

Kevin Sekuj

CS-225: Discrete Structures in CS

Homework 1, Part 2

Exercise Set #2.2: Problem #11, #15, #20(b, c, e, g), #38, #41, #43, #45, #50

#11.

| p | q | r | $q \rightarrow r$ | $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$ | $p \wedge q$ | $(p \wedge q) \rightarrow r$ | $(p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)) \leftrightarrow ((p \wedge q) \rightarrow r)$ |
|---|---|---|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--|
| T | T | T | T | T | T | T | T |
| T | T | F | F | F | T | F | T |
| T | F | T | T | T | F | T | T |
| T | F | F | T | T | F | T | T |
| F | T | T | T | T | F | T | T |
| F | T | F | F | T | F | T | T |
| F | F | T | T | T | F | T | T |
| F | F | F | T | T | F | T | T |

#15.

| p | q | r | $q \rightarrow r$ | $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$ | $p \rightarrow q$ | $(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow r$ |
|---|---|---|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| T | T | T | T | T | T | T |
| T | T | F | F | F | T | F |
| T | F | T | T | T | F | T |
| T | F | F | T | T | F | T |
| F | T | T | T | T | T | T |
| F | T | F | F | T | T | F |
| F | F | T | T | T | T | T |
| F | F | F | T | T | T | F |

As shown by the highlighted columns, these two statement forms are not logically equivalent as their truth values differ.

#20.

b. Today is New Year's Eve and tomorrow is not January.

c. The decimal expansion of r is terminating and r is not rational.

e. x is nonnegative and x is not positive and x is not 0.

g. n is divisible by 6 and n is not divisible by 2 or n is not divisible by 3.

#38. If it does not rain, then Ann will go.

#41. If the triangle has two 45° angles, then the triangle is a right triangle.

#43.

1. If Jim does not do homework regularly, then Jim does not pass the course.
2. If Jim does pass the course, then Jim does his homework regularly.

#45. If the computer program is correct, then it does not produce error messages during translation.

#50.

a. $[\neg (\neg p \vee (\neg q \vee r)) \vee (\neg (p \vee q) \vee r)] \wedge [\neg (\neg (p \wedge q) \vee r) \vee (\neg p \vee (\neg q \vee r))]$

b. $[\neg (\neg (p \wedge (q \wedge \neg r)) \wedge ((p \wedge q) \wedge \neg r))] \wedge [\neg (\neg ((p \wedge q) \wedge \neg r) \wedge (p \wedge (q \wedge \neg r)))]$