HW 2, Part II

Due 23:00 October 12, 2017

CS ID:

Section (circle one):	Monday	L1J 9–11a	L1M 11a-1p	L1C 4–6p
	Tuesday	L1A 11a-1p	L1F 4–6p	
	Wednesday	L1B 9–11a	L1E 2–4p	L1M 6–8p
	Thursday	L1D 10:30a-12:30p	L1G 4–6p	

 $L1K\ 1\text{--}3p$

Friday

Please print out this document and write your solutions into the spaces provided. Show your work where necessary for full credit. If you require additional space, please indicate in the question space that you are writing on the last blank page, and also indicate on the blank page which question the work solves.

 $L1H \ 3-5p$

You must scan and upload the completed document, including this page and the last page, to GradeScope, using your 4- or 5-character CS ID.

1. [Divvy Sort -22 points].

In class we discussed 2 different iterative sorting algorithms: selection and insertion. Here is code for a third, which we're calling "Divvy Sort". (The swap function simply switches the values of the two parameters.)

- (a) (4 points) You will use the table below to trace the execution of this algorithm on a small example. Simply enter any four integers into the array in iteration 0, and go!
 - Be very careful to increment (and decrement) the indices accurately.
 - Take a moment to look at the state and structure of the data after every iteration.
- (b) (2 points) The inner two loops of "Divvy Sort" are very similar to an algorithm you have seen before.

Write its name in the box:	
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(c) (2 points) Navigate to the web app found here: https://www.toptal.com/developers/sorting-algorithms, and determine which of the algorithms is equivalent to "Divvy Sort."

Write its name in the box:	
i a	

(d) (2 points) Wikipedia gives a table of running times that apply to a variety of adaptations to the algorithm. Use that table to figure out the bound on the running time of *our* implementation (above).

Write the asymptotic running time in the box:	
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(e) (4 points) Express the running time of "Divvy Sort" as a sum:

iteration	array	i	j	k
0				
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				

(f) (4 points) Solve the sum to prove the asymptotic running time that you found on wikipedia. To do this, you will use your answer from part (b), together with the fact that O(f(n) + g(n)) = O(f(n)) + O(g(n)). Show your work!

(g) (4 points) Look again at the web app from part (c). Explain why "Divvy Sort" finishes significantly faster than your answer in part (b).

2. [Sorting Mechanics — 24 points]. In this problem you will show us that you understand the concept of *loop invariants* in sorting algorithms. Each of the lists of names below has been created by invoking a sorting algorithm, and stopping it after some number of iterations, k. For each list, and for each sorting algorithm, fill in the box with the *maximum* possible value of k. In the table, "Sel" stands for selection sort, "Ins" stands for insertion sort, and "Div" stands for divvy sort. In this problem we are considering an "iteration" to be one execution of the *outer* loop of the algorithm.

#		ex 1		ex 2		ex 3		ex 4
0		Asuna		Asuna		Akame		Erza
1		Winry		Akame		Akeno		Jubia
2		Shiro		Akeno		Asuna		Lucy
3		Yuri		Lucy		Erza		Lucy
4		Lucy		Riza		Jubia		Maka
5		Shana		Jubia		Lucy		Nami
6		Erza		Erza		Taiga		Riza
7		Saeko		Nami		Yuri		Shana
8		Taiga		Saeko		Shana		Shiro
9		Jubia		Maka		Nami		Taiga
10		Lucy		Lucy		Shiro		Winry
11		Maka		Taiga		Saeko		Yuri
12		Nami		Shiro		Maka		Asuna
13		Akame		Shana		Lucy		Akame
14		Akeno		Yuri		Riza		Akeno
_15		Riza		Winry		Winry		Saeko
	Div		Div		Div		Div	
	Ins		Ins		Ins		Ins	
	Sel		Sel		Sel		Sel	

Blank sheet for extra work.