## **Necessary Packages By Week**

Note: it is possible a few others might be added, but this should get you started.

**PLEASE NOTE** this is assuming you have installed Python & Jupyter Notebook using Anaconda. You are welcome to use JupyterLab instead of Jupyter Notebooks, however we will not support JupyterLab ourselves in this class.

See <a href="https://github.com/jnaiman/IS-452AO-Fall2019/blob/master/installation\_directions.md">https://github.com/jnaiman/IS-452AO-Fall2019/blob/master/installation\_directions.md</a> (https://github.com/jnaiman/IS-452AO-Fall2019/blob/master/installation\_directions.md) for more details about installing Anaconda (you can skip the PyCharm installation part).

Make sure you see the same plots as are saved in this plot - if something doesn't display this means something has gone wrong. Note: anything with randomly selected numbers will look a little different.

Please do not worry if you run into some things you have trouble installing -- we will help you debug in class!

#### Week01:

```
In [2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

In [3]: import datetime

The below is to make inline plots (you may not end up needing this!):

In [4]: %matplotlib inline

The NumPy library is for numerical analysis and using vectors/matricies:

In [5]: import numpy as np

Let's make a quick plot:

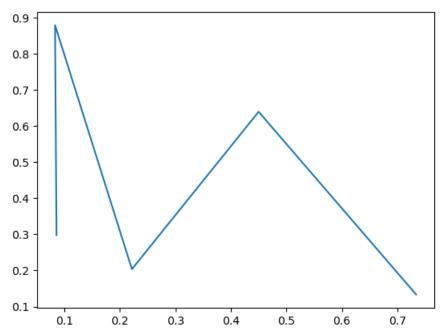
In [6]: x = np.random.random(5) x

Out[6]: array([0.73395713, 0.44998354, 0.22150423, 0.08292652, 0.08549654])

In [7]: y = np.random.random(5) y

Out[7]: array([0.13343308, 0.63934952, 0.20362141, 0.87885193, 0.29803932])
```

In [8]: plt.plot(x,y)
plt.show()



Your plot may look different since it is using different numbers!

This is a library for importing and manipulating images.

In [9]: import PIL.Image as Image

# Week 02

In [10]: import csv
import collections

Note: the above should be already installed in your Python distribution.

In [11]: import pandas as pd

Testing reading with pandas:

In [12]: data = pd.read\_csv("https://uiuc-ischool-dataviz.github.io/spring2019online/week02/building\_inventory.csv")

Out[13]:

	Agency Name	Location Name	Address	City	Zip code	County	Congress Dist	Congressional Full Name	Rep Dist	Rep Full Name		Bldg Status	Year Acquired	Constrı
0	Department of Natural Resources	Anderson Lake Conservation Area - Fulton County	Anderson Lake C.a.	Astoria	61501	Fulton	17	Cheri Bustos	93	Hammond Norine K.		In Use	1975	
1	Department of Natural Resources	Anderson Lake Conservation Area - Fulton County	Anderson Lake C.a.	Astoria	61501	Fulton	17	Cheri Bustos	93	Hammond Norine K.		In Use	2004	
2	Department of Natural Resources	Anderson Lake Conservation Area - Fulton County	Anderson Lake C.a.	Astoria	61501	Fulton	17	Cheri Bustos	93	Hammond Norine K.		In Use	2004	
3	Department of Natural Resources	Anderson Lake Conservation Area - Fulton County	Anderson Lake C.a.	Astoria	61501	Fulton	17	Cheri Bustos	93	Hammond Norine K.		In Use	2004	
4	Department of Natural Resources	Anderson Lake Conservation Area - Fulton County	Anderson Lake C.a.	Astoria	61501	Fulton	17	Cheri Bustos	93	Hammond Norine K.		In Use	2004	
8857	Department of Transportation	Belvidere Maintenance Storage Facility - Boone	9797 Illinois Rte. 76	Belvidere	61008	Boone	16	Adam Kinzinger	69	Sosnowski Joe	•••	In Use	0	
8858	Department of Transportation	Belvidere Maintenance Storage Facility - Boone	9797 Illinois Rte 76	Belvidere	61008	Boone	16	Adam Kinzinger	69	Sosnowski Joe	•••	In Use	0	
8859	Department of Transportation	Quincy Maintenance Storage Facility	800 Koch's Lane	Quincy	62305	Adams	18	Darin M. LaHood	94	Frese Randy E.	•••	In Use	0	
8860	Illinois Community College Board	Illinois Valley Community College - Oglesby	815 North Orlando Smith Avenue	Oglesby	61348	LaSalle	16	Adam Kinzinger	76	Long Jerry Lee		In Use	1971	
8861	Department of Military Affairs	Peoria Army Aviation Support Facility	2323 S. Airport Rd	Peoria	61607	Peoria	17	Cheri Bustos	92	Gordon- Booth Jehan		In Progress	0	

8862 rows × 22 columns

In [14]: import scipy import scipy.misc import scipy.cluster

# Week 03

Note: you may have to refresh your browser and/or close and reopen your notebook.

You may have to do this for a few of these packages (e.g. bqplot, pyodide, etc).



Test a widget:

```
In [16]: ipywidgets.IntSlider()
```



If the above doesn't give you an interactive slider, you may want to try:

```
In [17]: from IPython.display import display
w = ipywidgets.IntSlider()
display(w)
```



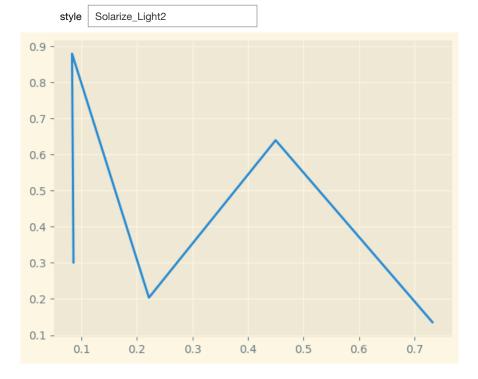
If it still doesn't work, you may have to install the jupyter notebook extensions by hand by uncommenting the below and then refreshing/restarting your jupyter notebook:

```
In [18]: #!jupyter nbextension enable --py widgetsnbextension

### Note, you may have to use instead:
#!jupyter nbextension enable --py widgetsnbextension --sys-prefix
```

Also, try this interactive plot with a selectable dropdown menu.

```
In [19]: @ipywidgets.interact(style = plt.style.available)
def make_plot(style):
    with plt.style.context(style):
        plt.plot(x,y)
```



```
In [20]: import json
In [21]: import palettable
In [22]: from PIL import Image
```

```
In [23]: import IPython.display
    import io
    from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
    import matplotlib.cm
    import matplotlib.transforms as mpt
```

### Week 04

```
In [24]: import matplotlib.dates as mdates

In [25]: import PIL.ImageFilter as ImageFilter

In [26]: import bqplot import numpy as np

You may have to do:

In [27]: #!jupyter nbextension enable --py bqplot

### or instead
#!jupyter nbextension enable --py widgetsnbextension --sys-prefix
#import bqplot
```

Note: it is possible you may have to refresh your browser or close and reopen anaconda and jupyter notebook after you install this.

Try out this interactive plot. You should be able to pan and zoom. Don't worry about the code right now, we'll get to it in week 03.

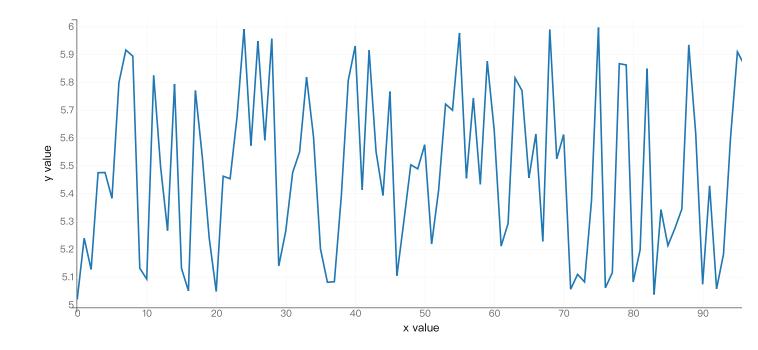
```
In [28]: x = np.arange(100)
y = np.random.random(100) + 5

x_sc = bqplot.LinearScale()
y_sc = bqplot.LinearScale()

lines = bqplot.Lines(x = x, y = y, scales = {'x': x_sc, 'y': y_sc})

ax_x = bqplot.Axis(scale = x_sc, label = 'x value')
ax_y = bqplot.Axis(scale = y_sc, label = 'y value', orientation = 'vertical')

pz = bqplot.interacts.PanZoom( scales = {'x': [x_sc], 'y': [y_sc]})
bqplot.Figure(marks = [lines], axes = [ax_x, ax_y], interaction = pz)
```



Note, if the above doesn't work you can try replacing:

```
bqplot.Figure(marks = [lines], axes = [ax_x, ax_y], interaction = pz)
with
display(bqplot.Figure(marks = [lines], axes = [ax_x, ax_y], interaction = pz))
```

### Week 05

While not strictly the importing of libraries see if you get any weird errors when you run:

```
In [29]: # %matplotlib notebook
# %pylab
# %matplotlib inline

In [30]: import PIL.ImageFilter as ImageFilter

In [31]: import h5py
```

### Week 06

In [32]: import matplotlib.colors as colors

```
In [33]: import bqplot.market_map
In [34]: import traitlets
         Week 07
In [35]: import requests
In [36]: import geopandas
         Make a test map:
In [37]: df = geopandas.read_file(geopandas.datasets.get_path('nybb'))
In [38]: ax = df.plot(figsize=(10, 10), alpha=0.5, edgecolor='k')
          280000 -
          260000
          240000
          220000
          200000
          180000
          160000
          140000
```

In [39]: import contextily as ctx

120000

Make a test map with a background:

0.92

0.94

0.96

0.98

1.00

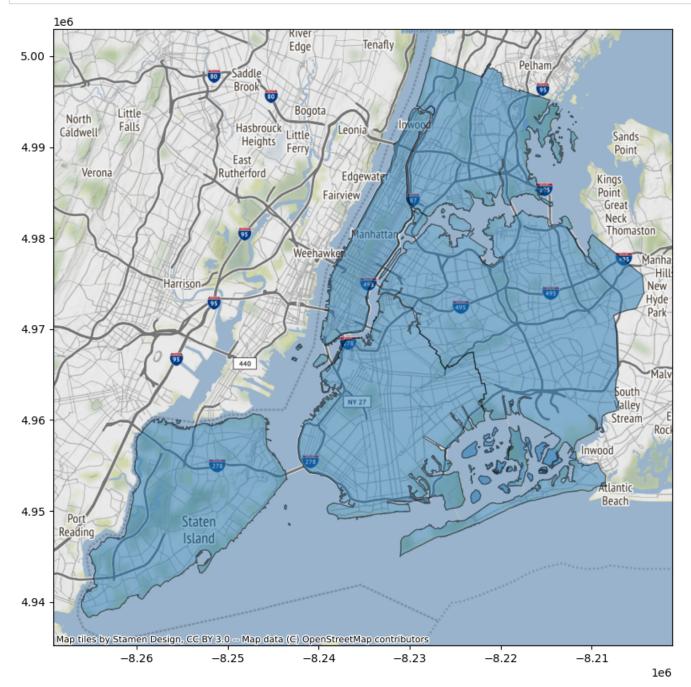
1.02

1.04

1.06

1e6

```
In [40]: df = df.to_crs(epsg=3857)
    ax = df.plot(figsize=(10, 10), alpha=0.5, edgecolor='k')
    ctx.add_basemap(ax)
```



### Week 08

#### Week 09

```
In [41]: import bqplot.market_map
In [42]: from webcolors import rgb_to_hex
In [45]: import ipyleaflet
```

```
In [49]: import pandas as pd
         # this may work...
         #df = pd.read excel('https://query.data.world/s/ivl45pdpubos6jpsii3djsjwm2pcjv', skiprows=5)
         # NOTE! If you get an error here about xlrd try:
         df = pd.read_excel('https://query.data.world/s/ivl45pdpubos6jpsii3djsjwm2pcjv', skiprows=5, engine='openpyxl
         # if you get an SSL error try solutions posted here:
         \# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/44629631/while-using-pandas-got-error-urlopen-error-ssl-certificate-ve
         KevboardInterrupt
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
         /var/folders/1g/rnqhj1zj4xzb9n1n2rshbfgw0000gn/T/ipykernel 65933/2984859994.py in <module>
               5 # NOTE! If you get an error here about xlrd try:
         ---> 6 df = pd.read_excel('https://query.data.world/s/ivl45pdpubos6jpsii3djsjwm2pcjv', skiprows=5, engine
         ='openpyxl')
               7
               8 # if you get an SSL error try solutions posted here:
         ~/opt/anaconda3/envs/DataViz/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pandas/util/ decorators.py in wrapper(*args, **kw
             309
                                     stacklevel=stacklevel,
             310
                                 )
         --> 311
                             return func(*args, **kwargs)
             312
             313
                         return wrapper
         ~/opt/anaconda3/envs/DataViz/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pandas/io/excel/ base.py in read_excel(io, sheet_
         name, header, names, index col, usecols, squeeze, dtype, engine, converters, true values, false values, sk
         iprows, nrows, na_values, keep_default_na, na_filter, verbose, parse_dates, date_parser, thousands, commen
         t, skipfooter, convert float, mangle dupe cols, storage options)
             393
                             skipfooter=skipfooter,
             394
                             convert_float=convert_float,
         --> 395
                             mangle_dupe_cols=mangle_dupe_cols,
             396
                         )
             397
                     finally:
         ~/opt/anaconda3/envs/DataViz/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pandas/io/excel/_base.py in parse(self, sheet_nam
         e, header, names, index_col, usecols, squeeze, converters, true_values, false_values, skiprows, nrows, na_
         values, parse_dates, date_parser, thousands, comment, skipfooter, convert_float, mangle_dupe_cols, **kwds)
            1290
                             convert_float=convert_float,
            1291
                             mangle dupe cols=mangle dupe cols,
         -> 1292
                             **kwds,
            1293
                         )
            1294
         ~/opt/anaconda3/envs/DataViz/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pandas/io/excel/_base.py in parse(self, sheet_nam
         e, header, names, index col, usecols, squeeze, dtype, true values, false values, skiprows, nrows, na value
         s, verbose, parse dates, date parser, thousands, comment, skipfooter, convert float, mangle dupe cols, **k
         wds)
             537
                                 sheet = self.get_sheet_by_index(asheetname)
             538
         --> 539
                             data = self.get_sheet_data(sheet, convert_float)
             540
                             if hasattr(sheet, "close"):
             541
                                 # pyxlsb opens two TemporaryFiles
         ~/opt/anaconda3/envs/DataViz/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pandas/io/excel/ openpyxl.py in get sheet data(se
         lf, sheet, convert_float)
                         data: list[list[Scalar]] = []
             570
             571
                         last_row_with_data = -1
         --> 572
                         for row_number, row in enumerate(sheet.rows):
             573
                             converted row = [self. convert cell(cell, convert float) for cell in row]
                             while converted row and converted row[-1] == "":
         ~/opt/anaconda3/envs/DataViz/lib/python3.7/site-packages/openpyxl/worksheet/ read only.py in cells by row
         (self, min_col, min_row, max_col, max_row, values_only)
              77
                                                  data_only=self.parent.data_only, epoch=self.parent.epoch,
              78
                                                   date_formats=self.parent._date_formats)
         ---> 79
                         for idx, row in parser.parse():
              80
                             if max row is not None and idx > max row:
              81
         ~/opt/anaconda3/envs/DataViz/lib/python3.7/site-packages/openpyxl/worksheet/_reader.py in parse(self)
             142
                         it = iterparse(self.source) # add a finaliser to close the source when this becomes possib
```

16

```
143
--> 144
                for _, element in it:
    145
                    tag_name = element.tag
    146
                    if tag_name in dispatcher:
~/opt/anaconda3/envs/DataViz/lib/python3.7/xml/etree/ElementTree.py in iterator()
  1225
                        if not data:
   1226
-> 1227
                        pullparser.feed(data)
  1228
                    root = pullparser._close_and_return_root()
  1229
                    yield from pullparser.read_events()
~/opt/anaconda3/envs/DataViz/lib/python3.7/xml/etree/ElementTree.py in feed(self, data)
              if data:
   1268
                    trv:
-> 1269
                        self._parser.feed(data)
  1270
                    except SyntaxError as exc:
   1271
                        self._events_queue.append(exc)
~/opt/anaconda3/envs/DataViz/lib/python3.7/xml/etree/ElementTree.py in feed(self, data)
                """Feed encoded data to parser."""
  1628
   1629
                try:
-> 1630
                    self.parser.Parse(data, 0)
  1631
                except self._error as v:
   1632
                    self._raiseerror(v)
/Users/runner/miniforge3/conda-bld/python 1635226140987/work/Modules/pyexpat.c in StartElement()
~/opt/anaconda3/envs/DataViz/lib/python3.7/xml/etree/ElementTree.py in _start(self, tag, attr_list)
                # is set, the attributes are reported as a list of alternating
   1547
                # attribute name, value.
-> 1548
                fixname = self._fixname
   1549
                tag = fixname(tag)
   1550
               attrib = {}
```

KeyboardInterrupt:

In [47]: df

Out[47]:

	DRG Definition	Provider Id	Provider Name	Provider Street Address	Provider City	Provider State	Provider Zip Code	Hospital Referral Region (HRR) Description	Total Discharges	Average Covered Charges	Ave
0	001 - HEART TRANSPLANT OR IMPLANT OF HEART ASS	10033	UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA HOSPITAL	619 SOUTH 19TH STREET	BIRMINGHAM	AL	35233	AL - Birmingham	13	1.172866e+06	2518
1	001 - HEART TRANSPLANT OR IMPLANT OF HEART ASS	30103	MAYO CLINIC HOSPITAL	5777 EAST MAYO BOULEVARD	PHOENIX	AZ	85054	AZ - Phoenix	20	4.375313e+05	2404
2	001 - HEART TRANSPLANT OR IMPLANT OF HEART	50108	SUTTER GENERAL HOSPITAL	2801 L STREET	SACRAMENTO	CA	95816	CA - Sacramento	25	8.156741e+05	2331

#### Week 10

In [48]: import yt

#### Week 11

#### Week 12

#### Week 13

```
In []: import numpy as np
    import ipyvolume as ipv
V = np.zeros((128,128,128)) # our 3d array
# outer box
V[30:-30,30:-30,30:-30] = 0.75
V[35:-35,35:-35,35:-35] = 0.0
# inner box
V[50:-50,50:-50,50:-50] = 0.25
V[55:-55,55:-55,55:-55] = 0.0
ipv.quickvolshow(V, level=[0.25, 0.75], opacity=0.03, level_width=0.1, data_min=0, data_max=1)
```

#### Week 14

```
example from: https://blog.4dcu.be/programming/2021/05/03/Interactive-Visualizations.html
          (https://blog.4dcu.be/programming/2021/05/03/Interactive-Visualizations.html)
In [50]: # test OS
         import os
         os.getcwd()
Out[50]: '/Users/kevinjyx/Library/Mobile Documents/com~apple~CloudDocs/UIUC/2022 Fall/IS445/Week 01'
In [51]: from vega_datasets import data
          source = data.cars()
         source.rename(columns={"Miles_per_Gallon":"Miles per Gallon"}, inplace=True)
In [52]: import altair as alt
          chart = alt.Chart(source).mark_circle(size=60).encode(
              x='Horsepower',
              y='Miles per Gallon',
              color='Origin',
              tooltip=['Name', 'Origin', 'Horsepower', 'Miles per Gallon']
          ).interactive()
In [53]: chart
Out[53]:
            50
                                                                      Origin
                                                                      Europe
            45
                                                                      Japan
                                                                      USA
            40
            35
           Gallon
            30
           ja 25
          20
            15
            10
             5
             0
                           60
                                    100 120
                                            140
                                                160
                                                     180
                                                         200 220 240
                                     Horsepower
In [54]: # save chart
          chart.properties(width='container').save("cars.json")
```

Darwin

In [55]: # print platform

print(p)

import platform

p = platform.system() # 'Linux', 'Windows'/'Darwin'

	<pre># file name with extension file_name = os.path.basename('./cars.json')</pre>							
	<pre># file name print(file_name)</pre>							
	cars.json							
In [ ]:								
In [ ]:								