UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM

COMMON DATA SET RESPONSE: 2015-16

July 21, 2016

For more information, contact:

Institutional Effectiveness and Analysis 1720 2nd Avenue South Birmingham, AL 35294-0104

> Telephone: (205) 934-2584 Fax: (205) 934-3179

or check our website: http://www.uab.edu/institutionaleffectiveness/

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A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

A0. Respondent Information (Not for Publication)

Dr. Bart Swecker

Office of Institutional Effectiveness & Analysis

1720 2nd Avenue South

Birmingham, AL 35294-0104

Phone: (205) 934-2384 Fax: (205) 934-3179

iea@uab.edu

Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? \(\sum \) Yes \(\sum \) No

If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:

http://www.uab.edu/institutionaleffectiveness/cds

A1. Address Information

The University of Alabama at Birmingham Mailing Address: 1720 2nd Avenue South Birmingham, AL 35294

Street Address: 701 20th Street South Birmingham, AL 35294

Main phone: (205) 934-4011

WWW Home Page Address: http://www.uab.edu

President: Dr. Ray L. Watts

Undergraduate Admission

Admission Phone Number: (205) 934-8221 Admission toll-free number: (800) 421-8743

Admission Office Mailing Address:

Office of Undergraduate Admission

1720 2nd Ave South

Birmingham, AL 35294-4600 Admission Fax number: (205) 975-7114

Admission E-mail Address: chooseuab@uab.edu

Is there a separate URL application site on the Internet? If so, please specify:

https://www.uab.edu/students/undergraduate-admissions

Undergraduate Admission Contact: Mr. Tyler Peterson

Graduate Admissions

Graduate Admissions Phone Number: (205) 996-2583 Graduate Admissions Toll-Free Number: (800) 975-4723

Graduate Admissions Office Mailing Address:

Graduate School

LHL G03

1720 2nd Ave South

Birmingham, AL 35294-0013

Graduate Admissions Fax number: (205) 934-8413

Graduate Admissions E-mail Address: gradschool@uab.edu

Is there a separate URL graduate application site on the Internet? If so, please specify:

http://www.uab.edu/graduate/current-students/prospective-students

Dean of Graduate School: Dr. Lori McMahon

A2. Source of institutional control (c	heck one only)
Public	
Private (nonprofit)	
Proprietary	
A3. Classify your undergraduate ins	titution
Coeducational college	
Men's college	
_	
A4. Academic year calendar	
Semester 4-1-4	
Ouarter Continu	os (describe):
	by program (describe):
Other (describe):	.) L 8
A5. Degrees offered by your instituti	on
Certificate	Nostbachelor's certificate
Diploma	Master's
Associate	Nost-master's certificate
Transfer	Doctoral degree
	research/scholarship
☐ Terminal	☐ Doctoral degree –
_	professional practice
□ Bachelor's	Doctoral degree other

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2015. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

	FULL-TIME		PART	T-TIME
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	625	968	14	14
Other first-year, degree- seeking	319	400	63	54
All other degree-seeking	2453	3494	1164	1701
Total degree-seeking	3397	4862	1241	1769
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	24	14	86	118
Total undergraduates	3421	4876	1327	1887
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	259	486	156	444
All other degree-seeking	1176	1586	775	1716
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	3	5	68	148
Total graduate	1438	2077	999	2308

Total all undergraduates: 11,511

Total all graduate: 6,822

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: 18,333

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2015. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic/Latino should be reported only on the Hispanic/Latino line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic/Latino multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

	Degree-seeking First-time First-year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)
Nonresident aliens	20	204
Hispanic/Latino	55	357
Black or African American, non-	359	2864
Hispanic/Latino		
White, non- Hispanic/Latino	943	6607
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic/Latino	5	26
Asian, non- Hispanic/Latino	159	670
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific	0	7
Islander, non- Hispanic/Latino		
Two or more races, non- Hispanic/Latino	78	438
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	2	96
Total	1,621	11,269

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2014, to June 30, 2015.

Certificate/diploma	18
Bachelor's degrees	2165
Postbachelor's certificates	22
Master's degrees	1680
Post-master's certificates	47
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	170
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	392
Doctoral degrees – other	6

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2015 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 2009 cohort if available. If fall 2009 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 2008 cohort.

Fall 2008 Cohort	Fall 2009 Cohort	
	Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2009 . Include in the cohort those who	

- **B4.** Initial **2008** cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: **1,247**
- **B5.** Of the initial **2008** cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: **1**
- **B6.** Final **2008** cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: **1,246**

(Subtract question B5 from question B4)

- **B7.** Of the initial **2008** cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2012): **406**
- **B8**. Of the initial **2008** cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2012 and by August 31, 2013): **227**
- **B9.** Of the initial **2008** cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2013 and by August 31, 2014): **58**
- **B10**. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): **691**
- **B11.** Six-year graduation rate for **2008** cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): **55.5%**

entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall **2009**.

B4. Initial **2009** cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: **1,502**

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

- **B5.** Of the initial **2009** cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: **3**
- **B6.** Final **2009** cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: **1,499**

(Subtract question B5 from question B4)

- **B7.** Of the initial **2009** cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2013): **474**
- **B8**. Of the initial **2009** cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2013 and by August 31, 2014): **252**
- **B9.** Of the initial **2009** cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2014 and by August 31, 2015): **91**
- **B10**. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): **817**
- **B11.** Six-year graduation rate for **2009** cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): **54.5%**

B12-B21: Not applicable to UAB

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2014 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2014 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2015? **78.7%**

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

Applications

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2015. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	1925 3410
•	1710
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	1713
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	2928
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	625
• • • •	
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	14
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	968
Total fun-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who emoned	900
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	14

C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? No.

Admission Requirements

C3. High school completion requirement

Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:

- High school diploma is required and GED is accepted
- High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted
- High school diploma or equivalent is not required
- C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

Require

Recommend

Neither require nor recommend

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units required
Total academic units	17
English	4
Mathematics	3
Science	3
Of these, units that must be lab	2
Foreign language	1
Social studies	3
History	
Academic electives	3
Other (specify)	

SAT Subject Tests

Basis for Selection

C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? **No.**

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

degree-seeking (freshman) admission		ine una nonac	eudenne luctors i	ii your iiist time, i	nist year,
	Very Im	portant	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic		7			
Rigor of secondary school record					
Class rank	L				
Academic GPA			\sqcup		Ц
Standardized test scores		1	Ц		
Application Essay	<u> </u>	_	\sqcup		\boxtimes
Recommendation]			\boxtimes
Nonacademic		_	_	_	_
Interview]			\boxtimes
Extracurricular activities]			\boxtimes
Talent/ability]			\boxtimes
Character/personal qualities]			\boxtimes
First generation]			\boxtimes
Alumni/ae relation]			\boxtimes
Geographical residence]			\boxtimes
State residency]			\boxtimes
Religious affiliation/commitment]			\boxtimes
Racial/ethnic status]			\boxtimes
Volunteer work]			\boxtimes
Work experience		ī	\Box	\Box	\boxtimes
Level of applicant's interest]			$\overline{\boxtimes}$
SAT and ACT Policies C8. Entrance exams					
A. Does your institution make use of SAT R time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants?	easoning Test	_	Subject Test scor	res in admission de	cisions for first-
If yes, place check marks in the for fall 2015 .	appropriate b	oxes below to r	reflect your institu	ntion's policies for v	se in admission
			ADMISSION		
	Require	Recommend	Require for	Considered if	Not used
a . m am			some	submitted	
SAT only					
SAT only					
ACT only					
SAT and SAT Subject Tests					
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
CAT Calicat Tasta					\square

02/15/17

 \boxtimes

	stitution will make use of the AC ease indicate which ONE of the process.):					
ACT wi	th Writing component required thout Writing component recomth or without Writing componen					
C. Please inc	licate how your institution will u	ise the SAT or	ACT essay co	omponent; check	all that ap	ply:
			SAT essay	ACT essay		
F	For admission					
I	For placement					
	For advising					
	n place of an application essay					
	As a validity check on the application	ation essay				
	No college policy as of now		Ц			
1	Not using essay component			\boxtimes		
E. Latest da F. If necessa required of s G. Please i SAT ACT SAT Su AP CLEP Institution	n, does your institution use applete by which SAT or ACT scores ry, use this space to clarify your ome students: N/A ndicate which tests your institut bject Tests onal Exam am (specify):	must be receiv test policies (e	red for fall-terr	n admission: Jun		□ No dents, or if tests are not
enrolled in fa students adm C9. Percent standar seeking reading SAT sco	entages for ALL enrolled degree all 2015, including students who nitted under special arrangements and number of first-time, first dized (SAT/ACT) test scores. It students who submitted test see for a category of students) or coores to ACT scores and vice versions.	t-year (freshman freshman fres	during summe nan) students of ation for ALL nclude partial to andardized test	enrolled in fall 20 enrolled, first-tin test scores (e.g., n results (such as T	015 who s me, first-y nathematic COEFL) in	ubmitted national vear (freshman) degree- es scores but not critical this item. Do not conver
scored a	n percentile is the score that 25 pt or above.			-		-
	submitting SAT scores submitting ACT scores	7% 93%		abmitting SAT sec bmitting ACT sec		106 1497

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

	25th percentile	75th percentile
ACT Composite	22	28
ACT English	22	30
ACT Math	19	26
ACT Writing	N/a	N/a

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	15	26	9
24-29	43	36	37
18-23	42	35	41
12-17	0	3	13
6-11	0	0	0
Below 6	0	0	0
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top 10th of high school graduating class	27.4%	
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	52.3%	
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	82.2%	Top half + bottom half = 100%.
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	17.8%	3 10p nan + bottom nan = 100%.
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	4.0%	

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank: 64.5%

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale); report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	47.2%
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	18.4%
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	12.6%
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	11.1%
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	8.7%
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	2.0%
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0.0%
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0.0%
	100.0%

C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA: **3.66** Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: **99.6%**

Admission Policies

C13. Application fee		
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee \$30.00	Yes	□No
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	Yes Yes	□No
If you have an application fee and an on-line application option Same fee: _X_ Free:	, please indicat	te policy for students who apply on-line:
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with finan-	cial need? Yes	
C14. Application closing date		
Does your institution have an application closing date? Application closing date (fall) Priority date: June 1	Yes	⊠ No
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms o	ther than the	fall? ⊠ Yes □ No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fi	ill in one only)	
On a rolling basis beginning preceding fall term.		
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only	(y)	
Must reply by (date):		
No set date: X Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified the Other:	reafter	
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): at time of applica	tion	
Amount of housing deposit: \$250.00 Refundable if student does not enroll?		
X Yes, in full if requested by June 1		
Yes, in part No		
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow student	s to postpone e	enrollment after admission?
✓ Yes ☐ NoIf yes, maximum period of postponement: 1 year		
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your ins time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more befor		
C20. Common application: Removed from CDS. (Initiated du	ring 2006-200	7 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans		
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decis be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) a	regular notific	eation date and that asks students to commit to
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan advance of the regular notification date but do not have to		

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

Fall	Appl	licants
------	------	---------

D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students? X Yes No	
(If no, please skip to Section E)	
If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed other colleges/universities? Yes No	at

D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2015.

	Applicants	Admitted applicants	Enrolled applicants
Men	1,060	894	542
Women	1,712	1,449	815
Total	2,772	2,343	1,357

Application for Admission

D3. Indicate terms for	r which transfers ma	y enroll:	
⊠ Fall	☐ Winter	Spring	Summer Su
		mum number of c	credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?
⊠ Yes □ No			
If yes, what is the	ne minimum number	of credits and the	e unit of measure? 24 semester hours of transferable college work
(but see D8 bel	ow).		

D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of all	Recommended of all	Recommended of some	Required of some	Not required
High school transcript				X	
College transcript(s)	X				
Essay or personal statement					X
Interview					X
Standardized test scores				X	
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)					X

D6. If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): **Not applicable**

D7. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): **Transfer applicants** must have a grade point average of 2.0 (on a 4.0 scale) after completing 24 semester hours (or 36 quarter hours) of college-level work in order to qualify for regular admission.

D8. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants: If a transfer applicant has completed fewer than 24 semester hours (or 36 quarter hours) the requirements of beginning freshmen must also be met. Applicant must request that a high school transcript be sent to UAB, and official ACT or SAT scores are required.

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

	Priority date	Closing date*	Notification date	Reply date	Rolling admission
Fall		June 1			X
Spring		November 1			X
Summer		March 15			X

- **D10.** Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? **Not applicable**
- D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable. None.

Transfer Credit Policies

D12. -- D17.

place.

The Office of Undergraduate Admission will determine which credits will transfer from a previous university or two-year college. Generally remedial, technical, vocational, and orientation courses do not transfer, but a student may transfer up to half the credits required to complete a baccalaureate degree. Transcripts are evaluated after the student has been admitted to determine which specific courses will transfer.

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

Accelerated program	
Cooperative education program	☐ Independent study
☐ Cross-registration	
☐ Distance learning	Liberal arts/career combination
□ Double major	Student-designed major
□ Dual enrollment	Study abroad
English as a Second Language	☐ Teacher certification program
Exchange student program (domestic)	☐ Weekend college
External degree program	
External degree program Other (specify):	
External degree program Other (specify): E2. Has been removed from the CDS.	ired to complete some course work prior to graduation:
External degree program Other (specify): E2. Has been removed from the CDS.	ired to complete some course work prior to graduation: ☑ Humanities
External degree program Other (specify): E2. Has been removed from the CDS. E3. Areas in which all or most students are requi	
☐ External degree program ☐ Other (specify): E2. Has been removed from the CDS. E3. Areas in which all or most students are requi ☐ Arts/fine arts	Humanities
 ☐ External degree program ☐ Other (specify): E2. Has been removed from the CDS. E3. Areas in which all or most students are required arts ☐ Computer literacy 	
☐ External degree program ☐ Other (specify): E2. Has been removed from the CDS. E3. Areas in which all or most students are requi ☐ Arts/fine arts ☐ Computer literacy ☐ English (including composition)	

F. STUDENT LIFE

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2015 who fit the following categories:

| First-time | first-year |

		First-time, first-year	
		(freshman) students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude int	ernational/nonresident aliens		
from the numerator and denominator)		15.3%	7.8%
Percent of men who join fraternities		10.6%	9.1%
Percent of women who join sororities		13.1%	9.4%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated,	or -affiliated housing	70.0%	22.4%
Percent who live off campus or commute	_	30.0%	77.6%
Percent of students age 25 and older		0.9%	23.1%
Average age of full-time students		18.1	21.1
Average age of all students (full- and part-tim	e)	18.2	23.4
F2. Activities offered Identify those program	s available at your institution.		
Campus Ministries Literary makes Choral groups Marching to Concert band Model UN Dance Music enset Drama/theater Musical the International Student Opera Organization Jazz band Pep band F3. ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Heat Army ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (name):	band	paper ilm society chestra ition	
Air Force ROTC is offered	C 177 '		
At cooperating institution (name): Sa	miord University		
F4. Housing: Check all types of college-owned, institution.	operated, or -affiliated housin	g available for undergrac	luates at your
	Special housing for dis	abled students	
☐ Men's dorms	Special housing for inte	ernational students	
Women's dorms	Fraternity/sorority house		
Apartments for married students	Cooperative housing		
Apartments for single students	☐ Theme housing		
-	☐ Wellness housing		
Other housing options (specify):			

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

G0. Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator: http://www.uab.edu/students/paying-for-uab

Provide 2016-17 academic year costs for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

Check here if your institution's 2016-2017 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2016-2017 academic year costs of attendance will be available:

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL **2016-2017** academic year (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are **not** included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do **not** include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	9,936	9,936
In-district:		
In-state (out-of-district):	9,936	9,936
Out-of-state:	22,844	22,844
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	22,844	22,844
REQUIRED FEES:	0	0
	0	0
ROOM AND BOARD:	0	0
	0	0
ROOM AND BOARD:	6,020	6,020
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)		
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus) ROOM ONLY:		

^{*}Includes a \$225 Campus Dining Fee assessed during fall and spring semesters.

G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition two semesters)	15 minimum	15 maximum (for
G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?	☐ Yes [⊠ No
G4. Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?	⊠ Yes □	No
If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees	reported in G13	? 30%

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	1,200	1,200	1,200
Room and board	10,809	3,965	10,809
Transportation:	2,486	2,486	2,486
Other expenses:	2,400	2,400	2,400

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	316*
In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	316*
Out-of-state:	746**
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	746**

^{*}First hour charged at a rate of \$544

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

^{**}First hour charged at a rate of \$978

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2014-2015 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2014-2015 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

Indicate the academic year for	which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 belo	W
⊠ 2015-2016 estimated or	2014-2015 final	

Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? Federal Methodology

	Need-based (Include non-need- based aid use to meet	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need- based aid use to
	need.)	meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants	·	·
Federal	18,456,594	9,280
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	101,250	100,923
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	110,500	23,095,423
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	245,524	1,598,592
Total Scholarships/Grants	18,913,868	24,804,24,740
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	21,502,997	23,491,191
Federal Work-Study	2,309,932	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	0	0
Total Self-Help	23,812,929	23,491,191
Parent Loans	0	8,805,101
Tuition Waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	0	4,548,145
Athletic awards	0	5,468,267

H2. **Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (inc. fresh)	Less than full-time undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2015 cohort)	1,593	8,297	3,214
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	1,342	6,074	1,898
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	934	4,995	1,676
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	925	4,928	1,550
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	561	3,236	833
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	641	3,858	1,231
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	676	2,117	87
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>).	122	395	31
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	52%	46%	25%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	9,214	10,063	5,820
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	4,956	4,939	3,478
1)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f	4,323	4,830	4,200
m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who received a need-based loan	3,810	4,352	4,101

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad Inc. fresh.	Less than Full-time Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	490	1,569	60
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	6,936	7,513	4,338
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	43	260	6
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	21,811	21,748	11,396

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

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- * 2015 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015.
- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- * those who transferred in.
- * money borrowed at other institutions.
- **H3:** Incorporated into **H1** above.
- H4. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. **59%**

H4a. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans. 57%

H5. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4. \$31,610

H5a. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative, and parent loans. \$28,363

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

Н6.	Indicate your institution's policy regarding financial aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:
по.	College-administered need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
	College-administered non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
	College-administered scholarship or grant aid is not available
	If college-administered financial aid is available for undergraduate international students, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who received need- or non-need-based aid: 65
	Average dollar amount awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$24,510
	Total dollar amount of financial aid from all sources awarded to all undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens \$1,677,924
H7. Che	eck off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
	☐ Institution's own financial aid form
	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
	International Student's Financial Aid Application

02/15/17

International Student's Certification of Finances

Other: n/a

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H8. Ch	eck off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
	 □ FAFSA □ Institution's own financial aid form □ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE □ State aid form □ Noncustodial PROFILE □ Business/Farm Supplement □ Other:
H9. Inc	licate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: March 1 Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: n/a No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): Yes
H10. In	ndicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students:
	Students notified on a rolling basis, starting about March 15.
H11. Ir	adicate reply dates:
	Students must reply within four weeks of notification.
Types	of Aid Available
Please	check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12. L	oans
	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
H13. S	cholarships and Grants
	NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics	X		Leadership
X	X	Alumni affiliation	X	X	Minority status
X		Art	X		Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills			State/district residency
X		ROTC			

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

For further financial aid information:

Mailing Address: 1720 2nd Avenue South Birmingham, AL 35294-0013 Phone: (205) 934-8223

http://www.uab.edu/students/paying-for-uab

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for fall 2015. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full time	Part time	Total
a) Total number of instructional faculty	861	82	943
b) Total number who are members of minority groups	189	11	200
c) Total number who are women	405	43	448
d) Total number who are men	456	39	495
e) Total number who are non-resident aliens (international)	12	0	12
f) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	742	68	810
g) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	110	13	123
h) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	8	1	9
i) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and i must add up to item a .)	1	0	1
j.)Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	94	40	134

NOTE: Excludes faculty members in Medicine, Joint Health Sciences, and libraries.

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the fall 2014 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2014 Student to Faculty ratio: 18 to 1

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2015 term.

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2014. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	207	252	290	126	83	162	44	1164
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB- SECTIONS	23	122	127	42	2	2	0	318

J. DISCIPLINARY AREAS OF DEGREES CONFERRED

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2015

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

			2010 CIP
Category	Diplomas/ Certificates	Bachelor's	Categories to Include
Area, ethnic, and gender studies		0.2%	05
Communications/journalism		4.1%	09
Computer and information sciences		1.3%	11
Education		10.1%	13
Engineering		5.5%	14
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics		0.7%	16
English		2.1%	23
Liberal Arts/general studies		1.9%	24
Biological/life sciences		7.0%	26
Mathematics and statistics		1.4%	27
Philosophy and religious studies		0.9%	38
Physical sciences		1.7%	40
Psychology		8.5%	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting,			
and protective services		3.5%	43
Public administration and social services		2.3%	44
Social sciences		4.2%	45
Visual and performing arts		3.6%	50
Health professions and related programs	100.0%	20.5%	51
Business/marketing		18.3%	52
History		2.2%	54
Other			
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%	

Common Data Set Definitions

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear in Section H.
- Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (**first-time**, **first year**): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at

least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad.**

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

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Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

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Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

***Women's center:** Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Common Data Set: 2015-2016

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.