











A2

B1

C2



D1

12

FI

G2

Hi1

12















Flashforward

A<sub>2</sub> [B<sub>1</sub>] C<sub>2</sub> [D<sub>1</sub> (E<sub>2</sub>) F<sub>1</sub> (G<sub>2</sub>) H<sub>1</sub>] I<sub>2</sub>

Flashback

The diagram illustrates a sequence of events: A<sub>2</sub>, [B<sub>1</sub>], C<sub>2</sub>, [D<sub>1</sub> (E<sub>2</sub>) F<sub>1</sub> (G<sub>2</sub>) H<sub>1</sub>], and I<sub>2</sub>. A curved arrow labeled 'Flashforward' points from the event (E<sub>2</sub>) to the event (G<sub>2</sub>). Another curved arrow labeled 'Flashback' points from the event (E<sub>2</sub>) back to the event [B<sub>1</sub>]. The events are color-coded: A<sub>2</sub> and I<sub>2</sub> are red; B<sub>1</sub>, D<sub>1</sub>, F<sub>1</sub>, and H<sub>1</sub> are green; C<sub>2</sub>, E<sub>2</sub>, and G<sub>2</sub> are yellow. Square brackets group B<sub>1</sub> and the sequence (D<sub>1</sub> (E<sub>2</sub>) F<sub>1</sub> (G<sub>2</sub>) H<sub>1</sub>).

Close reading of a text passage  
**does not scale** beyond a few sequences.