## Kevin Sekuj

CS-225: Discrete Structures in CS

Homework 2, Part 2

Exercise Set 5.1, Problem #15, #16, #57, #60

**Canvas Summation Problems** 

#15.

$$a_n = (-1)^{(n-1)} \cdot \frac{(n-1)}{n}$$
 where  $n \ge 1$ 

#16.

$$a_n = 3 \cdot 2^{n-1}$$
 where  $n \ge 1$ 

#57.

$$\sum_{j=0}^{n-2} \frac{j+1}{(n-j-1)^2}$$

#60.

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} (16k^2 + 3)$$

----Continued on pg2----

## **Canvas Summation Problems**

#1.

$$\sum_{i=200}^{500} (3i - \frac{7}{2}) = > 
\sum_{i=200}^{500} 3i - \sum_{i=200}^{500} \frac{7}{2} = > 
3(\sum_{i=200}^{500}) - \frac{7}{2} (\sum_{i=200}^{500}) = > 
3(\sum_{i=1}^{500} i - \sum_{i=1}^{199} i) - \frac{7}{2} (\sum_{i=1}^{500}) 1 - \sum_{i=1}^{199} 1 = > 
3(\frac{500(500 + 1)}{2} - \frac{19(19 + 1)}{2}) - \frac{7}{2} (500 - 199)$$

#2.

$$\sum_{j=0}^{20} (3f^2 - (-2)^j) = >$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^{20} 3j^2 - \sum_{j=0}^{20} (-j)^2 = >$$

$$3\sum_{j=0}^{20} j^2 - \sum_{j=0}^{20} (-2)^j = >$$

$$3\left(\frac{(20(20+1)) \cdot ((2)(20+1))}{6}\right) - \left(\frac{(-2)^{20+1} - 1}{(-2) - 1}\right)$$

#3.

$$\sum_{j=45}^{70} (4^{j} - 2^{j}) = >$$

$$\sum_{j=45}^{70} 4^{j} - \sum_{j=45}^{70} 2^{j} = >$$

$$\left(\frac{(4^{70+1}) - (4^{45})}{4 - 1}\right) - \left(\frac{(2^{70+1}) - (2^{45})}{2 - 1}\right)$$