



Home / AWS / Guided Lab / Introduction to Amazon GuardDuty

# Introduction to Amazon GuardDuty

Level: Fundamental

Amazon Web Services Amazon GuardDuty

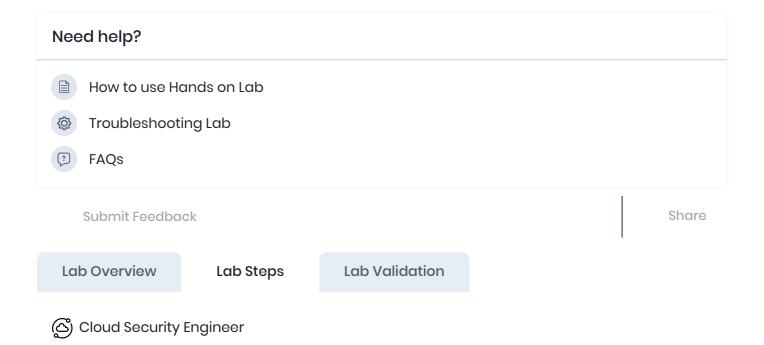


# 0h 28m 47s left



End Lab	
Open Console	
Validation	
Lab Credentials	_
User Name (i)	
Whiz_User_80425.26221120	
Password (i)	
4ded46a3-985f-4ef2-86f4-dd5328088e1a	
Access Key (i)	
AKIAQ66O26BYOQF7TIQA	
Secret Key ①	
4SgTqn6SQ7v/uUVNuUzO5RJ7M8f4TR8e0/De892o	
Lab Resources	_
No Lab Resources Found	
Support Documents	-

1. FAQs and Troubleshooting



# **Lab Steps**

ැල් Security

### Task 1: Sign in to AWS Management Console

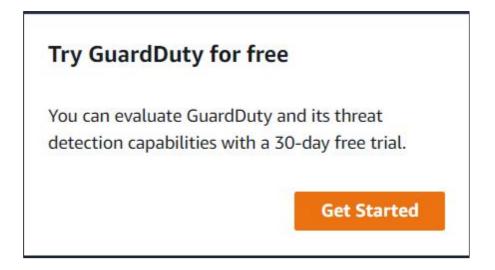
- Click on the Open Console button, and you will get redirected to AWS Console in a new browser tab.
- 2. On the AWS sign-in page,
  - Leave the Account ID as default. Never edit/remove the 12 digit Account ID present in the AWS Console. otherwise, you cannot proceed with the lab.
  - Now copy your User Name and Password in the Lab Console to the IAM
     Username and Password in AWS Console and click on the Sign in button.
- 3. Once Signed In to the AWS Management Console, Make the default AWS Region as **US East (N. Virginia)** us-east-1.

Note: There is no Validation function for this lab.

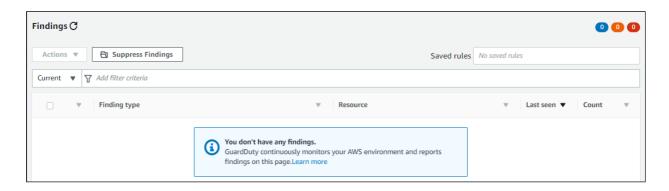
### Task 2: Enabling Amazon GuardDuty

1. Make sure to choose the **US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1** region in the AWS Management console dashboard, which is present in the top right corner.

- 2. Navigate to the **Services** menu at the top and click on **GuardDuty** in the **Security**, **Identity and Compliance** section.
- 3. Click on Get started.



4. Click on Enable GuardDuty. With one click, the service will be enabled.



5. In the **Findings** page, you will see the warning **You don't have any findings** because there is no malicious activity happening in your AWS Account. **Ignore** the warnings, wherever you find.

## Task 3: Exploring Amazon GuardDuty

# **Settings**

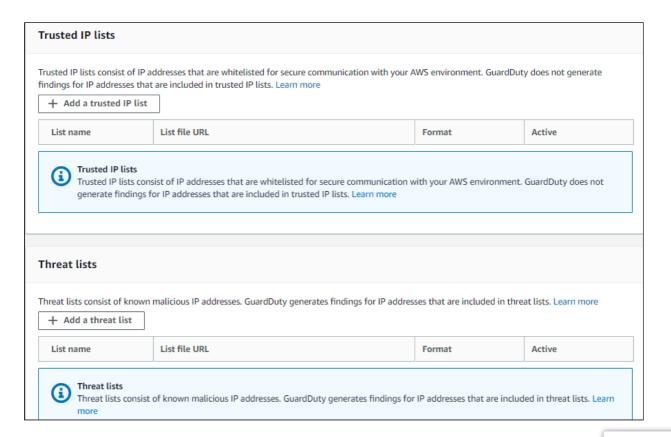
- 1. Click on **Settings** in the left panel.
- 2. You will see a **Detector ID**. A detector is a resource that represents the GuardDuty service.
- 3. **Permissions**: GuardDuty uses a service role to monitor your data sources on your behalf.
- 4. Findings export options: Findings are automatically sent to CloudWatch Events. You can also export findings to an S3 bucket. New findings are exported within 5 minutes.

No need to change anything.

- 5. Suspend GuardDuty:
  - Suspend GuardDuty: When you suspend GuardDuty, it stops monitoring your AWS environment and doesn't generate new findings. Your existing findings remain intact and aren't affected.
  - Disable GuardDuty: When you disable GuardDuty, you not only stop GuardDuty
    from monitoring your AWS environment and generating new findings, you also
    lose your existing findings and your GuardDuty configurations. You can't
    recover the data later.

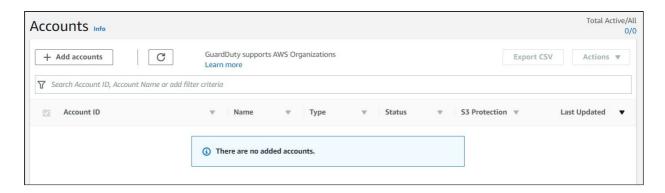
#### Lists

- 1. Click on **Lists** below **Settings**.
- 2. In the List Manager, you can add the Trusted IP Lists and Threat Lists.
- 3. **Trusted IP Lists**: Trusted IP lists consist of IP addresses that are whitelisted for secure communication with your AWS environment. GuardDuty does not generate findings for IP addresses that are included in trusted IP lists.
- 4. **Threat Lists**: Threat lists consist of known malicious IP addresses. GuardDuty generates findings for IP addresses that are included in threat lists.



### **Accounts**

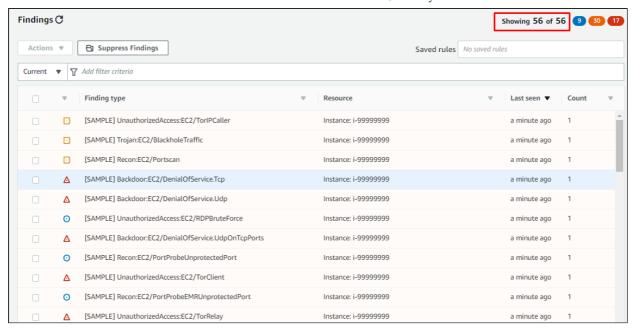
1. Click on **Accounts** above the settings.



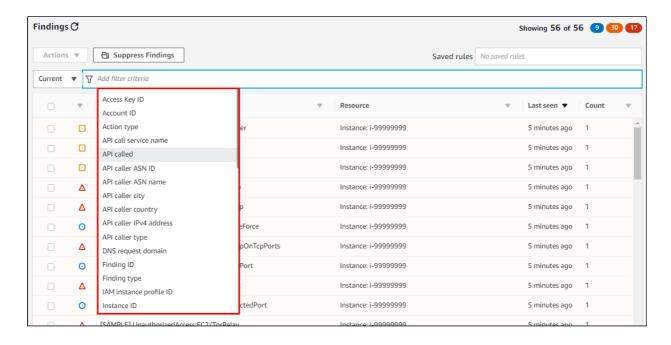
- 2. You can invite other accounts to enable GuardDuty and become associated with your AWS account.
- 3. When an invitation is accepted, your account is designated as the **master** GuardDuty account.
- 4. The account that accepts the invitation becomes a **member** account associated with your master account.
- 5. You can then view and manage the GuardDuty findings on behalf of the member account. In GuardDuty, a master account (per region) can have up to 1000 member accounts.

### Task 4: Generating Sample Findings

- Since there are no potential threats in our AWS Account, let us generate some sample findings and learn about them.
- 2. Navigate to settings, scroll down and click on Generate sample findings.
- 3. To find your sample findings, go to Findings.
- 4. Wait until the loading is completed. On the top-right corner, you should see a number of findings.

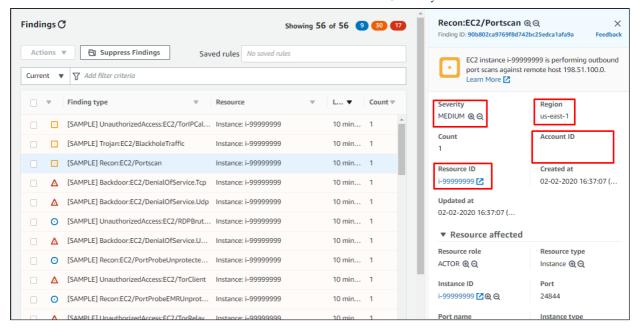


- 5. On the Top-right corner, you can see numbers with colors.
- 6. Color Indications:
  - The Blue indicates Low severity
  - Orange indicates Medium severity
  - Red indicates High severity
- 7. You can use filter criteria to filter your findings.



- 8. Click on one of the sample findings.
- You can see various parameters like severity, region, Account ID, Resource ID,
   Resource Affected, Target, etc.

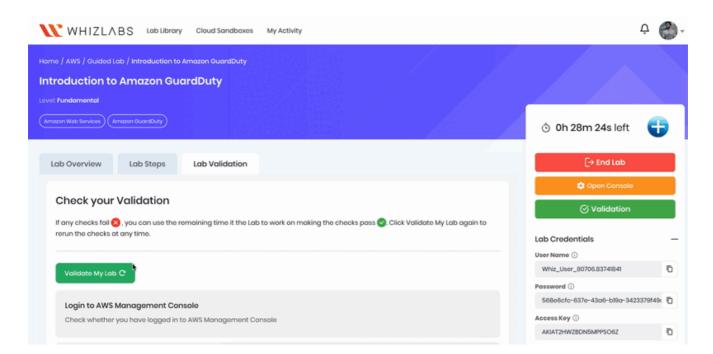




10. Go through the sample to learn more about the different severities.

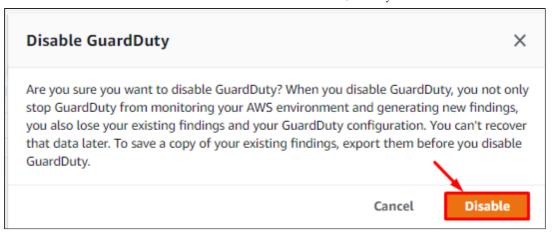
#### Task 5: Validation of the Lab

- 1. Once the labs steps are completed, please click on **Validation** button on right side panel.
- 2. This will validate the resources in the AWS account and displays whether you have completed this lab successfully or not.
- 3. Sample Output:



## Task 6: Disabling GuardDuty

- 1. Go to the settings and click on **DisableGuardDuty** under suspend GuardDuty to stop it.
- 2. Click on Disable to confirm.



3. You have successfully disabled GuardDuty.

### Do You Know?

Amazon GuardDuty analyzes and monitors billions of events across your AWS accounts, including API calls, network traffic, and DNS data, to identify potential security threats and anomalies.

# **Completion and Conclusion**

- You have successfully used the AWS management console to enable Amazon GuardDuty.
- You have successfully explored the options of Amazon GuardDuty Service like Settings, Lists, and Accounts.
- You have generated some sample findings and reviewed them.
- You have successfully disabled Amazon GuardDuty.

# **End Lab**

- 1. Sign out of AWS Account.
- 2. You have successfully completed the lab.
- 3. Once you have completed the steps click on **End Lab** from your whizlabs dashboard.





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