## 1 Lesson 7 Example 2

Two cards are dealt off the top of a well-shuffled deck of cards. Is the event that the first card is a heart independent of the event that the second card is a heart?

## 2 Answer

1. Probability of Event A (First card is a heart):

$$P(A) = \frac{13}{52} = \frac{1}{4}.$$

2. Probability of Event B given Event A (Second card is a heart given the first card is a heart):

$$P(B \mid A) = \frac{12}{51}.$$

3. Joint Probability of Events A and B (Both cards are hearts):

$$P(A \cap B) = P(A) \times P(B \mid A) = \frac{13}{52} \times \frac{12}{51} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{12}{51} = \frac{12}{204}.$$

4. **Product of Individual Probabilities**  $P(A) \times P(B)$ : Assuming independence, P(B) (the probability that the second card is a heart) would be  $\frac{13}{52}$  (but this assumption doesn't hold true because the first card has been removed from the deck).

So, if independent:

$$P(A) \times P(B) = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{16}.$$

## Conclusion

The probability  $P(A \cap B) = \frac{12}{204}$  is not equal to  $P(A) \times P(B) = \frac{1}{16}$ . Therefore, the events are **not independent**.

The event that the first card is a heart affects the probability of the second card being a heart, meaning the two events are dependent on each other.