Inferring a Multiplexer Demo Script

Introduction

This demonstration reviews the following procedures:

- Creating a Vivado® Design Suite project
- Creating a Source file
- Writing the code for the multiplexer
- Viewing the RTL schematic

Preparation:

Required files: None

Required hardware: None

• Required software: Vivado Design or System Edition 2019.1

Inferring a Multiplexer

Action with Description	Point of Emphasis and Key Takeaway
• Launch Vivado Design Suite 2019.1.	
Create a project using the New Project Wizard.	The Vivado IDE provides guidance via the Getting Started page. Here you can select from different options to start the type of project you are interested in.
The Create New Project Wizard in the Vivado® IDE allows designers to create a Vivado Design Suite project.	
Enter multiplexer as the project name and choose the project location as \$mux/demo/KCU105.	The user has the ability to name things and store the project at any location.
 Enter a name for the project and specify a directory where the project data files will be stored. 	

Action with Description	Point of Emphasis and Key Takeaway	
 Select RTL Project as the project type and select Do not specify sources at this time. 	Specify the type of project, which determines the types of source files that are associated with the project.	
 Select the type of project to create. And since the design is based on a template, no external code is required. Select the Boards tab and select either Kintex-UltraScale KCU105 Evaluation Platform. Choose a default Xilinx part or board for your project. 	 Explain the different types of projects such as: RTL project (source based) Post-synthesis project (netlist based) I/O planning project (part/package resources) Imported project (from Synplify, XST, or ISE® Design Suite project file) Example project (from a pre-defined template) You can select the specific parts or an evaluation board. Filters help you quickly find your specific parts or board based on the product category, family, sub-family, package, speed grade, and temperature grade. 	
Review the New Project Summary.		
 In the Flow navigator, select Add Sources from the Project Manager and select Add or create design sources. Click Next and select Create File. 	The Add Sources dialog box guides you through the process of adding and creating sources for your project. Explain the different sources such as:	
The file to be created is part of the design source.	 Constraints (defines physical parameters such as pin location) Design sources (synthesizable) Simulation sources (testbench) 	

Action with Description	Point of Emphasis and Key Takeaway
 Select the desired Language as the file type and enter multiplexer as the file name and select Finish. 	in which you can create new VHDL, verilog, Verilog header, memory file, or
Create a new source file and add it to your project.	
 Define the following ports for the multiplexer: 	Explain about defining I/O ports.
 Port names: inp1 - input, inp2 - input, inp3 - input, inp4 - input, selector[1:0] - input (MSB - 1 LSB - 0), y - output 	
Define a module and specify the I/O ports to add to your source file.	

Action with Description Point of Emphasis and Key Takeaway × Define Module Define a module and specify I/O Ports to add to your source file. For each port specified: MSB and LSB values will be ignored unless its Bus column is checked. Ports with blank names will not be written. **Module Definition** I/O Port Definitions 1 Port Name Direction Bus MSB LSB input inp1 inp2 input inp3 input inp4 input selector 1 0 input output ? Cancel Double-click the source file from the Show the input/output ports assigned based on the input provided. Hierarchy window to open the file. Select Tools > Language Language templates provide the **Templates** or **Project Manager** > templates for synthesis constructs, simulation constructs, device **Language Templates** in the Flow Navigator. instantiation, etc. Open the language templates and refer to the multiplexer coding syntax.

	Action with Description	Point of Emphasis and Key Takeaway
•	Expand Verilog > Synthesis Constructs > Coding Examples > Multiplexers > Combinatorial > 4-to-1 (always).	Explain the coding examples available.
	OR	
•	Expand VHDL > Synthesis Constructs > Coding Examples > Multiplexers > 4-to-1 (process).	
Co	ppy the 4-to-1 multiplexer template.	

- Paste the code in the source file.
- Update the code with respect to the input and output ports declared.

For Verilog Users:

• Change the output port **y** to reg.

Action with Description

Point of Emphasis and Key Takeaway

For Verilog Users:

```
23 module multiplexer(
24 input inp1,
25
   input inp2,
26 input inp3,
27 input inp4,
28 input [1:0] selector,
29 output reg y
30
    );
31
32 always @(selector, inp1, inp2, inp3, inp4)
33
     case (selector)
34
          2'b00: y = inp1;
35
          2'b01: y = inp2;
          2'b10: y = inp3;
36
37
           2'b11: y = inp4;
38
       endcase
39
40 endmodule
```

For VHDL Users:

```
43 architecture Behavioral of multiplexer is
44
45 begin
46
47 process (selector,inp1,inp2,inp3,inp4)
48 begin
49 case selector is
50 when "00" => y <= inp1;
51 when "01" => y <= inp2;
52 when "10" => y <= inp3;
53 when "11" => y <= inp4;
54 when others => y <= inp1;
55 end case;
56 end process;
57
58 end Behavioral;
```

© Copyright 2019 Xilinx

Save the source file.

Action with Description	Point of Emphasis and Key Takeaway	
 Select RTL Analysis > Open Elaborated Design > Schematic. 	The elaborated design shows how low-level logic connected to buses is represented as <i>grouped logic</i> to make the RTL schematic easier to view.	
Open the elaborated design and view the RTL schematic.		
inp1		
Close the Vivado Design Suite.		

Summary

In this demonstration, you created a new Vivado Design Suite project, created a new Source file, accessed the language templates (the multiplexer code template), and created a multiplexer. Finally, you opened the elaborated design and viewed the RTL schematic of the multiplexer code.