

Homework 2

RBE 3002

* Given : $V_r = \omega(R + \frac{b}{2})$ — (1)

$$V_l = \omega(R - \frac{b}{2}) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$R = \left(\frac{b}{2}\right) \left(\frac{V_r + V_l}{V_r - V_l}\right) \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$\omega = \frac{(V_r - V_l)}{b} \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

1.) From equation 4 $\rightarrow V_r - V_l = \omega b$

\therefore putting $V_r - V_l$ in equation (3)

$$R = \frac{b}{2} \left(\frac{V_r + V_l}{\omega b} \right)$$

$$2 \frac{\omega R}{\omega} = V_r + V_l$$

$$2 \omega R = V_r + V_l$$

$$V_r = 2\omega R - V_l$$

$$\text{where } V_l = \omega(R - \frac{b}{2})$$

$$V_r = 2\omega R - \omega(R - \frac{b}{2})$$

$$V_r = \omega R + \frac{\omega b}{2}$$

$$V_r + V_l = 2\omega R$$

$$V_r + V_l + V_r - V_l = 2\omega R + V_r - V_l$$

$$2V_r = 2\omega R + \omega b$$

$$V_R = R\omega + \frac{\omega b}{2}$$

$$V_R = \omega \left(R + \frac{b}{2} \right)$$

$$\therefore V_R + V_L - V_R + V_L = 2R\omega - (V_R - V_L)$$

$$2V_L = 2R\omega - \omega b$$

$$V_L = \omega \left(R - \frac{b}{2} \right)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{V_R}{V_L} = \frac{\omega \left(R + \frac{b}{2} \right)}{\omega \left(R - \frac{b}{2} \right)}$$

[\therefore dividing ① by ②]

$$RV_R - \frac{V_R b}{2} = RV_L + \frac{V_L b}{2}$$

$$RV_R - RV_L = \frac{V_L b}{2} + \frac{V_R b}{2}$$

$$R[V_R - V_L] = \frac{b}{2} [V_R + V_L]$$

$$R = \frac{b}{2} \left[\frac{V_R + V_L}{V_R - V_L} \right]$$

① - ②

$$\therefore V_R - V_L = \omega \left[R + \frac{b}{2} - R + \frac{b}{2} \right]$$

$$V_R - V_L = \omega b$$

$$\omega = \frac{V_R - V_L}{b}$$