

predData

pred_sweden

pred_tcga

pred_array

pred_ns

train_ns

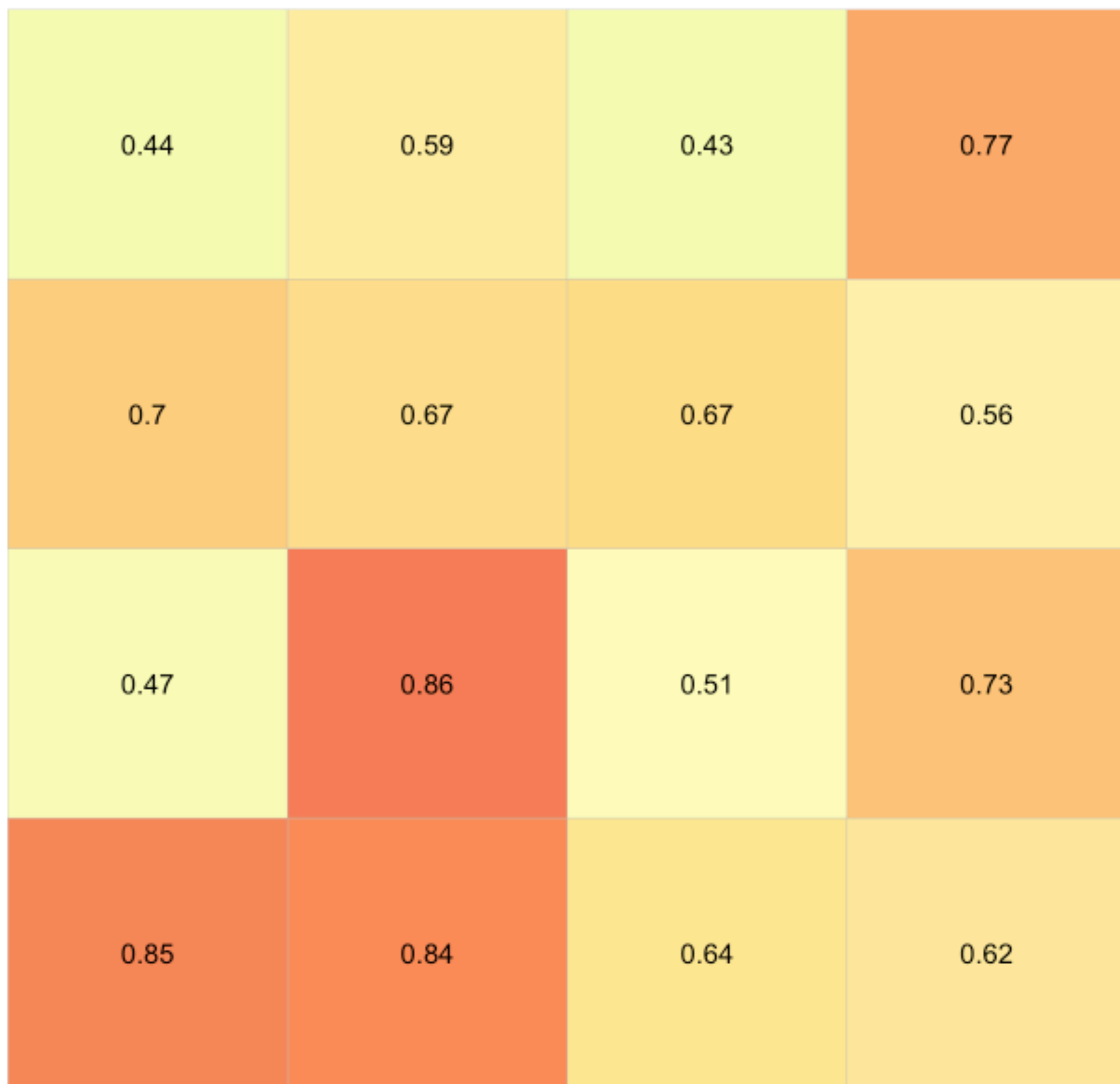
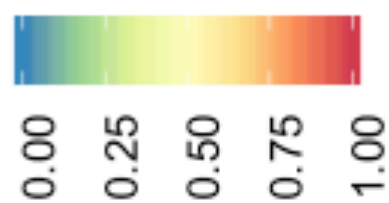
train_array

train_tcga

train_sweden

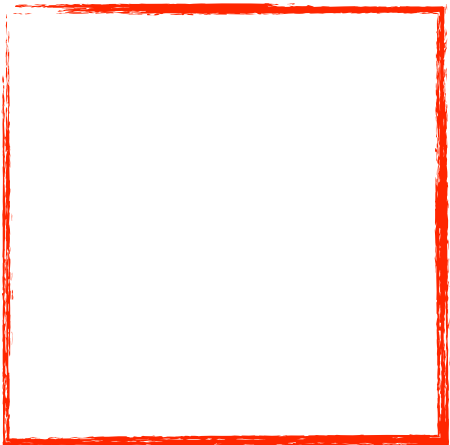
trainData

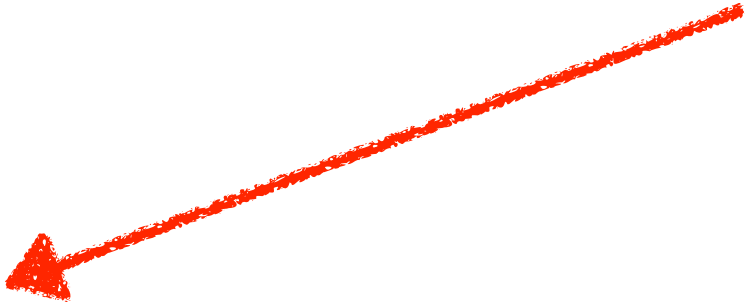
F1



The solution is not so trivial

Jan 2019





Good re-substitution
accuracy

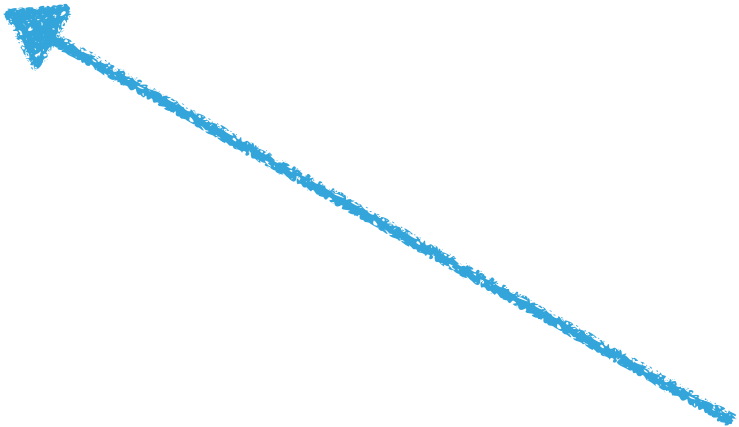
the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased from 10.5 million to 13.5 million, and the number of people aged 75 and over has increased from 4.5 million to 6.5 million (Office for National Statistics 2000). The number of people aged 65 and over is projected to increase to 16.5 million by 2020, and the number of people aged 75 and over to 8.5 million (Office for National Statistics 2000). The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over is due to a combination of factors, including a decline in the birth rate, a decline in the death rate, and a decline in the rate of emigration.

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over has led to a corresponding increase in the number of people who are dependent on others for their care. In 1990, there were 1.5 million people aged 65 and over who were dependent on others for their care, and this number is projected to increase to 2.5 million by 2020 (Office for National Statistics 2000). The increase in the number of people who are dependent on others for their care is due to a combination of factors, including a decline in the birth rate, a decline in the death rate, and a decline in the rate of emigration.

The increase in the number of people who are dependent on others for their care has led to a corresponding increase in the number of people who are living in care homes. In 1990, there were 1.5 million people aged 65 and over who were living in care homes, and this number is projected to increase to 2.5 million by 2020 (Office for National Statistics 2000). The increase in the number of people who are living in care homes is due to a combination of factors, including a decline in the birth rate, a decline in the death rate, and a decline in the rate of emigration.

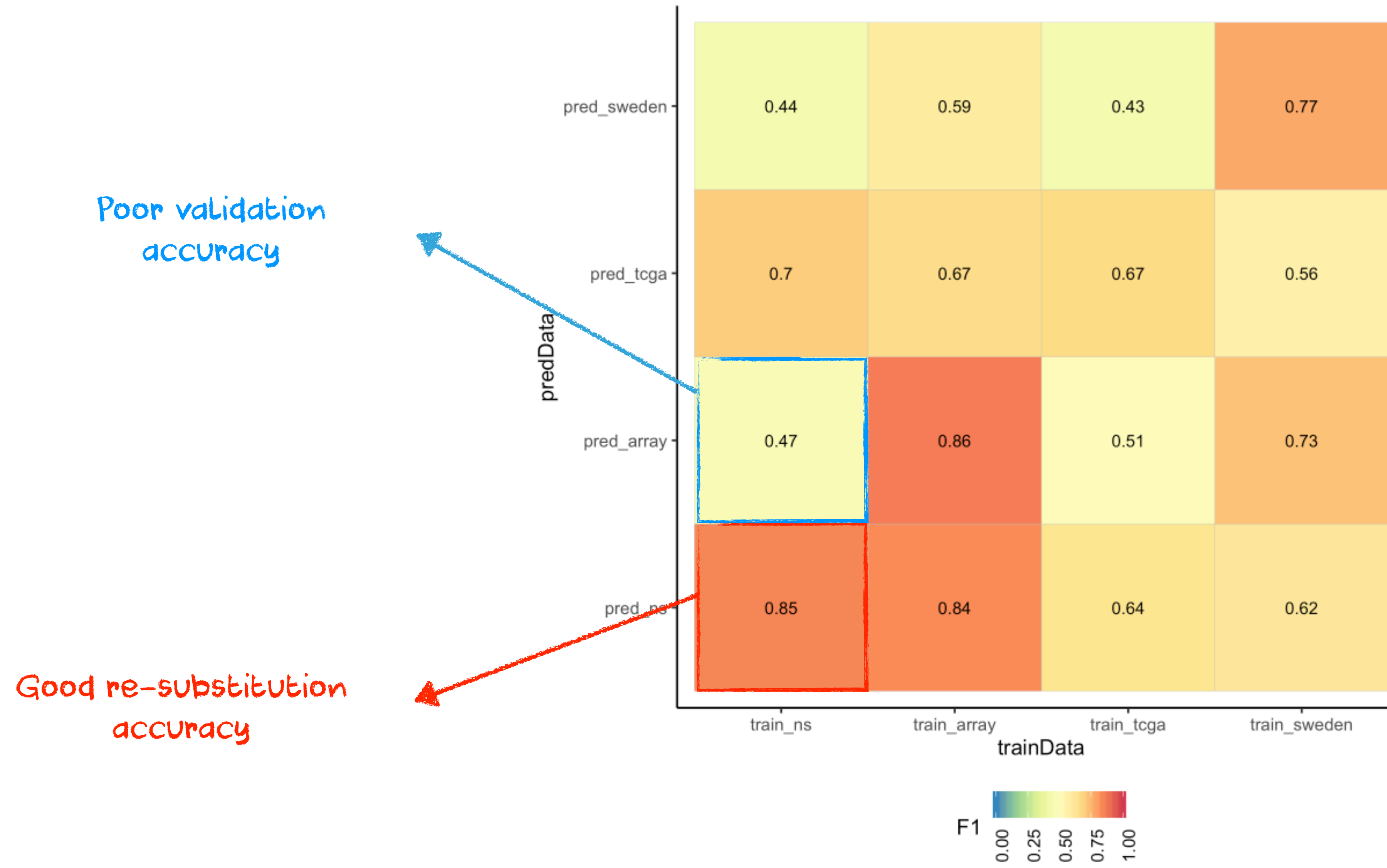
The increase in the number of people who are living in care homes has led to a corresponding increase in the number of people who are living in care homes who are dependent on others for their care. In 1990, there were 1.5 million people aged 65 and over who were living in care homes who were dependent on others for their care, and this number is projected to increase to 2.5 million by 2020 (Office for National Statistics 2000). The increase in the number of people who are living in care homes who are dependent on others for their care is due to a combination of factors, including a decline in the birth rate, a decline in the death rate, and a decline in the rate of emigration.

The increase in the number of people who are living in care homes who are dependent on others for their care has led to a corresponding increase in the number of people who are living in care homes who are dependent on others for their care. In 1990, there were 1.5 million people aged 65 and over who were living in care homes who were dependent on others for their care, and this number is projected to increase to 2.5 million by 2020 (Office for National Statistics 2000). The increase in the number of people who are living in care homes who are dependent on others for their care is due to a combination of factors, including a decline in the birth rate, a decline in the death rate, and a decline in the rate of emigration.



Poor validation
accuracy

The solution is not so trivial



The solution is not so trivial

Estimated prognosis
probabilities from

training data

vs

validation data

differ by 0.16 on
average

