Question 2

Part a

- 1) 4.0 GPA P, the data match the decision tree
- 2) 3.9 GPA P, the data match the decision tree
- 3) 3.9 GPA P, the data match the decision tree
- 4) 3.8 GPA yes publications P, the data match the decision tree
- 5) $3.6~\mathrm{GPA}$ no publications rank 2 university P, the data match the decision tree
- 6) 3.6 GPA yes publications P, the data match the decision tree
- 7) 3.4 GPA no publications rank 3 university N, the data match the decision tree
- 8) GPA 3.4 No publication Rank 1 University N, data match the tree
- 9) GPA 3.2 N, data match the tree
- 10) GPA 3.1 N, data match the tree
- 11) GPA 3.1 N, data match the tree
- 12) GPA 3.0 N, data match the tree

Part b

$$E(S) = -\frac{1}{2}\log_2\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\log_2\frac{1}{2} = 1 \tag{1}$$

For GPA, the information gained is:

GPA = 4.0: 3 P, 0 N

$$E(GPA = 4.0) = -1\log_2 1 - 0\log_2 0 = 0 \tag{2}$$

GPA = 3.6: 3 P, 2 N

$$E(GPA = 3.6) = -\frac{3}{5}\log_2\frac{3}{5} - \frac{2}{5}\log_2\frac{2}{5} = 0.9710$$
 (3)

GPA = 3.3: 0 P, 4 N

$$E(GPA = 3.3) = -0\log_2 0 - 1\log_2 1 = 0 \tag{4}$$

$$I(GPA) = \frac{1}{4} * 0 + \frac{5}{12} * 0.9710 + \frac{1}{3} * 0 = 0.4046$$
 (5)

$$Gain(GPA) = E(S) - I(GPA) = 1 - 0.4046 = 0.5954$$
 (6)

For university rank, the information gained is: University rank = 1: 3 P, 2 N

$$E(rank = 1) = -\frac{3}{5}\log_2\frac{3}{5} - \frac{2}{5}\log_2\frac{2}{5} = 0.9710 \tag{7}$$

University rank = 2: 2 P, 1 N

$$E(rank = 2) = -\frac{2}{3}\log_2\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}\log_2\frac{1}{3} = 0.9183$$
 (8)

University rank = 3: 1 P, 3 N

$$E(rank = 3) = -\frac{1}{4}\log_2\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{4}\log_2\frac{3}{4} = 0.8113$$
 (9)

$$I(rank) = \frac{5}{12} * 0.9710 + \frac{1}{4} * 0.9183 + \frac{1}{3} * 0.8113 = 0.9046$$
 (10)

$$Gain(rank) = E(S) - I(rank) = 1 - 0.9046 = 0.0954$$
 (11)

For whether the student has publications, the information gained is: Published = Yes: 3 P, 2 N

$$E(Published = Yes) = -\frac{3}{5}\log_2\frac{3}{5} - \frac{2}{5}\log_2\frac{2}{5} = .9710$$
 (12)

Published = No : 3 P, 4 N

$$E(Published = No) = -\frac{3}{7}\log_2\frac{3}{7} - \frac{4}{7}\log_2\frac{4}{7} = .9852$$
 (13)

$$I(Published) = \frac{5}{12}(.9710) + \frac{7}{12}(.9852) = 0.9792$$
 (14)

$$Gain(Published) = E(S) - I(Published) = 1 - 0.9792 = 0.0208$$
 (15)

For the quality of the student's recommendations, the information gained is: Recommendations = Good : 5 P, 3 N

$$E(Recommendations = Good) = -\frac{5}{8}\log_2\frac{5}{8} - \frac{3}{8}\log_2\frac{3}{8} = .9544$$
 (16)

Recommendations = Normal: 1 P, 3 N

$$E(Recommendations = Normal) = -\frac{1}{4}\log_2\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{4}\log_2\frac{3}{4} = .8113$$
 (17)

$$I(Recommendations) = \frac{8}{12}(.9544) + \frac{4}{12}(.8113) = 0.9067$$
 (18)

$$Gain(Recommendations) = E(S) - I(Recommendations) = 1 - 0.9067 = 0.0933$$
 (19)

For the root of the decision tree, the best attribute to use is GPA, since it has the highest information gain of all the attributes. Because a GPA of 4.0 always leads to P and a GPA of 3.3 always leads to N, we only need to investigate the next node for when GPA = 3.6.

$$E(rank = 1) = -\frac{1}{2}\log_2\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{5}\log_2\frac{2}{5} = 0.9710$$
 (20)

$$E(rank = 2) = -\frac{2}{3}\log_2\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}\log_2\frac{1}{3} = 0.9183$$
 (21)

$$E(rank = 3) = -\frac{1}{4}\log_2\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{4}\log_2\frac{3}{4} = 0.8113$$
 (22)

$$I(rank) = \frac{5}{12} * 0.9710 + \frac{1}{4} * 0.9183 + \frac{1}{3} * 0.8113 = 0.9046$$
 (23)

$$Gain(rank) = E(S) - I(rank) = 1 - 0.9046 = 0.0954$$
 (24)