CPSC 532W - Homework 3

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Public GitHub repo: https://github.com/Xiaoxuan1121/CPSC532W/tree/main/a3

- 1. Program 1: the program has been run for 50000 times, and the results are:
 - (a) Importance Sampling:

Importance sampling for 1.daphne took 28.951397 seconds

posterior mean of mu in 1.daphne using Importance Sampling is 7.34036922454834

posterior variance of mu in 1.daphne using Importance Sampling is 0.8557209372520447

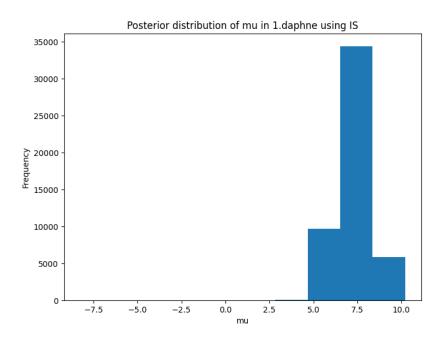


Figure 1: Posterior distribution for mu for 1.daphne using Importance Sampling

(b) MH Gibbs:

Gibbs sampling for 1.daphne took 70.520023 seconds

posterior mean of mu in 1.daphne using Gibbs is 7.228082656860352

posterior variance of mu in 1.daphne using Gibbs is 0.8902580142021179

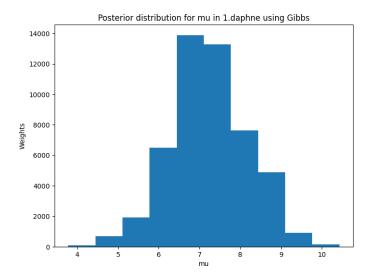


Figure 2: Posterior distribution for mu for 1.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

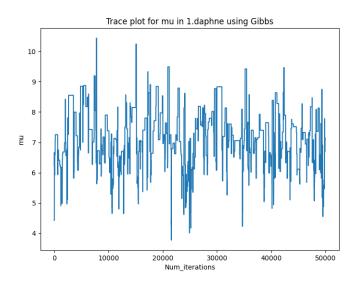


Figure 3: Trace plot for mu for 1.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

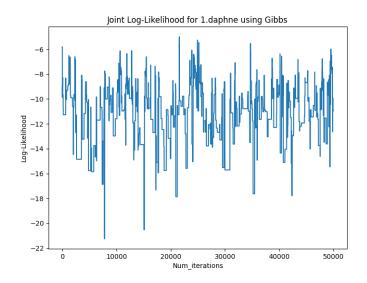


Figure 4: Joint loglikelihood plot for mu for 1.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

(c) HMC:

Hamiltonian monte carlo for 1.daphne took 479.338874 seconds

posterior mean of mu in 1.daphne using HMC is 7.254238605499268

posterior variance of mu in 1.daphne using HMC is 0.8068938255310059

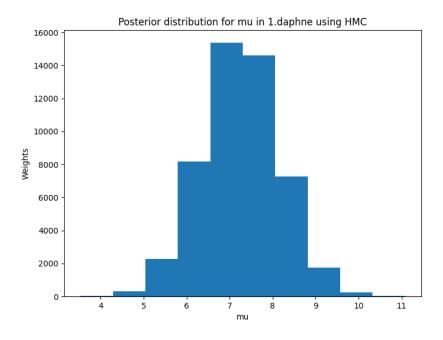


Figure 5: Posterior distribution for mu for 1.daphne using HMC

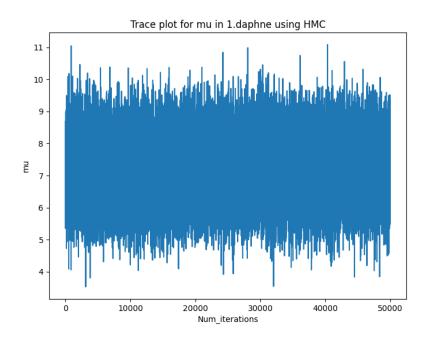


Figure 6: Trace plot for mu for 1.daphne using HMC $\,$

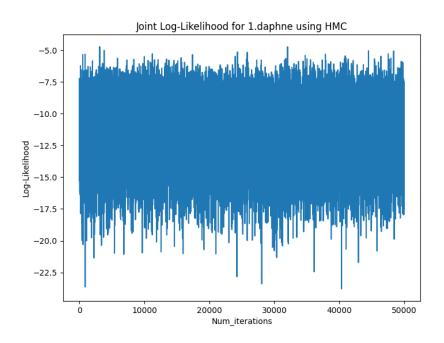


Figure 7: joint loglikelihood plot for mu for 1.daphne using HMC

2. Program 2:

(a) Importance Sampling

```
Importance sampling for 2.daphne took 77.507543 seconds

posterior means of slope and bias in 2.daphne using Importance Sampling are tensor([ 2.1264, -0.3932])

posterior covariance of slope and bias in 2.daphne using Importance Sampling is [[ 0.05948202 -0.20735508]

[-0.20735508 0.89997893]]
```

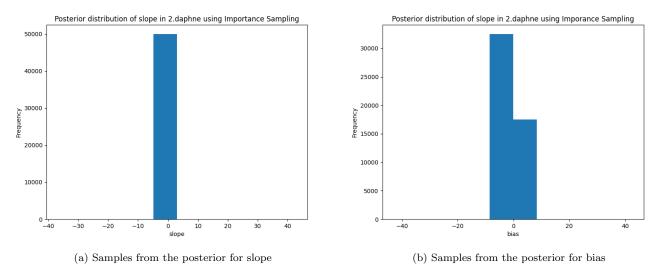


Figure 8: Posterior distribution for slope and bias for 2.daphne using Importance Sampling

(b) MH Gibbs

[-0.2281112

0.97806647]]

Gibbs sampling for 2.daphne took 179.560134 seconds

posterior means of slope and bias in 2.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling is tensor([2.1652, -0.5709])

posterior covariance of slope and bias in 2.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling is [[0.06599339 -0.2281112]

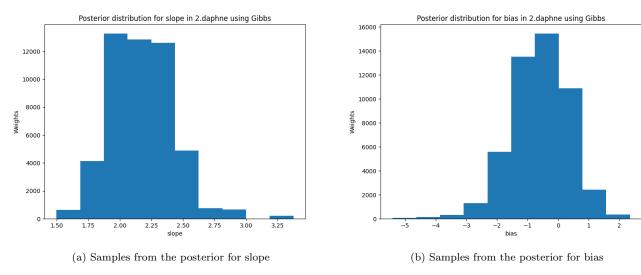


Figure 9: Posterior distribution for slope and bias for 2.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

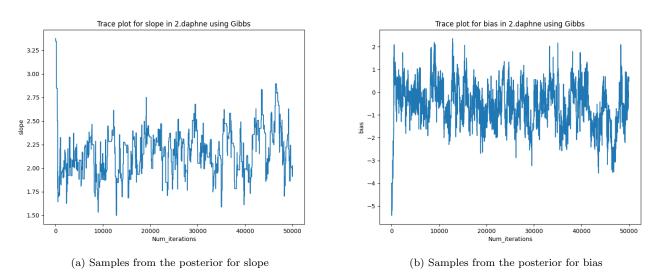


Figure 10: Trace plots for slope and bias for 2.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

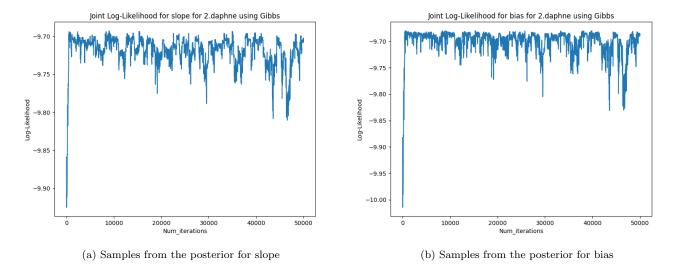


Figure 11: Joint Log-likelihood plots for slope and bias for 2.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

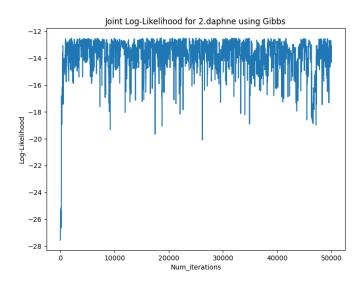


Figure 12: Joint Log-likelihood plots for 2.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

(c) HMC

```
Hamiltonian monte carlo for 2.daphne took 359.792237 seconds

posterior means of slope and bias in 2.daphne using HMC is tensor([ 2.1515, -0.5122], grad_fn=<MeanBackward1>)

posterior covariance of slope and bias in 2.daphne using HMC is [[ 0.05823189 -0.18699317]

[-0.18699317  0.8151532 ]]
```

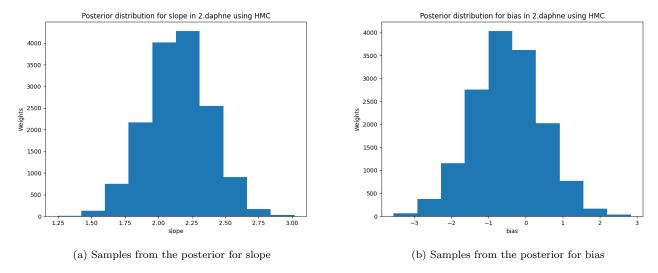


Figure 13: Posterior distribution for slope and bias for 2.daphne using HMC Sampling

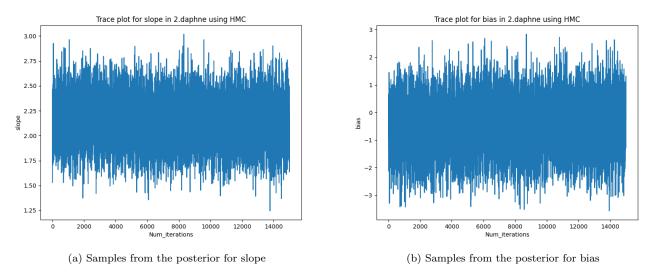


Figure 14: Trace plots for slope and bias for 2.daphne using HMC Sampling

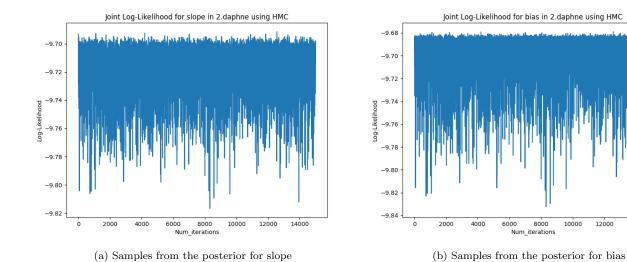


Figure 15: Joint Log-likelihood plots for slope and bias for 2.daphne using HMC Sampling

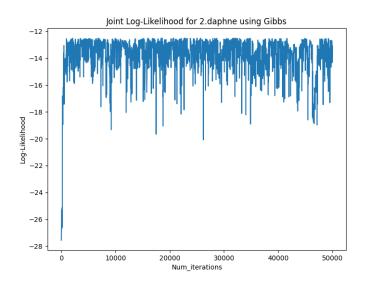


Figure 16: Joint Log-likelihood plots for 2.daphne using HMC Sampling

3. Program 3:

(a) Importance Sampling

Importance sampling for 3.daphne took 51.753358 seconds

posterior probability (mean) that the first and second datapoint are in the same cluster using Important sampling is 0.6138077974319458

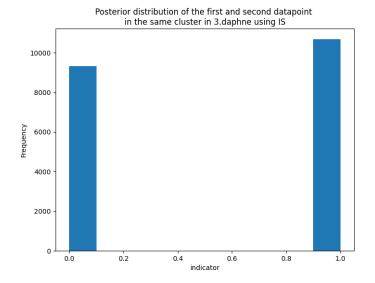


Figure 17: Posterior distribution for probability for 3.daphne using Importance Sampling

(b) MH Gibbs Sampling

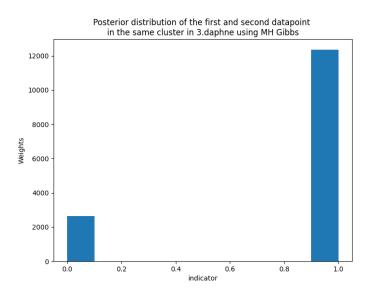


Figure 18: Posterior distribution for probability for 3.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

4. Program 4:

(a) Importance Sampling

Importance sampling for 4.daphne took 33.953193 seconds

posterior probability of raining in 4.daphne using Importance sampling is 0.3193276524543762

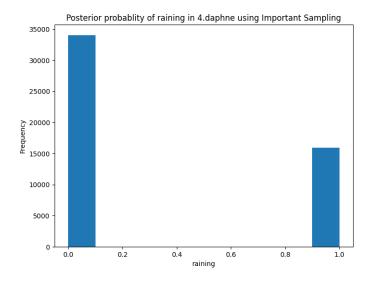


Figure 19: Posterior distribution fof raining for 4.daphne using Importance Sampling

(b) MH Gibb Sampling

Gibbs sampling for 4.daphne took 212.917732 seconds

posterior probability of raining in 4.daphne using MH Gibbs is 0.3207400143146515

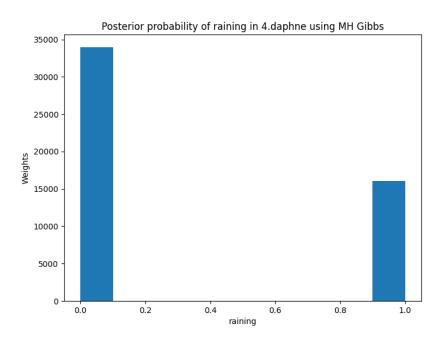


Figure 20: Posterior distribution of raining for 4.daphne using Importance Sampling

5. The caveat of directly applying Dirac distribution curing sampling process is that the likelihood goes to infinity at the center of the distribution and 0 anywhere else other than the center of the distribution, such that it is impossible to land into the region that the probability is positive. Therefore, a function is proposed to approximate Dirac distribution, which is

$$f(x) = z \exp(-(x - c)^4)$$

where c indicates the center of this function and z is a constant. It has the similar shape as what Dirac function looks like, and the highest likelihood also occurs at the center, which is several times of the likelihood corresponding to anywhere else. More important, this function is differentiable everywhere and also integrable from $-\infty$ to ∞ :

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} z \exp(-(x-c)^8 dx = 2z\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)z \Rightarrow z = \frac{1}{2\Gamma(5/4)} \text{ such that the integral is equal to } 1$$

(a) Importance Sampling

Importance sampling for 5.daphne took 14.084782 seconds

posterior mean of x in 5.daphne using Importance Sampling is 3.5934274196624756

posterior mean of y in 5.daphne using Importance Sampling is 3.406064510345459

posterior variance of x in 5.daphne using Importance Sampling is 49.012569427490234

posterior variance of y in 5.daphne using Importance Sampling is 48.93938064575195

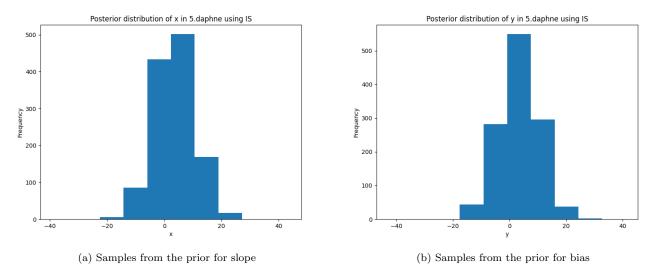


Figure 21: Posterior distribution for x and y for 5.daphne using Importance Sampling

(b) MH Gibbs Sampling

Gibbs sampling for 1.daphne took 60.137660 seconds posterior mean of x in 5.daphne using Gibbs is 0.370985209941864 posterior mean of y in 5.daphne using Gibbs is 6.600561141967773 posterior variance of x in 5.daphne using Gibbs is 50.292694091796875 posterior mean of x in 5.daphne using Gibbs is 6.600561141967773

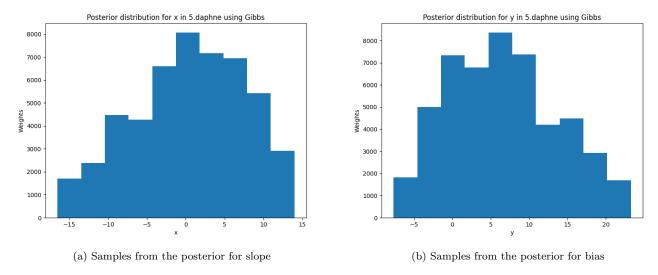


Figure 22: Posterior distribution for x and y for 5.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

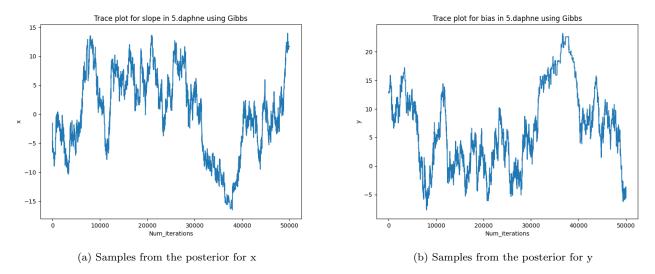


Figure 23: Trace plots for x and y for 5.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

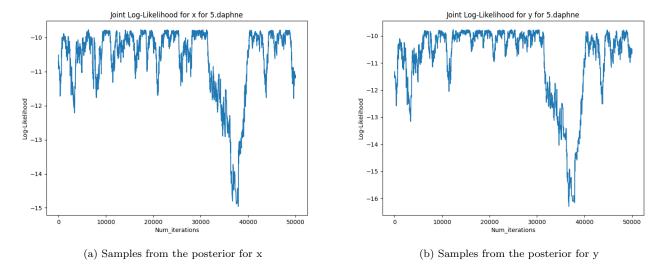


Figure 24: Joint Log-likelihood plots for x and y for 5.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

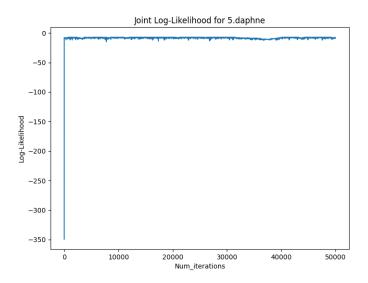


Figure 25: Joint Log-likelihood plots for 5.daphne using MH Gibbs Sampling

(c) HMC

Hamiltonian monte carlo for 2.daphne took 63.622138 seconds

posterior mean of x in 5.daphne using HMC is 4.139595031738281

posterior mean of y in 5.daphne using HMC is 2.851712465286255

posterior variance of x in 5.daphne using HMC is 41.26287841796875

posterior variance of y in 5.daphne using HMC is 41.46129608154297

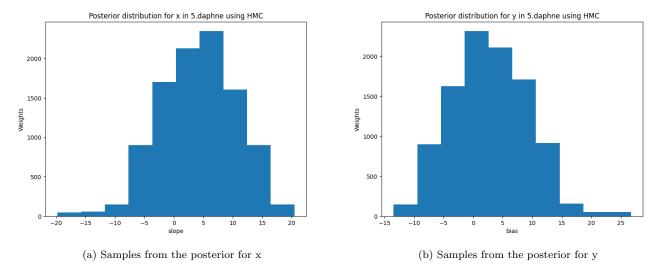


Figure 26: Posterior distribution for slope and bias for 5.daphne using HMC Sampling

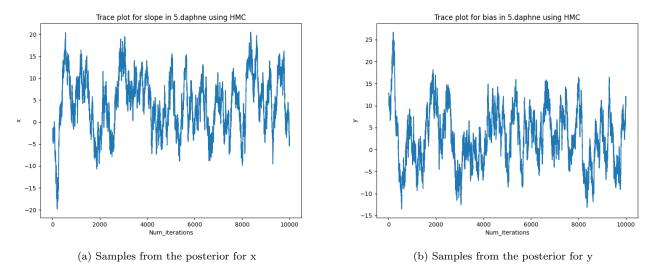


Figure 27: Trace plots for x and y for 5.daphne using HMC Sampling

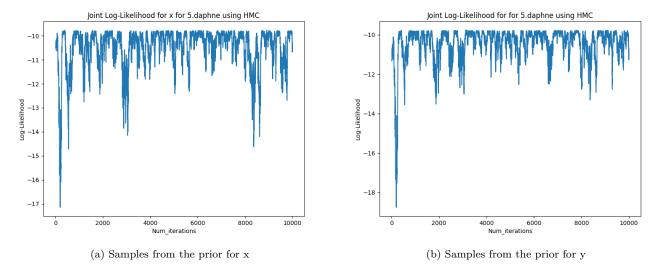


Figure 28: Joint Log-likelihood plots for x and y for 5.daphne using HMC Sampling

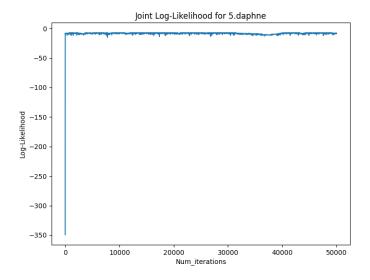


Figure 29: Joint Log-likelihood plots for 5.daphne using HMC Sampling