School of Computer Science and Engineering

COMP9021

PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING

Term 1, 2023

Contents

1 Course staff and access to resources

Lecturer in charge: Eric Martin

> **Office:** building K17, room 409
> **Email:** eric.martin@unsw.edu.au
> **Phone:** (02) 9065 5587

Tutors:

- Ye Lin (ye.lin@unsw.edu.au)
- Rishabh Shetty (rishabh.shetty@unsw.edu.au)
- Yiping Tang (yiping.tang@student.unsw.edu.au)
- Hao Wang (hao.wang19@student.unsw.edu.au)

Face-to-face lectures will take place at the following days, times and locations:

- Mondays, weeks 1–5, 7–10, 6pm–8pm, in Ainsworth G03 (K-J17-G03)
- Wednesday, weeks 1–5, 7, 8, 10, 6pm–8pm, in Central Lecture Block 7 (K-E19-104)

Consultations will be available, face to face and online:

- Monday 4pm-6pm: Hao Wang, consultation room G01 in K17, from week 2 to week 10
- Monday 4pm-6pm: Yiping Tang, online, from week 2 to week 10
- Tuesday 12pm-2pm: Rishab Shetty, online, from week 2 to week 10
- Tuesday 2pm-4pm: Eric Martin, room 409 in K17, from week 1 to week 10
- Tuesday 4pm-6pm: Ye Lin, consultation room G01 in K17, from week 2 to week 10
- Tuesday 6pm-8pm: Ye Lin, online, from week 2 to week 10
- Thursday 6pm-8pm: Ye Lin, consultation room G01 in K17, from week 1 to week 10
- Friday 4pm-6pm: Yiping Tang, consultation room G01 in K17, from week 1 to week 10

- Friday 4pm-6pm: Hao Wang, online, from week 1 to week 10

- Friday 6pm-8pm: Rishab Shetty, online, from week 1 to week 10

Lectures will be recorded. To watch lecture recordings, you should log into Moodle. Clicking on COMP9021 will take you to the minimalistic Moodle page for the course, whose only purpose is to provide you with the links to recorded lectures.

The rest of the action all happens on the Ed platform: access to course material, MessageBoard to ask and answer questions, applications to write, run and test code...

The lecturer in charge will be answering e-mails for personal matters that are not of relevance to other students, and provided that they do not require extensive or substantive answers. Questions that cannot be answered shortly should be raised in consultation. As they can be more personalised, consultations are meant to provide personal support, resolve issues that cannot be addressed, or not easily so, through online discussion, and get feedback on own work (quizzes, assignments) if desired. All questions that are of interest to the class should be asked on Ed's forum. Students are encouraged to also answer any question and more generally, actively participate in any discussion which they can helpfully contribute to.

Whether you are enrolled in the face to face stream or in the online stream, you are free to attend lectures or not attend them, and their recordings are available to everyone. You are also free to go to face to face consultation or join online consultation whenever you need support but if you are in Sydney, you are strongly encouraged to prefer the face to face option as that is more effective and rewarding for everyone. You should strive to attend the final exam on campus but it is to be expected that some students will have no other option but be overseas when the final exam takes place, and procedures will be put in place for these students to be rigorously assessed, possibly with an oral examination. More details will be given during session when a full picture of the circumstances of all students is available but as a matter of principle, we are getting back to on-campus exams, as that was the case for everyone without a single exception during pre-covid times, and you should not consider that you have the choice between taking the final exam on campus or be assessed in distance mode: the latter will only be for students who cannot possibly be in Sydney during the exam period, and it is expected that the number of students in this situation is small so that they can be as rigorously assessed as everyone else. The day and time of the final exam is not known yet; you will get that information when the examination section has timetabled all exams for the whole university, towards the end of session. For students in Sydney, it will be a 3 hour exam held in a CSE lab.

2 Course details

Units of credit: 6

No parallel teaching: only COMP9021 students attend the classes.

3   Course aims

The aim of the course is to provide students with a solid foundation on fundamental programming concepts and principles, develop problem solving skills, and master the programming language Python. Students will learn to design solutions to a broad range of problems and implement those solutions in the form of small to medium programs, using appropriate programming techniques and tools.

It seems that the current handbook description gives some students the wrong impression that the course is an extremely basic introduction to programming. It is not, should not be, and cannot be so. It takes time for the handbook to be updated, but this is what it should become, and what you should consider it to be rather than what you read now from the 2023 handbook:

This course provides students with solid conceptual knowledge and practical skills of both generic programming techniques and Python programming, to be used effectively in the many specialised courses that expect students to have acquired strong enough programming skills and well mastered the Python language. The features of the language are covered to a significant depth, and there is a strong emphasis on problem solving, from a broad base of application domains, with quite a few that involve mathematical notions. Like all foundation courses for postgraduate students, there is a lot of contents to study in limited time and the learning curve is not gentle. Still the course does not assume any prior knowledge of programming in general, or of Python programming in particular, as its contents is self-contained for students with the expected mathematical background.

4   Student learning outcomes

- Know how to design, implement and test programs written in a language with procedural, object-oriented, and functional constructs.

- Be proficient in the Python language, including advanced syntax and programming techniques.

- Gain insights on what happens behind the scene when operating on Python data types, with an understanding of efficiency and memory use.

- Have a first acquaintance with fundamental data structures and algorithms.

- Know how to design programs to solve small to medium scale problems.

- Be able to write clear, reliable, well-structured, well-tested, well-documented programs.

- Be proficient in the use of appropriate tools, in particular for editing, testing and debugging.

- Know how to plot data in various ways, record animation movies.

- Be exposed to a variety of problems related to more specialised fields and taught in other courses (Turing machines, k-clustering, Prolog, Nash equilibrium, cryptography, fractals...)

- Gain the opportunity to study the design and implementation of a variety of widgets.

5 Overall approach to learning and teaching

You know that at university, the focus is on your self-directed search for knowledge. Lectures, consultations, online discussions, videos, notes, samples programs, recommended reading, practice exercises, quizzes, assignments and final exam are all provided as a service to assist you in this endeavour. It is your choice as to how much work you do in this course, whether it is preparation for classes, study of the more advanced material to deepen your knowledge, completion of assignments, or seeking assistance to clarify your understanding and get personal feedback. You must choose the approach that best suits your learning style and goals in this course. How much time you will devote to this course will vary greatly depending on your learning style and objectives. The course is designed in such a way that passing the course will only require a sufficient understanding of the fundamental notions as well as decent practical skills, thanks to regular work. If your aim is to obtain a high distinction then you will need to invest more time in this course.

6 Teaching strategies

The two 2 hour lectures will discuss part of the notes, some of which come with automatically generated videos. To fully benefit from the lectures, you should beforehand study the available notes and videos. The Wednesday lectures will also discuss quizzes and assignments as they are released. Lectures are designed to help you acquire good learning strategies, provide valuable insight, and improve your problem solving skills. Consultations are for individual contact, to help resolve more individual issues and get personal support for the homework, clarify concepts, get feedback, practice better. Online discussions are for exchanges, for being part of a community, where everyone seeks support and provides support to others on any matter than is of interest to other students. From week 1 to week 9 included, with week 6 excluded, programming quizzes will be released after the Wednesday lecture and your answers should be submitted by noon on Wednesday of the following

week (except for quiz 5, released in week 5 and due in week 7); details on submission will be provided during lectures. This will help you master the fundamental notions and techniques that will have been presented during lectures up to the previous week, keep up to date with the current material, and give you confidence that you are well on track. Assignments will allow you to turn theory into practice, transform passive knowledge into active knowledge, design solutions to problems, and experience the many ways of making mistakes and correcting them when translating an algorithmic solution to an implementation. There will be two assignments, due by Monday 10am of week 7 and week 11, respectively. For the final exam, see the discussion at the end of the first section.

7   Assessment

The assessment for this course will be broken down as follows.

Assesment item	Maximum mark
8 weekly programming quizzes, worth 4 marks each	24
2 assignments, worth 13 marks each	26
Final exam	50

The final mark will be the sum of all assessment items. To pass the course, you will need to get a total mark of 50 at least.

Programming quizzes will be released from week 1 to week 9, with the exclusion of week 6, after the Wednesday lecture. Typically, you will have to complete a program stub, allowing you to check your understanding of the fundamental notions that will be presented during lectures up to the current week. Your answers to the weekly quizzes should be submitted by noon on Wednesday of the following week (except for quiz 5, released in week 5 and due in week 7).

The two assignments will be programming assignments. Each of the assignments will require you to develop problem-solving skills, the ability to design, implement and test solutions to problems, and to gradually acquire all the skills listed in Section 4. They are due by Monday 10am of week 7 and week 11, respectively.

Other programming exercises, so-called practice exercises, will be regularly released to help you become very competent programmers. Practice exercises are not assessed. Solutions to practice exercises are released about one week after they have been made available.

Quizzes as well as assignments will be automatically assessed for correctness on a battery of tests.

The assignments give you the chance to practice what you have learnt and design solutions to common, small to medium scale problems. The learning benefits will be greater if you start working on the assignments early enough; do not leave your assignments until the last minute. Assignments can be submitted up to 5 days after the deadline. The maximum mark obtainable reduces by 5% per full late day, for up to 5 days. Thus if students A and B hand in assignments worth 12 and 11, both two days late (that is, more than 24 hours late and no more than 48 hours late), then the maximum mark obtainable is 11.7, so A gets $\min(11.7, 11) = 11$ and B gets $\min(11.7, 11) = 11$.

Expectations for the final exam are not high: you will have to demonstrate that you can write short programs that correctly implement the specifications and pass a number of tests, for a number of rather simple problems. The main difficulty is to control the possible stress of having to produce correct code in (not so) limited time. Details on the date and time of the final exam will be communicated towards the end of session; for students in Sydney, it will be 3 hour long and run in a CSE lab.

8 Special consideration

If your work in this course is affected by unforeseen adverse circumstances, you should apply for Special Consideration. If your request is reasonable and your work has clearly been impacted, then

- for an assignment, you may be granted an extension;

- for the Final Exam, you may be offered a Supplementary Exam

Note the use of the word "may". None of the above is guaranteed. It depends on you making a convincing case that the circumstances have clearly impacted your ability to work.

No Special Consideration for the quizzes is possible, as otherwise it would not be possible to give fast and effective feedback to the class, both in terms of marks and solutions.

UNSW handles special consideration requests centrally (in the Student Lifecycle division), so all special consideration requests must be submitted via the UNSW Special Consideration online service website.

Special consideration requests must be accompanied by documentation, which will be verified by Student Lifecycle. Do not email the course convenor directly about special consideration.

If you cannot attend the Final Exam because of illness or misadventure, then you must submit a Special Consideration request, with documentation, through MyUNSW within 24 hours of the exam. If your request is reasonable, then you will be awarded a Supplementary Exam

Note that UNSW expects you to be available to sit Supplementary Exams if required. If you are awarded a Supplementary Exam and do not attend, then your exam mark will be zero.

For further details on special consideration, see the UNSW Special Consideration website.

If you are registered with Disability Services, please forward your documentation to Course Convenor within the first two weeks of term.

9   Academic honesty and plagiarism

UNSW has an ongoing commitment to fostering a culture of learning informed by academic integrity. All UNSW staff and students have a responsibility to adhere to this principle of academic integrity. Plagiarism undermines academic integrity and is not tolerated at UNSW. Plagiarism at UNSW is defined as using the words or ideas of others and passing them off as your own.

If you haven't done so yet, please take the time to read the full text of

UNSW's policy regarding academic honesty and plagiarism

The pages below describe the policies and procedures in more detail:

- Student Code of Conduct

- Plagiarism Policy

- Plagiarism Management Procedure

- Student Misconduct Procedure

Plagiarism detection software will be run for all quizzes and assignments, and penalties will be applied to those of the students who will be caught.

10   Course schedule

The following table outlines a provisional schedule for this course. In the **Date** column, **L** refers to the lectures, **A** to the due date of an assignment (10am of that day, always a Monday), and **Q** to the due date of a quiz (noon of that day, always a Wednesday). Lecture contents is described very roughly, only very indicative, and subjected to adjustments.

Week	Date	Lecture contents	Assessment
1	**L**: 13 Feb, 15 Feb	Introduction to operators, strings, lists, tuples, dictionaries, control structures, reading from files, printing, functions.	
2	**L**: 20 Feb, 22 Feb **Q**: 22 Feb	Functions from the random module. Exceptions. Sets. More operations on strings and lists. More on control structures. Arithmetic operators. Positional and keyword arguments, default values, use of star for function parameters and arguments.	Quiz 1
3	**L**: 27 Feb, 1 Mar **Q**: 1 Mar	String formatting. Various forms of comprehension. Representations in a given base, conversions between bases. The Unicode character set. Sorting. Lambda expressions. Floating point computations. Iterators. Timing program execution.	Quiz 2
4	**L**: 6 Mar, 8 Mar **Q**: 8 Mar	Walrus operator. Zipping and plotting sequences. Finer use of timeit, insights on the complexity of operations on lists versus sets. Global versus local variables. More operations on sets. Simple versus complex types as default arguments. Bitwise operators.	Quiz 3
5	**L**: 13 Mar, 15 Mar **Q**: 15 Mar	More on generator expressions. Slices. Insights on space allocation for lists. Working with paths in a platform-independent manner. Reading from and writing to csv files. More use of the standard library: defaultdict and Counter from collections, product from itertools... Generator functions.	Quiz 4
6			

7	**L**: 27 Mar, 29 Mar **A**: 27 Mar **Q**: 29 Mar	Named tuples. Operations with infinities. Regular expressions. Lists of lists. Numpy arrays, types, reshaping, broadcasting, arithmetic and Boolean operators. More on plotting, creating animations with matplotlib. Command line arguments.	Assignment 1 Quiz 5
8	**L**: 3 Apr, 5 Apr **Q**: 5 Apr	Inner functions. Recursion. Memoisation, using default arguments or the lru_cache decorator. The ___defaults___ attribute of functions. Itertools module: permutations. Turning recursive designs into iterative designs. Specialised operations on strings.	Quiz 6
9	**L**: 12 Apr **Q**: 12 Apr	Classes and objects. Special methods, in particular for the implementation of operators. Customised exceptions. More on function parameters. Insights on object creation and initialisation and on OO syntax. Abstract classes. The fraction module.	Quiz 7
10	**L**: 17 Apr, 19 Apr **Q**: 19 Apr	Dynamic programming. Inheritance. Decorators. Properties, getters and setters. Sorting. Presentation of more optional material and modules for specialised applications: beautifulsoup for web crawling, PIL for image processing, pygame...	Quiz 8
11	**A**: 24 Apr		Assignment 2

11 Additional resources

Announcements, jupyter notebook sheets, html files, sample programs, links to automatically produced videos, practice exercises and solutions, quizzes and assignment specifications are made available at the course's homepage. The link that follows lets you log into the Ed platform:

There is no required textbook, and the provided material is self-contained. Still, you are encouraged to also spend time reading books or tutorials or watching videos, most of which teach programming in more or less the same way, quite different from the approach I am advocating.

Jupyter notebook sheets, together with static html files produced from those, will be provided as notes. Some of the notes are complemented with automatically produced videos. Jupyter notebook sheets offer many advantages over the more traditional lecture notes: you can edit the cells that make up a Jupyter notebook sheet, you can add or delete cells, you can run the contents of cells that contain code, allowing you to guess what the output will be and check that your guess is correct, letting you play a more active role when you learn from existing code. These Jupyter notebook sheets have been very carefully designed to cover an extensive part of the Python language and include, besides all the basics, advanced syntax and programming techniques, more than you will find in most textbooks, all presented in the context of interesting problems, most of which should be relevant to the practical problems you will have to tackle in the workplace or in other courses.

Here are some recommendations for further reading, but you will very certainly come across other resources, and you are encouraged to share your great findings with everyone. . .

For easy introductions to Python, I recommend:

John Zelle: Python Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science

They can be complemented with:

Brad Miller and David Ranum: Problem Solving with Algorithms and Data Structures Using Python

and with:

Allen B. Downey: How to think like a computer scientist: Learning with Python

For students with a good knowledge of Python already, I recommend:

Luciano Ramalho: Fluent Python

and

David Beazley and Brian K. Jones: Python Cookbook

Official references are richer and often invaluable:

The Python Tutorial

They also offer the most complete coverage of the language:

The Python Standard Library

Every week, there will be a widget, but to understand all aspects of their code, some resources are necessary. The official reference:

Graphical User Interfaces with Tk

does the job perfectly.

12   Course evaluation and development

Student feedback on the course will be obtained via electronic survey at the end of session. Student feedback is taken seriously, and continual improvements are made to the course partly based on it. Despite quizzes having been made easier than ever following previous student judgement, a significant fraction of students again condemned them as too demanding, so the expectations will be lowered further. It has also been suggested to provide for each lecture a summary slide, which will be done.

13   Other matters

Practical work can be conducted either on Ed or on your own computer. If your computer is a Windows machine then you might consider installing Linux. Information on doing so is available at `http://taggi.cse.unsw.edu.au/FAQ/Running_your_computer/`.

A good starting point to learn more about the computing environment and available resources is `http://taggi.cse.unsw.edu.au/FAQ/`

You should have read carefully the page on Student Code of Conduct.

You might also find the following web sites useful.

- Library: `https://www.library.unsw.edu.au`

- Academic Skills Support: `http://www.lc.unsw.edu.au`

- Safety: `https://safety.unsw.edu.au`

- Equitable Learning Services: `https://student.unsw.edu.au/disability/`