

Figure 11.2 Baselined SCIs and the project databa

# Software Configuration Items & Baseline



**Keyur Patel 16010421073** 

# SCIS Software Engineering Task SCIS Formal technical reviews SCIS SCIS SCIS SCIS SCIS SCIS SCIS

# **INTRODUCTION**

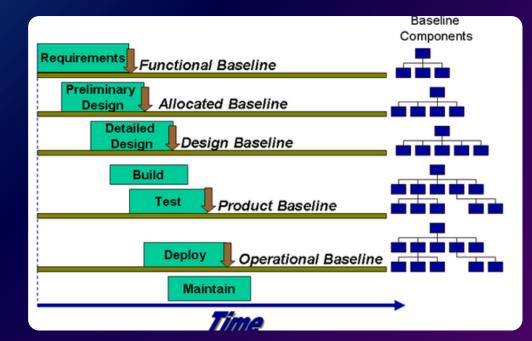
Software Configuration Items (SCIs) are individual components of a software system that are uniquely identified and managed as separate entities.

- The image depicts the concept of Software Configuration Items (SCIs) and their relationship with the project database in a software engineering context.
- Software Engineering Task: This task produces modified SCIs that undergo formal technical review.
- Formal Technical Review: The reviewed SCIs are then approved and added to the project database.
- Project Database: The approved SCIs are stored in the project database.
- SCM Controls: The SCM (Software Configuration Management) controls the flow of SCIs, approving, extracting, and modifying them as necessary.
- Stored SCIs: The approved and controlled SCIs are stored in the project database.

# **BASELINE**

Baselines provide a stable and consistent foundation for software development, allowing changes to be tracked, controlled, and audited.

- The timeline runs from left to right, with the progression of the software development life cycle.
- The stages include Requirements, Preliminary Design, Detailed Design, Build, Test, Deploy, and Maintain.
- At each stage, a specific baseline is established, such as Functional Baseline, Allocated Baseline, Design Baseline, Product Baseline, Operational Baseline.
- The Baseline Concept evolves and progresses from a high-level Baseline Concept to more detailed and specific baselines as the project moves forward.





# **APPLICATIONS**

# Applications of Software Configuration Items (SCIs) are:

- 1. Modular Development
- 2. Impact Analysis
- 3. Reusability
- **4. Version Control**
- 5. Traceability and Accountability

## **Applications of Baselines are:**

- 1. Release Management
- 2. Collaboration
- 3. Rollback and disaster recovery
- 4. Change Management
- 5. Auditing



# **ADVANTAGES**

# Some of the Advantages for SCIs and Baseline are:

- Improved traceability and accountability:
   SCIs and baselines enable clear identification of changes, who made them, and when they were made.
- Enhanced collaboration and communication:
   Shared understanding of the approved software components and their relationships.
- Reduced risks and errors: Baselines provide a known, stable foundation for further development, reducing the likelihood of introducing regressions or compatibility issues.
- Faster troubleshooting and problem resolution: Baselines allow for easy identification of the source of issues and rollback to a known good state.



# **INDUSTRY TRENDS**

# Industry Trends for Software Configuration Items

- Microservices and Containerization: Defining SCIs at the granular level of microservices and containerized components.
- Agile and Continuous Delivery: Aligning SCI management with Agile practices and Continuous Delivery workflows.
- Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning: Leveraging AI/ML techniques to automate the identification, classification, and management of SCIs.

### **Industry Trends for Baselines:**

- Shift Left in Baseline Management: Increased emphasis on defining and managing baselines earlier in the software development lifecycle.
- Integration with CI/CD Pipelines: Seamless integration of baselines with Continuous Integration/Continuous Deployment (CI/CD) workflows.
- Baseline Security and Compliance.



