

## Phase\_2

In second phase we have to enter six interger in order to proceed to next phase. How we know it should be six integer is because o this comment vi bomb.s where we can see the assembly code.

```
328
329 0000000000400ea9 <phase_2>:
330 400ea9: 55          push    %rbp
331 400eaa: 53          push    %rbx
332 400eab: 48 83 ec 28 sub     $0x28,%rsp
333 400eaf: 64 48 8b 04 25 28 00 mov     %fs:0x28,%rax
334 400eb6: 00 00
335 400eb8: 48 89 44 24 18 mov     %rax,0x18(%rsp)
336 400ebd: 31 c0       xor     %eax,%eax
337 400ebf: 48 89 e6     mov     %rsp,%rsi
338 400ec2: e8 93 05 00 00 callq   40145a <read_six_numbers>
339 400ec7: 83 3c 24 01 cmpl    $0x1,(%rsp)
340 400ecb: 74 05       je      400ed2 <phase_2+0x29>
341 400ecd: e8 66 05 00 00 callq   401438 <explode_bomb>
342 400ed2: 48 89 e3     mov     %rsp,%rbx
343 400ed5: 48 8d 6c 24 14 lea     0x14(%rsp),%rbp
344 400eda: 8b 03       mov     (%rbx),%eax
345 400edc: 01 c0       add     %eax,%eax
346 400ede: 39 43 04     cmp     %eax,0x4(%rbx)
347 400ee1: 74 05       je      400ee8 <phase_2+0x3f>
348 400ee3: e8 50 05 00 00 callq   401438 <explode_bomb>
349 400ee8: 48 83 c3 04 add     $0x4,%rbx
350 400eec: 48 39 eb     cmp     %rbp,%rbx
351 400eef: 75 e9       jne     400eda <phase_2+0x31>
352 400ef1: 48 8b 44 24 18 mov     0x18(%rsp),%rax
353 400ef6: 64 48 33 04 25 28 00 xor     %fs:0x28,%rax
354 400efd: 00 00
355 400eff: 74 05       je      400f06 <phase_2+0x5d>
356 400f01: e8 fa fb ff ff callq   400b00 <__stack_chk_fail@plt>
357 400f06: 48 83 c4 28 add     $0x28,%rsp
358 400f0a: 5b         pop     %rbx
359 400f0b: 5d         pop     %rbp
```

## Step 1:

First we have to enter **gdb bomb** command in order to do inside the assembly file. After that we have to set break point for phase\_2 in order to stop our bomb from exploding. We have to **run** the program give six interger of our choice in our second phase. So I have given 1 2 3 4 5 6 as a input.

```
kezeang@kezeang-Aspire-A315-21: ~/Downloads/Assignment 1...
Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details.
This GDB was configured as "x86_64-linux-gnu".
Type "show configuration" for configuration details.
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/>.
Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:
<http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/>.

For help, type "help".
Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word"...
Reading symbols from bomb...
(gdb) b phase_2
Breakpoint 1 at 0x400ea9
(gdb) run
Starting program: /home/kezeang/Downloads/Assignment 1_2/Assignment 1/bomb002/bom
b
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with
which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!
Public speaking is very easy.
Phase 1 defused. How about the next one?
1 2 3 4 5 6

Breakpoint 1, 0x0000000000400ea9 in phase_2 ()
(gdb) disas
```

## Step 2:

After the completion of step 1 we have to enter **disas** command in order to see assembly code and we have to focus on **cmp** command and we can shift our execution by using **u\*** address of that particular line.

```
(gdb) disas
Dump of assembler code for function phase_2:
0x0000000000400ea9 <+0>:    push    %rbp
0x0000000000400eaa <+1>:    push    %rbx
0x0000000000400eab <+2>:    sub     $0x28,%rsp
0x0000000000400eaf <+6>:    mov     %fs:0x28,%rax
0x0000000000400eb8 <+15>:   mov     %rax,0x18(%rsp)
0x0000000000400ebd <+20>:   xor     %eax,%eax
0x0000000000400ebf <+22>:   mov     %rsp,%rsi
=> 0x0000000000400ec2 <+25>:   callq   0x40145a <read_six_numbers>
0x0000000000400ec7 <+30>:   cmpl    $0x1,(%rsp)
0x0000000000400ecb <+34>:   je      0x400ed2 <phase_2+41>
0x0000000000400ecd <+36>:   callq   0x401438 <explode_bomb>
0x0000000000400ed2 <+41>:   mov     %rsp,%rbx
0x0000000000400ed5 <+44>:   lea     0x14(%rsp),%rbp
0x0000000000400eda <+49>:   mov     (%rbx),%eax
0x0000000000400edc <+51>:   add     %eax,%eax
0x0000000000400ede <+53>:   cmp     %eax,0x4(%rbx)
0x0000000000400ee1 <+56>:   je      0x400ee8 <phase_2+63>
0x0000000000400ee3 <+58>:   callq   0x401438 <explode_bomb>
0x0000000000400ee8 <+63>:   add     $0x4,%rbx
0x0000000000400eec <+67>:   cmp     %rbp,%rbx
0x0000000000400eef <+70>:   jne     0x400eda <phase_2+49>
0x0000000000400ef1 <+72>:   mov     0x18(%rsp),%rax
0x0000000000400ef6 <+77>:   xor     %fs:0x28,%rax
0x0000000000400eff <+86>:   je      0x400f06 <phase_2+93>
0x0000000000400f01 <+88>:   callq   0x400b00 <__stack_chk_fail@plt>
0x0000000000400f06 <+93>:   add     $0x28,%rsp
0x0000000000400f0a <+97>:   pop     %rbx
0x0000000000400f0b <+98>:   pop     %rbp
0x0000000000400f0c <+99>:   retq
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) █
```

## Step 3:

We have to compare value of `rsp` register with our input. We can find the value of register using `i r` command and in order to get value of `rsp` register we have to enter `x/d address` of the `rsp` register so `rsp` is equal to user input so it will directly jump to `phase_2+41` line.

```
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) i r
rax                0x2                2
rbx                0x7fffffffddde0       140737488346592
rcx                0x0                 0
rdx                0x7fffffffdddf4       140737488346612
rsi                0x0                 0
rdi                0x7fffffffdd770       140737488344944
rbp                0x7fffffffdddf4       0x7fffffffdddf4
rsp                0x7fffffffddde0       0x7fffffffddde0
r8                 0xffffffff         4294967295
r9                 0x0                 0
r10                0x7ffff7f5dac0       140737353472704
r11                0x0                 0
r12                0x400c60           4197472
r13                0x7fffffffddfd10       140737488346896
r14                0x0                 0
r15                0x0                 0
rip                0x400ede           0x400ede <phase_2+53>
eflags             0x202             [ IF ]
cs                 0x33             51
ss                 0x2b             43
ds                 0x0                 0
es                 0x0                 0
fs                 0x0                 0
gs                 0x0                 0
(gdb)
```

## Step 4:

After completion of step 3 we have to go again using `disas` command to assembly code and again see each line using `ni` and `disas` command. Again we have to compare `eax` and `rbx` value and if it is equal then it will jump to `phase_2+63` line. It will again compare with value of `rbx` and `rbp` register and if it is not equal it will jump to `phase_2+49` line and if it is equal then bomb will explode.

```
0x0000000000400eab <+2>: sub    $0x28,%rsp
0x0000000000400eaf <+6>: mov    %fs:0x28,%rax
0x0000000000400eb8 <+15>: mov    %rax,0x18(%rsp)
0x0000000000400ebd <+20>: xor    %eax,%eax
0x0000000000400ebf <+22>: mov    %rsp,%rsi
0x0000000000400ec2 <+25>: callq  0x40145a <read_six_numbers>
0x0000000000400ec7 <+30>: cmpl   $0x1,(%rsp)
0x0000000000400ecb <+34>: je     0x400ed2 <phase_2+41>
0x0000000000400ecd <+36>: callq  0x401438 <explode_bomb>
0x0000000000400ed2 <+41>: mov    %rsp,%rbx
0x0000000000400ed5 <+44>: lea    0x14(%rsp),%rbp
0x0000000000400eda <+49>: mov    (%rbx),%eax
0x0000000000400edc <+51>: add    %eax,%eax
0x0000000000400ede <+53>: cmp    %eax,0x4(%rbx)
0x0000000000400ee1 <+56>: je     0x400ee8 <phase_2+63>
=> 0x0000000000400ee3 <+58>: callq  0x401438 <explode_bomb>
0x0000000000400ee8 <+63>: add    $0x4,%rbx
0x0000000000400eec <+67>: cmp    %rbp,%rbx
0x0000000000400eef <+70>: jne    0x400eda <phase_2+49>
0x0000000000400ef1 <+72>: mov    0x18(%rsp),%rax
0x0000000000400ef6 <+77>: xor    %fs:0x28,%rax
0x0000000000400eff <+86>: je     0x400f06 <phase_2+93>
0x0000000000400f01 <+88>: callq  0x400b00 <__stack_chk_fail@plt>
0x0000000000400f06 <+93>: add    $0x28,%rsp
0x0000000000400f0a <+97>: pop    %rbx
0x0000000000400f0b <+98>: pop    %rbp
0x0000000000400f0c <+99>: retq
```

End of assembler dump.

(gdb) ni

BOOM!!!

The bomb has blown up.

[Inferior 1 (process 3021) exited with code 010]

(gdb) cl

## Step 5:

From above step we are able to get hint of answer that could be our key for the phase 2 because we have got 1 2 4 so we can guess that it will be addition of same number till six interger. So we get the key for the phase 2 is **1 2 4 8 16 32**. so when we put key for phase 2 we are able to defuse the bomb.

```
(gdb) run
The program being debugged has been started already.
Start it from the beginning? (y or n) y
Starting program: /home/kezung/Downloads/Assignment 1_2/Assignment 1/bomb002/bomb
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with
which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!
Public speaking is very easy.
Phase 1 defused. How about the next one?
1 2 4 8 16 32
That's number 2. Keep going!
```