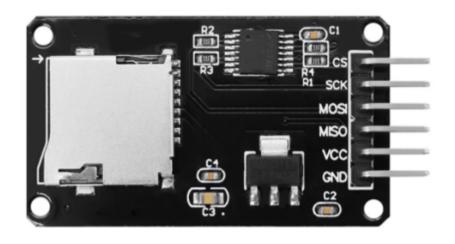
Micro SD卡读写模块



1、概述

Micro SD 卡读写模块多以小型电路板形式呈现,采用 SPI 接口通信,配备电平转换芯片可适配不同电平标准设备。它具备数据读写能力,能对 Micro SD 卡进行文件创建、读写、删除等操作,支持不同格式文件,且可兼容不同容量的 SD 卡。该模块广泛应用于数据记录、音频 / 视频存储、程序更新等场景,如在环境监测设备、音乐播放器、智能家电等设备中发挥作用。以 Arduino 开发板连接为例,通过硬件连接与相应软件编程即可实现对 SD 卡的读写操作。

2、规格参数

工作电压: 3.3v-5v

工作电流:

静态: 1 - 10mA 读取: 10 - 50mA 写入: 20 - 100mA 通信方式: SPI通信

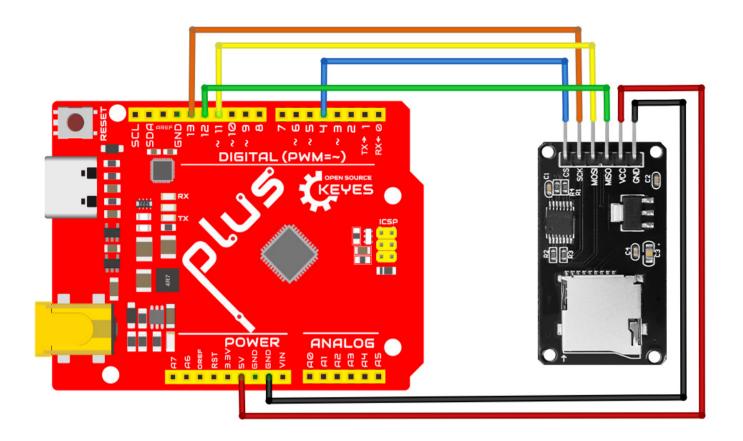
支持SD卡类型: Micro SD卡、Micro SDHC卡等

文件系统: 支持 FAT16 和 FAT32

工作温度: -10℃-60℃ 尺寸: 46mm*24mm

3、接线图

Micro SD卡读写模块	UNO板
CS	4
SCK	13
MOSI	11
MISO	12
VCC	5V
GND	GND



4、测试代码

```
SD card basic file example
 This example shows how to create and destroy an SD card file
 The circuit:
  SD card attached to SPI bus as follows:
 ** MOSI - pin 11
** MISO - pin 12
 ** CLK - pin 13
 ** CS - pin 4 (for MKRZero SD: SDCARD_SS_PIN)
 created Nov 2010
 by David A. Mellis
 modified 9 Apr 2012
 by Tom Igoe
 This example code is in the public domain.
#include <SPI.h>
#include <SD.h>
File myFile;
void setup() {
 // Open serial communications and wait for port to open:
 Serial.begin(9600);
 while (!Serial) {
    ; // wait for serial port to connect. Needed for native USB port only
  Serial.print("Initializing SD card...");
  if (!SD.begin(4)) {
    Serial.println("initialization failed!");
    while (1);
  Serial.println("initialization done.");
 if (SD.exists("example.txt")) {
    Serial.println("example.txt exists.");
 } else {
    Serial.println("example.txt doesn't exist.");
 }
 // open a new file and immediately close it:
 Serial.println("Creating example.txt...");
 myFile = SD.open("example.txt", FILE_WRITE);
  myFile.close();
  // Check to see if the file exists:
 if (SD.exists("example.txt")) {
```

```
Serial.println("example.txt exists.");
} else {
    Serial.println("example.txt doesn't exist.");
}

// delete the file:
Serial.println("Removing example.txt...");
SD.remove("example.txt");

if (SD.exists("example.txt")) {
    Serial.println("example.txt exists.");
} else {
    Serial.println("example.txt doesn't exist.");
}

void loop() {
    // nothing happens after setup finishes.
}
```

5、实验结果

烧录代码后会在插入的SD卡里先检查有没有文件,然后创建一个名为"EXAMPLE"txt文件,创建成功后再判断有没有这个文件,之后删掉这个txt文件