

Some SQL functions

CONCAT, CAST functions

▪ CONCAT

- Merge columns in your table output: Show staff and their date of birth into one column.

```
SELECT CONCAT(StaffName, ' was born on ', DateOfBirth)  
AS 'Staff date of birth'  
FROM Staff;
```

▪ CAST

- **Convert the data type:** Change budget from **DOUBLE** to **DECIMAL(9,2)**. Also, rename the budget column as 'Annual Budget' and show the output in descending order of the 'Annual Budget'.

```
SELECT DepartmentName, CAST(Budget AS DECIMAL(9,2)) AS  
'Annual Budget'  
FROM DEPARTMENT  
ORDER BY 'Annual Budget' DESC;
```

Staff date of birth

Buffy Winters was born on 1987-09-15

Teddy Bear was born on 1983-12-03

John Smith was born on 1972-09-20

Jane Doe was born on 1969-01-25

Jacek Jones was born on 1984-10-19

Mohammad Awrangzeb was born on 1977-11-21

Rupam Deb was born on 1980-10-21

Md Polash was born on 1981-11-25

Teddy Bear was born on 1983-12-03

Fred Smith was born on 1956-06-30

DepartmentName	Annual Budget
Sales	5005000.00
Marketing	509000.00
Finance	650000.00
Accounting	360000.00
Human Resource	550000.00

CONCAT, CAST functions

- **CONCAT & CAST**

- Display staff names and their annual salary. Sort the output in ascending order of their salary and append a dollar sign (\$) at the beginning of everyone's salary.

```
SELECT StaffName, CONCAT('$', CAST(Salary AS CHAR(12))) AS 'Annual Salary'  
From Staff  
ORDER BY Salary;
```

StaffName	Annual Salary
John Smith	\$25000.00
Fred Smith	\$25125.02
Buffy Winters	\$27000.00
Jacek Jones	\$35000.00
Mohammad Awrangjeb	\$35000.00
Md Polash	\$38000.00
Jane Doe	\$55000.00
Rupam Deb	\$55000.00
Teddy Bear	\$87125.02
Teddy Bear	\$87125.02

AVG, MAX, MIN

▪ AVG

- Find the average budget of all departments.

```
SELECT AVG(Budget)
FROM department;
```

```
AVG(Budget)
1414800
```

- Alternative solution:

```
SELECT CONCAT('$',CAST((AVG(Budget)) AS CHAR(10))) AS 'Average department budget'
FROM department;
```

```
Average department budget
$1414800
```

▪ MAX

- Find the maximum budget of all departments.

```
SELECT MAX(Budget) AS 'Maximum Department budget'
FROM department;
```

```
Maximum Department budget
5005000
```

- Find alternative solution using the **LIMIT** command.

```
SELECT Budget AS 'Maximum Department budget'
FROM department
ORDER BY Budget DESC
LIMIT 0,1;
```

```
Maximum Department budget
5005000
```

▪ MIN

- Do the same as above for the minimum budget using the **MIN** function

COUNT, SUM, MAX, MIN

■ COUNT

- Find number of departments whose budget is less than \$1m.

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS 'Number of departments with budget < $1m'  
FROM department  
WHERE Budget < 1000000;
```

Number of department with budget < \$1m

4

- Find the number of staff.

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS 'Number of staff'  
FROM staff;
```

Number of staff

10

■ SUM

- Find total budget of all departments

```
SELECT SUM(Budget) AS 'Total budget $'  
FROM department;
```

Total budget \$

7074000

- Alternative solution:

```
SELECT CONCAT('$', CAST(SUM(Budget) AS CHAR(10))) AS 'Total budget'  
FROM department;
```

Total budget

\$7074000

Thank you