1. To remove the last node, we have to find the second-to-last node since that will be the new “tail” node. However, the tail pointer does not give us the ability to find the second-to-last node quickly and we still have to search for it from the first node which takes $\Theta(n)$ time.

2. No, we now have to find the third-to-last node which will become the new “second-to-last” node, and point the beforeTail pointer there. For similar reasons as above, we still have to start from the beginning of the linked list.