

Code Development

Blue Coding Team:

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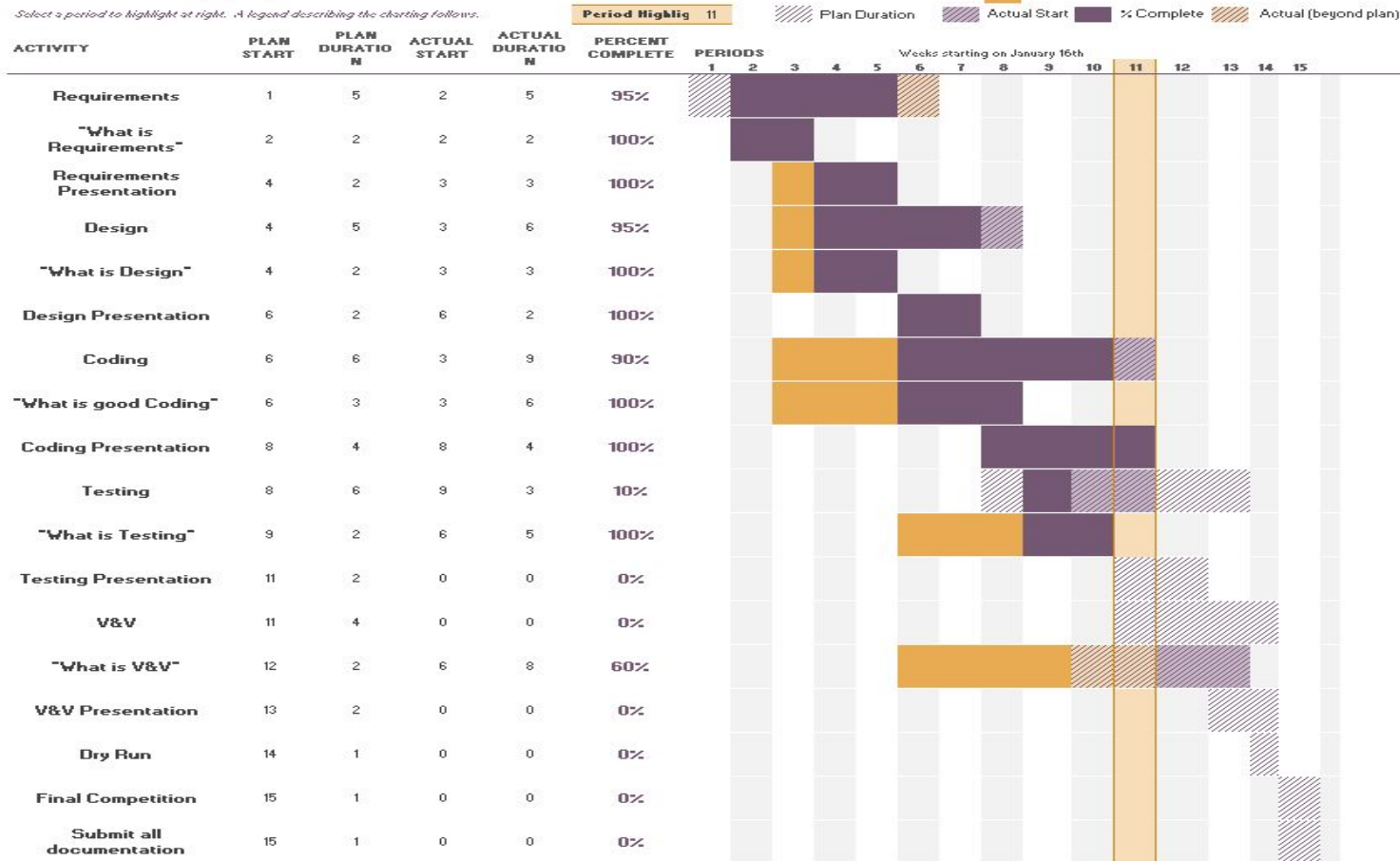
Nawaf Abdullah

Evan Kerr

Ali Wahab

AERSP 440; Blue Team Gantt Chart

Select a period to highlight at right. A legend describing the charting follows.

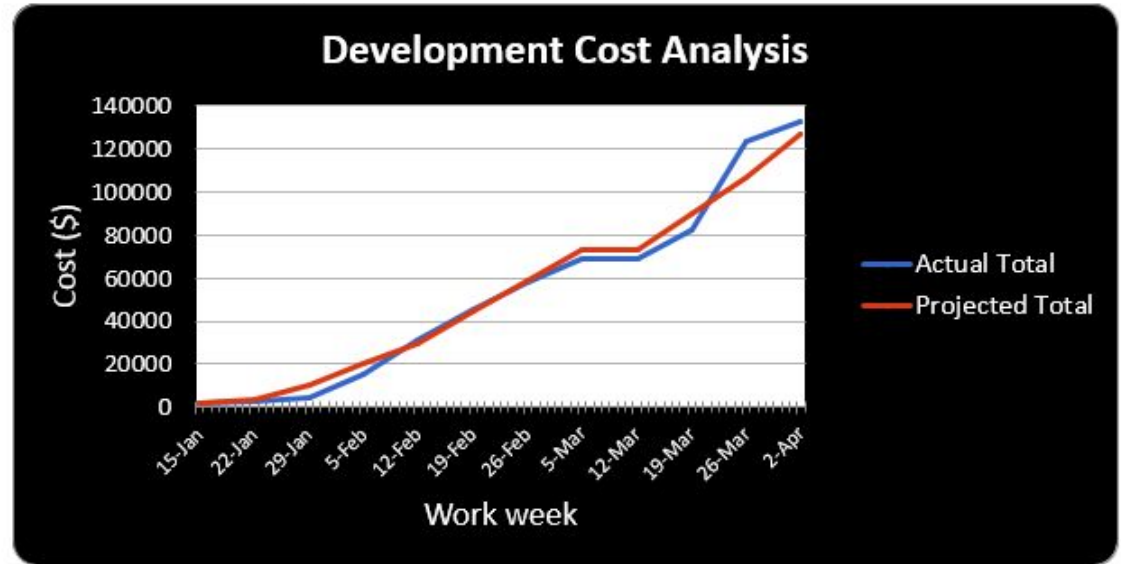


Financial Progress Report

COCOMO Estimation	
Type	Cost (\$)
Organic	172934.40
Semi-detached	216500.40
Embedded	269219.27

Final estimated bill: \$191200

Total current costs: \$127200



Requirements

System Level Requirements

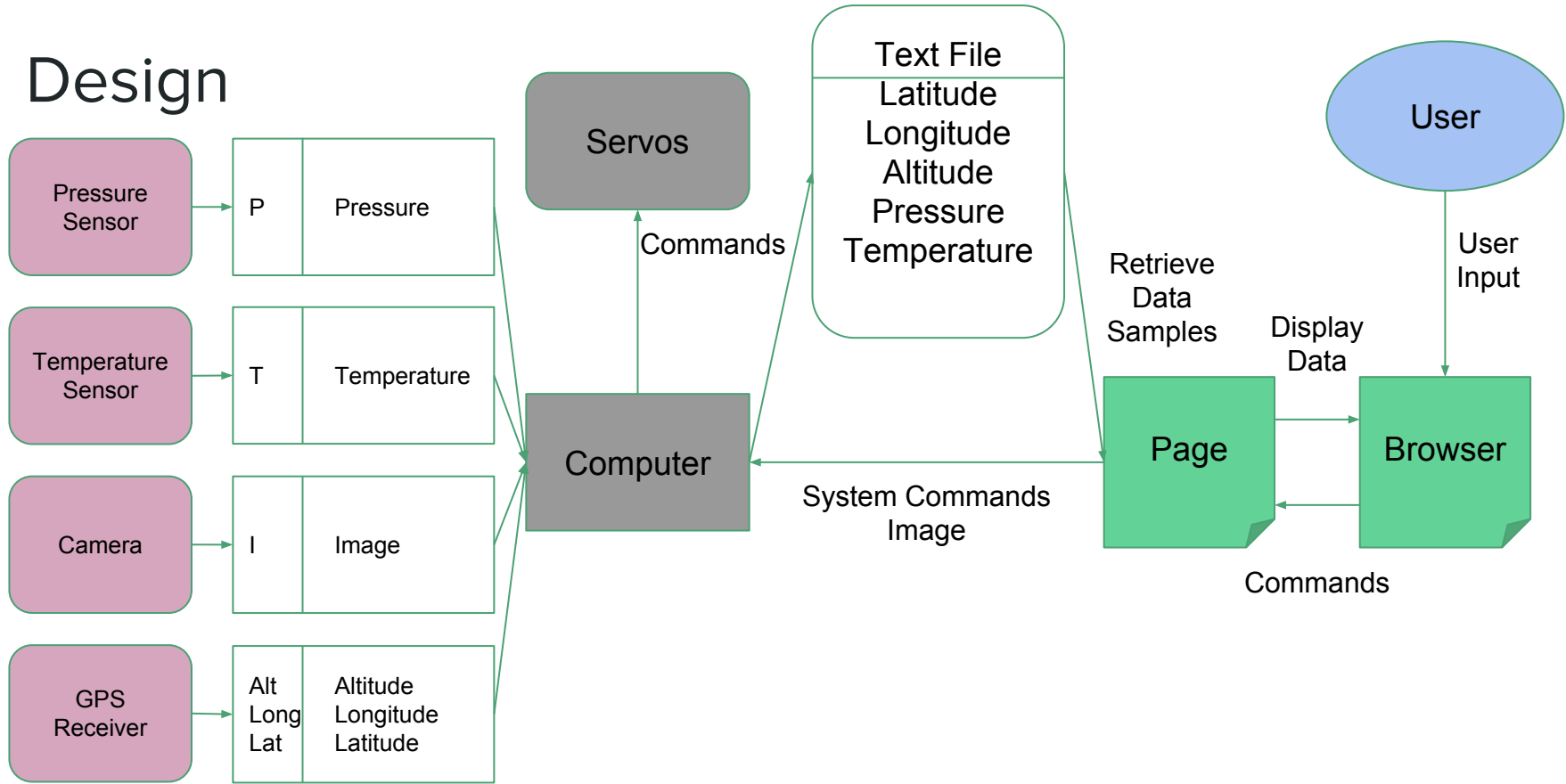
- User Interface

- **Webhost** - The user interface shall display flight system instrument readings on a laptop within a single window that shows live measurements and graphs data as a function of altitude.

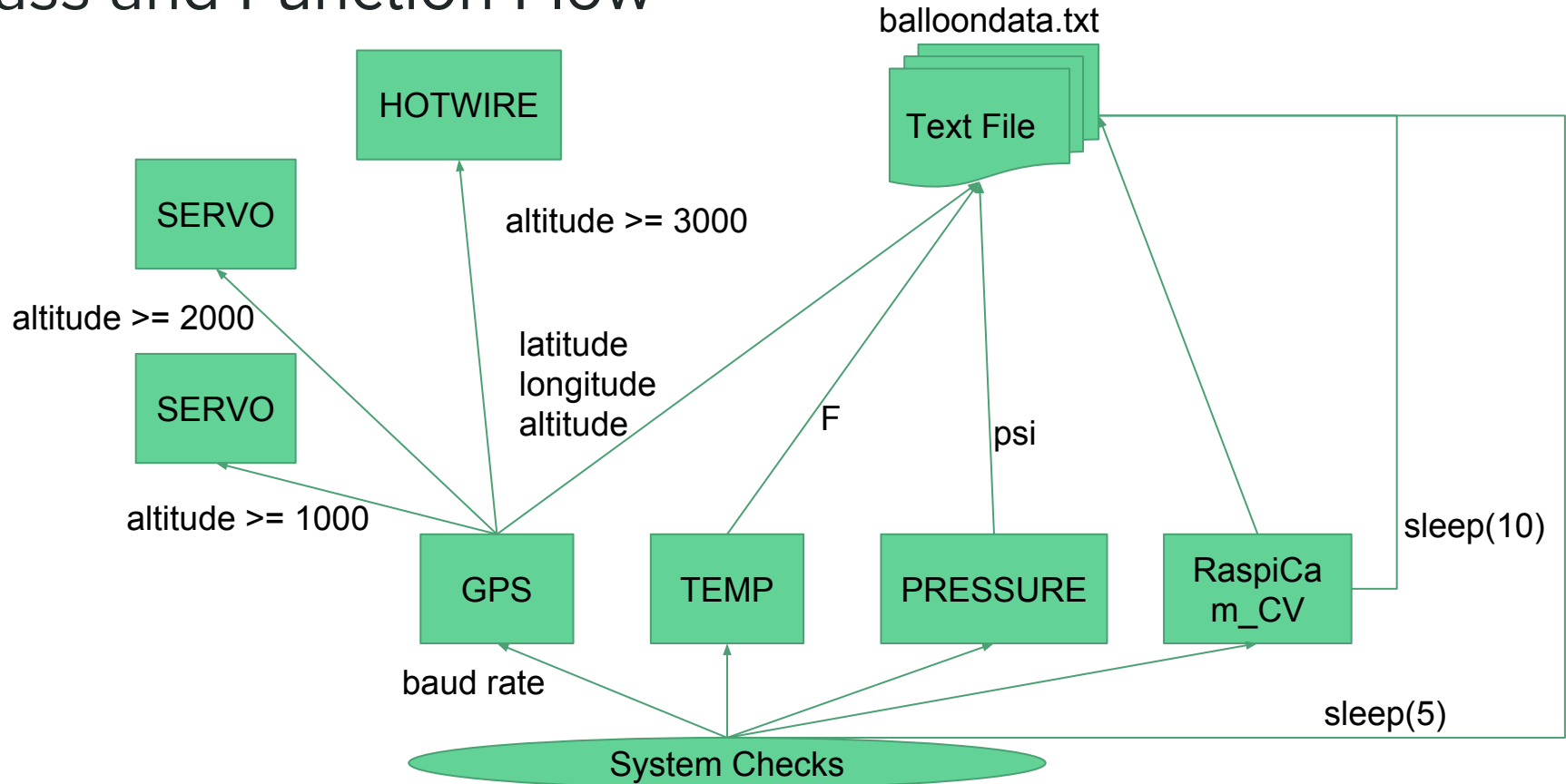
- Flight Payload

- **Database** - The flight computer shall continuously measure data from onboard instruments.
- **Webhost** - The flight computer shall transmit data from onboard instruments to the user interface.
- **GPS, SERVO** - The flight payload shall autonomously unfurl a red ribbon when altitude data reaches 1000 ft.
- **GPS, SERVO** - The flight payload shall autonomously unfurl a black/white ribbon when altitude data reaches 2000 ft.
- **GPS, HOTWIRE** - The flight payload shall autonomously release the payload when altitude data reaches 3000 ft.
- **Executables** - The flight payload shall receive, process, and execute commands from the user interface as a redundant safety measure.
- **HOTWIRE** - A parachute shall autonomously deploy following payload separation.

Design



Class and Function Flow



GPS Unit

Use of NMEA Parser algorithm:



- GPGLGA data only
 - Latitude, longitude, and altitude
- Parsed by separating data into vectors by comma separation
 - `splitStringByComma`
- Two functions determine the parse
 - `isValidGGA`
 - `setValuesGGA`

OOP Advantage:

\$GPGLGA,123519,4807.038,N,01131.000,E,1,08,0.9,545.4,M,46.9,M,,*47

- Parsing scheme hidden in object

GPS Unit (cont.)

```
//*****Latitude, Longitude, Altitude Data*****  
//Set data to bad to start  
bool goodGPS=false;  
//Loop until a GPGGA point is read with good data  
while(goodGPS!=true)  
{  
    //Stream data from GPS device  
    f>>nmea;  
    //Call GPS class  
    gps.GPSTest(nmea);  
    //Is the data GPGGA data only?  
    if(gps.isValidGGA(nmea))  
    {  
        //Save latitude data to overwritten file  
        balloondata<<setprecision(6)<<gps.latitude<<" "<<gps.latc<<endl;  
        //Save latitude data to appended file  
        balloondataSAVED<<setprecision(6)<<gps.latitude<<" "<<gps.latc<<endl;  
        //Save longitude data to overwritten file  
        balloondata<<setprecision(6)<<gps.longitude<<" "<<gps.lonc<<endl;  
        //Save longitude data to appended file  
        balloondataSAVED<<setprecision(6)<<gps.longitude<<" "<<gps.lonc<<endl;  
        //Save altitude data to overwritten file  
        balloondata<<setprecision(5)<<gps.altitude<<" ft"<<endl;  
        //Save altitude data to appended file  
        balloondataSAVED<<setprecision(5)<<gps.altitude<<" ft"<<endl;  
        //Good data has been recorded, exit GPS  
        goodGPS=true;  
    }  
}  
} //End while loop - GPS
```

GPS

```
+ GPS()  
+ GPSTest(const string GGASentence) : void  
+ isValidGGA(const string GGASentence) : bool  
- setValuesGGA(const string GGASentence) : bool  
- splitStringByComma(const string) : vector<string>  
- stringToDouble(const string) : double  
- getCoordinates(string) : double  
+ ~GPS()  
  
+ latitude : double  
+ longitude : double  
+ altitude : double  
+ latc : char  
+ lonc : char
```


Camera Unit

Use of open source Raspicam libraries:

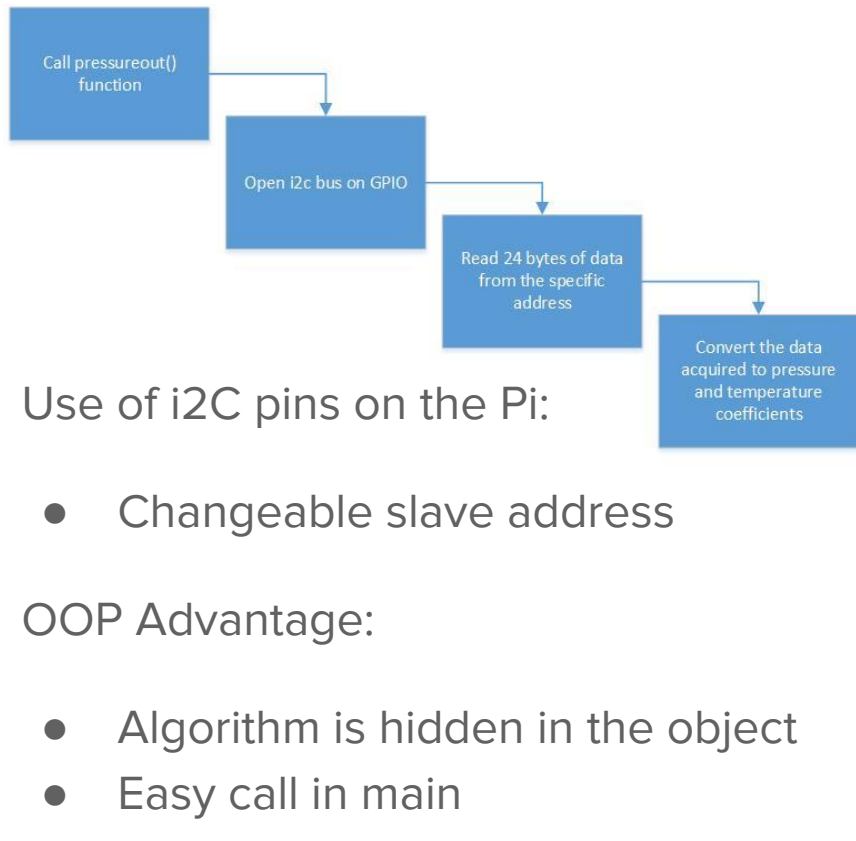
- Holds all functions and serial calls to Raspberry Pi Camera port
- Open_CV used in conjunction with RaspiCam
- <https://github.com/cedricve/raspicam.git>
- <https://github.com/opencv/opencv.git>



```
//*****Camera Data*****
//Counter to take pictures every 10 seconds,
uses divisor check
if(count%2==0)
{
    //Folder location
    string path = "/media/pi/98E1-3336/Data/";
    //Type of picture
    string picfile = ".jpg";
    //Overall filename for image
    string filename;
    //Incrementing integer for saved images
    string fileint;
    //Link variables
    filename.append(path);
    //Convert integer to string and append
    ostringstream convert;
    convert<<piccnt;
    fileint=convert.str();
    filename=filename+fileint;
    filename.append(picfile);
    //Convert filename to C string for code
    const char *file=filename.c_str();

    //Start capture
    for(int i=0;i<nCount;i++)
    {
        Camera.grab();
        Camera.retrieve(image);
    }
    //SAVED file name
    cv::imwrite(file,image);
    //OVERWRITTEN file name
    cv::imwrite("image.jpg",image);
    //Increment picture count
    piccnt++;
}
//Wait 10 seconds for new data
count++;
```

Pressure Sensor



Use of i2C pins on the Pi:

- Changeable slave address

OOP Advantage:

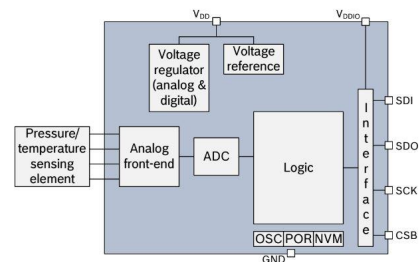
- Algorithm is hidden in the object
- Easy call in main

PRESSURE	
+ PRESSURE()	
- pressureout() : void	
+ ~PRESSURE()	
+ pressure_psi : double	

```

//*****Pressure Data*****
//Save pressure data to overwritten file
balloondata<<setprecision(4)<<pressure.ppressure_psi<<" psi"<<endl;
//Save temperature data to appended file
balloondataSAVED<<setprecision(4)<<pressure.ppressure_psi<<" psi"<<endl;
  
```

$$data_filtered = \frac{data_filtered_old \cdot (filter_coefficient - 1) + data_ADC}{filter_coefficient}$$



Temperature Sensor

Option 1 - DHT-11 Sensor

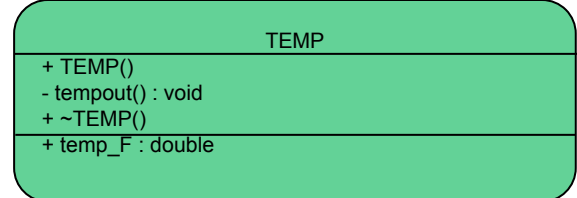
- Noisy data, high error rate
- Complicated read process

Option 2 - BMP280 Pressure Sensor

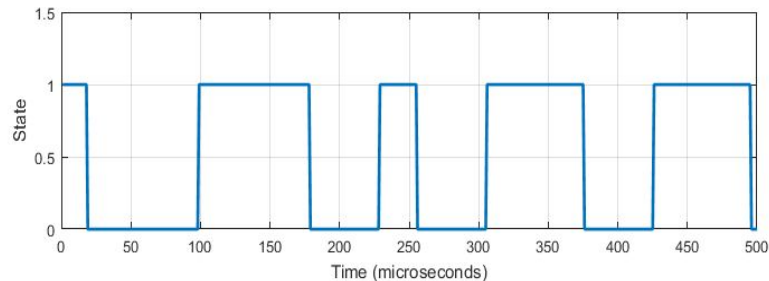
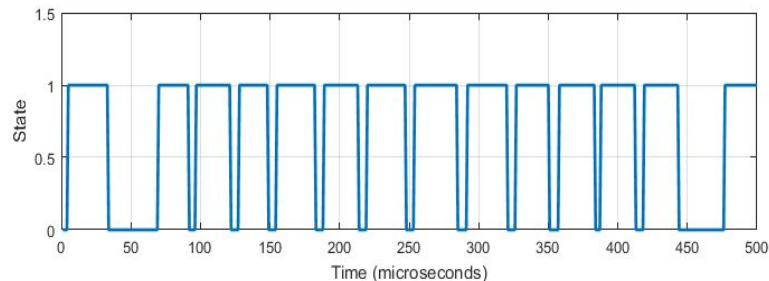
- Includes high quality temp sensor

OOP Advantage:

- Algorithm is hidden in the object
- Easy call in main



```
//*****Temperature Data*****  
//Save temperature data to overwritten file  
balloondata<<setprecision(3)<<temp.temp_F<<" F"<<endl;  
//Save temperature data to appended file  
balloondataSAVED<<setprecision(3)<<temp.temp_F<<" F"<<endl;
```



Hot Wire

Use of open source WiringPi libraries:

- GPIO output signal
- <https://github.com/WiringPi/WiringPi.git>
- GPIO pin to send 3.3V signal to transducer
- Transducer to allow voltage to flow from external 9V battery through relay
- Relay to control 9V battery flow through nichrome wire

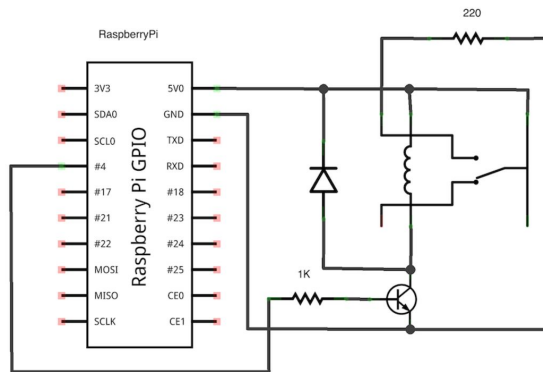
OOP Advantage:

- Easy call in main
- Simple, clear function

HOTWIRE

```
+ HOTWIRE()  
+ HOTWIREFIRE(int time) : void  
+ ~HOTWIRE()
```

```
//*****Hotwire*****  
//ignite nichrome wire and release mechanism at AGL >= 3000 ft  
if(gps.altitude>=2900)  
{  
    //Fire hotwire circuit for specified amount of time  
    hotwire.HOTWIREFIRE(20);  
    //Shut off data streaming  
    hotwireON=true;  
    //Error output check  
    if(hotwireON==true)  
    {  
        cout<<"Hotwire is ON..."<<endl;  
    }  
}
```



Servo Motors

SERVO

```
+ SERVO(int fd)
+ ~SERVO()
+ maestroGetPosition(int fd, unsigned char channel) : int
+ maestroSetPosition(int fd, unsigned char channel, unsigned short target) : int
```

Use of open source Pololu code:

- Call to USB port microcontroller is connected to
- <https://www.pololu.com/docs/0J40/5.h.1>

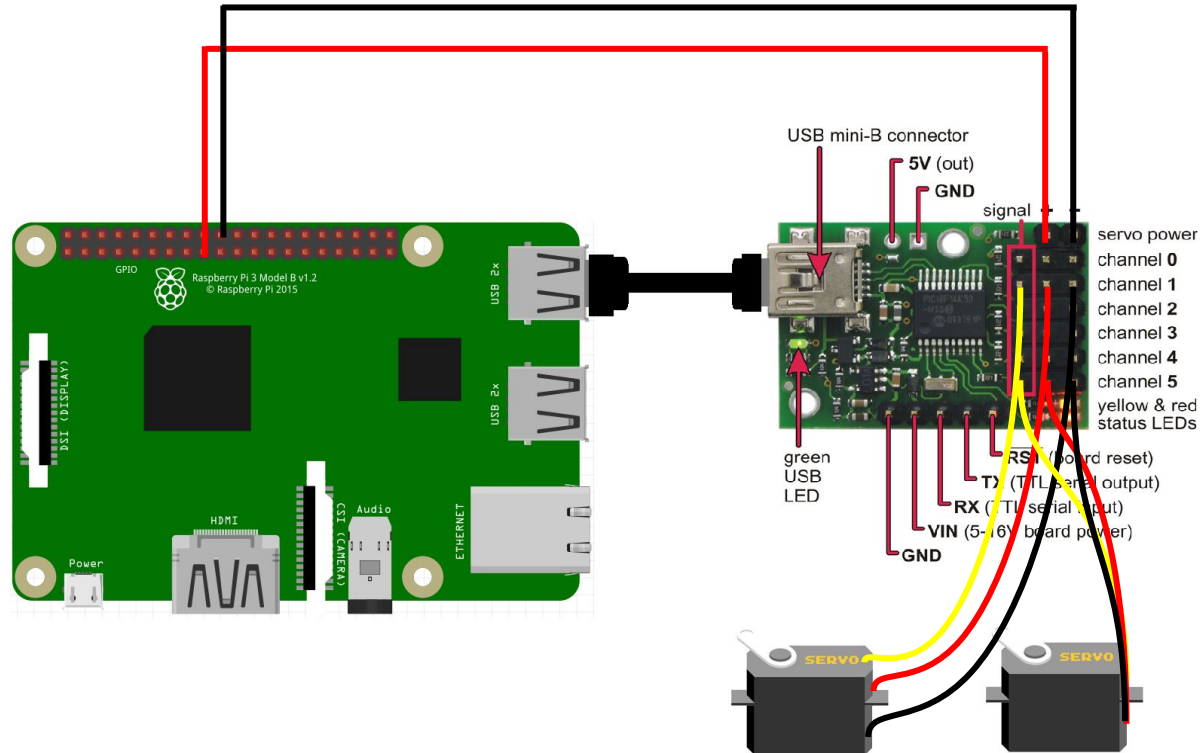
OOP Advantage:

- Switchable channel call in main
- Position setting in main
- Ability to call more than one servo

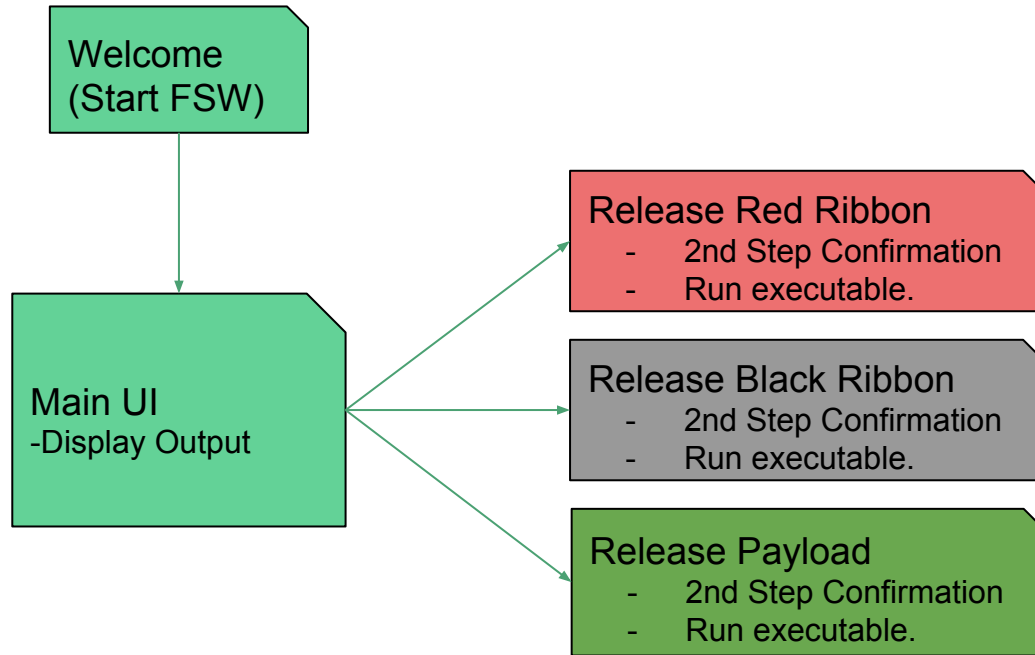
Servo Motors (cont.)

```
//*****Servos*****
//Altitude = 1000 feet AGL?
if(gps.altitude>=900&&servo1000DONE!=true)
{
    //Call servo class with channel from Maestro
    //Set max position for servo1000
    servo1000.maestroSetTarget(fd,1,30000);
    //Reset
    servo1000DONE=true;
}
//Reset servo1000
if(servo1000DONE==true&&servoZERO!=true)
{
    sleep(1);
    //Call servo class with channel 1 from Maestro
    //Reset position to 0
    servo1000.maestroSetTarget(fd,1,0);
    servoZERO=true;
}
//Altitude = 2000 feet AGL?
if(gps.altitude>=1900&&servo2000DONE!=true)
{
    //Call servo class with channel from Maestro
    //Set max position for servo2000
    servo2000.maestroSetTarget(fd,5,30000);
    //Reset
    servo2000DONE=true;
}
//Reset servo2000
if(servo2000DONE==true)
{
    sleep(1);
    //Call servo class with channel 5 from Maestro
    //Reset position to 0
    servo2000.maestroSetTarget(fd,5,0);
    servo2ZERO=true;
}
//Close port
close(fd);
```

Servo - Pololu - Pi Wire Schematic



User Interface



- Implemented utilizing Apache Web Server Software
- Consists of HTML pages and CSS style sheets
- Tasks executed using PHP scripting language

User Interface Before Development

Temp (°C): 18.33

PSI Pressure (PSI): 14.7

Altitude (ft.): 1200

Release Red
Ribbon

Release Black
Ribbon


Payload Release

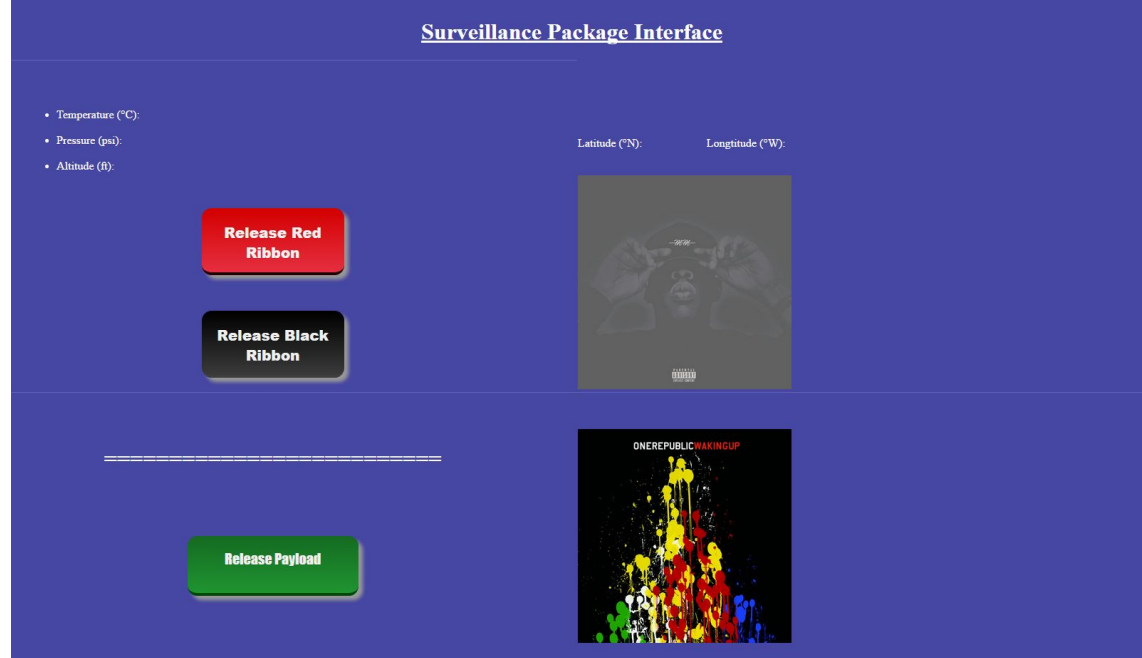
Latitude: 40.7934° N Longitude: 77.8600° W



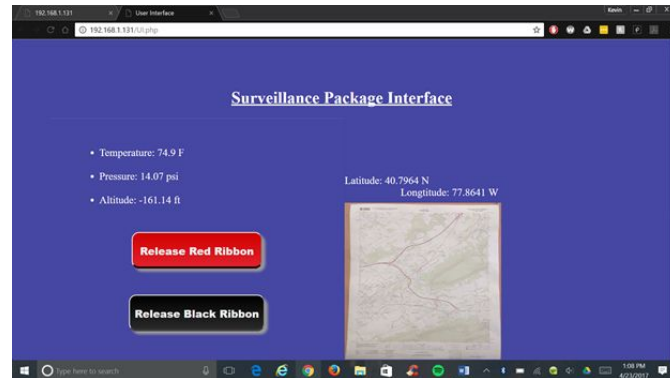
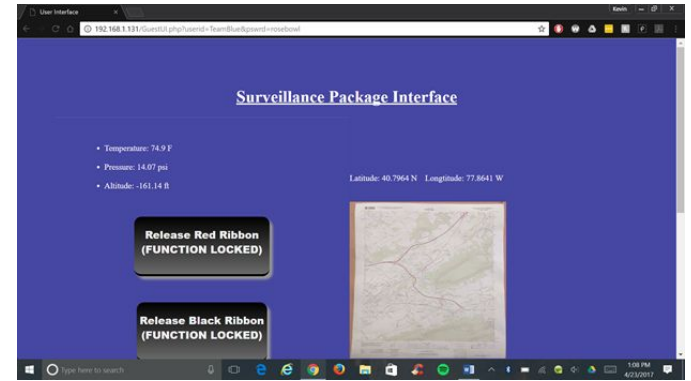
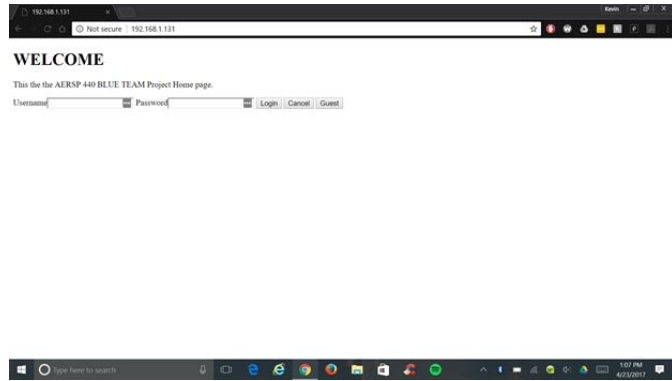
User Interface After Development (Tentative)

Features:

- Written as a webpage in HTML & CSS
- Displays temperature, pressure, altitude, latitude, and longitude.
- Three buttons for redundancy that are linked to executables.
- Displays a map with the package's location.
- Displays images captured with RasPi Camera.
- Refreshes automatically every 5 seconds.



Final User Interface



Data

UI

- Temperature (°C):
- Pressure (psi):
- Altitude (ft):

Latitude (°N):

Longitude (°W):

HTML

```
30 <ul><font color="white">
31   <li>Temperature (&deg;C): <?php echo $data[0] ?> </li>
32   <br>
33   <li>Pressure (psi): <?php echo $data[1] ?></li> <!-- pressu
34   <br>
35   <li>Altitude (ft): <?php echo $data[2] ?></li> <!-- altitud
36   </font>
37 </ul>
```

CSS

```
1 .wrapper {
2   width:600px;
3   margin: 0 auto;
4 }
5
6 #latitude {
7   float:left;
8 }
9
10 #longitude {
11   float:right;
12 }
```

Data

UI



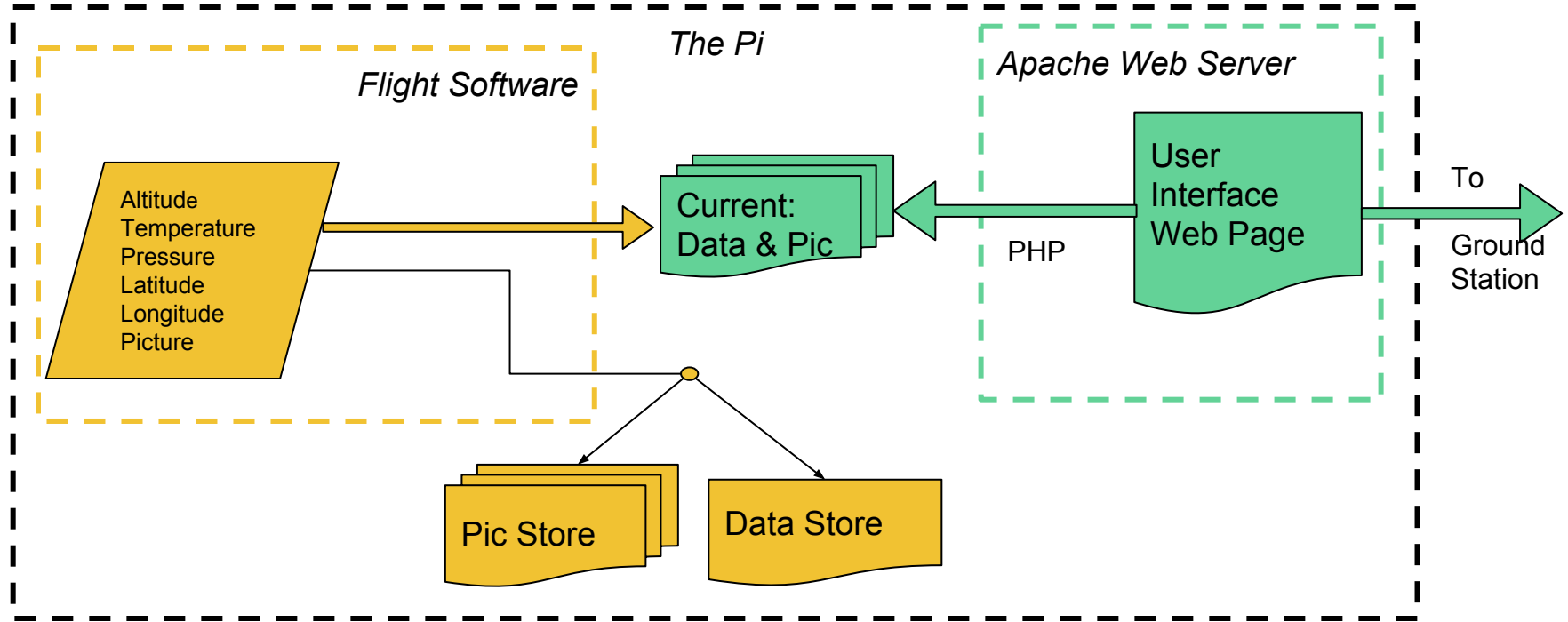
HTML

```
42 <!-- /// Ribbon buttons - start /// -->
43 <div>
44   <form action="servo.php" method="post">
45     <input type="hidden" name="color" value="red" />
46     <input type="submit" id="button1" value="Release Red Ribbon" />
47   </form>
48
```

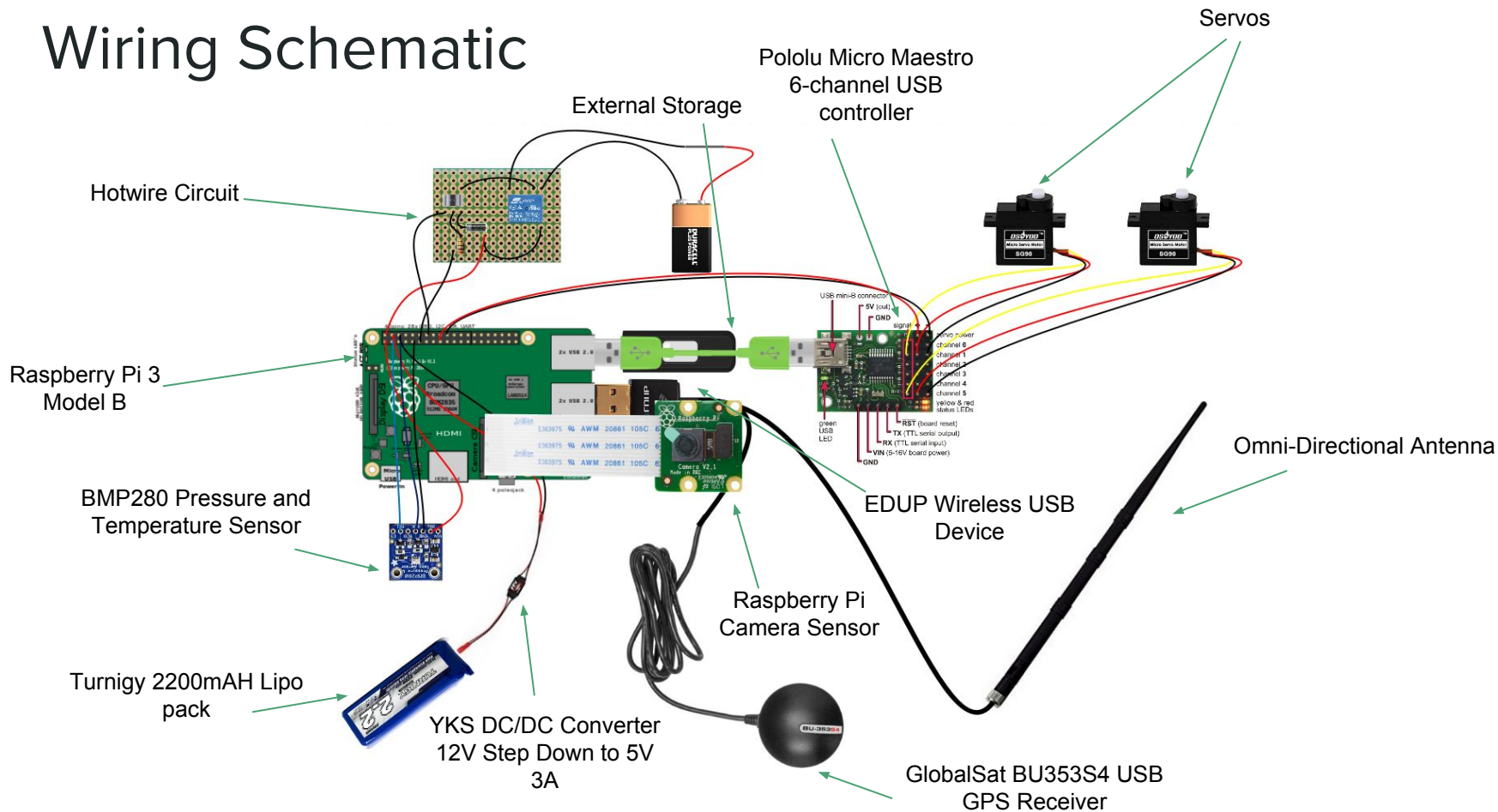
CSS

```
64 #button1:active {
65     box-shadow: 2px 2px 2px #777;
66     border-bottom: 1px solid #230001;
67     transform: translateY(3px);
68 }
```

Database



Wiring Schematic



Using the Software

Startup:

- Just need IP Address for the Pi
- Putty to Secure Shell into Pi to start flight software
 - <http://www.putty.org/>
 - See any command line outputs during System Check via terminal on Putty
- Welcome page
 - Login as Guest or User

Operation:

- Main UI
 - Display last current data values and image
 - Manually issue commands to release ribbons or payload

Testing

GPS

- Determine margin of error for altitude readings

Camera

- Begin Unit Tests on Camera Class

Sensors

- Begin Unit Tests on Pressure and Temperature Classes

Hotwire

- Hardware Tests
- Unit test code with hardware

Servos

- Unit test Servo Class to set servo position
- Implement with ribbon deployment system

UI

- Access UI from PC
- Create small executables to be called from button clicks (i.e. stubs)

Questions?

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001101001011011101101110011100110011111