Quiz 3 Solution

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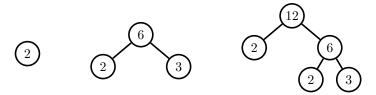
1. Environment Diagrams

```
def reverse(lst):
    if len(lst) <= 1:
        return lst
    return reverse(lst[1:]) + [lst[0]]

lst = [1, [2, 3], 4]
rev = reverse(lst)

https://goo.gl/gnwMQO</pre>
```

2. Trees We can represent the factorization of a number with a *full binary tree*: a tree that has either two subtrees or none at all. Define factor_tree which takes an integer n greater than one and returns a factor tree for n.



Recall that a factor tree contains only the **prime factors of n** with the exception of the root, n, itself. The **tree** abstraction appears below for your reference.

Now, write a procedure, **count**, which counts the number of instances that a prime factor, p, appears in the factor tree t.

```
def count(t, p):
    if p != root(t):
        return sum(count(b, p) for b in branches(t))
    else:
        return 1 + sum(count(b, p) for b in branches(t))
```