

200350319

Assignment 2

Question 1 and Question 2 is in the zip file.

Question 3

a) $P(d) = (x_2 - x_1, y_2 - y_1)$

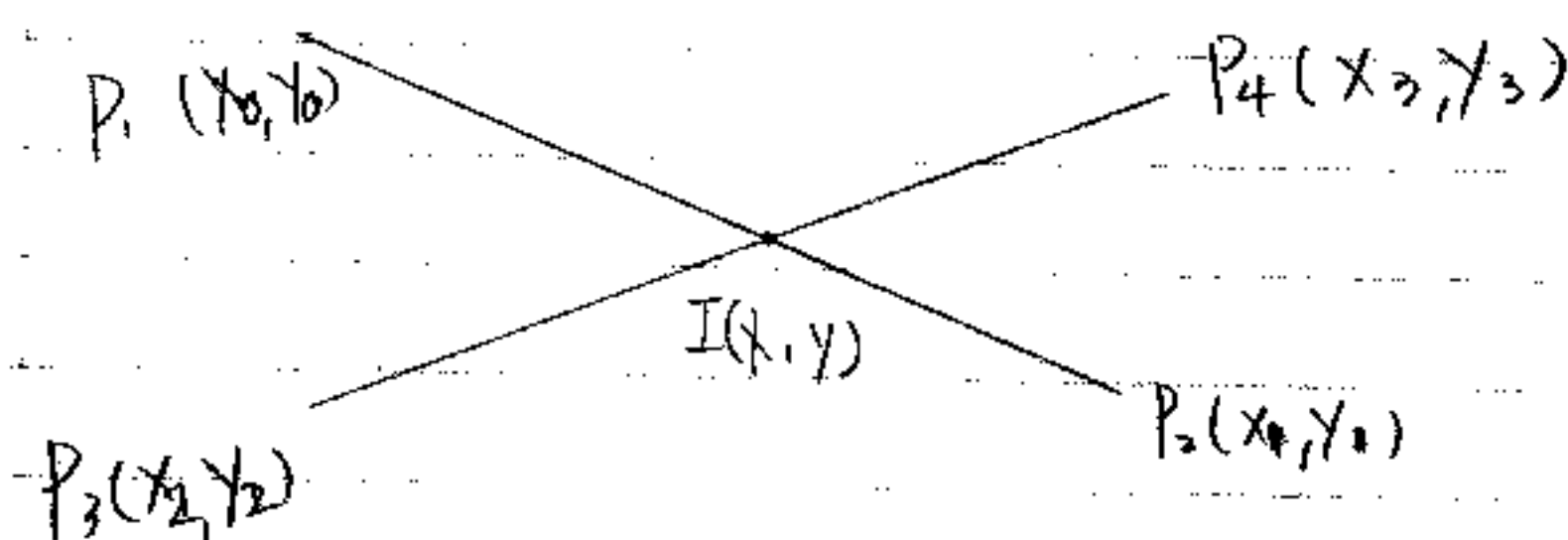
b) $x(d) = x_2 - x_1$

$y(d) = y_2 - y_1$

c) The coordinate of intersection:

$$y = \frac{((y_0 - y_1) \cdot (y_3 - y_2) \cdot x_0 + (y_3 - y_2)(x_1 - x_0)y_0 + (y_1 - y_0)(y_3 - y_2) \cdot x_2 + (x_2 - x_3) \cdot (y_1 - y_0) \cdot y_2) / ((x_1 - x_0) \cdot (y_3 - y_2) + (y_0 - y_1) \cdot (x_3 - x_2))$$

$$x = x_2 + (x_3 - x_2)(y - y_2) / (y_3 - y_2)$$



d) After we found the x and y coordinate of the intersection point, we need to find $(y_0 - y_1)$, if $(y_0 - y_1)$ is positive, we compare y and y_0 , if $y_0 > y$, the point is between P_1 and P_2 .

Question 4

For any three vector a, b, c if $ab + bc = ac$, we say the three points are collinear.

So if the dot product of ab, bc, ac is not in the form $ab + bc = ac$, so then a, b, c are able to determine.

a triangle.

Question 5.

For any of 4 vectors, a, b, c, d , we have $ab = (x_a - x_b, y_a - y_b, z_a - z_b)$ and ac and ad . If any three of them satisfy the condition $ab \times ac \times ad = 0$ then we say, those vectors are coplanar otherwise, they are not.

Question 6 is in the zip file