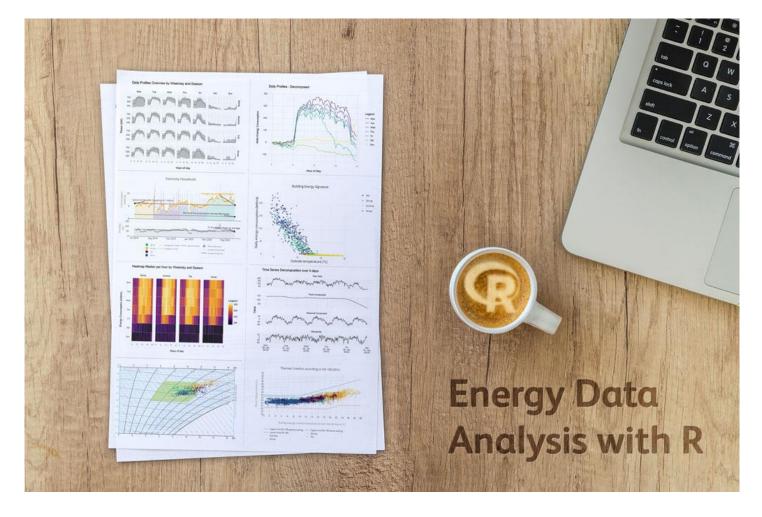
4. R로 하는 에너지 데이터 분석



R, R Studio 설치

통계학과 데이터 마이닝을 위한 오픈소스 프로그램



https://cran.r-project.org/

■ 설치파일 다운로드 :

Download R for Linux (Debian, Fedora/Redhat, Ubuntu)

Download R for macOS

Download R for Windows

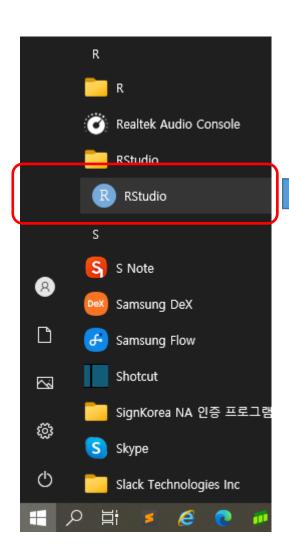


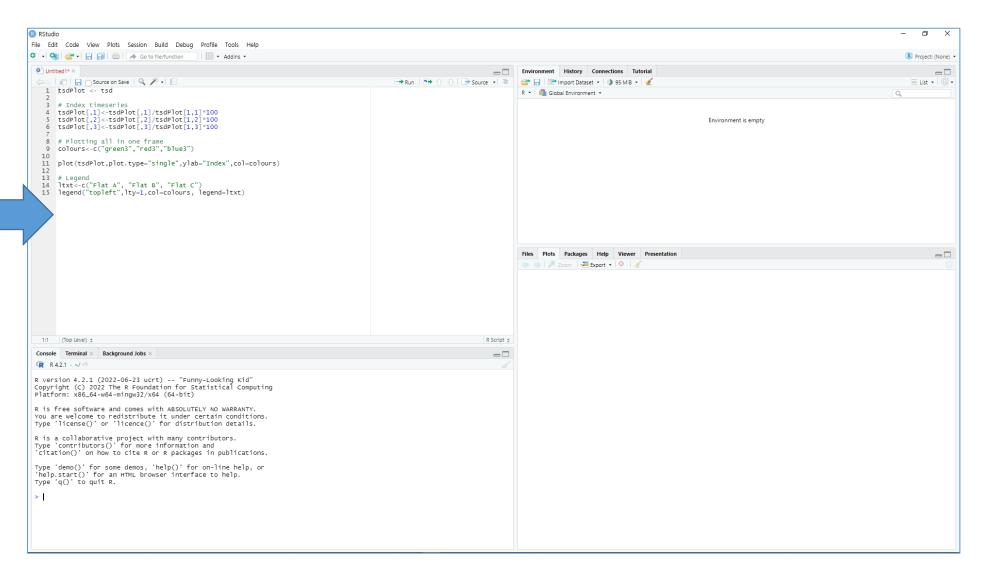
R Studio

https://www.rstudio.com/

- 설치파일 다운로드 : https://www.rstudio.com/products/rstudio/download/
- 참고: https://bit.ly/3LkO202

R Studio(IDE)





패키지 설치

```
install.packages("ggplot2")

install.packages("devtools")

library(devtools)

install_github("hslu-ige-laes/redutils")
```

데이터 로드

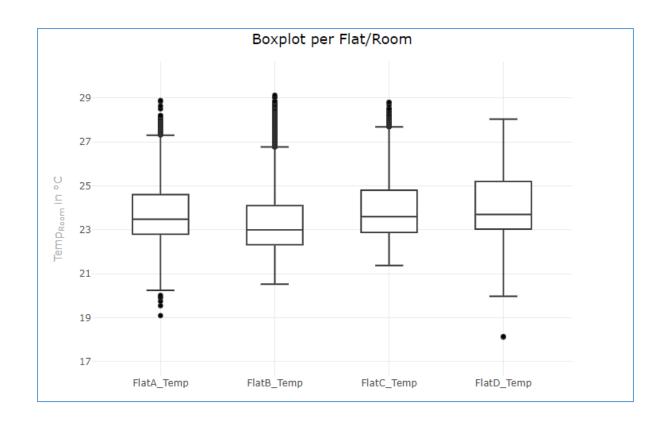
```
# read data from current folder
df <- read.csv("datafile.csv")</pre>
# read data from a specific folder
df <- read.csv("C:/Desktop/datafile.csv")</pre>
# read data from a file in the internet
df <- read.csv2("https://github.com/hslu-ige-laes/edar/raw/master/sampleData/flatElectricity.csv")</pre>
# add arguments on how to parse the content
df <- read.csv("datafile.csv",</pre>
                header=FALSE,
                stringsAsFactors=FALSE,
                sep =",",
                na.strings = c("", "NA"))
```

EDA(Explorative Data Analysis)

```
df <- read.csv2("https://github.com/hslu-ige-laes/edar/raw/master/sampleData/flatHeatAndHotWater.csv",</pre>
                stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
# filter flat
df <- df %>% select(timestamp, Adr01 energyHeat, Adr02 energyHeat, Adr03 energyHeat)
#df <- df %>% filter(timestamp > "2014-12-01")
df <- df %>% dplyr::mutate(FlatA = lead(Adr01 energyHeat) - Adr01 energyHeat)
df <- df %>% dplyr::mutate(FlatB = lead(Adr02_energyHeat) - Adr02_energyHeat)
df <- df %>% dplyr::mutate(FlatC = lead(Adr03 energyHeat) - Adr03 energyHeat)
# remove counter value column
df <- df %>% select(-Adr01 energyHeat, -Adr02 energyHeat, -Adr03 energyHeat) %>% na.omit()
df$timestamp <- parse date time(df$timestamp,</pre>
                                orders = "YmdHMS",
                                tz = "Europe/Zurich")
tsd <- ts(df %>% select(-timestamp), frequency = 12, start = min(year(df$timestamp)))
# plot FlatA Ele
plot(tsd)
# Plotting all in one frame
colours<-c("green3", "red3", "blue3")
plot(tsd,plot.type="single",ylab="(kWh)",col=colours)
# Legend
ltxt<-c("Flat A", "Flat B", "Flat C")</pre>
legend("topleft",lty=1,col=colours, legend=ltxt)
```

Boxplot

```
df <- read.csv("https://github.com/hslu-ige-laes/edar/raw/master/sampleData/flatTempHum.csv",</pre>
                          stringsAsFactors=FALSE,
df$time <- parse date time(df$time,</pre>
                           order = "YmdHMS",
                           tz = "Europe/Zurich")
df <- df %>%
  select(time, FlatA_Temp, FlatB_Temp, FlatC_Temp, FlatD_Temp)
df <- as.data.frame(tidyr::pivot_longer(df,</pre>
                                        cols = -time,
                                        names to = "room",
                                        values to = "Temp",
                                        values drop na = TRUE))
minY <- round(min(df %>% select(Temp), na.rm = TRUE) - 1, digits = 0)
maxY <- round(max(df %>% select(Temp), na.rm = TRUE) + 1, digits = 0)
plot <- ggplot(df, aes(x = room, y = Temp)) +
  geom boxplot(outlier.alpha = 0.01, outlier.shape = 1, outlier.colour = "darkgrey") +
  scale_y_continuous(limits=c(minY,maxY), breaks = seq(minY, maxY, by = 2)) +
  ggtitle("Boxplot per Flat/Room") +
  theme minimal() +
    legend.position="none",
    plot.title = element text(hjust = 0.5)
yaxis <- list(
  title = "Temp<sub>Room</sub> in \u00B0C\n",
  automargin = TRUE,
  titlefont = list(size = 14, color = "darkgrey")
# create interactive plot
ggplotly(plot + ylab(" ") + xlab(" ")) %>%
  plotly::config(modeBarButtons = list(list("toImage")),
                 displaylogo = FALSE.
                 toImageButtonOptions = list(
                   format = "svg"
  ) %>%
  layout(yaxis = yaxis)
```

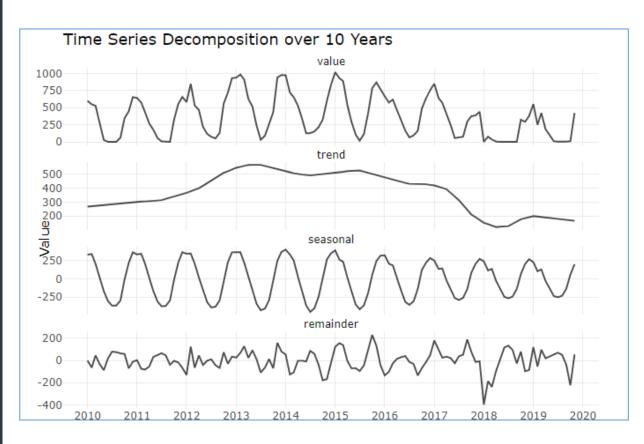


Density Plot

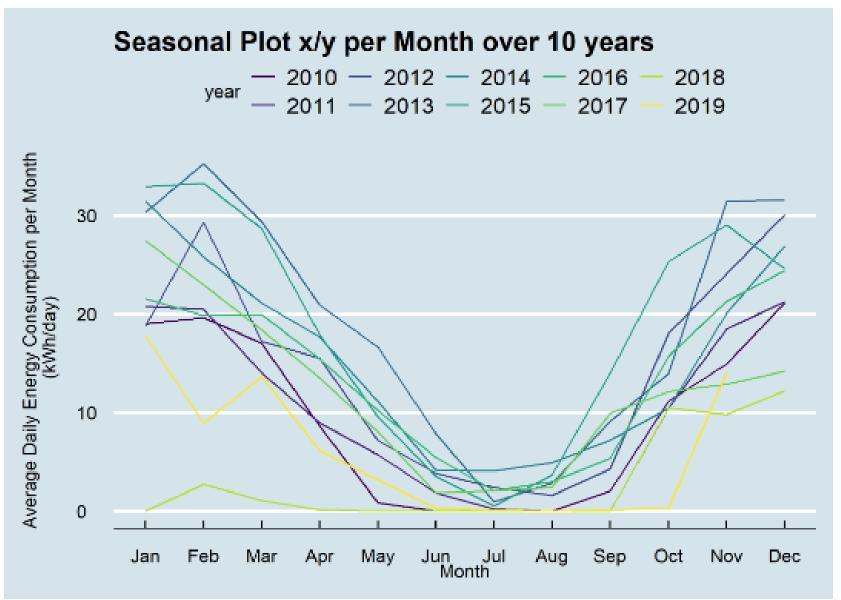
```
# load time series data and aggregate daily mean values
library(dplyr)
library(lubridate)
library(redutils)
# read and print data
df <- read.csv("https://github.com/hslu-ige-laes/edar/raw/master/sampleData/flatTempHum.csv",</pre>
                                                                                    Density Plot of Room Temperature for each season of the year
                  stringsAsFactors=FALSE,
                                                                                                                                Legend
                  sep =";")
                                                                                 1.00
# select temperature and remove empty cells
                                                                                                                                   Spring
df <- df %>% select(time, FlatA Temp) %>% na.omit()
                                                                                 0.75
colnames(df) <- c("time", "value")</pre>
df$season = getSeason(df$time)
# static chart with ggplot
plot <- ggplot(df) +
                                                                                 0.25
  geom density(aes(x = value, colour = season)) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c("#440154", "#2db27d", "#fde725", "#365c8d")
  ggtitle("Density Plot of Room Temperature for each season of the year"
  labs(x = "Temperature (\u00B0C)",
                                                                                                                    27
                                                                                            21
       y = "Density (-)",
                                                                                                   Temperature (°C)
       colour = "Legend") +
  theme minimal()
# interactive chart
plotly::ggplotly(plot)
```

Time Series Decomposition

```
df <- read.csv2("https://github.com/hslu-ige-laes/edar/raw/master/sampleData/flatHeatAndHotWater.csv"</pre>
                stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
# filter flat
df <- df %>% select(timestamp, Adr02_energyHeat)
colnames(df) <- c("Time", "meterValue")</pre>
df$Time <- parse_date_time(df$Time, orders = "YmdHMS", tz = "Europe/Zurich")</pre>
# calculate consumption value per month
df <- df %>% dplyr::mutate(value = lead(meterValue) - meterValue)
# remove counter value column
df <- df %>% select(-meterValue) %>% na.omit()
df.ts <- ts(df %>% select(value) %>% na.omit(), frequency = 12, start = min(year(df$Time)))
df.decompose <- df.ts[,1] %>%
df.decompose <- df.decompose$time.series
df.decompose <- as.data.frame(df.decompose)</pre>
df.decompose <- cbind(df, df.decompose)</pre>
data <- as.data.frame(tidyr::pivot_longer(df.decompose,</pre>
                                            cols = -Time.
                                            values to = "Value",
                                            values_drop_na = TRUE)
data$component <- as.factor(data$Component)</pre>
data$component <- factor(data$Component, c("value",</pre>
                                              "trend",
                                              "seasonal",
                                             "remainder"))
data$Value <- round(data$Value, digits = 1)</pre>
plot <- ggplot(data) +</pre>
  geom path(aes(x = Time,
                v = Value
  color = "black",
  alpha = 0.7) +
  facet_wrap(~component, ncol = 1, scales = "free_y") +
  scale x datetime(date breaks = "years" , date labels = "%Y") +
  theme(panel.spacing = unit(1, "lines"),
        legend.position = "none") +
  ggtitle("Time Series Decomposition over 10 Years")
ggplotly(plot)
```

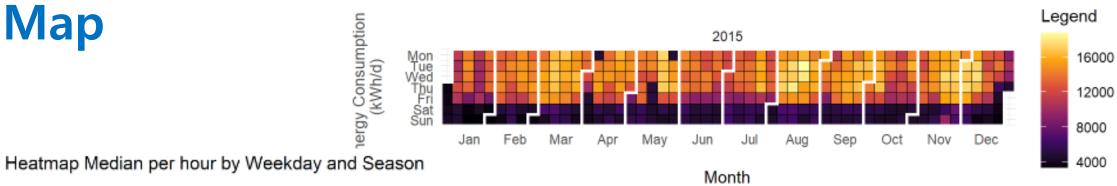


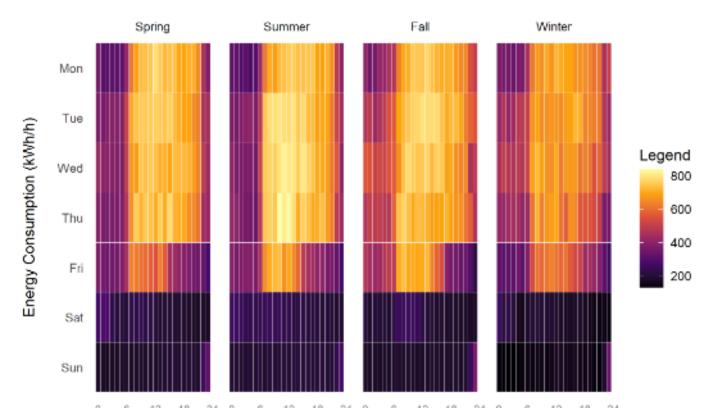
Seasonal Plots



Calendar Plot Energy Consumption

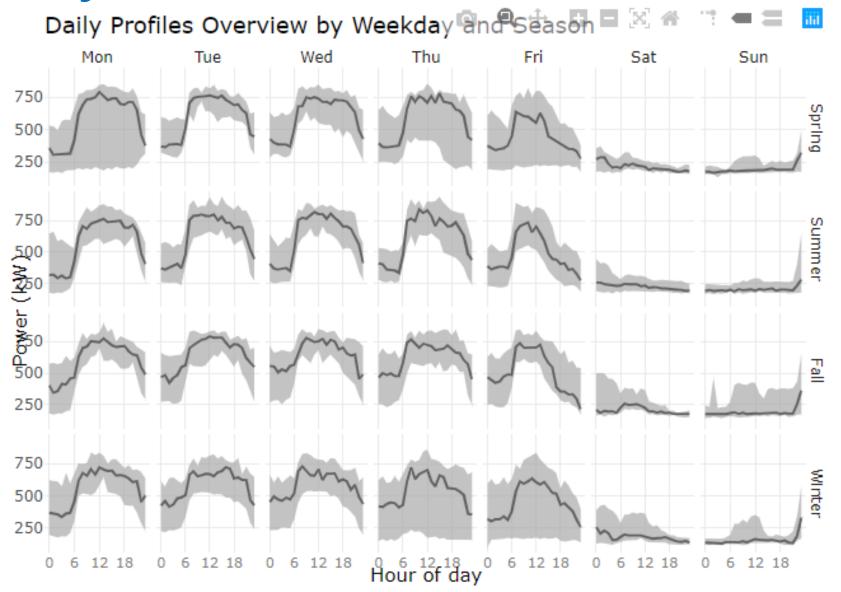
Heat Map



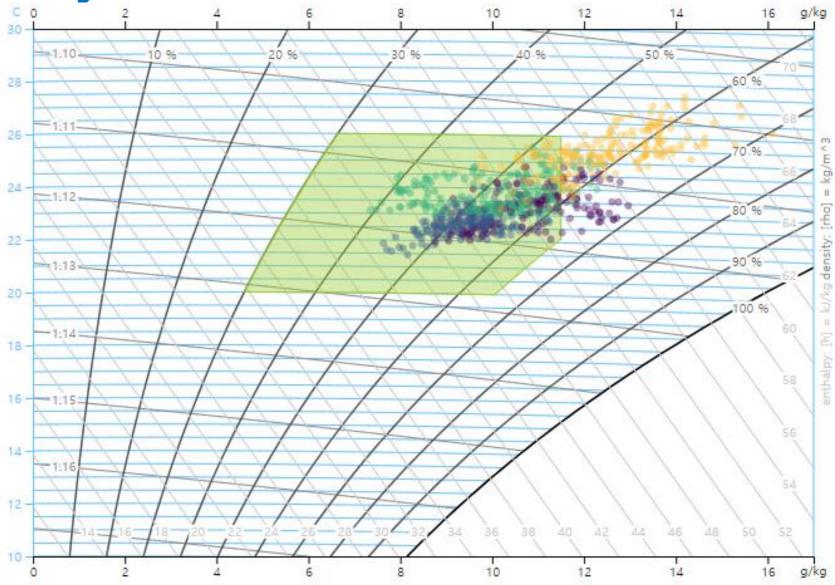


Hour of day

Typical Daily Profiles



Typical Daily Profiles



Thank you