

UCSC Silicon Valley Extension

Designing, Building, and Integrating RESTful API

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History of Web Services

- ❖ Local network vs. Internet
- ❖ Page driven vs. data driven
 - ❖ Synchronous vs. Asynchronous
- ❖ SOAP vs. REST
 - ❖ XML vs. JSON
 - ❖ Verb centric vs. noun centric
 - ❖ Limited and tightly coupled vs. encouraging creativity

HTTP Basics

- ❖ HTTP request and response
- ❖ A start line
 - ❖ Request line: `GET /index.html HTTP/1.1`
 - ❖ Response line: `HTTP/1.1 200 OK`
- ❖ Zero or more header fields followed by CRLF
- ❖ An empty line indicating the end of the header fields
- ❖ Optionally a message body

POST

- ❖ The POST verb is utilized to **create** new subordinate resources.
- ❖ On successful creation, return HTTP status 201
 - ❖ With newly-created resource in the response body or
 - ❖ A Location header with a link to the newly-created resource
- ❖ POST is neither safe nor idempotent.

GET

- ❖ The HTTP GET method is used to **read** (or retrieve) a representation of a resource.
- ❖ In a successful case, GET returns a representation in XML or JSON and an HTTP response code of 200 (OK).
- ❖ In a failure case, it returns a 404 (NOT FOUND) or 400 (BAD REQUEST).
- ❖ GET is considered safe. That is, they can be called without risk of data modification or corruption.
- ❖ Additionally, GET is idempotent, which means that making multiple identical requests ends up having the same result as a single request.

PUT

- ❖ PUT is utilized for **update** capabilities, PUT-ing to a known resource URI with the request body containing the newly-updated representation of the original resource.
- ❖ On successful update,
 - ❖ return 200 with the updated resource in response body or
 - ❖ return 204 without the response body
- ❖ PUT is not a safe operation, in that it modifies (or creates) state on the server,
- ❖ PUT is idempotent.
 - ❖ Use POST for non-idempotent requests.

PATCH

- ❖ PATCH is used for **modify** capabilities. The PATCH request only needs to contain the changes to the resource, not the complete resource.
- ❖ PATCH resembles PUT. PATCH body content should be in some kind of patch language, e.g., JSON Patch
- ❖ PATCH is neither safe nor idempotent.

DELETE

- ❖ DELETE is to **delete** a resource identified by a URI.
- ❖ On successful deletion,
 - ❖ return HTTP status 204 (NO CONTENT) with no response body or
 - ❖ return HTTP status 200 (OK) along with a response body, the representation of the deleted item
- ❖ DELETE is idempotent.