

Pros & Cons of Java 8 Parallel Streams

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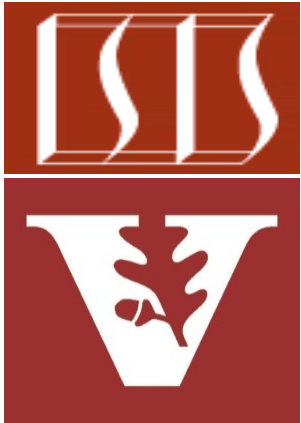
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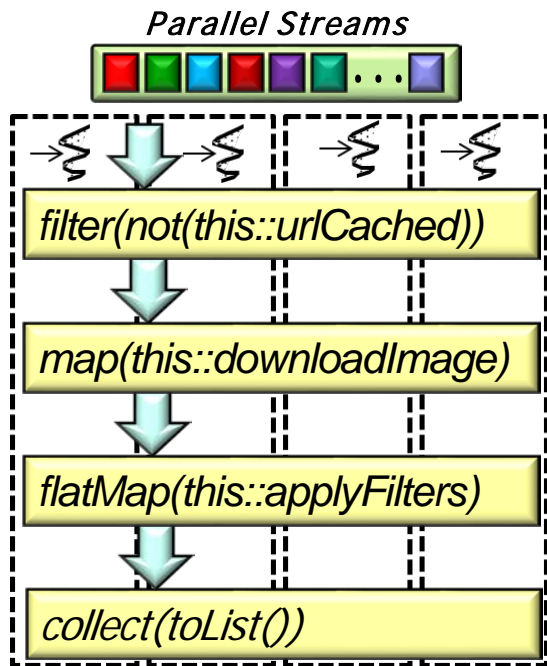
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Nashville, Tennessee, USA



Learning Objectives in this Lesson

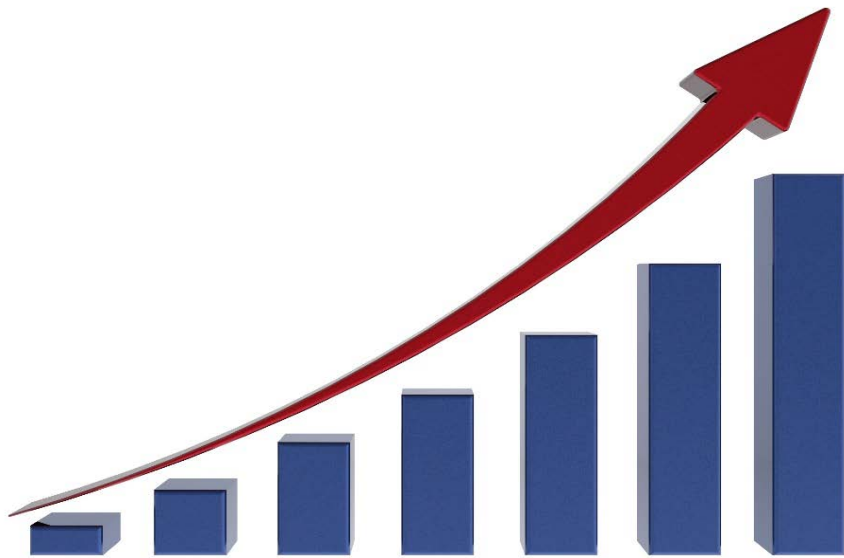
- Evaluate the pros & cons of Java 8 parallel streams



Pros of Java 8 Parallel Streams

Pros of Java 8 Parallel Streams

- The parallel stream implementations we analyzed are faster than the sequential stream implementations



Input Strings to Search



Search Phrases



Starting SearchStreamGangTest

PARALLEL_SPLITTERATOR executed in 409 msecs

COMPLETABLE_FUTURES_INPUTS executed in 426 msecs

COMPLETABLE_FUTURES_PHASES executed in 427 msecs

PARALLEL_STREAMS executed in 437 msecs

PARALLEL_STREAM_PHASES executed in 440 msecs

RXJAVA_PHASES executed in 485 msecs

PARALLEL_STREAM_INPUTS executed in 802 msecs

RXJAVA_INPUTS executed in 866 msecs

SEQUENTIAL_LOOPS executed in 1638 msecs

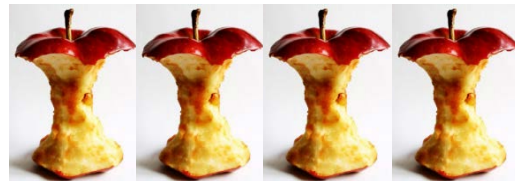
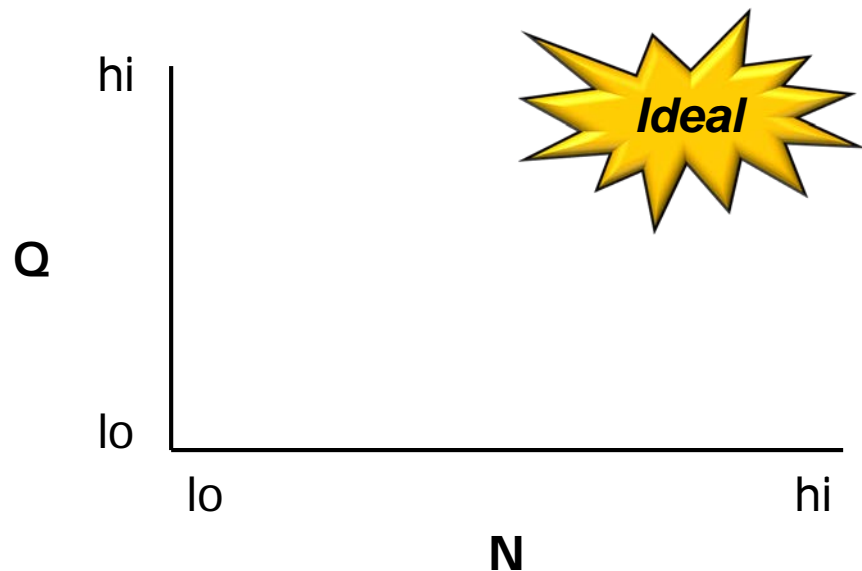
SEQUENTIAL_STREAM executed in 1958 msecs

Ending SearchStreamGangTest

Pros of Java 8 Parallel Streams

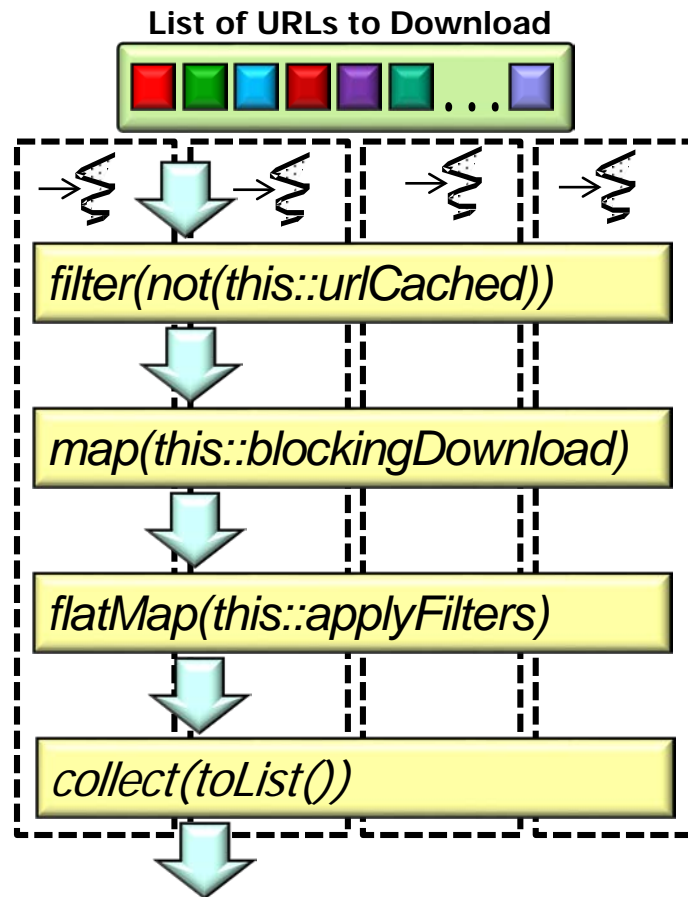
- The performance speedup is a largely a function of the partitioning strategy for the input (N), the amount of work performed (Q), & the # of cores

- N is the # of data items to process per thread*
- Q quantifies how CPU-intensive the processing is*



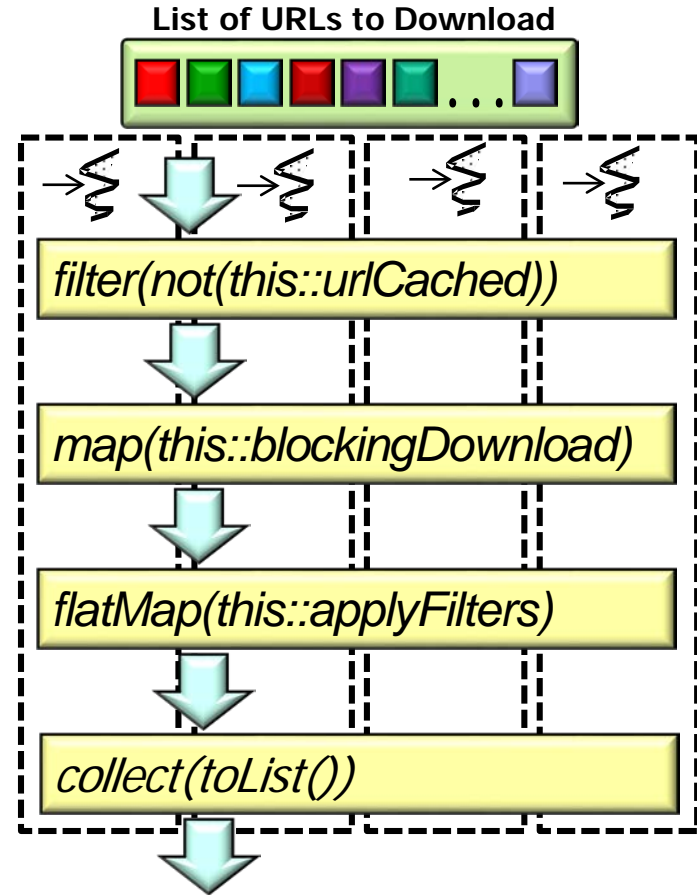
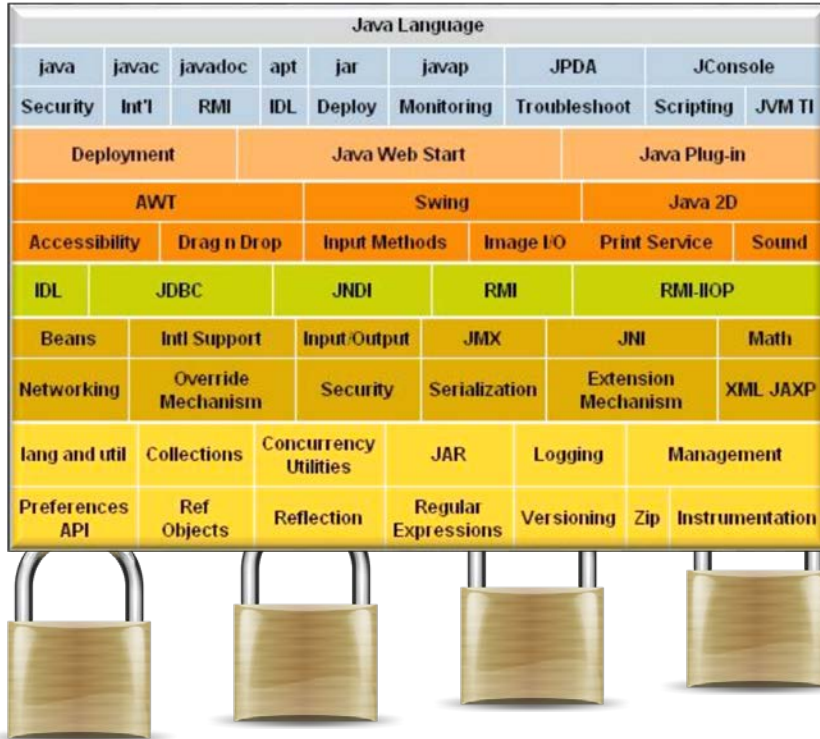
Pros of Java 8 Parallel Streams

- No explicit synchronization was required in these implementations



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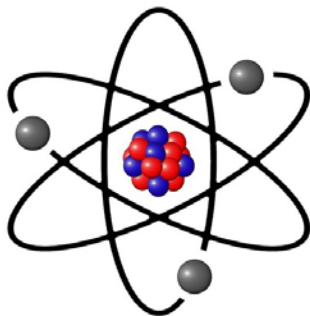
Java libraries handle any locking needed to read/write to files & connections

Pros of Java 8 Parallel Streams

- Converting from sequential to parallel streams required minuscule changes!

```
void processStream() {  
    List<Image> filteredImages =  
        getInput()  
        .stream()  
        .filter(not(this::urlCached))  
        .map(this::downloadImage)  
        .flatMap(this::applyFilters)  
        .collect(toList());  
    ...  
}
```

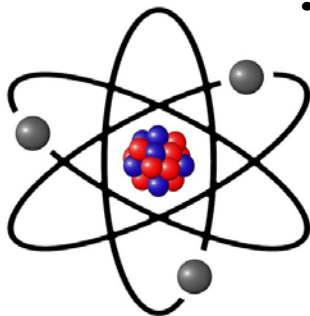
```
void processStream() {  
    List<Image> filteredImages =  
        getInput()  
        .parallelStream()  
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```



Pros of Java 8 Parallel Streams

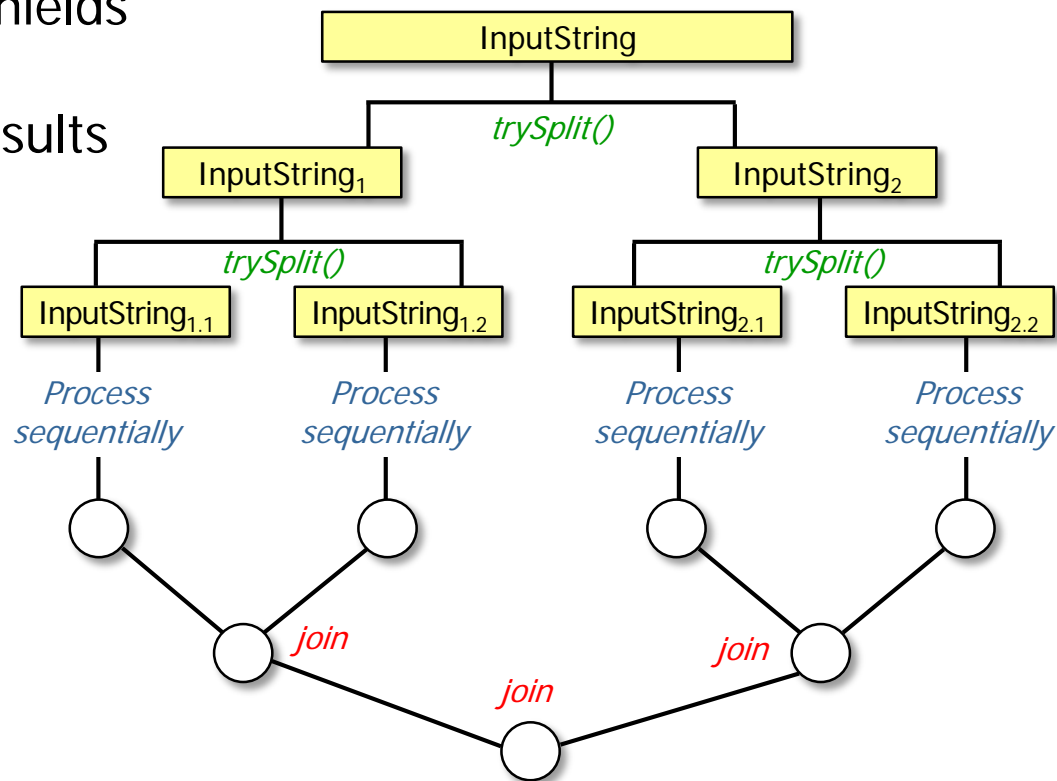
- Converting from sequential to parallel streams required minuscule changes!

<pre>List<SearchResults> results = mPhrasesToFind .parallelStream() .map(phase -> searchForPhrase(..., false)) .filter(not(SearchResults ::isEmpty)) .collect(toList());</pre>	<pre>List<SearchResults> results = mPhrasesToFind .parallelStream() .map(phase -> searchForPhrase(..., true)) .filter(not(SearchResults ::isEmpty)) .collect(toList());</pre>
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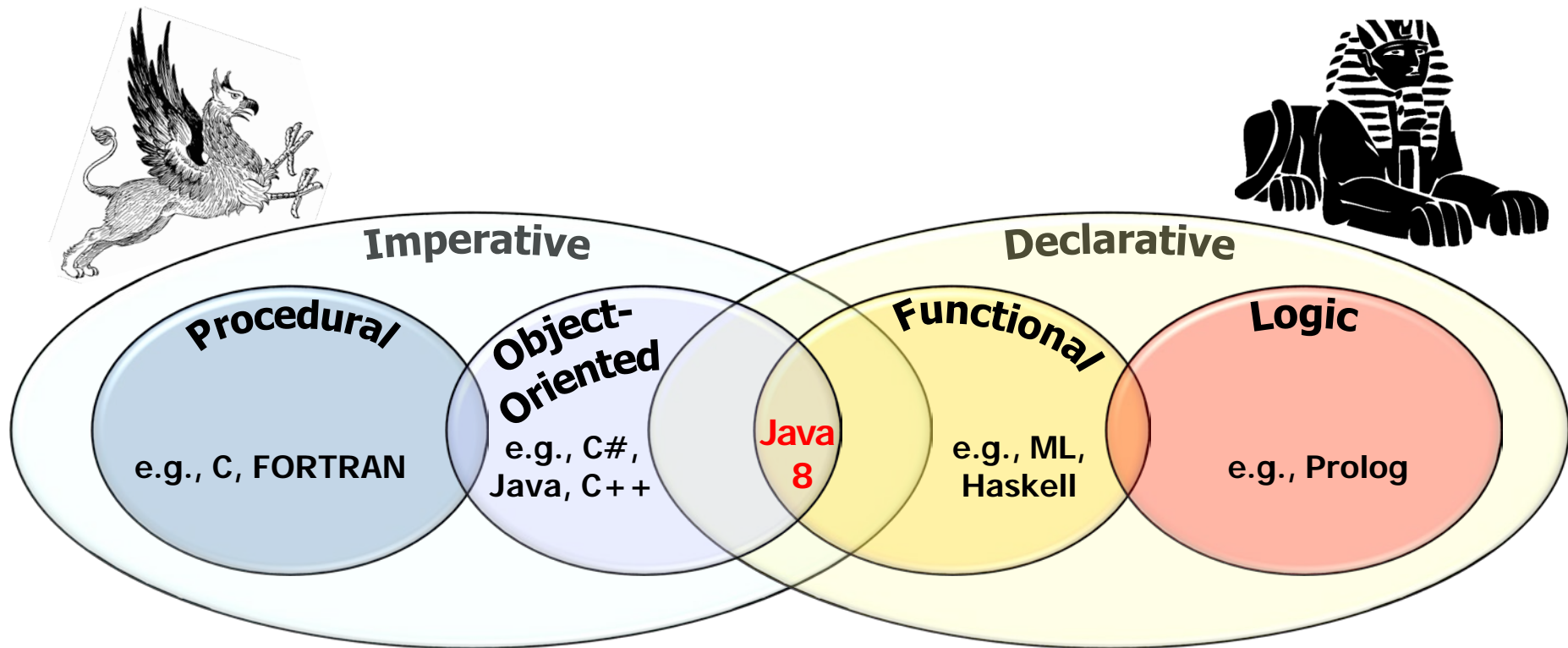
Pros of Java 8 Parallel Streams

- The Java 8 streams framework shields programmers from the details of splitting, processing, & joining results



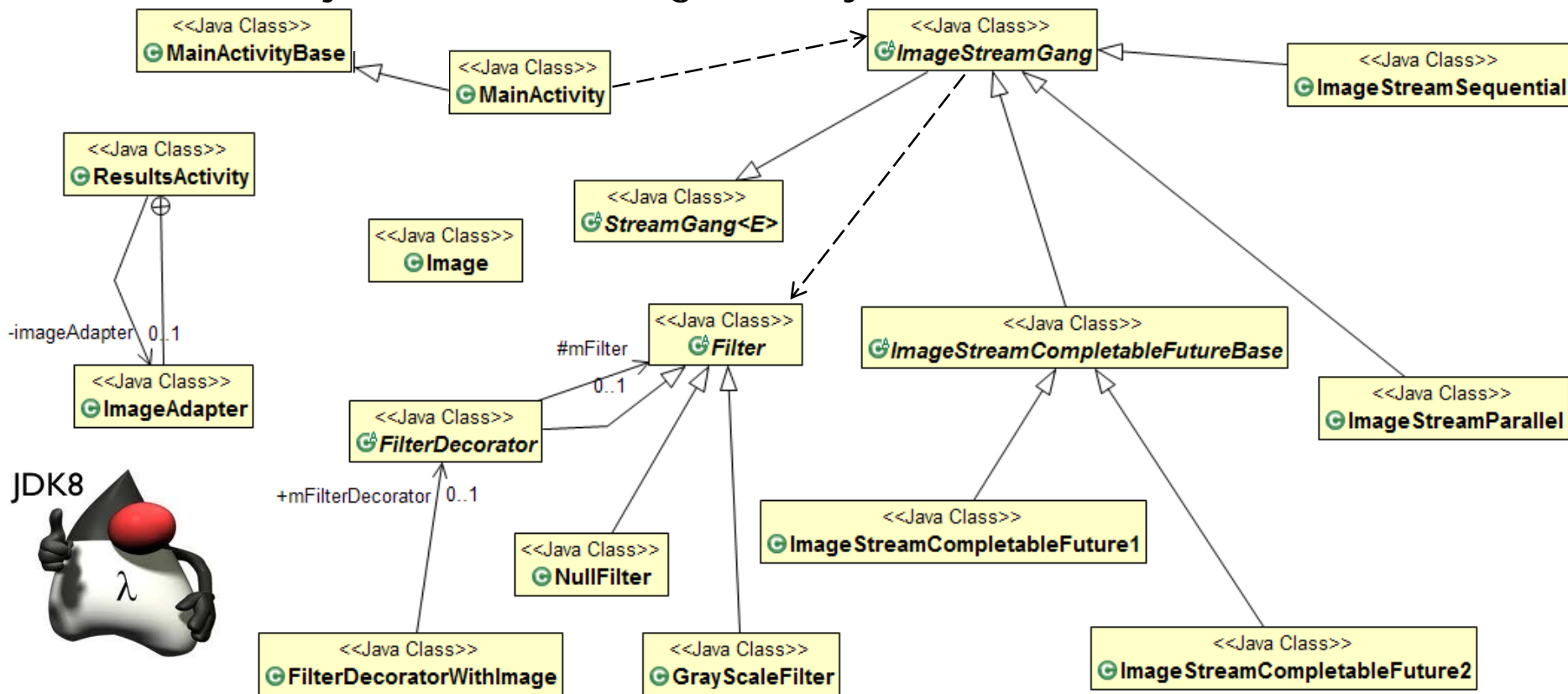
Pros of Java 8 Parallel Streams

- Examples show synergies between functional & object-oriented programming



Pros of Java 8 Parallel Streams

- The overall object-oriented design is easy to understand, reuse, & extend



Pros of Java 8 Parallel Streams

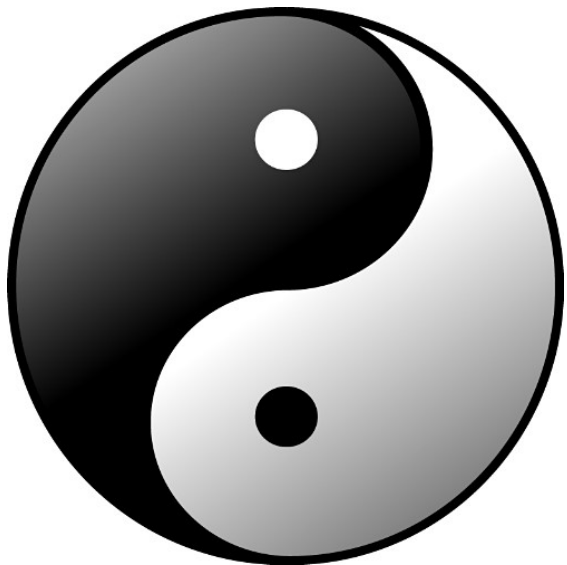
- Concrete hook methods helped close the gap between domain intent & computations performed



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Cons of Java 8 Parallel Streams

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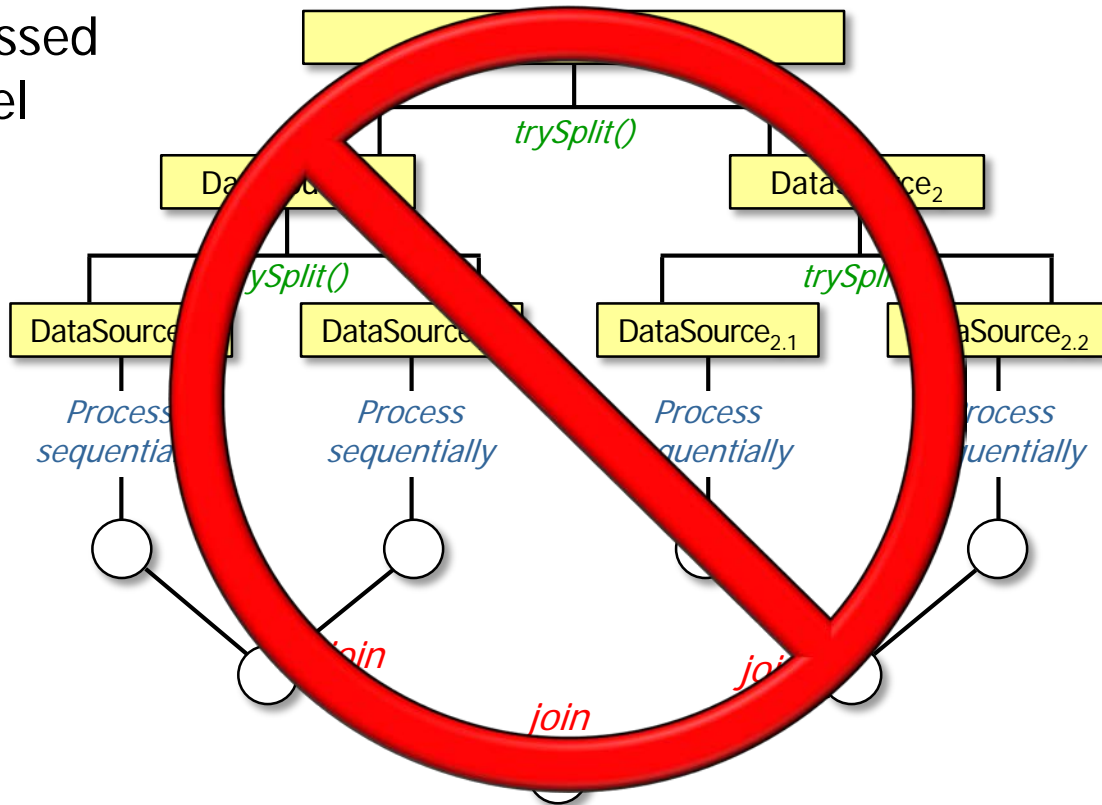
- There are some limitations with Java 8 parallel streams



The Java 8 parallel streams framework is not all unicorns & rainbows!!

Cons of Java 8 Parallel Streams

- There are some limitations with Java 8 parallel streams, e.g.
 - Some problems can't be expressed using the map/reduce model

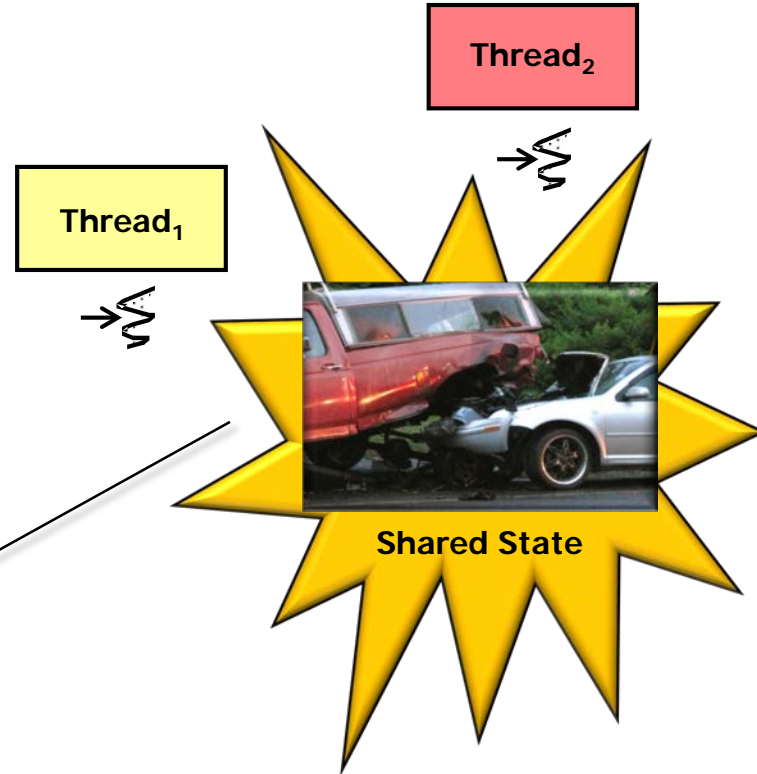


See dzone.com/articles/whats-wrong-java-8-part-iii

Cons of Java 8 Parallel Streams

- There are some limitations with Java 8 parallel streams, e.g.
 - Some problems can't be expressed using the map/reduce model
 - Race conditions may occur if behaviors called by aggregate operations aren't thread-safe

Race conditions occur when a program depends on the sequence or timing of threads for it to operate properly



See en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Race_condition#Software

Cons of Java 8 Parallel Streams

- There are some limitations with Java 8 parallel streams, e.g.
 - Some problems can't be expressed using the map/reduce model
 - Race conditions may occur if behaviors called by aggregate operations aren't thread-safe
 - All parallel streams share a common fork-join pool



See dzone.com/articles/think-twice-using-java-8

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 - Race conditions may occur if behaviors called by aggregate operations aren't thread-safe
 - All parallel streams share a common fork-join pool
 - Java 8 completable futures don't have this limitation



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 - The parallel streams framework incurs some overhead due to its use of the fork-join pool framework



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 - Race conditions may occur if behaviors called by aggregate operations aren't thread-safe
 - All parallel streams share a common fork-join pool
 - The parallel streams framework incurs some overhead due to its use of the fork-join pool framework
- Writing parallel spliterators can be tricky...



Cons of Java 8 Parallel Streams

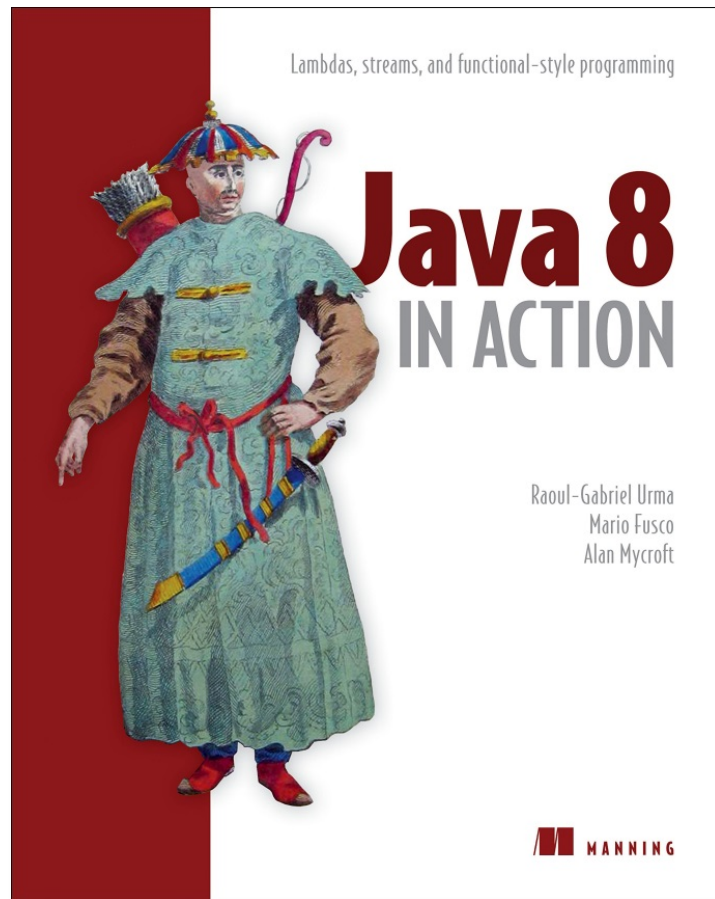
- In general, however, the pros of Java 8 parallel streams outweigh the cons in many common use cases!!



See www.ibm.com/developerworks/library/j-jvmc2

Cons of Java 8 Parallel Streams

- Additional material on Java 8 parallel streams appears in the book "Java 8 in Action"



See www.manning.com/books/java-8-in-action

End of Pros & Cons of Java 8 Parallel Streams