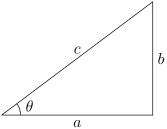
如图.



## 基本公式列表:

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(\theta) &= \frac{b}{c} & \cos(\theta) &= \frac{a}{c} & \tan(\theta) &= \frac{b}{a} \\ \csc(\theta) &= \frac{1}{\sin(\theta)} &= \frac{c}{b} & \sec(\theta) &= \frac{1}{\cos(\theta)} &= \frac{c}{a} & \cot(\theta) &= \frac{1}{\tan(\theta)} &= \frac{a}{b} \end{aligned}$$

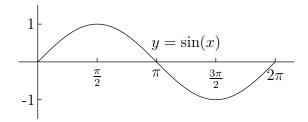
## 常见三角函数值:

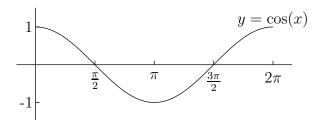
	0	$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$
sin	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
$\cos$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0
$\tan$	0	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$	*

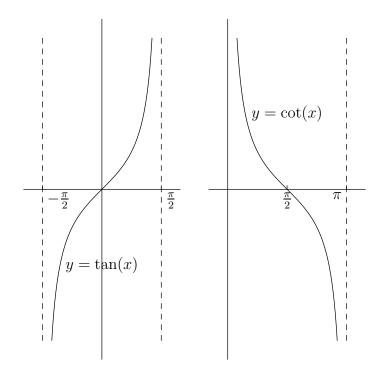
## 求三角函数值步骤:

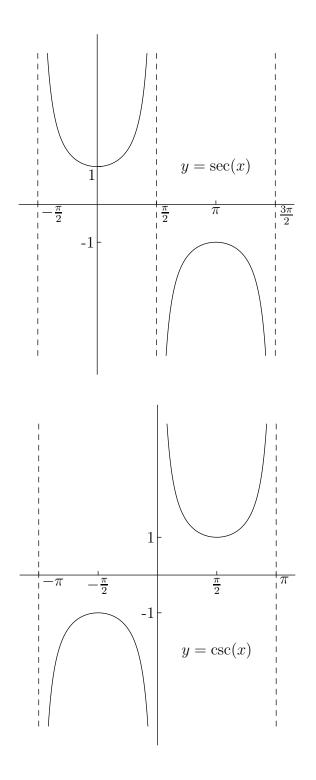
- 1. 找出角所在象限;
- 2. 当角在 x/y 轴上, 参考三角函数图像;
- 3. 如果角不在 x/y 轴上, 找出该角与 x 轴形成的最小角度, 即参考角;
- 4. 当参考角为特殊角时, 参考常见三角函数值表;
- 5. 利用 ASTC(all/sin/tan/cos) 决定是否需要添加负号.

## 三角函数图像:









毕达哥拉斯定理:

$$\cos^2(x) + \sin^2(x) = 1$$