Assignment #1

January 7, 2009

1 All common subsequences

1.1 Problem Statement

Given two strings $a = a_1 a_2 \dots a_n$ and $b = b_1 b_2 \dots b_n$ consisting of only alphanumeric characters, you have to outure the number of common subsequences of these two strings.

1.2 Input Format:

First line has single integer N which deenotes the number of test cases. The next N lines each describe a test case. Each of these lines have two strings which are sperated by a space. 0 < n < 16 and 0 < m < 16

1.3 Output Format:

N lines corresponding to N test cases.

1.4 Sample Input

2 aaa abaa xabxxc acbx

1.5 Sample Output:

3 9

2 Parenthesis

2.1 Problem Statement

A proper braketted expression is one in which all opening and closing braces are matched. In this problem we consider three types of braces (){}[] if s and p are proper expressions then

- (s), [s], $\{s\}$ are also proper
- $(s)\{p\}, (s)(p), \dots$ are also proper

Your task is to output the number of proper expressions of length L(0 < L < 20)

2.2 Input Format:

First line has single integer N which deonotes the number of test cases. The next N lines each describe a test case. Each of these lines will have an integer describing the test case.

2.3 Output Format:

N lines corresponding to N test cases.

2.4 Sample Input

3

1

2

3

2.5 Sample Output:

0

3

0

3 Hindi Number system

3.1 Problem Statement

In this problem, given a number H you have to output the way it is spelled in Hindi words. For example you spell 1 as eka. The word representation of first 100 numbers will be provided to you.

3.2 Input Format:

First line has single integer N which deonotes the number of test cases. The next N lines each describe a test case. Each of these lines will have an integer describing the test case.

3.3 Output Format:

N lines corresponding to N test cases.

3.4 Sample Input

3

1

100

200

3.5 Sample Output:

eka s0 xo s0

3.6 References

The words corresponding to first 100 hindi numbers can be found here references