# LAB4

### Lab4

• The deadline for lab4 submission is 29th March at 11:59 pm.

- Folder name : lab4
- Code name: p4.c
- Each code will be tested by 5 different input files.
- 5 score for each input, if you don't get the answer, you get 0 score.

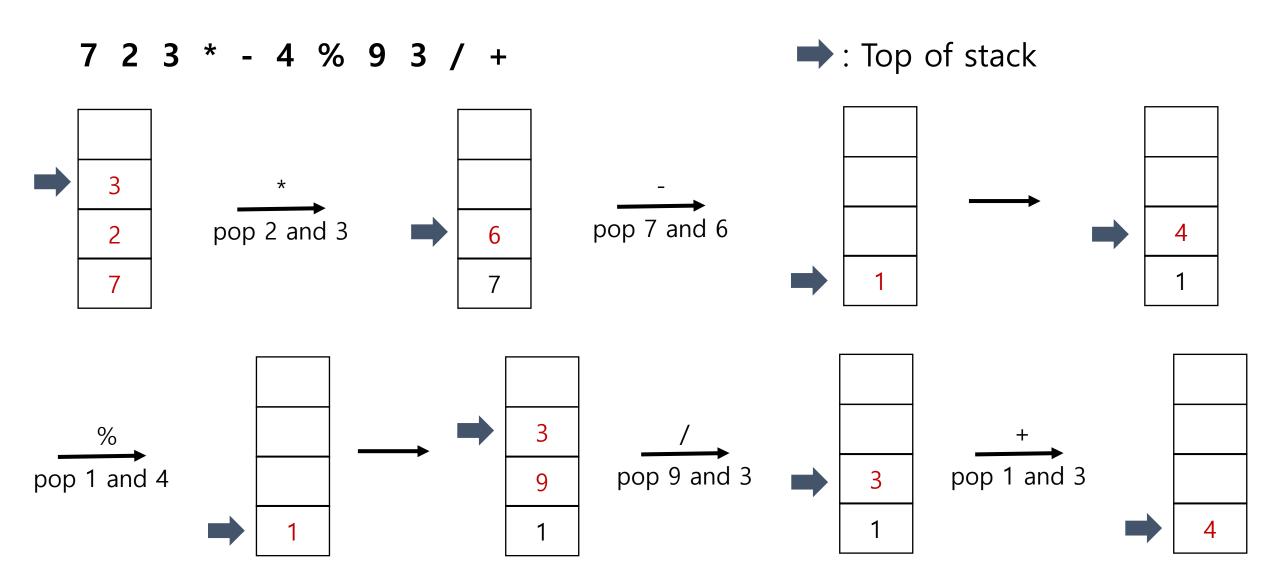
### **Evaluation criteria**

Category	Evaluation	
p4	100	
Total	100	

• Use GCC 11 version.

• No score will be given if the gcc version is different.

### Lab 4. Postfix evaluation

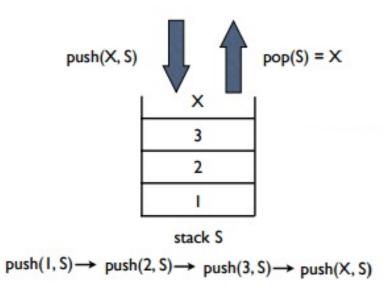


- Available operators: +, -, \*, /, and %
- Not used: (, )
- Operands: single-digit numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9)
- Conditions:
  - The expression should be no more than 100 characters.
  - The delimiter for the end of the expression is '#'.
  - Max stack size is 10.
- There are two rules for popping and pushing the operands from/to the stack:
  - When you meet an operand (number), push it onto the stack.
  - When you meet an operator, pop two operands from the stack, perform the operation, and push the result back to the stack.

- CreateStack create a new stack with the size of max.
- Push push a new element in the stack. <u>If your stack is full, just print an error message and exit the program.</u>
- Pop pop the element from the top of the stack. If the stack does not have any element, just print an error message and exit the program.
- DeleteStack free all the memory allocated to stack.
- IsFull check if the stack is full.
- IsEmpty check if the stack is empty.
- Postfix When you meet an operand (number), push it onto the stack. When you meet an operator, pop two operands from the stack, perform the operation, and push the result back to the stack.

#### • Structure

```
typedef struct Stack{
    int* key;
    int top;
    int max_stack_size;
}Stack;
```



#### Structure

```
typedef struct Stack{
    int* key;
    int top;
    int max_stack_size;
}Stack;
```

#### Function

```
Stack* CreateStack(int max);

void Push(Stack* s, int x);

int Pop(Stack* s);

int Top(Stack* s);

void DeleteStack(Stack* s);

int IsEmpty(Stack *s);

int IsFull(Stack *s);

void Postfix(Stack* s, char input_str);
```

### Lab 4. Sample code

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef struct Stack{
    int* key;
    int top;
    int max stack size;
}Stack;
Stack* CreateStack(int max);
void Push(Stack* s, int x);
int Pop(Stack* s);
int Top(Stack* s);
void DeleteStack(Stack* s);
int IsEmpty(Stack* s);
int IsFull(Stack* s);
void Postfix(Stack* s, char input str);
```

```
/oid main(int argc, char* argv[]){
   FILE* fi = fopen(argv[1], "r");
   Stack* stack = CreateStack(10);
   char c:
   printf("Top numbers: ");
   while(1){
       fscanf(fi, "%c", &c);
       if(c == '#')
           break;
       Postfix(stack, c);
       printf("%d ", Top(stack));
   printf("\n");
   printf("evaluation result: %d\n", Pop(stack));
   fclose(fi);
   DeleteStack(stack);
```

# Lab 4. Example

• input file: lab4\_input.txt

```
4736%+*42/-9+23*-#
```

Result
 every time there is a push, print out the top
 number

```
root@0607fb0c13ae:/home/2022_ds/code/lab4# ./p4 lab4_input.txt
Top numbers: 4 7 3 6 3 10 40 4 2 2 38 9 47 2 3 6 41
evaluation result: 41
root@0607fb0c13ae:/home/2022_ds/code/lab4#
```

- program name : p4.c
- input: a list of operations in a file.
- output: the corresponding result in the standard output.