

# Proactive Cyber Defence Solutions

# Whoami

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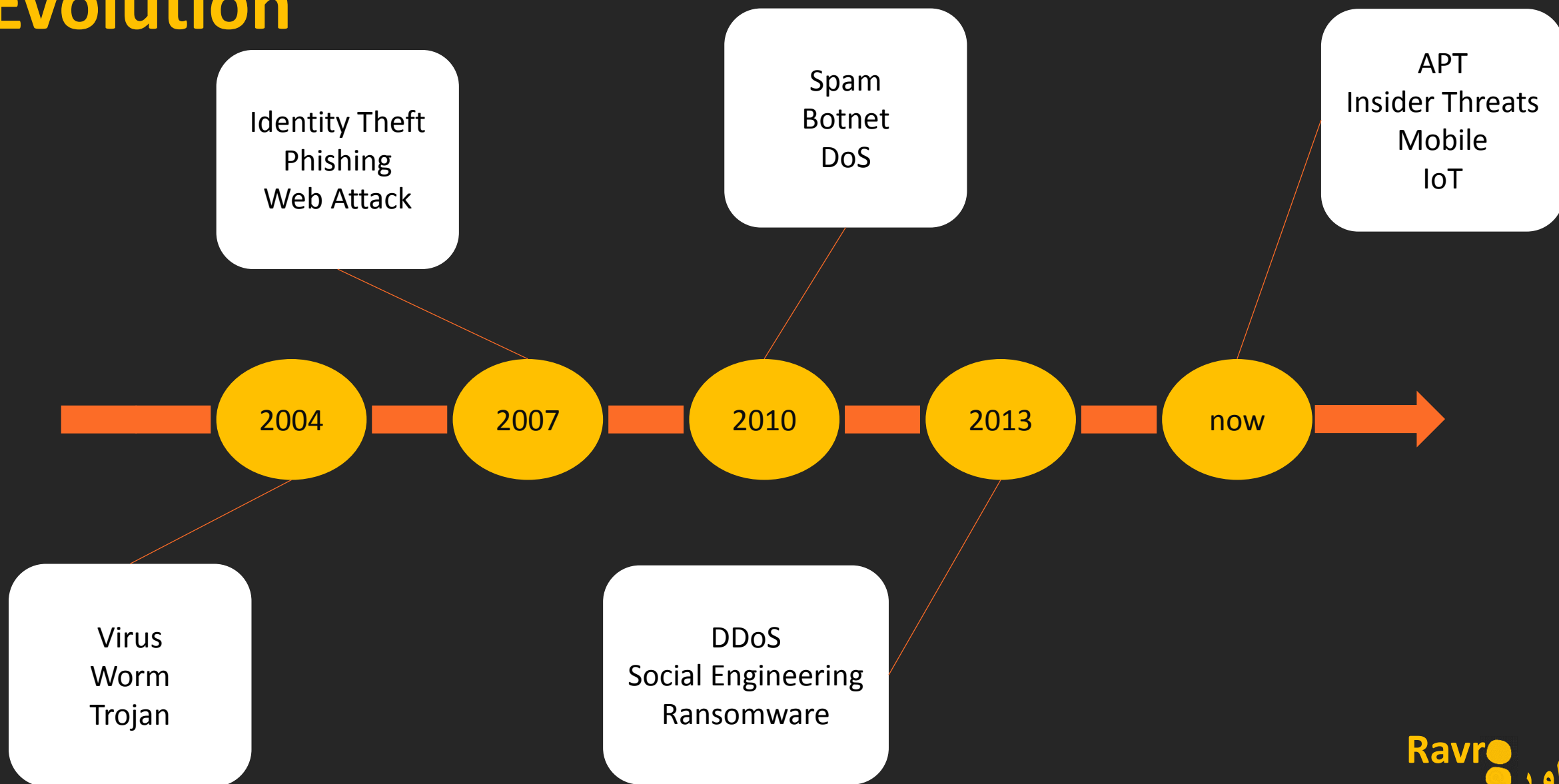
# Agenda

- ✓ Attack History
- ✓ Dwell Time
- ✓ Cyber Defence Evolution
- ✓ Threat Hunting
- ✓ Red Teaming

The background features a stylized, light gray illustration of a computer monitor. On the screen, there is a mechanical arm with a yellow fan-like end, positioned over a blue structure. To the right, there is a vertical stack of binary code (0s and 1s). Below the screen, there is a thick horizontal bar, and further down, more binary code is displayed within a dark gray rectangular area. The overall aesthetic is clean and modern, with a focus on technology and data.

# History

# Evolution



# Data is the new oil

# APT

## Silent but EVIL

# APT

- Advanced
- Complex
- Remain in network for long period
- Don't destroy systems
- Don't interrupt normal operation
- Usually sponsored by nations or very large organizations
- Motivation: financial gain or political espionage
- Final Goal: steal government or industrial secrets



# APT Example

- Cloud Look
- Inception Framework (2014)
- Sykipot (2006)
- GhostNet (2009)
- STUXNET (2010)
- Red October (2012)
- APTs

Adversaries  
Are already in your network

# Dwell Time

The background features a stylized, light-colored illustration. On the left, a mechanical scale with a balance arm and a yellow weight is visible. To the right, a computer monitor displays several lines of binary code (0s and 1s). The overall aesthetic is clean and modern, with a focus on technology and measurement.



# Dwell Time

Based on Regions



2016



2017

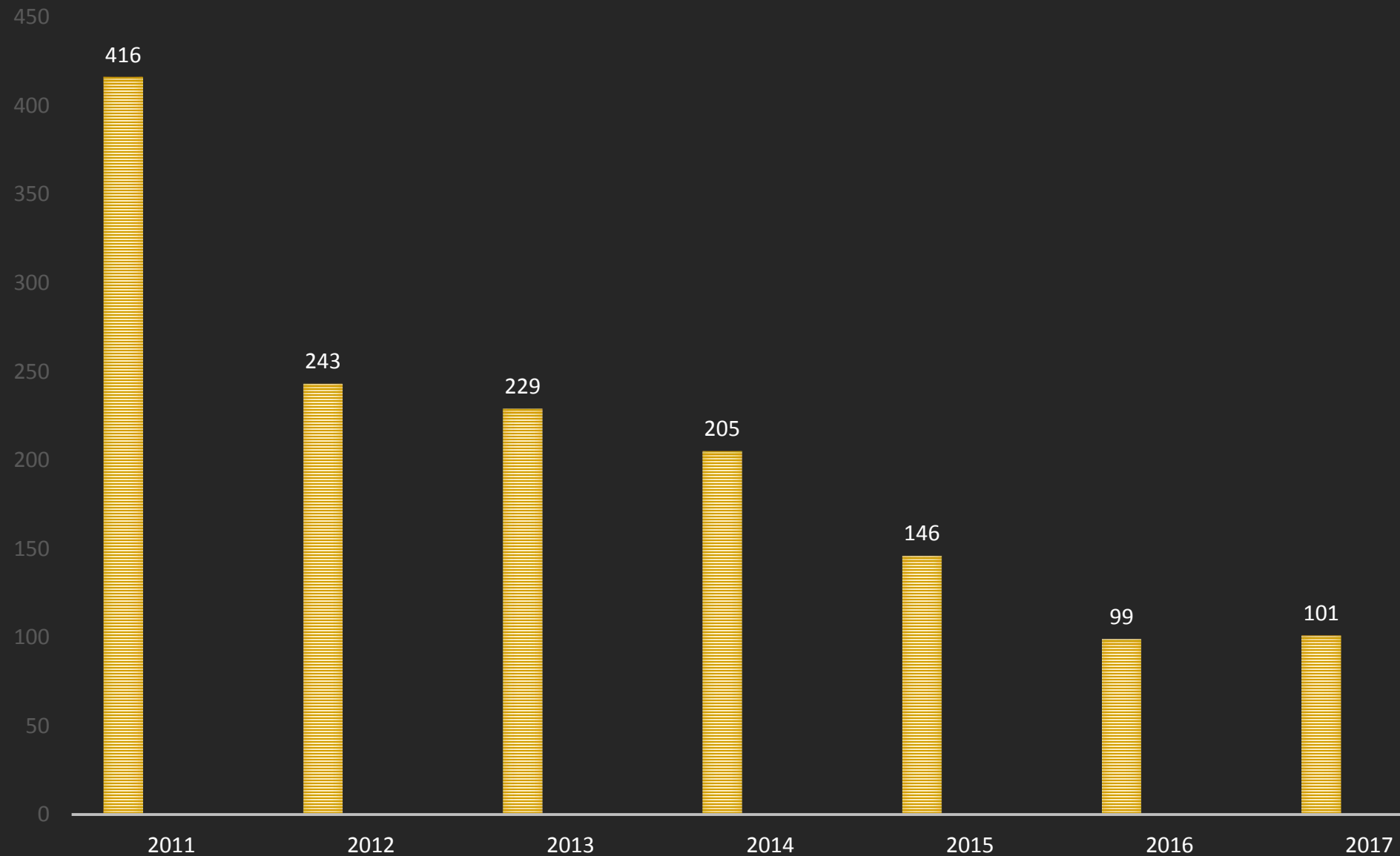




# Dwell Time In The World



# Dwell Time



# Incident Response Timeline

66

Days

Occurrence to Discovery

3

Days

Discovery to Containment

36

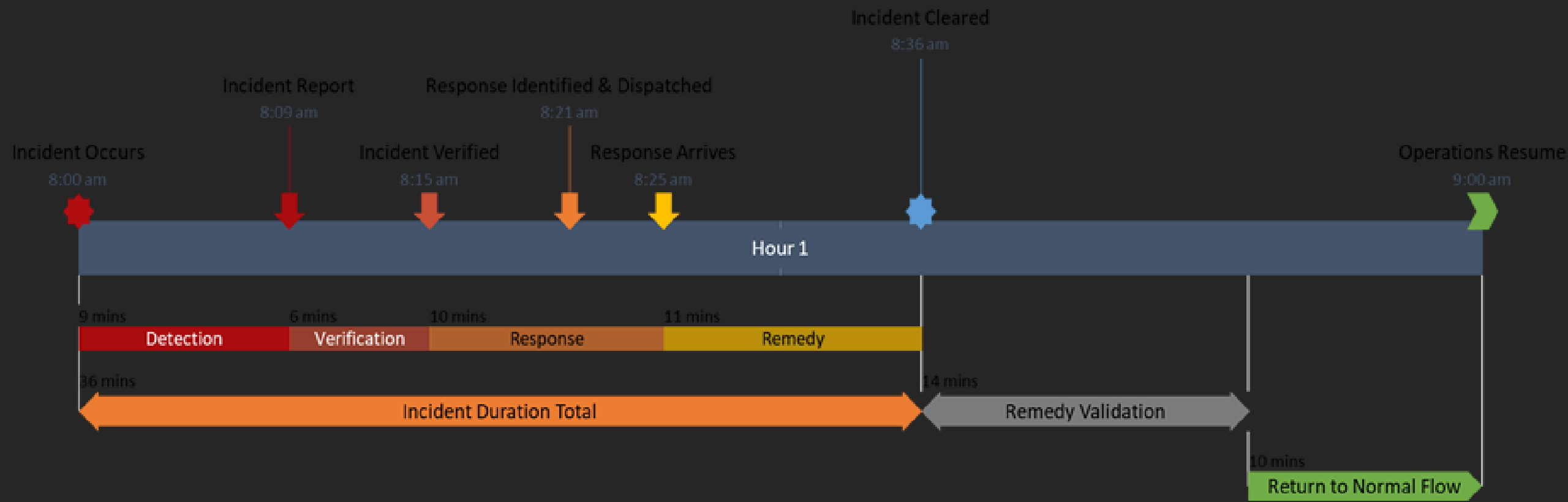
Days

Time to Complete  
Forensic Investigation

38

Days

Discovery to Notification

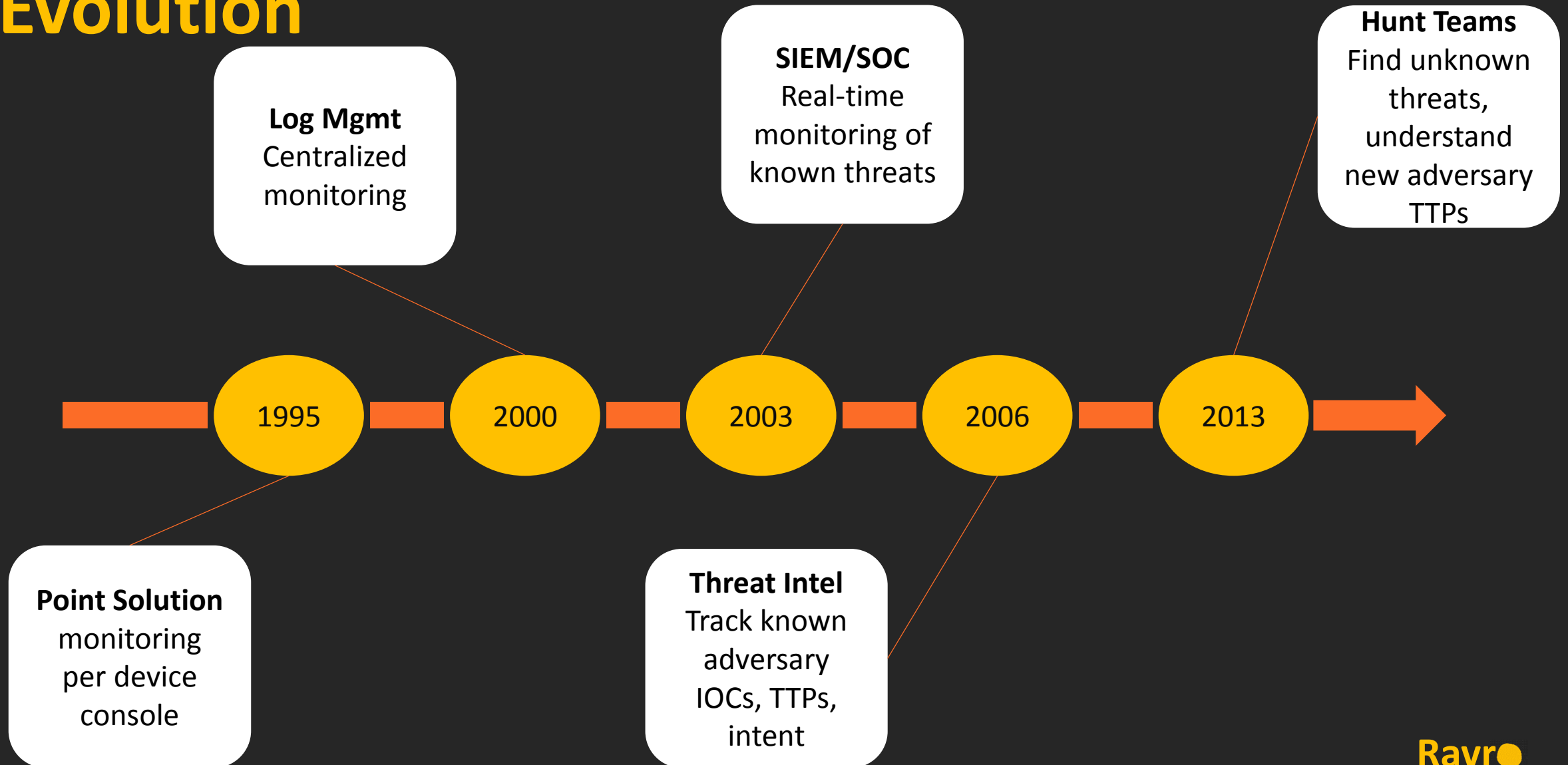


# Cyber Defence Evolution

The background features a faint, stylized illustration. At the top, a balance scale is depicted with a teal frame and a yellow-orange weight on the left pan. To the right of the scale, there is a vertical column of binary digits (0s and 1s). Below the scale, a computer monitor is shown, its screen displaying several lines of binary code. The entire scene is set against a light gray background with soft, abstract shapes.



# Evolution

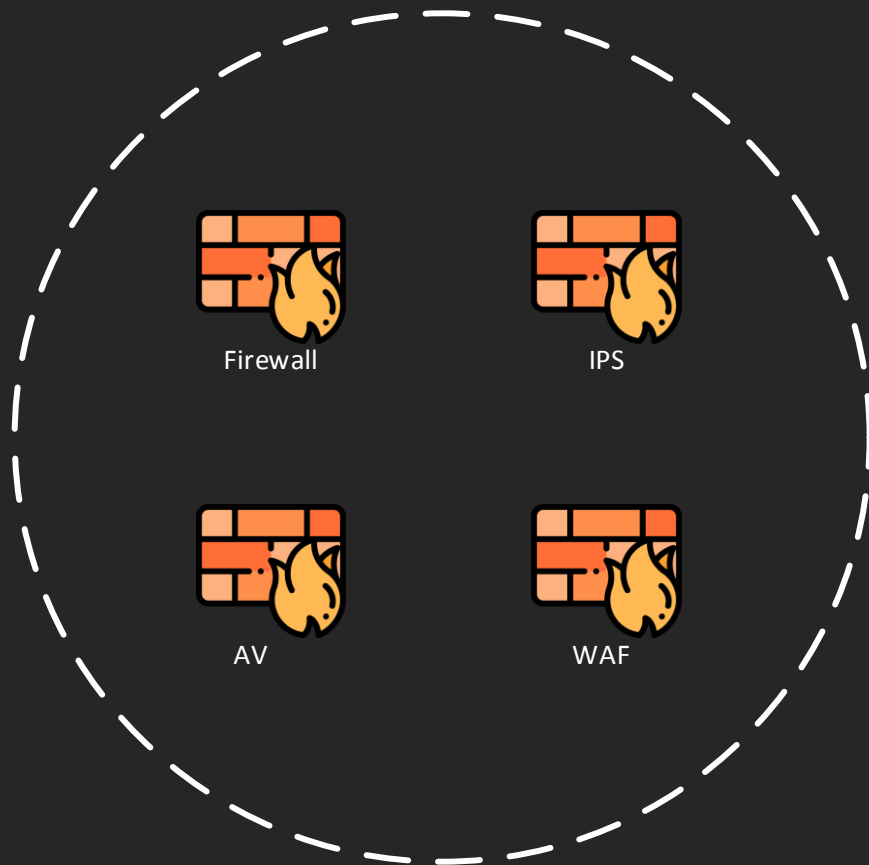


# Goal

- Prevent Attackers From Achieving Their Goal
- Reduce Attack Dwell Time
- Change Mindset

# NG Cyber Security Solutions

## Old solutions



Focused on threat prevention

## Next generation solutions



Focused on threat Hunting



Reactive Security **VS** Proactive Cyber Defence

# Traditional vs Modern Defense

## Traditional Defense

- Prevention is Core
- Perimeter Focused
- Mainly Reactive

## Modern Defense

- Prevention is ideal but Detection & Response is Crucial
- Everywhere is your Perimeter
- **Proactive Threat Hunting**

SIEM is Dead!

John Linkous 2012

# Why Traditional Solution Can't Stop Hackers

- Government support from hacking teams
- Hacking as a full-time job
- Government hackers have a high degree of expertise
- Hacking teams have high financial support

# Focus Area To Reduce Dwell Time

- Fundamental security controls
- Granular visibility and correlated intelligence
- Continuous endpoint monitoring
- Actionable prediction of human behavior
- User awareness (user behavior analysis)

The background features a faint, stylized illustration of a computer monitor. The screen shows a balance scale with a blue frame and a yellow weight on the left pan. To the right of the scale, there is a vertical column of binary digits: 1, 01, 100, 110, and 001. Below the scale, there are several horizontal bars of varying lengths, some containing binary code. The overall color palette is light and muted, with shades of blue, yellow, and grey.

# Threat Hunting



# Why Hunting

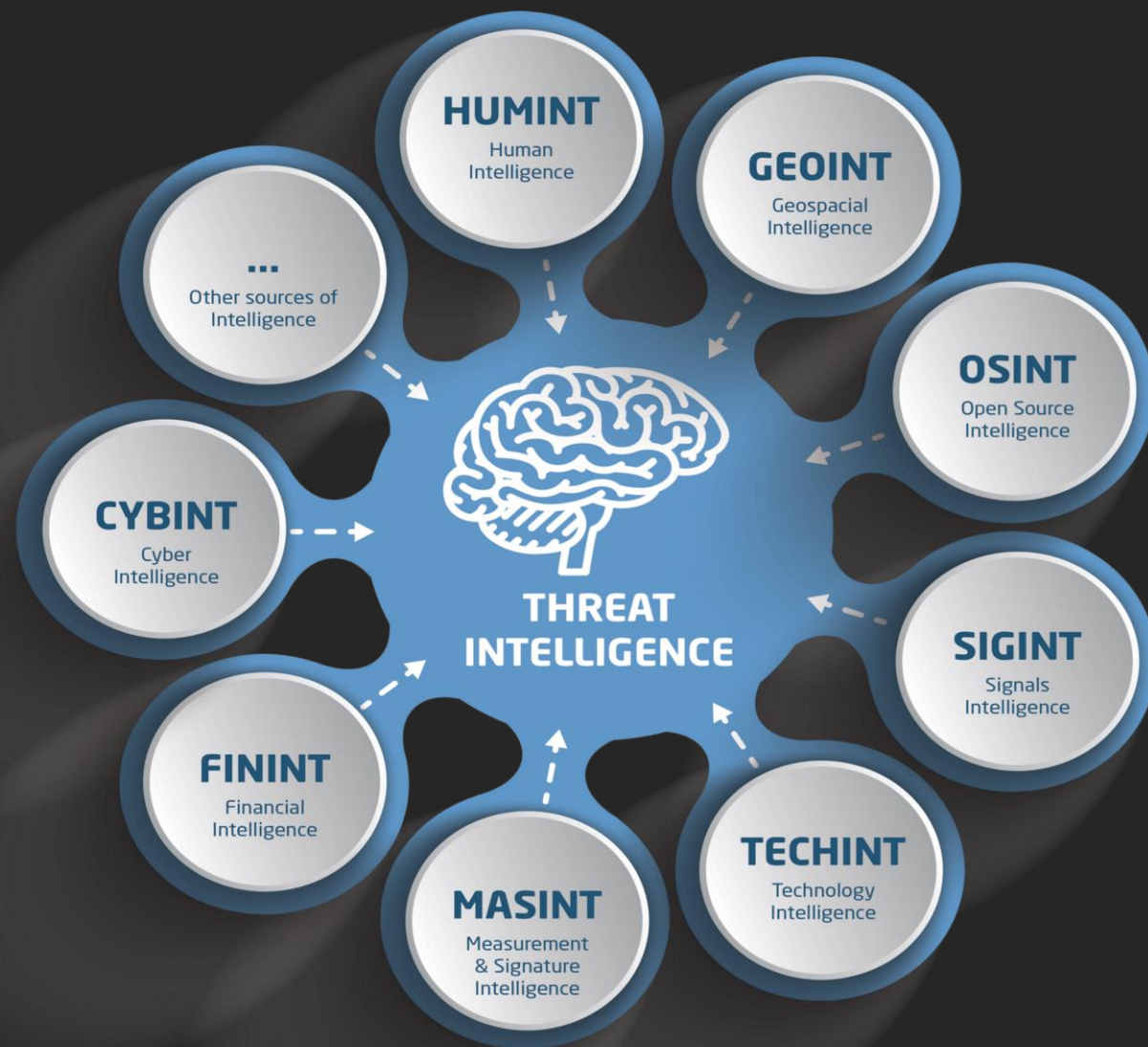
- one of the hot topics at RSA 2018
- Rather than waiting for the inevitable data breach to happen, **proactively** scout around for and hunt down bad actors and malicious activity on your networks.
- Threat hunting combines the use of threat intelligence, analytics, and automated security tools with human smarts.
- Hunting consists of manual or machine-assisted techniques
- as opposed to relying only on automated systems like SIEMs

# Goals of Threat Hunting

- Gaining better visibility into the organization's weaknesses
- Provide early and accurate detection
- Control and reduce impact and damage with faster response
- Improve defenses to make successful attacks increasingly difficult
- Tracking activity and looking for anomalies

# Definition

Threat Hunting refers to **proactively and iteratively** searching through networks or datasets to detect and respond to advanced threats that evade traditional rule or signature-based security solutions.



# Threat Hunting

- Known Bad
- Suspicious Behavior
- Unknown Bad

# Keys to Successful Hunt

Planing,  
preparing,  
proccesing

skill,  
experience,  
efficiency

Tools,  
procedures,  
tech

## Huntrs Skillsets

### Cyber Security

- Intrusion Analysis
- Malware Analysis
- Threat Intelligence

### Data Science

- Data Management
- Data Visualization
- Statistics
- Programming

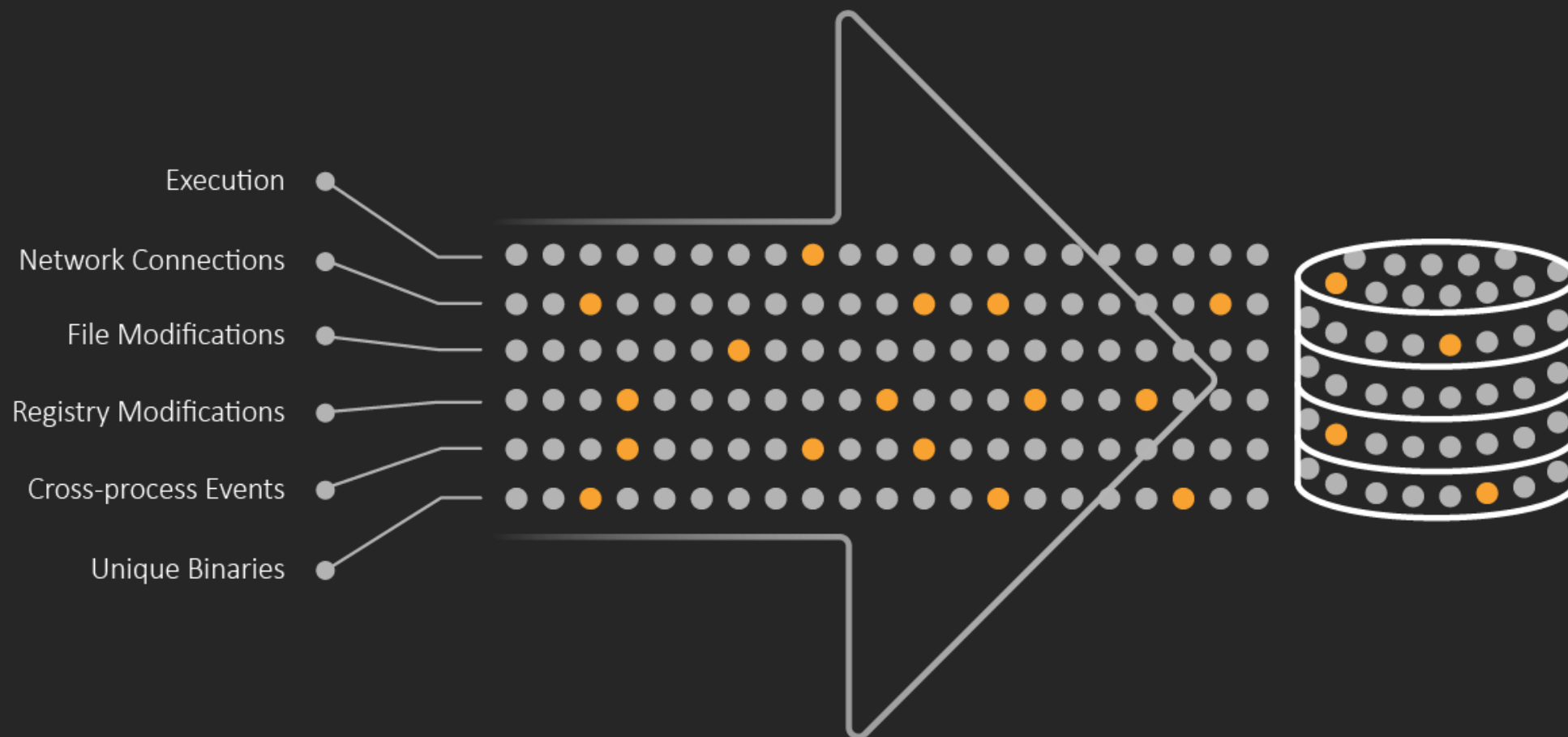
### Mindset

- Desire to learn
- Creative
- Analytical
- Red team

# Threat Hunting Activities

- Understanding the threats
- Identifying critical data and business processes utilizing that data
- Intuition, hunches and hypotheses
- Behavioral analytics
- Complete Situational Awareness
- Analyzing all data
- Looking for anomalies

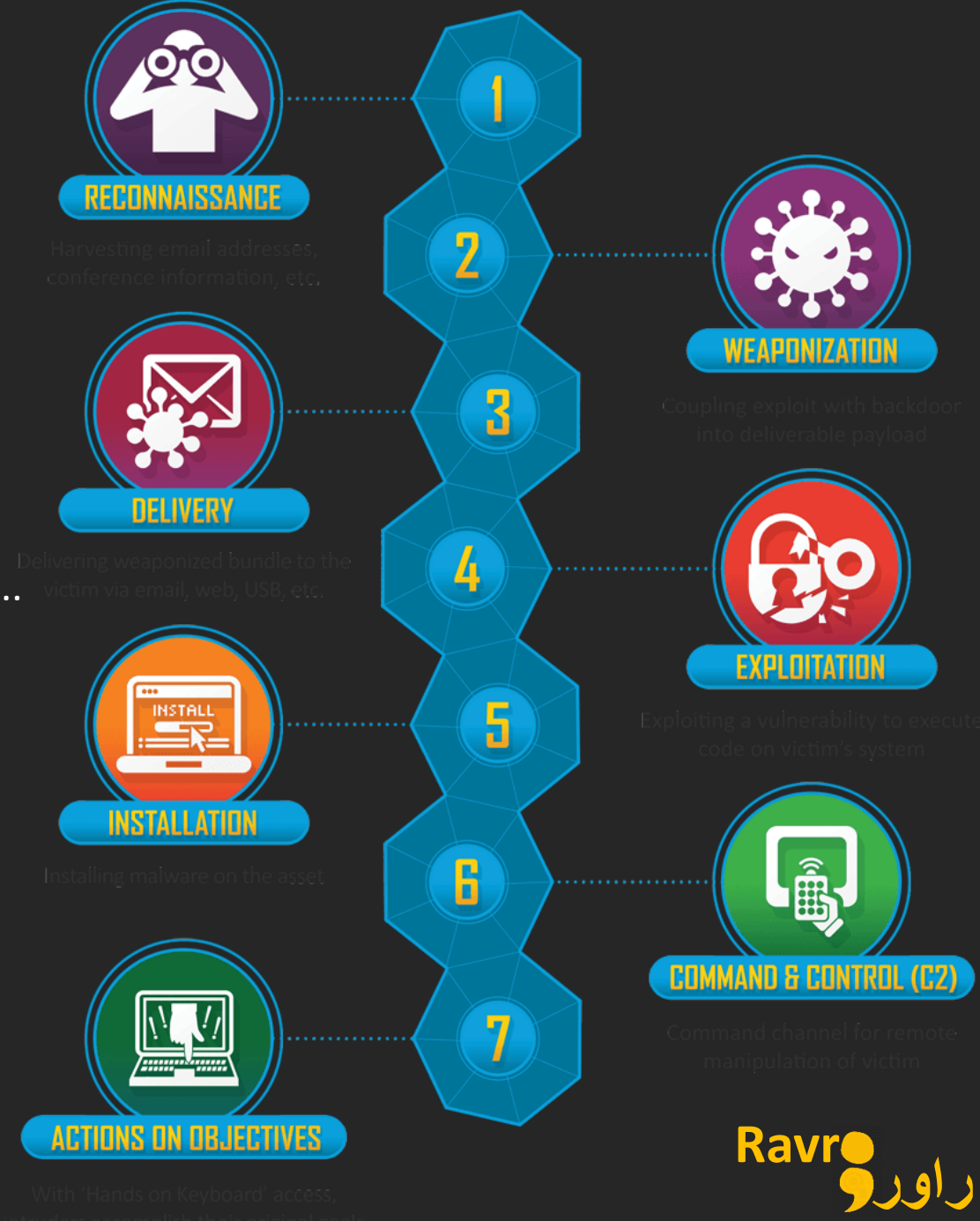
# Data Collection & Analysis



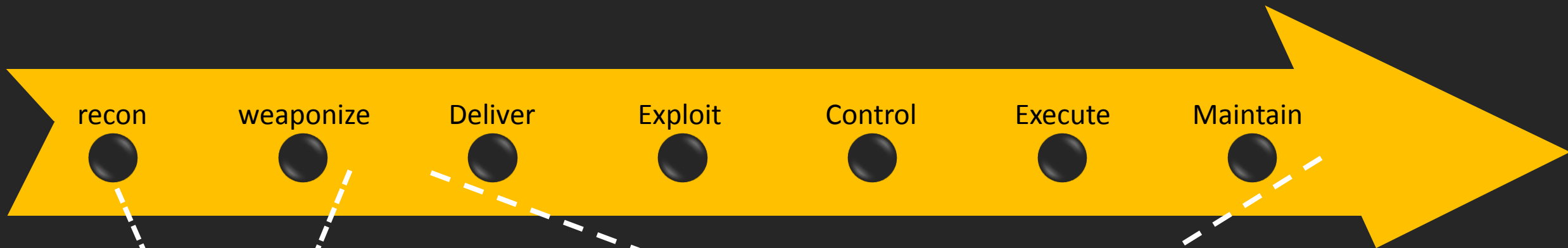
# Cyber Kill Chain

## The Seven Phases of a Cyber Attack

- Reconnaissance
  - Harvesting email addresses, conference information, ...
- Weaponization
  - Coupling exploit with backdoor into deliverable payload
- Delivery
  - Delivering weaponized bundle to the victim via email, web, USB, ...
- Exploitation
  - Exploiting vulnerability to execute code on victim's system
- Installation
  - Installing malware on the asset
- COMMAND & CONTROL
  - Command channel for the remote manipulation of victim
- Actions & Objectives
  - Intruders accomplish their original goals







## PRE-ATT&CK

Priority Definition

Planing, Direction

Target Selection

Information Gathering

Technical, People, Organizational

Weakness Identification

Technical, People, Organizational

Adversary OpSec

Establish & Maintain Infrastructure

Persona Development

Build Capabilities

Test Capabilities

Stage Capabilities

## Enterprise ATT&CK

Initial Access

Execution

Persistence

Privilege Escalation

Defense Evasion

Credential Access

Discovery

Lateral Movement

Collection

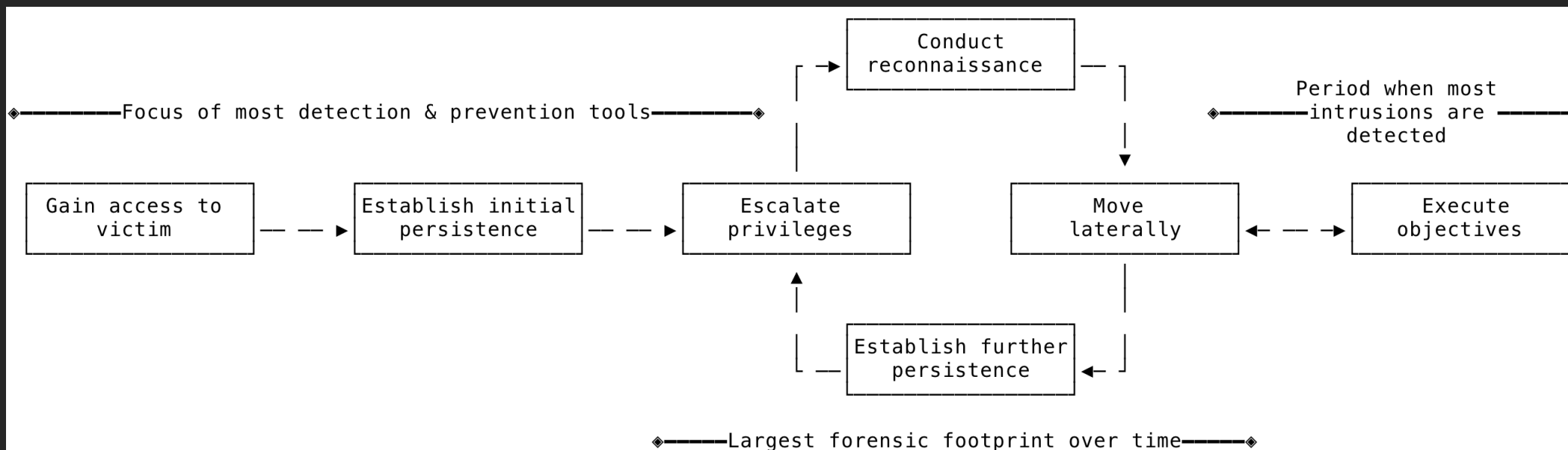
Exfiltration

Command & Control

# MITRE Enterprise ATT&CK™ Framework

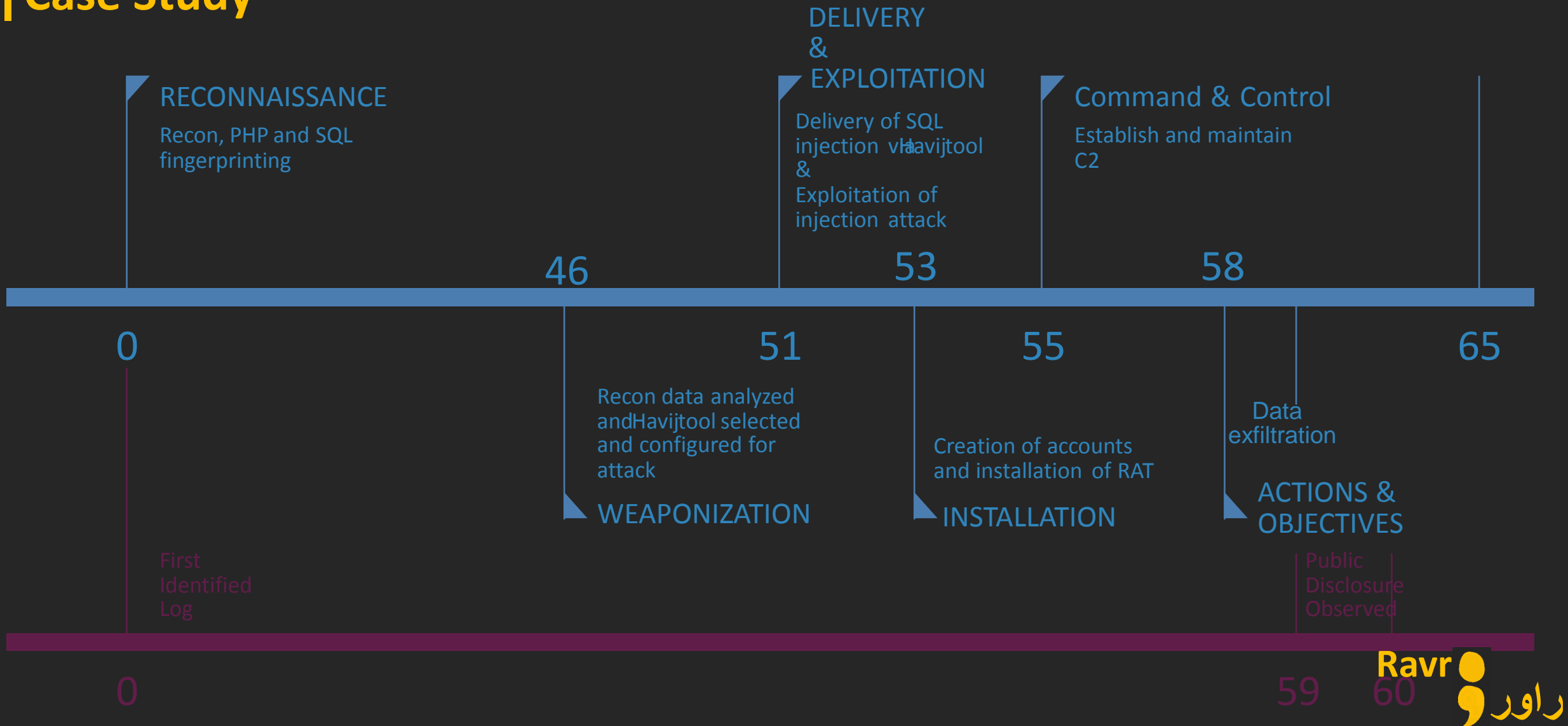
Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral Movement	Execution	Collection	Exfiltration	Command and Control
Image File Execution Options Injection			Forced Authentication	Network Share Discovery	AppleScript		Man in the Browser	Exfiltration Over Physical Medium	Multi-hop Proxy
Plist Modification			Hooking	System Time Discovery	Third-party Software		Browser Extensions		Domain Fronting
Valid Accounts			Password Filter DLL	Peripheral Device Discovery	Windows Remote Management		Video Capture	Exfiltration Over Command and Control Channel	Data Encoding
DLL Search Order Hijacking			LLMNR/NBT-NS Poisoning	Account Discovery	SSH Hijacking	LSASS Driver	Audio Capture	Scheduled Transfer	Remote File Copy
AppCert DLLs	Process Doppelgänger		Securid Memory	File and Directory Discovery	Distributed Component Object Model	Dynamic Data Exchange	Automated Collection	Data Encrypted	Multi-Stage Channels
Hooking	Mshsta		Private Keys	System Information Discovery	Pass the Ticket	Mshsta	Clipboard Data		Web Service
Startup Items	Hidden Files and Directories		Keychain			Local Job Scheduling	Email Collection	Automated Exfiltration	Standard Non-Application Layer Protocol
Launch Daemon	Launchctl		Input Prompt	Security Software Discovery	Replication Through Removable Media	Trap	Screen Capture	Exfiltration Over Other Network Medium	
Dylib Hijacking	Space after Filename		Bash History		Windows Admin Shares	Source	Data Staged	Exfiltration Over Alternative Protocol	Communication Through Removable Media
Application Shimming	LC_MAIN Hijacking		Two-Factor Authentication Interception	System Network Connections Discovery	Remote Desktop Protocol	Launchctl	Input Capture	Data Transfer Size Limits	Multilayer Encryption
Appinit DLLs	HISTCONTROL		Account Manipulation	System Owner/User Discovery	Pass the Hash	Execution through Module Load	Data from Network Shared Drive		Standard Application Layer Protocol
Web Shell	Hidden Users		Replication Through Removable Media	System Network Configuration Discovery	Exploitation of Vulnerability	Regsvcs/Regasm	Data from Local System	Data Compressed	
Service Registry Permissions Weakness	Clear Command History		Input Capture		Shared Webroot	InstallUtil	Data from Removable Media		Commonly Used Port
Scheduled Task	Gatekeeper Bypass		Network Sniffing	Application Window Discovery	Logon Scripts	Regsvr32			Standard Cryptographic Protocol
New Service	Hidden Window		Credential Dumping	Network Service Scanning	Remote Services	Execution through API			Custom Cryptographic Protocol
File System Permissions Weakness	Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information		Brute Force	Query Registry	Application Deployment Software	PowerShell			Data Obfuscation
Path Interception	Trusted Developer Utilities		Credentials in Files	Remote System Discovery	Remote File Copy	Rundll32			Custom Command and Control Protocol
Accessibility Features	Regsvcs/Regasm			Permission Groups Discovery	Taint Shared Content	Scheduled Task			Connection Proxy
Port Monitors	Exploitation of Vulnerability			Process Discovery		Windows Management Instrumentation			Uncommonly Used Port
Screensaver	Extra Window Memory Injection			System Service Discovery		Trusted Developer Utilities			Multiband Communication
LSASS Driver	Access Token Manipulation					Service Execution			Fallback Channels
Browser Extensions	Bypass User Account Control								
Local Job Scheduling	Process Injection								
Re-opened Applications	SID-History Injection	Component Object Model Hijacking							
Rc.common	Sudo	InstallUtil							
Login Item	Setuid and Setgid	Regsvr32							
LC_LOAD_DYLIB Addition		Code Signing							
Launch Agent		Modify Registry							
Hidden Files and Directories		Component Firmware							
.bash_profile and .bashrc		Redundant Access							
Trap		File Deletion							
Launchctl		Timetomp							
Office Application Startup		NTFS Extended Attributes							
Create Account		Process Hollowing							
External Remote Services		Disabling Security Tools							
Authentication Package		Rundll32							
Netsh Helper DLL		DLL Side-Loading							
Component Object Model Hijacking		Indicator Removal on Host							
Redundant Access		Indicator Removal from Tools							
Security Support Provider		Indicator Blocking							
Windows Management Instrumentation		Software Packing							
Event Subscription		Masquerading							
Registry Run Keys / Start Folder		Obfuscated Files or Information							
Change Default File Association		Binary Padding							
Component Firmware		Install Root Certificate							
Bootkit		Network Share Connection Removal							
Hypervisor									
Logon Scripts									

attack.mitre.org

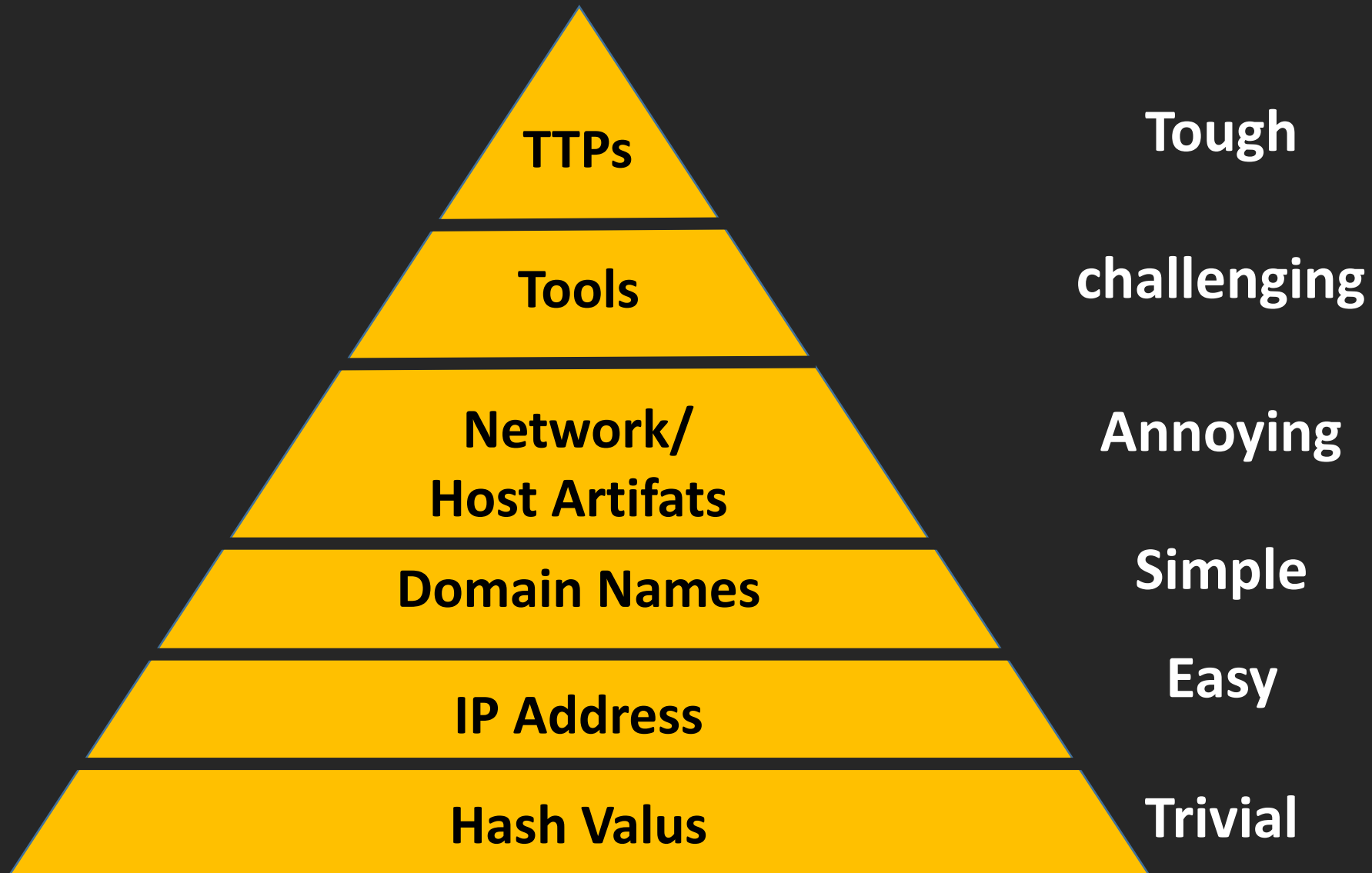


# Cyber Kill Chain

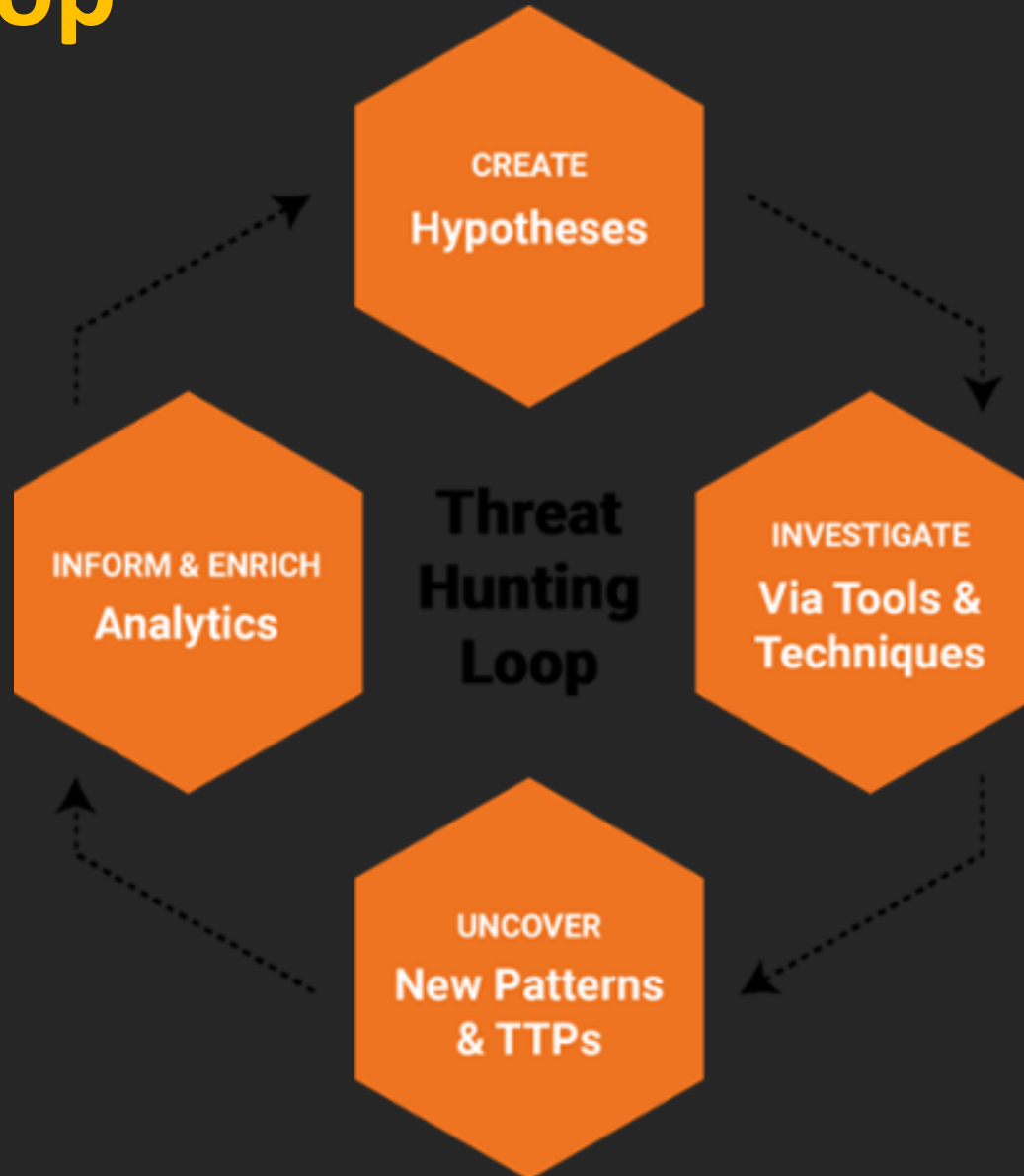
## Case Study



# The Pyramid of Pain

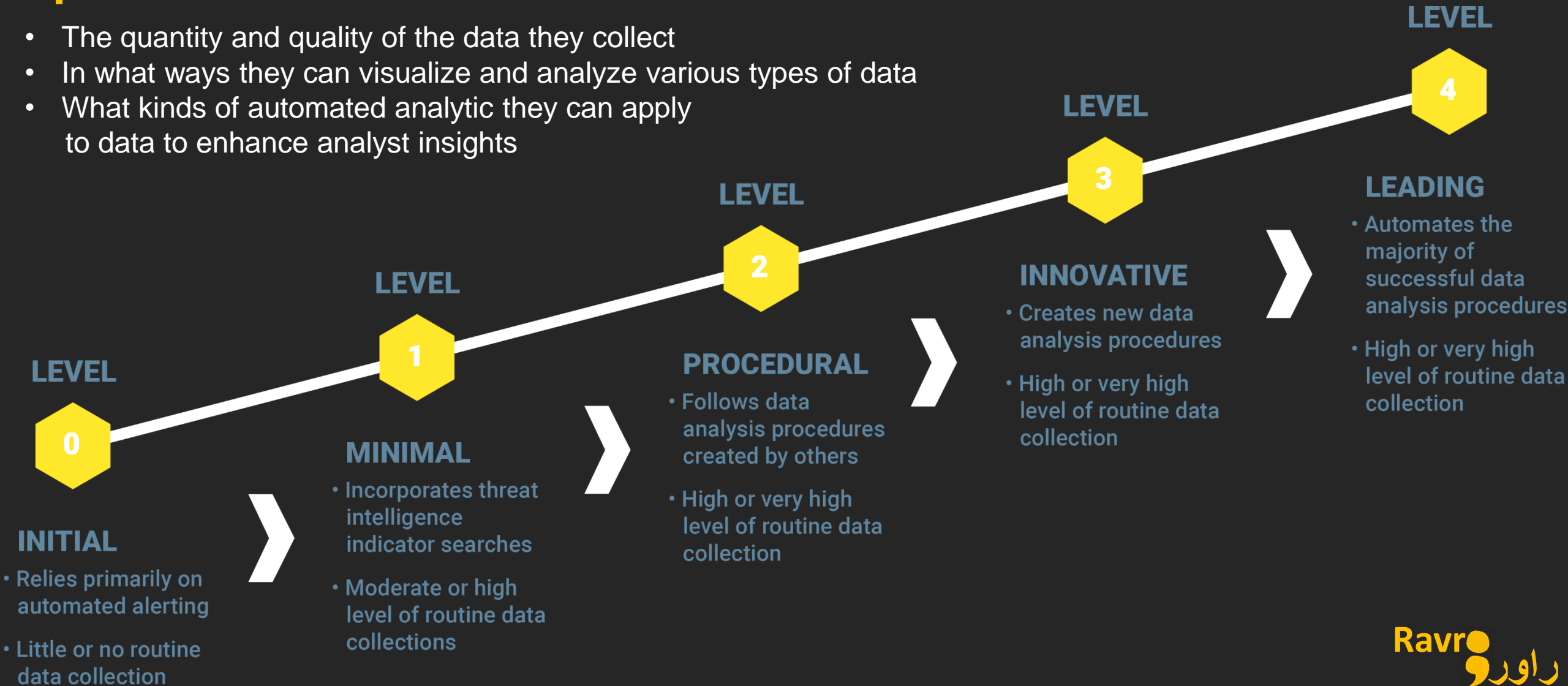


# The Hunting Loop



# The Hunting Maturity Model

- The quantity and quality of the data they collect
- In what ways they can visualize and analyze various types of data
- What kinds of automated analytic they can apply to data to enhance analyst insights



# Why Hunting is difficult

- Incidents are non-linear
  - adversaries continue to change their patterns
  - Targeted intrusions often begin with opportunistic compromises
  - Attackers can be erratic & unpredictable
  - Evidence is often incomplete or insufficient
- 
- Adapt to changes in behaviors
  - learn how the adversary works
  - Watch all behaviors of the adversary

Large environments = more noise = more false positives



# Sharing

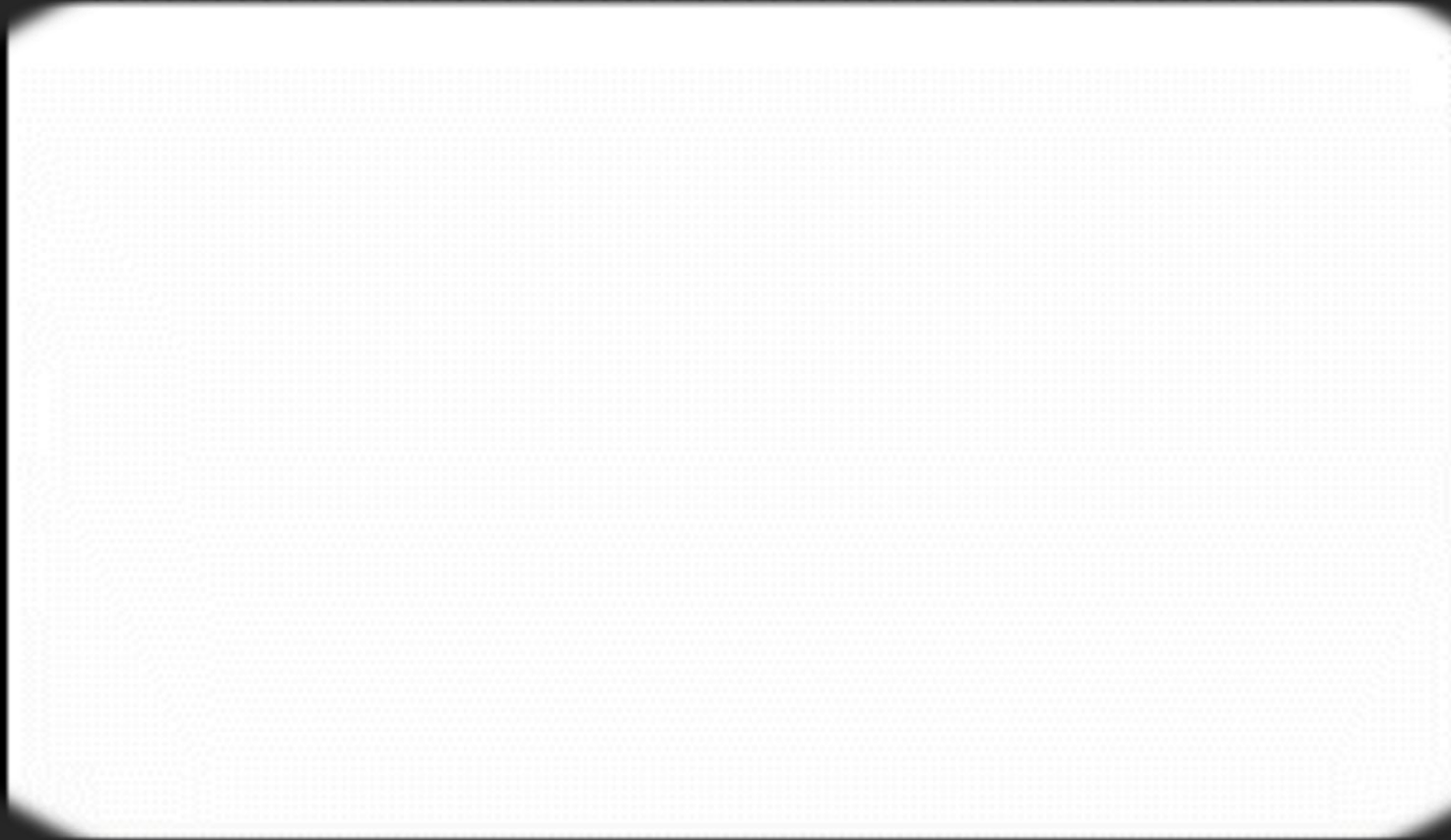
## My detection becomes your prevention

- We need to close the gap between sharing speed and attack speed
- 75% of attacks spread from Victim 0 to Victim 1 within one day (24 hours).

# Threat Intelligence

## Evolving Security From Reaction To Prediction

# Demo



The background features a faint, stylized illustration of a computer monitor. The screen shows a balance scale with a yellow weight on the left and a stack of binary code (01, 100, 110, 001) on the right. Below the scale, there are several lines of binary code: 0110110010, 0110011010101, 0101010010111, 001101010101101100, 110, and 1101100.

# Red Teaming

# Red Teaming

- Provides more value than a Penetration Test
- Should be implemented into a regular schedule
- Helps train security personnel
- Helps make sure your boxes are tuned
- Using Weaknesses to find what is most valuable
- Goal Oriented
- Review attack
- Test how teams use services and how they are managed

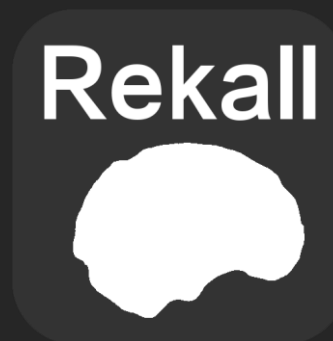
# Red Teaming Goals

- Model recent threats and trends
- Longer term
- Highlight Gaps in Security Controls, detection,...
- Escape and Evade for Persistence

# Blue Teaming Goals

- Detect Attack
- Respond and Recover
- Produce Actionable Intelligence
- Identify Gaps and investment needs

# Tools





# Team Members



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