Assignment 2

If you wish to submit your solutions to any of these questions, please send them via email to your TA by 18/04/2021. This deadline is strict!

Exercise 1 Three identical chests, each with two drawers are examined. One has a gold coin in each of its two drawers, another has a silver coin in each drawer and the third has a silver coin in one drawer and a gold coin in the other. A chest is chosen uniformly at random, and in that chest a drawer is chosen uniformly at random. Given that the chosen coin is gold, what is the probability that the second drawer of the chosen chest contains a gold coin as well?

Exercise 2 The weather at a given planet can be either cloudy or clear, with a constant probability. In 60% of the cloudy days, the next day was clear and in 30% of the clear days, the next day was cloudy. What percent of the days are cloudy?

Exercise 3 Let S be a set with n elements. Out of the 2^n subsets of S two sets A and B are randomly chosen with replacement.

- 1. What is the probability that |A| = k?
- 2. Use your solution to Part 1 of this question to find the probability that A is a subset of B.

Exercise 4 Bowl I contains 2 black balls and a single white ball. Bowl II contains a single black ball and 3 white balls. A bowl is chosen uniformly at random and then a ball is chosen uniformly at random from that bowl.

- 1. What is the probability that the chosen ball is white?
- 2. What is the probability that Bowl I was chosen, given that the chosen ball is white?
- 3. The chosen ball is placed back into its bowl and a new ball is chosen uniformly at random from the same bowl. What is the probability that the second chosen ball is white, given that the first one was white?
- 4. Same as Part 3 except that the first ball that was chosen is not placed back into any of the bowls.

Exercise 5 Prove that an event is independent of all other events if and only if its probability is either 0 or 1.

Exercise 6 Prove the following statements:

- 1. Event A is independent of itself if and only if $\mathbb{P}(A) \in \{0,1\}$.
- 2. If the events A and B are mutually exclusive and independent then either $\mathbb{P}(A) = 0$ or $\mathbb{P}(B) = 0$.
- 3. If the events A and B are independent it follows that A and B^c are independent.

Exercise 7 For each of the four equations listed below, give an example of a probability space and three events A, B, C in this space which will uphold the other three equations but not this one.

- 1. $\mathbb{P}(A \cap B) = \mathbb{P}(A) \cdot \mathbb{P}(B)$
- 2. $\mathbb{P}(A \cap C) = \mathbb{P}(A) \cdot \mathbb{P}(C)$
- 3. $\mathbb{P}(B \cap C) = \mathbb{P}(B) \cdot \mathbb{P}(C)$
- 4. $\mathbb{P}(A \cap B \cap C) = \mathbb{P}(A) \cdot \mathbb{P}(B) \cdot \mathbb{P}(C)$