# Time Series HW 3

# Kenny Flagg and Paul Harmon who have not yet worked together and want the bonus!

September 16, 2016

#### HW<sub>3</sub>

You can alone or in pairs that may or may not be people you worked with before. You can discuss it with old partners but should try work as much as possible with new collaborators. 5% bonus if you find someone completely new to work with - that you did not work with on first two assignments.

I mentioned de-seasonalizing of time series, where the seasonal variation is removed from the series to highlight variation at either higher or lower frequencies. There are a variety of techniques for doing this but the simplest is to just subtract the mean for each month from the observations. And the easiest way to find that is using  $lm(y\sim month, data=...)$ .

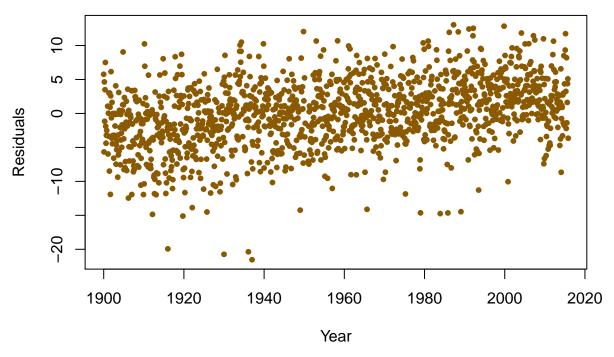
Note that Kenny and Paul have NOT\*\* worked on any previous homework assignments.\*\*

1) For the Bozeman temperature data from HW 1 and 2, estimate a model with month only, subtract its fitted values from the responses (or just extract residuals). Plot the residuals vs the fractional Year variable and compare the plot of this result to the plot of the original time series.

```
weather = read.csv("rawbozemandata.csv", header = TRUE)

weather$YEAR = substr(as.character(weather$DATE), 0,nchar(weather$DATE)-2)
weather$MONTH = as.factor(substr(as.character(weather$DATE),5,nchar(weather$DATE)))
weather$year = (floor(weather$DATE/100))
weather$Month<-round((weather$DATE/100-weather$year)*100,1)
weather$Yearfrac<-weather$year+(weather$Month-1)/12 #makes it an integer variable
#fit the linear model
lm.weather = lm(MMXT ~ MONTH, data = weather)
#lm.weather$residuals
plot(weather$Yearfrac, lm.weather$residuals, pch = 20, col = "orange4",
main = "Residuals vs. Year", xlab = "Year", ylab = "Residuals")</pre>
```

## Residuals vs. Year



2) In the de-seasonalized Bozeman temperature data set, re-assess evidence for the linear trend. Compare the result (test statistic, degrees of freedom and size of p-value) of just fitting a linear time trend in these de-seasonalized responses to the result from our original model with a linear year component and a month adjustment (not the quadratic trend model).

```
lm.seasoned <- lm(MMXT ~ Yearfrac + MONTH, data = weather)
lm.deseasoned <- lm(lm.weather$residuals ~ Yearfrac, data = weather)
summary(lm.seasoned)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = MMXT ~ Yearfrac + MONTH, data = weather)
##
## Residuals:
##
                                      ЗQ
        Min
                   1Q
                        Median
                                              Max
                                  3.0412
##
   -20.5022
             -2.9005
                        0.1112
                                         12.6950
##
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) -69.290162
                             7.266158
                                        -9.536
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## Yearfrac
                  0.051674
                             0.003706
                                        13.942
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## MONTHO2
                  3.701446
                             0.604984
                                         6.118 1.23e-09 ***
## MONTHO3
                 11.189381
                             0.604985
                                        18.495
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## MONTHO4
                21.977317
                             0.604986
                                        36.327
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## MONTHO5
                31.224003
                             0.606297
                                        51.500
                                        65.493
## MONTHO6
                39.708393
                             0.606299
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## MONTHO7
                 49.564963
                             0.608994
                                        81.388
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## MONTHO8
                48.465835
                             0.607645
                                        79.760
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## MONTHO9
                37.629365
                             0.608976
                                        61.791
                                                < 2e-16 ***
## MONTH10
                25.822126
                                        42.497
                             0.607627
                                                < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## MONTH11 10.315109 0.607657 16.975 < 2e-16 ***
## MONTH12 1.732846 0.608989 2.845 0.0045 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 4.597 on 1361 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9349, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9343
## F-statistic: 1628 on 12 and 1361 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16</pre>
```

summary(lm.deseasoned)

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm.weather$residuals ~ Yearfrac, data = weather)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -20.4490 -2.9043
                       0.0912
                                3.0355 12.7135
##
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -1.012e+02 7.229e+00
                                     -13.99
                                               <2e-16 ***
                5.166e-02 3.691e-03
                                       14.00
                                               <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 4.579 on 1372 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1249, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1243
## F-statistic: 195.9 on 1 and 1372 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

After de-seasonalization, there is strong evidence of a linear trend in MMXT through time ( $t_{1372} = 14.00$ , p-value < 0.0001). This is very similar to the result when when month is included as a factor, where the estimated year term has  $t_{1361} = 13.94$  with p-value < 0.0001. It seems like the degrees of freedom for the de-seasonalized model is wrong because it doesn't account for estimating the monthly means.

3) I briefly discussed the HADCRUT data set in class. We will consider the HADCRUT4 series of temperature anomalies for the Nothern Hemisphere. The fully up to date data set is available at: http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/hadobs/hadcrut4/data/current/time\_series/HadCRUT.4.4.0.0.monthly\_nh.tx

Download the ensemble median monthly northern hemisphere temperature data. We will use the entire time series that is currently available (January 1850 to July 2016). You might want to read http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/hadobs/hadcrut4/data/current/series\_format.html for more information on the columns in the data set.

Because the time series is complete over the time frame under consideration, you can use ts() to create a time variable instead of messing around with their Year/Month variable.

Make a plot versus time of the ensemble medians and use that as your response variable in the following questions. Discuss trend, seasonality, outliers, and variability.

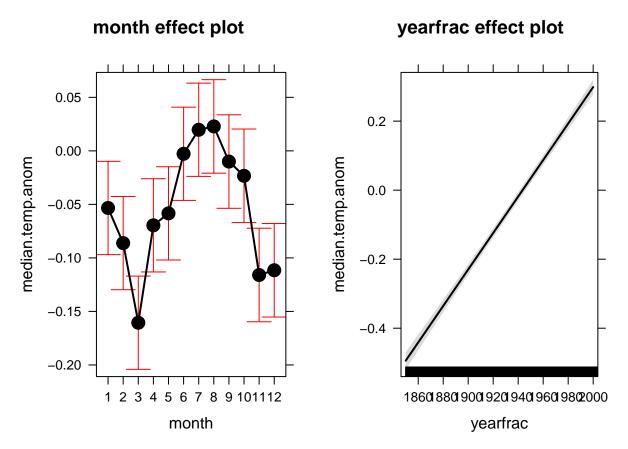
```
'195', 'u95'))
hadcrut.ts <- ts(hadcrut$median.temp.anom, start = 1850, frequency = 12)
```

4) Our main focus with these data will be on estimating the long-term trend, starting with polynomial trend models. But first, check for seasonality in a model that accounts for a linear time trend. Use our previous fractional year for the trend. Report an effects plot and a test for the month model component.

Note: when you use time() to generate the Year variable from a time series object it retains some time series object information that can cause conflicts later on. Create a new variable in your data.frame that uses something like as.vector(time(tsdataname)).

```
hadcrut$yearfrac <- as.vector(time(hadcrut.ts))</pre>
hadcrut$month <- factor(round(1 + 12 * (hadcrut$yearfrac %% 1), 0))
had.lm1 <- lm(median.temp.anom ~ month + yearfrac, data = hadcrut)
summary(had.lm1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = median.temp.anom ~ month + yearfrac, data = hadcrut)
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -1.24294 -0.19385 -0.02191 0.18118 1.15426
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -1.027e+01 2.590e-01 -39.654 < 2e-16 ***
## month2
               -3.281e-02 3.141e-02
                                    -1.045 0.296288
## month3
              -1.072e-01 3.141e-02
                                    -3.413 0.000656 ***
## month4
              -1.621e-02 3.141e-02 -0.516 0.605890
## month5
              -5.031e-03 3.141e-02 -0.160 0.872754
## month6
               5.062e-02 3.141e-02
                                      1.612 0.107154
## month7
               7.306e-02 3.141e-02
                                      2.326 0.020102 *
## month8
               7.620e-02 3.145e-02
                                      2.423 0.015502 *
## month9
               4.339e-02 3.145e-02
                                      1.379 0.167953
## month10
               3.006e-02 3.145e-02
                                      0.956 0.339359
              -6.260e-02 3.145e-02 -1.990 0.046701 *
## month11
## month12
              -5.818e-02 3.145e-02 -1.850 0.064507 .
## yearfrac
               5.285e-03 1.335e-04 39.588 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.287 on 1986 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4525, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4492
## F-statistic: 136.8 on 12 and 1986 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
require(effects)
```

plot(allEffects(had.lm1))

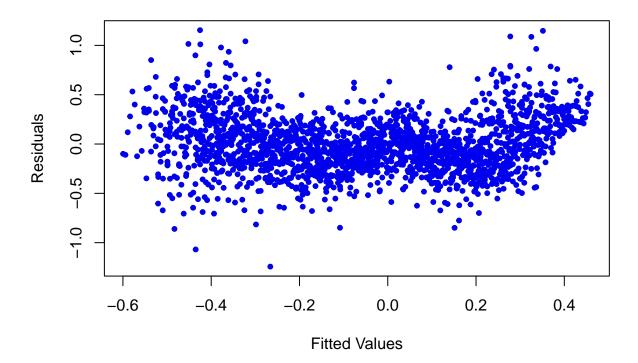


5) Check the residuals versus fitted values for any evidence of nonlinearity in the residuals vs fitted that was missed by the model with a linear trend and month component. Also note any potential issues with the constant variance assumption.

Based on the plot below, there appears to be a wavy pattern occuring in the residuals over time that is not being accounted for in the model with a linear trend and month component. Furthermore, the spread of observations is not constant; it appears that the spread for smaller fitted values is wider near fitted values of -0.5 and much narrower for larger fitted values.

plot(had.lm1\$fitted.values, had.lm1\$residuals, pch = 20, col = "blue2", main = "Residuals vs. Fitted Va

## Residuals vs. Fitted Values



6) You can add higher order polynomial terms to models using x1+I(x1^2)+I(x1^3)... or using the poly function, such as poly(x1,3,raw=T) for a cubic polynomial that includes the linear and quadratic components (we want this!). The raw=T keeps the variables in their raw or input format. Estimate the same model but now using polynomial trends that steps up from linear (poly(time,1,raw=T)) and stop when you get a failure to estimate a part of the model. Briefly discuss what happened.

The following code estimates the ith-degree polynomial, where i ranges from 1 to 10. Thus, we see that from the returned summary output we get estimates for the coefficients up to the 5th degree polynomial. (Note that had we successfully estimated every part of the model for all 10 coefficients, we would have simply expanded our for-loop to contain more iterations.) It appears that the 5th degree

```
for (i in 1:10){
had.lm.poly = lm(median.temp.anom ~ poly(yearfrac,i,raw = TRUE), data = hadcrut)
print(summary(had.lm.poly))
}
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = median.temp.anom ~ poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE),
##
       data = hadcrut)
##
##
  Residuals:
##
       Min
                10 Median
                                 3Q
                                        Max
##
  -1.2422 -0.1955 -0.0159 0.1787 1.1222
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                 -1.027e+01 2.622e-01 -39.17
                                                                   <2e-16 ***
```

```
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE) 5.285e-03 1.356e-04 38.98
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.2915 on 1997 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4321, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4318
## F-statistic: 1519 on 1 and 1997 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = median.temp.anom ~ poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE),
      data = hadcrut)
##
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                 1Q Median
                                           Max
## -1.24901 -0.16217 0.01274 0.16489 1.00989
##
## Coefficients:
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                  2.222e+02 1.057e+01
                                                        21.02 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)1 -2.353e-01 1.094e-02 -21.52
                                                                <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)2 6.223e-05 2.829e-06
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.2616 on 1996 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5429, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5425
## F-statistic: 1186 on 2 and 1996 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = median.temp.anom ~ poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE),
##
      data = hadcrut)
##
## Residuals:
                    Median
       Min
                 1Q
                                   30
## -1.24329 -0.16121 0.00362 0.16110 1.00864
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                 -2.895e+03 4.785e+02 -6.051 1.72e-09 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)1 4.606e+00 7.430e-01
                                                        6.199 6.88e-10 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)2 -2.443e-03 3.844e-04 -6.355 2.58e-10 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)3 4.319e-07 6.628e-08
                                                       6.517 9.08e-11 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.2589 on 1995 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5525, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5518
## F-statistic: 820.9 on 3 and 1995 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = median.temp.anom ~ poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE),
```

```
##
       data = hadcrut)
##
## Residuals:
                      Median
##
       Min
                 1Q
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -1.22121 -0.14956 0.00567 0.15313 1.06170
## Coefficients:
##
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                   2.144e+05 2.149e+04
                                                         9.978
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)1 -4.454e+02 4.449e+01 -10.010
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)2 3.469e-01 3.454e-02 10.043
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)3 -1.201e-04
                                             1.191e-05 -10.078
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)4 1.558e-08 1.540e-09 10.115
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.2526 on 1994 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5743, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5735
## F-statistic: 672.5 on 4 and 1994 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = median.temp.anom ~ poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE),
       data = hadcrut)
##
## Residuals:
##
                 1Q
                     Median
       Min
                                   30
                                           Max
## -1.22121 -0.14956 0.00567 0.15313 1.06170
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
##
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                   2.144e+05 2.149e+04
                                                         9.978
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)1 -4.454e+02 4.449e+01 -10.010
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)2 3.469e-01
                                             3.454e-02 10.043
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)3 -1.201e-04
                                             1.191e-05 -10.078
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)4 1.558e-08
                                             1.540e-09 10.115
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)5
                                                                     NA
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.2526 on 1994 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5743, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5735
## F-statistic: 672.5 on 4 and 1994 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = median.temp.anom ~ poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE),
       data = hadcrut)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                      Median
                  1Q
                                   30
                                           Max
## -1.22121 -0.14956 0.00567
                             0.15313
                                       1.06170
##
## Coefficients: (2 not defined because of singularities)
```

```
##
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                                         9.978
## (Intercept)
                                  2.144e+05 2.149e+04
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)1 -4.454e+02 4.449e+01 -10.010
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)2 3.469e-01 3.454e-02 10.043
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)3 -1.201e-04
                                            1.191e-05 -10.078
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)4 1.558e-08
                                            1.540e-09 10.115
                                                                 <2e-16 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)5
                                         NA
                                                    NA
                                                                     NΑ
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)6
                                         NA
                                                    NA
                                                            NA
                                                                     NΑ
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.2526 on 1994 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5743, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5735
## F-statistic: 672.5 on 4 and 1994 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = median.temp.anom ~ poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE),
##
      data = hadcrut)
##
## Residuals:
                     Median
                 1Q
## -1.24480 -0.15272 0.00679 0.15599 1.01582
## Coefficients: (2 not defined because of singularities)
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                 -3.950e+06 7.029e+05 -5.620 2.18e-08 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)1 9.617e+03 1.698e+03
                                                         5.663 1.70e-08 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)2 -9.028e+00
                                            1.582e+00 -5.707 1.32e-08 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)3 3.923e-03 6.821e-04
                                                        5.751 1.03e-08 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)4 -6.817e-07
                                             1.176e-07
                                                        -5.795 7.93e-09 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)5
                                         NA
                                                    NA
                                                            NA
                                                                     NA
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)6
                                         NA
                                                    NA
                                                            NA
                                                         5.928 3.61e-09 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)7 2.756e-18 4.649e-19
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.2504 on 1993 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5817, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5806
## F-statistic: 554.3 on 5 and 1993 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = median.temp.anom ~ poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE),
      data = hadcrut)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                      Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -1.24480 -0.15272 0.00679 0.15599 1.01582
## Coefficients: (3 not defined because of singularities)
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                 -3.950e+06 7.029e+05 -5.620 2.18e-08 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)1 9.617e+03 1.698e+03
                                                        5.663 1.70e-08 ***
```

```
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)2 -9.028e+00 1.582e+00 -5.707 1.32e-08 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)3 3.923e-03 6.821e-04
                                                          5.751 1.03e-08 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)4 -6.817e-07
                                              1.176e-07
                                                         -5.795 7.93e-09 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)5
                                          NA
                                                     NA
                                                             NΑ
                                                                      NΑ
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)6
                                          NA
                                                     NΑ
                                                             NΑ
                                                          5.928 3.61e-09 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)7
                                   2.756e-18
                                              4.649e-19
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)8
                                          NA
                                                     NA
                                                             NA
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.2504 on 1993 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5817, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5806
## F-statistic: 554.3 on 5 and 1993 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = median.temp.anom ~ poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE),
       data = hadcrut)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                    30
                                            Max
## -1.24480 -0.15272 0.00679 0.15599
                                       1.01582
##
## Coefficients: (4 not defined because of singularities)
                                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                  -3.950e+06 7.029e+05
                                                         -5.620 2.18e-08 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)1 9.617e+03
                                             1.698e+03
                                                          5.663 1.70e-08 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)2 -9.028e+00
                                              1.582e+00
                                                         -5.707 1.32e-08 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)3 3.923e-03
                                                          5.751 1.03e-08 ***
                                              6.821e-04
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)4 - 6.817e - 07
                                              1.176e-07
                                                         -5.795 7.93e-09 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)5
                                          NA
                                                     NA
                                                             NA
                                                                      NA
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)6
                                          NA
                                                     NA
                                                             NA
                                                                      NA
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)7
                                  2.756e-18
                                              4.649e-19
                                                          5.928 3.61e-09 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)8
                                                     NA
                                                             NΑ
                                                                      NΑ
                                          NA
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)9
                                          NA
                                                                      NA
                                                     NA
                                                             NA
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.2504 on 1993 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5817, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5806
## F-statistic: 554.3 on 5 and 1993 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = median.temp.anom ~ poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE),
       data = hadcrut)
##
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                       Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
                  1Q
## -1.24480 -0.15272 0.00679
                              0.15599
                                       1.01582
## Coefficients: (5 not defined because of singularities)
##
                                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                   -3.950e+06 7.029e+05 -5.620 2.18e-08 ***
## (Intercept)
```

```
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)1
                                    9.617e+03
                                              1.698e+03
                                                           5.663 1.70e-08 ***
                                              1.582e+00
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)2
                                                          -5.707 1.32e-08 ***
                                  -9.028e+00
                                    3.923e-03
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)3
                                               6.821e-04
                                                           5.751 1.03e-08 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)4
                                   -6.817e-07
                                               1.176e-07
                                                          -5.795 7.93e-09 ***
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)5
                                           NA
                                                      NA
                                                              NA
                                                                       NA
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)6
                                           NA
                                                      NA
                                                              NA
                                                                       NA
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)7
                                               4.649e-19
                                                           5.928 3.61e-09 ***
                                    2.756e-18
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)8
                                           NA
                                                      NΑ
                                                              NΑ
                                                                       NA
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)9
                                           NA
                                                      NA
                                                              NA
                                                                       NA
                                                                       NA
## poly(yearfrac, i, raw = TRUE)10
                                           NA
                                                      NA
                                                              NA
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.2504 on 1993 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5817, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5806
## F-statistic: 554.3 on 5 and 1993 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

- 7) If we center or, even better, make the polynomial functions orthogonal to one another, we can avoid the issue in the previous question. Use poly(x1,?,raw=F) and step up the polynomial order for time until the p-value for the last coefficient (use summary()) is "large", reporting the single test result for each step in the building process. Then drop back one order and re-fit the model. Report the effects plot of the resulting model and describe the estimated trend. Note: aside from access to orthogonal polynomials the poly function interfaces with Anova and the effects package really nicely.
- 8) Check the diagnostic plots from your final model. Does anything improve from the first version. Also plot the residuals vs time and compare that plot to residuals vs fitted.
- 9) Run the following code so I can see what version of R you are now using:

#### Documenting R version

## [1] '3.3.1'

```
sessionInfo()$R.version$nickname

## [1] "Bug in Your Hair"

getRversion()
```