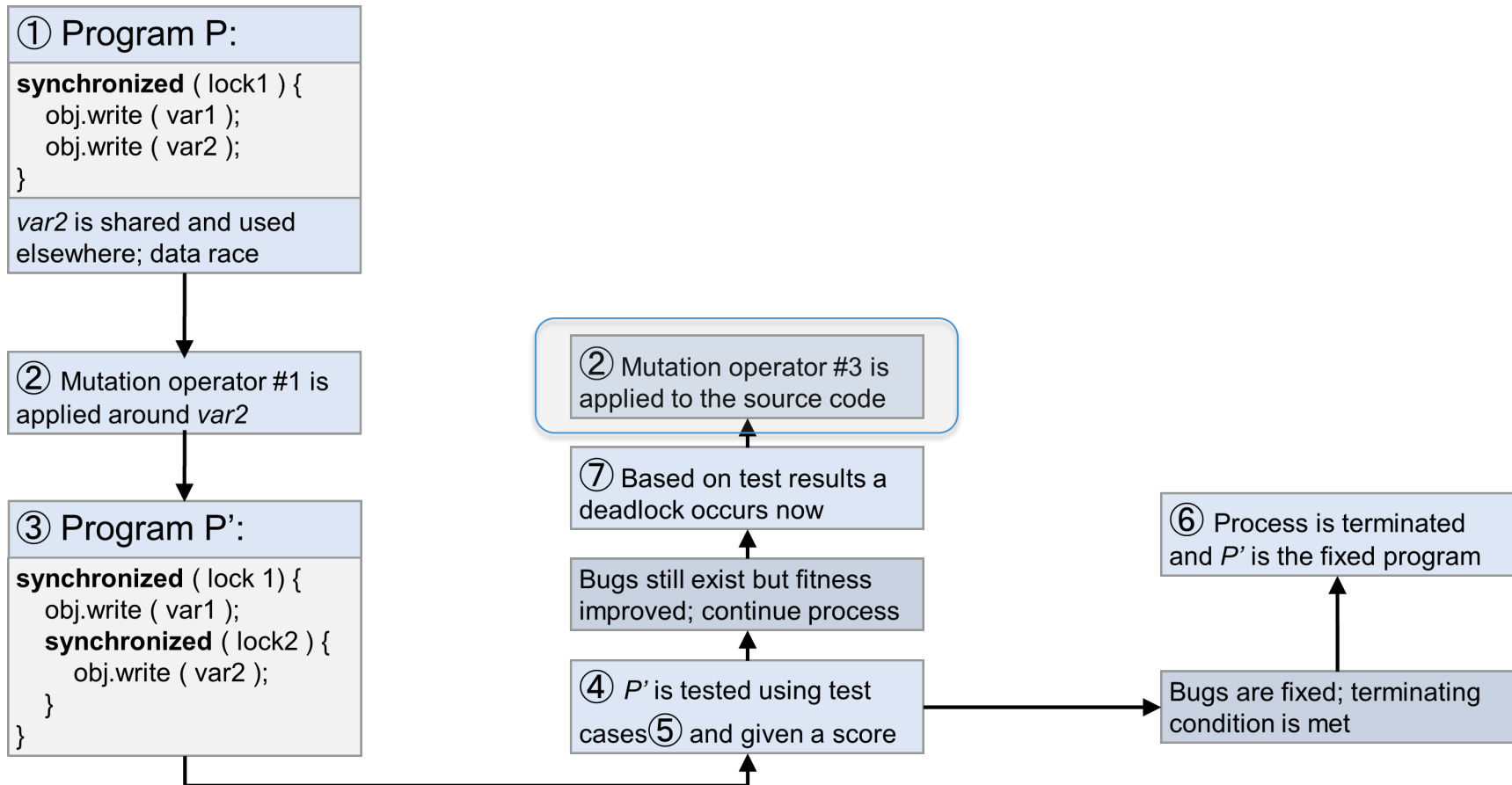
# Example Walkthrough – cont.



# Example Walkthrough – cont.

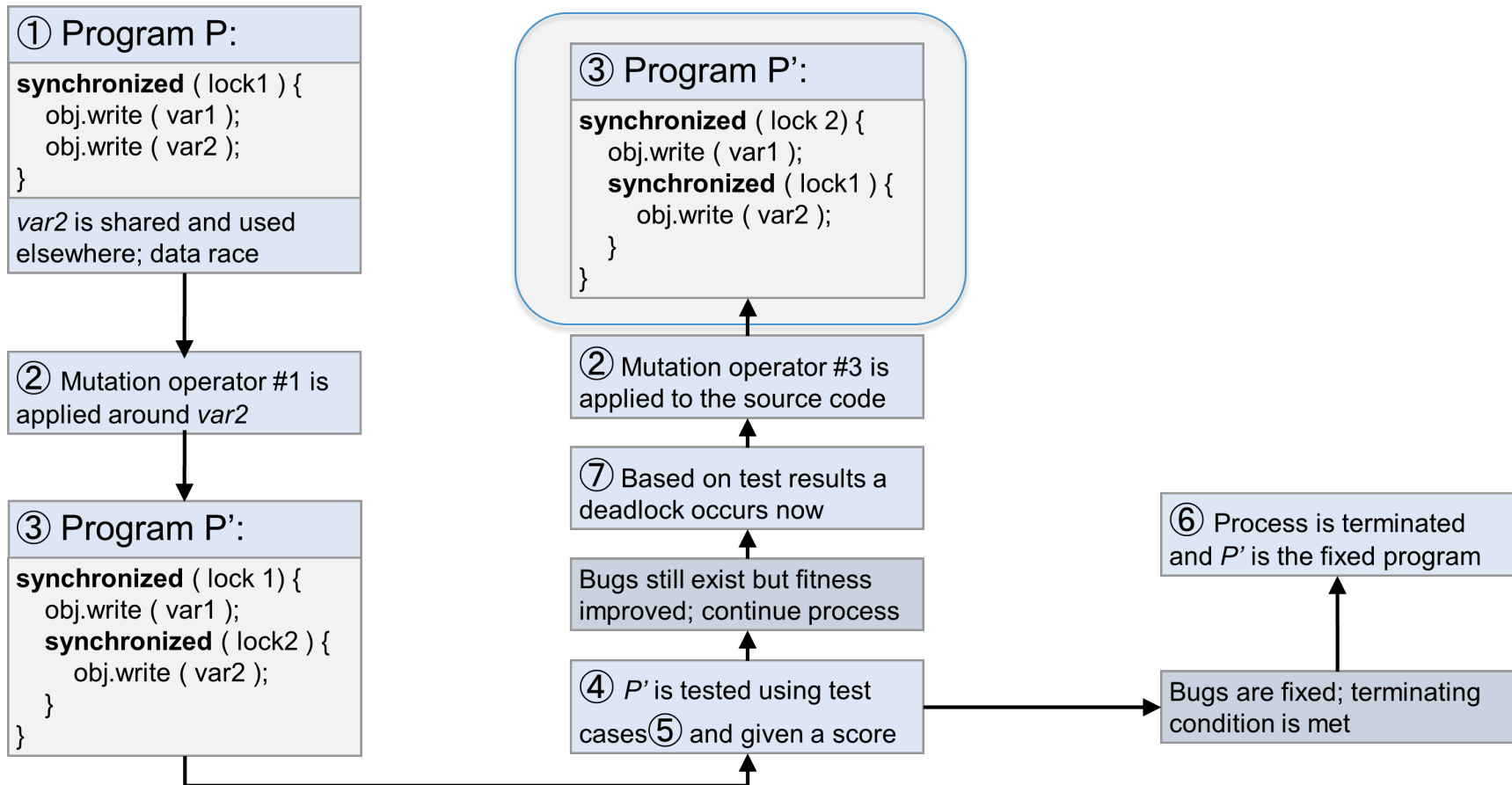


# Example Walkthrough – cont.

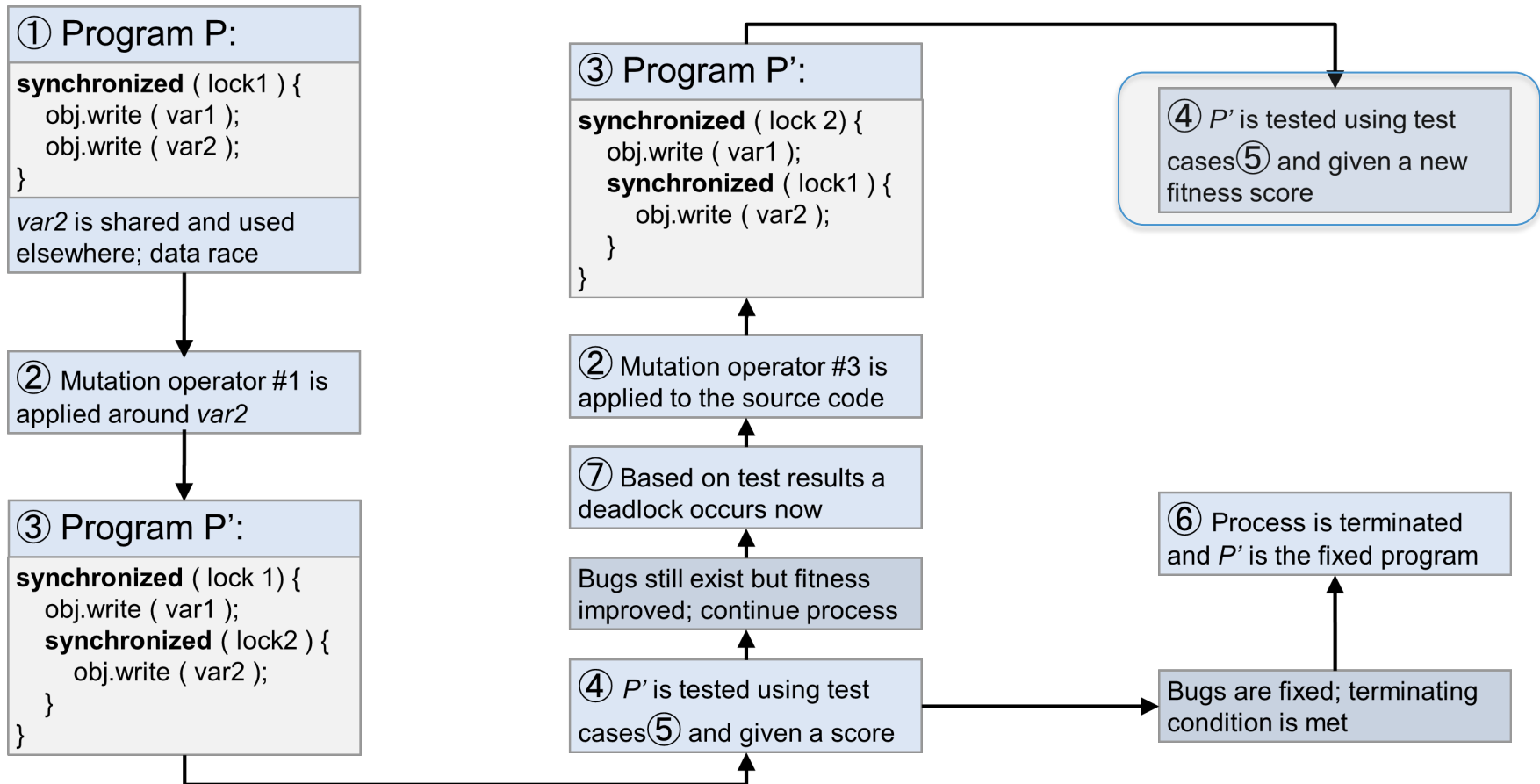




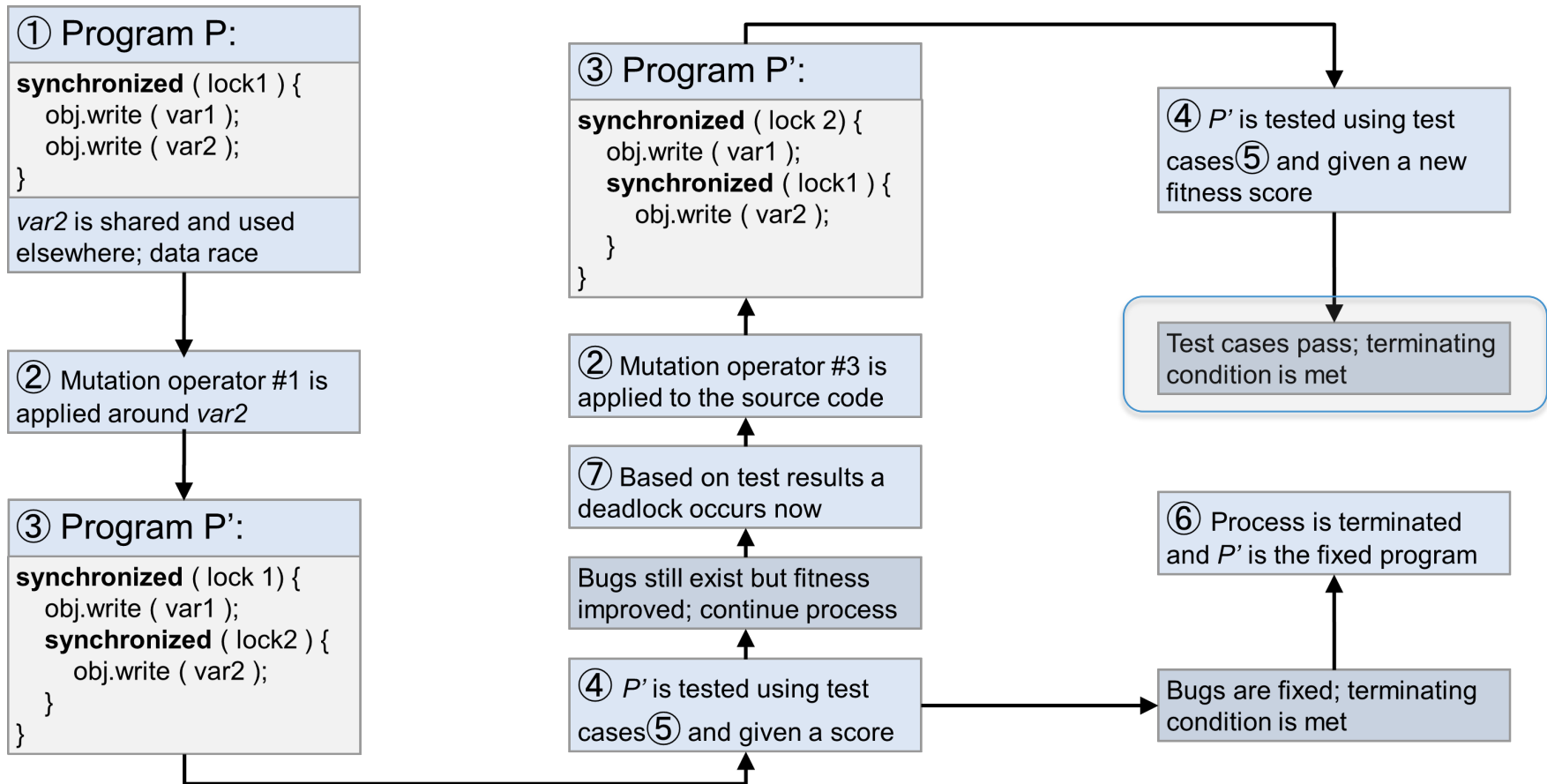
# Example Walkthrough – cont.



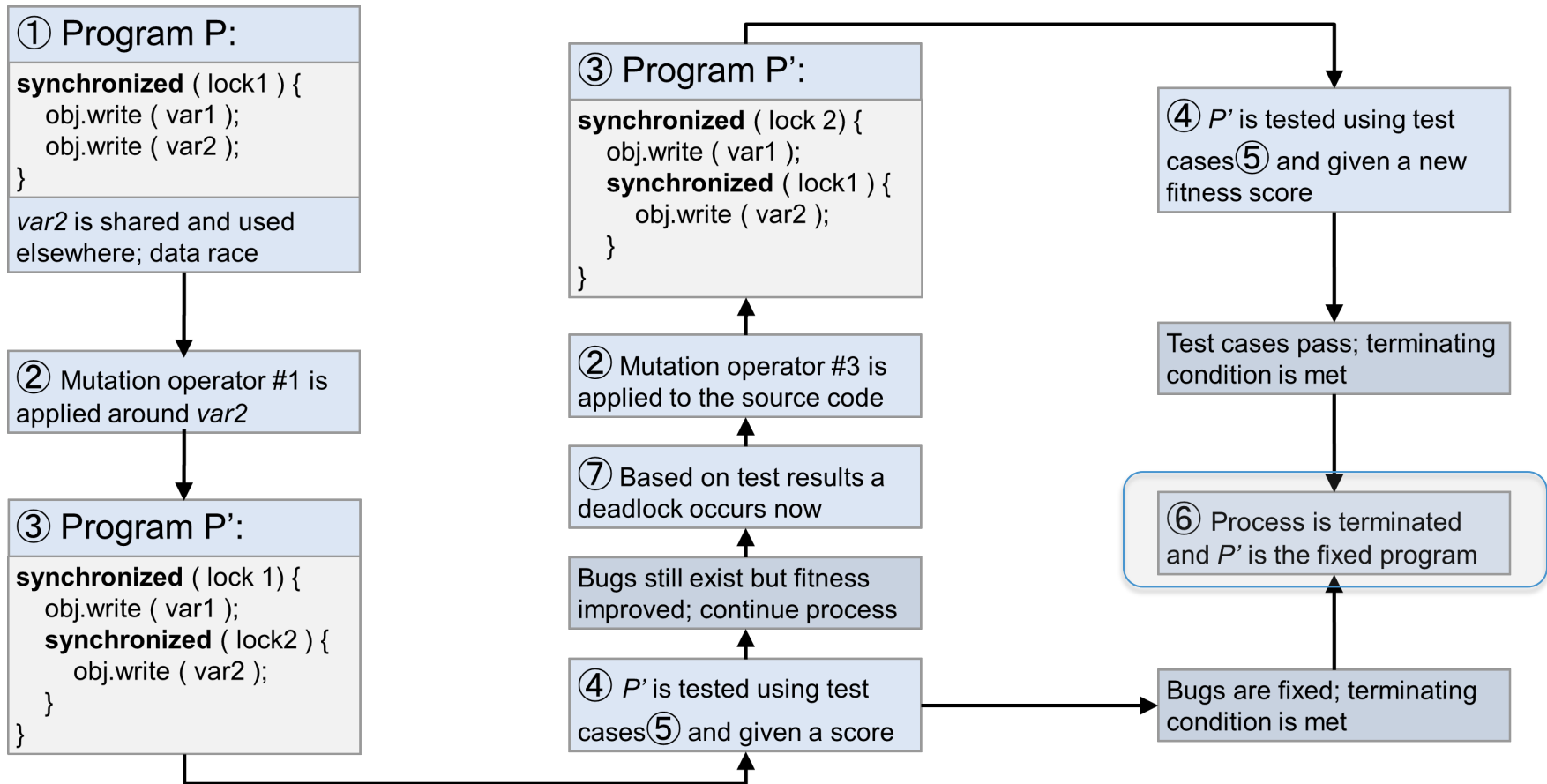
# Example Walkthrough – cont.



# Example Walkthrough – cont.



# Example Walkthrough – cont.



# Conclusion and Future Work

- Based on **solid foundation** from related works
  - **Extension** of related work to concurrency
- Future Work:
  - **Complete** implementation
  - **Evaluation** and **optimization**:
    - Mutation Operators
    - Fitness Function
    - Overall approach

# Automatic Repair of Concurrency Bugs

Jeremy S. Bradbury, **Kevin Jalbert**

Software Quality Research Group  
University of Ontario Institute of Technology  
Oshawa, Ontario, Canada

{jeremy.bradbury, kevin.jalbert}@uoit.ca

<http://faculty.uoit.ca/bradbury/sqrg/>